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Public Accounts Select Committee Agenda

Tuesday, 2 February 2021, 7.00 pm Remote - on Microsoft Teams - the public are welcome to observe via the Council's website at https://lewisham.public-i.tv/core/portal/home

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Part 1

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Public Accounts Select Committee Members

Members of the committee, listed below, are summoned to attend the meeting to be held on Tuesday, 2 February 2021.

Kim Wright, Chief Executive Monday 25 January 2021

Councillor Patrick Codd (Chair)
Councillor Alan Hall (Vice-Chair)
Councillor Tauseef Anwar
Councillor Jim Mallory
Councillor Paul Maslin
Councillor Joan Millbank
Councillor Bill Brown (ex-Officio)
Councillor Sophie Davis (ex-Officio)

Agenda Item 1

Minutes of the Public Accounts Select Committee Thursday, 3 December 2020 at 7.00 Pm

Present: Councillors Patrick Codd (Chair), Alan Hall (Vice-Chair), Tauseef Anwar, Jim Mallory, Paul Maslin and Joan Millbank and Bill Brown and Sophie Davis

Also present: Councillor Peter Bernards, Councillor Juliet Campbell, Councillor Liz Johnston-Franklin, Councillor John Muldoon, Councillor James Rathbone, Councillor Luke Sorba, Councillor Chris Best (Deputy Mayor and Cabinet Member for Health and Adult Social Care), Councillor Chris Barnham (Cabinet Member for Children's Services and School Performance), Councillor Brenda Dacres (Cabinet Member for Safer Communities), Councillor Amanda De Ryk (Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources), Timothy Andrew (Scrutiny Manager), David Austin (Acting Chief Finance Officer), Suki Binjal (Director of Law, Governance & HR), Tom Brown (Executive Director for Community Services), Kathy Freeman (Executive Director for Corporate Resources), Pinaki Ghoshal (Executive Director for Children & Young People), Salena Mulhere (Assistant Chief Executive), Katharine Nidd (Strategic Procurement and Commercial Services Manager), Georgina Nunney (Principal Lawyer), Kevin Sheehan (Executive Director for Housing, Regeneration & Public Realm) and Kim Wright (Chief Executive)

1. Minutes of the meeting held on 24 September 2020

1.1. Resolved: that the minutes of the meeting held on 24 September 2020 be agreed as an accurate record.

2. Declarations of interest

2.1. There were none.

3. Responses from Mayor and Cabinet

3.1. There were none.

4. Financial forecasts 2020-21

- 4.1. Kathy Freeman (Executive Director for Corporate Resources) introduced the report setting out the challenging financial situation facing the Council; noting the ongoing uncertainty surrounding funding and the response to the pandemic and highlighting the measures in place to control overspending.
- 4.2. Kathy Freeman, Tom Brown (Executive Director for Community Services), Kim Wright (Chief Executive) and Kevin Sheehan (Executive Director for Housing Regeneration and Public Realm) responded to questions from the Committee on a number of issues, including:
 - The proportion of the Council's budget being spent on social care and public health services (52% in 2010/11 as opposed to 71% in 2018/19).
 - Management of adult social care services the use of Better Care Fund funding and the long term focus on demand management.
 - Allocation of COVID funding from the government and the financial shortfall in the Council's collection fund.
 - The way in which information is presented in the written report.
 - Impacts of the pandemic on the finances of leisure centres.

- The garden waste subscription service.
- Achievement of some previously identified savings.
- 4.3. In the Committee's discussion the following key point was also noted:
 - Members believe that there should be a review of adult social care services.
- 4.4. Resolved: that the report be noted.

5. Budget cuts

- 5.1. Councillor Amanda de Ryk (Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources) introduced the item restating the challenge facing the Council and the difficulty of the making the cuts being proposed.
- 5.2. Councillor de Ryk also spoke at the end of the item noting the Committee's comments on the importance of: engagement; co-creation of services with service users; and the need for good contract management. She also provided a summary of the decision making process and the timing for the development of cuts proposals for the January round of scrutiny meetings.
- 5.3. Kathy Freeman (Executive Director for Corporate Resources) introduced the report giving details of the development of the cuts proposals and asking members to note that the Council's budget for 2021-22 would be prepared in alignment with the Council's recovery process.
- 5.4. Kathy Freeman also set out some of the ongoing challenges facing the Council including the impact of the decade of austerity (combined with population increase and increased demand for services) as well as the response currently being delivered across a broad range of services to the second wave of the coronavirus pandemic.
- 5.5. Members were asked to note the remaining £19m gap in funding identified through the medium term financial planning process and the additional cuts proposals that would be presented for scrutiny in January 2021.
- 5.6. Kathy Freeman, Kim Wright (Chief Executive) and Tom Brown (Executive Director for Community Services) responded to questions from the Committee on a number of issues, including:
 - The process for decision making at Mayor and Cabinet and the implementation of the cuts proposals – including the additional round of cuts that would be brought forward for the January round of select committee meetings for scrutiny.
 - The legal requirement for the Council to set a balanced budget.
 - Processes in place to develop and manage the Council's budget as well as the Council's financial management culture.
 - The thematic approach to developing cuts proposals and the plans being put in place to deliver them.

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- The culture change and staff improvement programme.
- The capacity of the Council's central (or back office) services.

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- The uncertainty facing the Council's finances; the potential impact of the comprehensive spending review; potential changes to council tax and funding for social care.
- Setting of funeral charges.
- 5.7. The Committee heard from Councillor Luke Sorba (Chair of the Children and Young People Select Committee), Councillor John Muldoon (Chair of the Healthier Communities Select Committee) and Councillor Juliet Campbell (Chair of the Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee) regarding their committees' scrutiny of the cuts.
- 5.8. Pinaki Ghoshal (Executive Director for Children and Young People) responded to questions raised by select committee chairs on a number of issues, including:
 - Work taking place to manage demand in children's services.
 - Some of the measures in place to control overspending in children's services.
 - The programme of recruitment taking place in children's social care.
- 5.9. In the Committee's discussion the following key points were also noted:
 - Concerns about the budgets proposed for some services and persistent overspending.
 - The challenging financial situation facing the Council and the difficult task facing officers in identifying and delivering cuts.
 - The importance of rigorous management of contracts as well as the requirement to maintain effective and properly resourced support services in the Council's finance team.
 - Members also highlighted the importance of engagement with service users.
 - Recognition of the concerns of select committees regarding the impact on service users and Council staff - as well as the potential overall impact on the delivery of Council services. In particular, it the careful consideration that must be given to the equality impact assessments of the cuts proposals.
 - Members noted the comments raised by the Healthier Communities Select Committee on the potential savings from outsourcing enablement services (F07).
 - Concerns about the withdrawal of power of attorney services (B08 for vulnerable people (and the potential for banks to provide this services as part of their commitment to corporate social responsibility.
 - The change in funeral charges (E10) following from previous decisions to lower costs in order to increase market share.
- 5.10. The Committee heard from Councillor James Rathbone (Chair of the Audit Committee) who emphasised the challenging financial situation facing the Council and urged that officers bring forward more significant cuts across a broader range of services.
- 5.11. Resolved: that the Committee would refer its views to Mayor and Cabinet as follows:

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- The Committee stresses the importance of thorough engagement with service users as well as communication with Lewisham's residents and communities.
- The Committee believes that a review of adult social care services should be carried out – with a specific focus on demand management and benchmarking with other local authorities.
- With due consideration given to the comments and clarifications from scrutiny - the Committee recommends that the cuts proposals should proceed to Mayor and Cabinet for the next stage of decision making.

6. Select Committee work programme

The meeting ended at 21:35

6.1. The Chair noted that the programme for the Committee's meeting in February would focus on further cuts and the proposed budget for 2020-21.

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6.2. Members highlighted the importance of continued monitoring of budget pressures – particularly in relation to children's social care.

Chair:	
Date:	

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Public Accounts Select Committee

Declarations of Interest

Date: 2020-2021

Key decision: No

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: All

Contributors: Chief Executive (Director of Law, Governance and HR)

Outline and recommendations

Members are asked to declare any personal interest they have in any item on the agenda.

1. Summary

- 1.1. Members must declare any personal interest they have in any item on the agenda. There are three types of personal interest referred to in the Council's Member Code of Conduct:
 - (1) Disclosable pecuniary interests
 - (2) Other registerable interests
 - (3) Non-registerable interests.
- 1.2. Further information on these is provided in the body of this report.

2. Recommendation

2.1. Members are asked to declare any personal interest they have in any item on the agenda.

3. Disclosable pecuniary interests

- 3.1 These are defined by regulation as:
 - (a) <u>Employment</u>, trade, profession or vocation of a relevant person* for profit or gain
 - (b) Sponsorship –payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than by the Council) within the 12 months prior to giving notice for inclusion in the register in respect of expenses incurred by you in carrying out duties as a member or towards your election expenses (including payment or financial benefit from a Trade Union).
 - (c) <u>Undischarged contracts</u> between a relevant person* (or a firm in which they are a partner or a body corporate in which they are a director, or in the securities of which they have a beneficial interest) and the Council for goods, services or works.
 - (d) Beneficial interests in land in the borough.
 - (e) <u>Licence to occupy land</u> in the borough for one month or more.
 - (f) <u>Corporate tenancies</u> any tenancy, where to the member's knowledge, the Council is landlord and the tenant is a firm in which the relevant person* is a partner, a body corporate in which they are a director, or in the securities of which they have a beneficial interest.
 - (g) <u>Beneficial interest in securities</u> of a body where:
 - (a) that body to the member's knowledge has a place of business or land in the borough; and
 - (b) either:
 - (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or 1/100 of the total issued share capital of that body; or
 - (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person* has a beneficial interest exceeds 1/100 of the total issued share capital of that class.
 - *A relevant person is the member, their spouse or civil partner, or a person with whom they live as spouse or civil partner.

4. Other registerable interests

- 4.1 The Lewisham Member Code of Conduct requires members also to register the following interests:
 - (a) Membership or position of control or management in a body to which you were appointed or nominated by the Council
 - (b) Any body exercising functions of a public nature or directed to charitable purposes, or whose principal purposes include the influence of public opinion or policy, including any political party
 - (c) Any person from whom you have received a gift or hospitality with an estimated value of at least £25.

5. Non registerable interests

5.1. Occasions may arise when a matter under consideration would or would be likely to affect the wellbeing of a member, their family, friend or close associate more than it would affect the wellbeing of those in the local area generally, but which is not required to be registered in the Register of Members' Interests (for example a matter concerning the closure of a school at which a Member's child attends).

6. Declaration and impact of interest on members' participation

- 6.1. Where a member has any registerable interest in a matter and they are present at a meeting at which that matter is to be discussed, they must declare the nature of the interest at the earliest opportunity and in any event before the matter is considered. The declaration will be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. If the matter is a disclosable pecuniary interest the member must take not part in consideration of the matter and withdraw from the room before it is considered. They must not seek improperly to influence the decision in any way. Failure to declare such an interest which has not already been entered in the Register of Members' Interests, or participation where such an interest exists, is liable to prosecution and on conviction carries a fine of up to £5000
- 6.2. Where a member has a registerable interest which falls short of a disclosable pecuniary interest they must still declare the nature of the interest to the meeting at the earliest opportunity and in any event before the matter is considered, but they may stay in the room, participate in consideration of the matter and vote on it unless paragraph 6.3 below applies.
- 6.3. Where a member has a registerable interest which falls short of a disclosable pecuniary interest, the member must consider whether a reasonable member of the public in possession of the facts would think that their interest is so significant that it would be likely to impair the member's judgement of the public interest. If so, the member must withdraw and take no part in consideration of the matter nor seek to influence the outcome improperly.
- 6.4. If a non-registerable interest arises which affects the wellbeing of a member, their, family, friend or close associate more than it would affect those in the local area generally, then the provisions relating to the declarations of interest and withdrawal apply as if it were a registerable interest.
- 6.5. Decisions relating to declarations of interests are for the member's personal judgement, though in cases of doubt they may wish to seek the advice of the Monitoring Officer.

7. Sensitive information

7.1. There are special provisions relating to sensitive interests. These are interests the disclosure of which would be likely to expose the member to risk of violence or intimidation where the Monitoring Officer has agreed that such interest need not be registered. Members with such an interest are referred to the Code and advised to seek advice from the Monitoring Officer in advance.

8. Exempt categories

- 8.1. There are exemptions to these provisions allowing members to participate in decisions notwithstanding interests that would otherwise prevent them doing so. These include:-
 - (a) Housing holding a tenancy or lease with the Council unless the matter relates to your particular tenancy or lease; (subject to arrears exception)
 - (b) School meals, school transport and travelling expenses; if you are a parent or

guardian of a child in full time education, or a school governor unless the matter relates particularly to the school your child attends or of which you are a governor

- (c) Statutory sick pay; if you are in receipt
- (d) Allowances, payment or indemnity for members
- (e) Ceremonial honours for members
- (f) Setting Council Tax or precept (subject to arrears exception).

9. Report author and contact

9.1. Suki Binjal, Director of Law, Governance and HR, 020 83147648



Mayor and Cabinet

Response to Public Accounts Select Committee on Budget Cuts

Date: 9 December 2020

Key decision: No

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: All

Contributors: Executive Management Team

Outline and recommendations

Mayor and Cabinet have been asked to consider the comments of the Public Accounts Select Committee of the 3 December 2020, which incorporates the views of the respective select committees. This paper sets out the views of the Public Accounts Select Committee and officers' responses advising as to what has been undertaken, or will be undertaken, to take account of each Committee's comments.

Officers have also provided responses to the comments by the Public Accounts Select Committee on financial stabilisation made to Mayor and Cabinet on 7 October 2020.

It is recommended that the Mayor:

- Notes the response that follows in relation to the Public Accounts Select Committee referral to Mayor and Cabinet on 7 October 2020.
- Notes the response that follows in relation to the Public Accounts Select Committee referral to Mayor and Cabinet on 3 December 2020.

Timeline of engagement and decision-making

26 February 2020 - Budget report to Council

10 June 2020 – Council's response to COVID-19 – financial update report to Mayor and Cabinet (M&C)

9 July 2020 - First 2020/21 financial monitoring report to M&C

7 October 2020 – Financial stabilisation and medium term budget update report to M&C

- 11 November 3 December 2020 Select Committees reviewed and comments on draft proposals for cuts identified to date.
- 3 December Public Accounts Select Committee (PASC) collated the comments on the proposals received from Select Committees to refer to Mayor and Cabinet.

1. Summary

- 1.1. On 3 December, Public Accounts Select Committee received a report outlining proposed cuts to address persistent service overspending pressure of £10m and the budget gap identified in the medium term finance strategy of at least £40m over the next three years. The majority, £10m overspend and £24m of cuts, are needed for the 2021/22 Budget. The proposals presented in the report total £26.9m, of which £15.0m are towards the gap in 2021/22. This leaves a potential gap, depending on the local government funding for next year, of £18.9m for 2021/22. Further proposals will need to be brought forward in January to address this remaining budget gap for the 2021/22 Budget in February.
- 1.2. Public Accounts Select Committee also received and collated comments from Select Committees to refer on to Mayor and Cabinet.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1. Mayor and Cabinet have been asked to consider the comments of the Public Accounts Select Committee of the 3 December 2020, which incorporates the views of the respective select committees. This paper sets out the views of the Public Accounts Select Committee and officers' responses advising as to what has been undertaken, or will be undertaken, to take account of each Committee's comments.
- 2.2. Officers have also provided responses to the comments by the Public Accounts Select Committee on financial stabilisation made to Mayor and Cabinet on 7 October 2020
- 2.3. It is recommended that the Mayor:
 - Notes the response that follows in relation to the Public Accounts Select Committee referral to Mayor and Cabinet on 7 October 2020.
 - Notes the response that follows in relation to the Public Accounts Select Committee referral to Mayor and Cabinet on 3 December 2020

Policy Context

2.4. The Council's strategy and priorities drive the Budget with changes in resource allocation determined in accordance with policies and strategy. The Council launched its new Corporate Strategy in 2019, with seven corporate priorities as stated below:

Corporate Priorities

- Open Lewisham Lewisham will be a place where diversity and cultural heritage is recognised as a strength and is celebrated.
- Tackling the housing crisis Everyone has a decent home that is secure and affordable.
- Giving children and young people the best start in life Every child has access to an outstanding and inspiring education, and is given the support they need to keep them safe, well and able to achieve their full potential.
- Building and inclusive local economy Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
- Delivering and defending health, social care and support Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.
- Making Lewisham greener Everyone enjoys our green spaces, and benefits from a healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local

environment.

 Building safer communities - Every resident feels safe and secure living here as we work together towards a borough free from the fear of crime.

Values

- 2.5. Values are critical to the Council's role as an employer, regulator, securer of services, and steward of public funds. The Council's values shape interactions and behaviours across the organisational hierarchy, between officers, and members, between the council and partners and between the council and citizens. In taking forward the Council's Budget Strategy, we are guided by the Council's four core values:
 - We put service to the public first.
 - We respect all people and all communities.
 - We invest in employees.
 - We are open, honest, and fair in all we do.
- 2.6. Very severe financial constraints have been imposed on Council services with cuts to be made year on year, and this on-going pressre is addressed here in this report, incorporating further budget cuts for 2020/21.

3. Background

- 3.1. The Council's finances have been severely affected by the ongoing pandemic. The cost of coronavirus for Lewisham is estimated to be £67m this year and rising. Despite government promises early in the pandemic, up to £20m remains unfunded in this financial year with further budget pressures for future years. Officers have taken management action to make in-year savings of £5.4m as well as introducing additional spending controls. We must now begin the long, difficult process of identifying cuts of at least £40m for the next three years (to April 2024) with £24m to be cut in 2021/22 alone plus tackling the continuing overspend estimated at £10m.
- 3.2. We now face the challenge of needing to simultaneously respond to the pandemic, plan for the long-term recovery of the place and set a balanced budget, setting the financial basis for the internal recovery of the Council in the coming years. While it seems clear that the Council will have to rely on its reserves for some of the impact of COVID-19, reserves by their nature once used are gone. They cannot therefore also be relied on to delay or avoid the difficult budget task of bringing spending into line with available resources.

4. Response to Public Accounts Select Committee comments to Mayor and Cabinet on 7 October 2020

- 4.1. On Thursday 24 September 2020, the Public Accounts Select Committee considered a report from officers on financial stabilisation budget update and medium term planing (<u>link to the agenda and reports for the Committee's meeting on 24 September</u>). The Committee reflected on the contents of the report and received a presentation from officers.
- 4.2. Following questions to officers, the Committee agreed to refer its views to Mayor and Cabinet.
 - The Committee is deeply concerned about the challenging financial situation facing the Council both in the immediate term due to spending pressures and in the longer term as a result of the ongoing pandemic.
- 4.3. The Council continues to face challenging financial pressures through both the funding

of local government services and the impact of the Covid 19 pandemic. The November Comprehensive Spending Review has provided some additional resource for 2021/22 for both of these pressures. The details for Lewisham are expected to be confirmed in the provisional Local Government Finance Settlement (LGFS) due later in December. Financial reports to Members will update on these challenges as the position evolves and more detail is known.

- The Committee welcomes the management action being taken to control inyear overspending and it recommends prompt implementation of the measures that have been identified.
- 4.4. Officers continue to monitor the budget closely and in-year spending control actions to challenge all recruitment and non-essential spend have been put in place. The impact of these is starting to be reflected in the reduced overspend reported in the monitoring report to the Public Accounts Select Committee (PASC) at their December meeting.
 - The Committee notes the difficulty of making cuts in a changing and uncertain environment. It recommends swift and effective alignment of the Council's plans for recovery from the impact of the pandemic with the development of proposals for budget cuts.
- 4.5. The Council continues to develop recovery plans while also managing the response to the continuing Covid 19 pandemic. In the most recent period this has involved all the changes associated with the second wave and restrictions from the tiered approach introduced nationally. The round 1 cuts report, received by PASC at their December meeting, included more detail on how the thematic approach to the cuts was designed to support the Council's budget framework support plans for recovery.
 - The Committee recommends that Mayor and Cabinet Members be focused and resolute in controlling overspending particularly in relation to the pressures on the budgets for children's social care. The Committee also believes that attention has to be given to managing demand in social care for both children's and adult services.
- 4.6. The importance of controlling spend, in-line with budgets, is noted and taken very seriously. To do this in-year, as noted above, officers have implemented additional spending controls to provide this focus and grip. Looking forward, recognising that social care and public health now represent over 70% of the Council's service expenditure, the importance of managing any budget pressures in these services is critical. For this reason demand management is one of the key themes used to approach the identification of potential cuts to the budget.

5. Response to Public Accounts Select Committee comments to Mayor and Cabinet on 9 December 2020

- 5.1. On Thursday 3 December 2020, the Public Accounts Select Committee considered a report from officers on budget cuts proposals (<u>link to the agenda for the Public Accounts Select Committee meeting on 3 December 2020</u>). The Committee heard from the Cabinet Member for Finance and resources and received a summary of the budget cuts report from the Executive Director for Corporate Resources. It also received written comments from the Healthier Communities, Sustainable Development, Housing, Children and Young People and Safer Stronger Communities select committees following the respective committees consideration of the same report. Chairs of the Healthier Communities, Safer Stronger and Children and Young People select committees also addressed the Committee.
- 5.2. At its meeting on Thursday 3 December 2020, the Public Accounts Select Committee received the report on proposed budget cuts and asked questions of officers. It also received the views of the other select committees.

- 5.3. The Committee recognises the challenging financial situation facing the Council and is aware of the difficult task facing officers in identifying and delivering cuts.
- 5.4. The Committee acknowledges the concerns of select committees regarding the impact on service users and Council staff as well as the potential overall impact on the delivery of Council services. In particular, it highlights the careful consideration that must be given to the equality impact assessments of the cuts proposals.
- 5.5. The Committee resolved to refer its views to Mayor and Cabinet as follows:
 - The Committee stresses the importance of thorough engagement with service users as well as communication with Lewisham's residents and communities.
- 5.6. The Council has a statutory obligation to consult with citizens, services users as well as those who may have an interest in decisions affecting the provision of services. The Council has a strong focus on engagement and collaboration with service users across a range of services and managed and supported by experienced engagement leads in the Assistant Chief Executive's division supporting colleagues around the Council. A strong communications campaign is in place to emphasise the scale of the budget challenge facing the Council. Key messages are being communicated across a range of Council communication channels: email news, social media, features in Lewisham Life, media relations and internal communications. Our communications plan aligns with campaigns from the Local Government Association and London Councils.
 - The Committee believes that a review of adult social care services should be carried out – with a specific focus on demand mangement and benchmarking with other local authorities.
- 5.7. In response to the Committee's second comment, the Chief Executive will commission a review of adult social care services to be carried out in 2021. The review will focus on transforming and modernising how we deliver services, building on a number of existing proposals, in order to sustainably deliver a necessary reduction in costs and an improvement in outcomes for service user.
 - With due consideration given to the comments and clarifications from scrutiny the Committee recommends that the cuts proposals should proceed to Mayor and Cabinet for the next stage of decision making.
- 5.8. The following paragraphs set out the comments and clarifications from Select Committees. Officers have provided responses to each of the Select Committees below. The Mayor and Cabinet are recommended to consider the comments of Select Committees and officer's responses.

Healthier Communities Select Committee views

- 5.9. At its meeting on Wednesday 11 November 2020, the Healthier Communities Select Committee received a report on proposed budget cuts. Following discussion the committee resolved to refer its views to Mayor and Cabinet in the following terms:
 - Given that a number of the proposed budget cuts considered by this committee involve outsourcing services to external providers, the committee seeks assurances that the council has the capacity and ability to manage and monitor these outsourced contracts effectively and ensure services are being provided to the agreed standards.
- 5.10. In response to the Committee's first comment, the Executive Director for Community Services has noted the Committee's comments. Lewisham has had a Joint Commissioning Team with Health for over 10 years. The Team manages a wide range of health, social care, supported housing, substance misuse and public health contracts and has a strong track record in contract management and quality assurance.

- 5.11. The team work with key stakeholders including service users and carers to ensure that all contracts have clear Key Performance Indicators which are appropriately monitored. The team works with all providers in a collaborative way to ensure that commissioned services deliver positive outcomes for our Lewisham's residents.
- 5.12. At a corporate level, the Council has a robust commissioning and contract management framework and central team which works closely with teams across the organisation providing expert advice and support on any procurement activity for all employees of the Council. The team provides a focal point for procedures on procurement and best practice commercial approaches to help services achieve value for money for the Council. The Contracts team in Legal Services also provides advice, document drafting and guidance on the legal implications of the procurement process.
- 5.13. The positive response of the independent sector to the COVID-19 pandemic has been underpinned by a positive approach to contract management. The team will ensure that there is sufficient capacity and capability to commission, mobilise and quality assure any additional contracts required as a result of any future decision to take forward these specific cuts proposals.
 - The committee would also welcome more information about the market for the proposed outsourced services so that members can better understand the quality of services available and feel more confident in supporting these changes.
- 5.14. In response to the Committee's second comment, the Executive Director for Community Services has noted the Committee's comments. Whilst the social care market has experienced significant pressure over the last year there is still a strong, mature and diverse range of social care providers in Lewisham. A number of London boroughs source reablement and community alarm services from the independent sector. If a future decision is made to take forward these specific cuts proposals officers will engage with potential providers and undertake a process of market testing, ensuring that all contracts are appropriately specified and that the market are supported to respond to any procurement proposals. The Commissioning team has a strong track record in undertaking large scale procurements which deliver services that are person centred, high quality and value for money.
 - The committee also seeks assurances that good engagement and coproduction with service users and stakeholders will be themes that run through all the proposed changes, so that we can have as clear as possible understanding of the effects of the changes on residents. It is important that there is evidence that we are engaging with residents, using multiple channels, and listening to their concerns and suggestions.
- 5.15. In response to the Committee's third comment, the Executive Management Team has noted the Committee's comments and in line with our Corporate Strategy, coproduction with Councillors, staff, communities and partners is essential in delivering the commitments of the Council. The Council has a statutory obligation to consult with citizens, services users as well as those who may have an interest in decisions affecting the provision of Council services. The Council has a strong focus on engagement and collaboration with service users, evidenced in many services and managed and supported by experienced engagement leads in the Assistant Chief Executive's division supporting colleagues around the Council.
- 5.16. Officers will be applying a programme management approach to deliver the strategic budget proposals as set out in the MTFS, if specific cuts proposals are agreed. Officers will be supported to ensure that the proposals identified taken through the new Programme Management Office (PMO) assurance and governance processes, giving rigour to the structure and delivery of the individual projects. This will also facilitate a coordinated approach to strategic engagement with our communities where

- appropriate.
- 5.17. Officers will seek to use a range of communications and engagement channels to consult with service users and residents where appropriate. Consultation and engagement will be undertaken to inform service changes, and the views of service users who themselves bring expertise and knowledge about how services should be best delivered will be taken into account and presented to relvant decision makers when finalising any future decisions.
- 5.18. Officers will consult with residents through established local engagement mechanisms and best efforts will be made to reach those who may not typically engage with Council business, but are key stakeholders. Following the recommendations of the Local Democracy Review, work is ongoing to develop and improve how the Council attempts to actively engage with seldom-heard groups and individuals to inform decision-making that will impact on them. This work includes working closely with voluntary and community organisations who support seldom-heard groups who may not be known to the Council, recognising that these organisations are 'experts by experience' and that working with them to strengthen our connection with seldom-heard communities and enable us to deliver better outcomes for all residents. This is particularly important given the inequalities highlighted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Sustainable Development Select Committee views

- 5.19. On Thursday 12 November 2020, the Sustainable Development Select Committee considered a report from officers on budget cuts proposals. The Committee noted the scale of the challenge facing the Council and it recognises the difficulties facing officers in proposing these cuts. Committee members wish to emphasise the severe and continued reduction in funding from central government over more than ten years of austerity which has led to a reduction in spending on services of £500 per Lewisham resident. Members believe that further work should be carried out to communicate the reasons for the cuts to residents.
 - Members are concerned about the impact on the lives of staff who might be made redundant as a result of cuts and reorganisations. The Committee believes that, where possible, options should be considered for job sharing and flexible working between staff - rather than the deletion of full time posts.
- 5.20. In response to the Committee's first comment, the Executive Management Team has noted the Committee's comments. There are no blanket redundancy programmes are coming forward, only those as part of service redesigns, which allows officers to carefully consider how the service needs can be met, using all of the flexibility measures such as job shares and flexible working within our people management framework where appropriate.
- 5.21. A key principle of the Council's Managing Change (service restructure) policy is that every endeavour will be made to avoid redundancies by considering whether it is possible to rely on natural wastage, holding vacancies and reducing the number of agency workers to make reductions. Where posts are deleted the Council will aim to retain employees' skills within the organisation, wherever possible, through the redeployment process. Organisational change will be managed and implemented in line with all legal requirements including the statutory obligation to consult with staff and the trade unions and relevant employment legislation.
 - The Committee notes the scale of the challenge facing the Council and it recognises the difficulties facing officers in proposing these cuts. Committee members wish to emphasise the severe and continued reduction in funding from central government over more than ten years of austerity – which has led to a reduction in spending on services of £500 per Lewisham resident. Members believe that further work should be carried out to communicate the

reasons for the cuts to residents.

- 5.22. In response to the Committee's second comment, Assistant Chief Executive has noted the Committee's comments. A strong communications campaign is in place to emphasise the scale of the budget challenge facing the Council. Key messages are being communicated across a range of Council communication channels: email news, social media, features in Lewisham Life, media relations and internal communications. Our communications plan aligns with campaigns from the Local Government Association and London Councils.
- 5.23. During the week beginning 7 December, the Council will share an animation with residents, members and staff that sets the budget challenge in context of the last ten years and the more recent COVID-19 shock. Our Voices of Lewisham project brings together a collection of stories and insights from people across the borough, many of whom rely on the Council services and, as a result of the pandemic, are facing challenging circumstances that will be exacerbated by the proposed cuts the Council has to consider. We've produced a series of graphics and an animation highlighting the financial impact of COVID-19, which has been widely shared via the most recent Lewisham Life as well as digital channels and internal communications as a useful illustration of the increasing responsibilities facing local government through the pandemic and the vital role of continuing critical services against a backdrop of huge budget cuts. Local Councillors are key trusted leaders within Lewisham's diverse communities and are regularly asked to echo this message to residents via their own networks.
 - In relation to proposals F15 (environmental operations review) and F16 (new waste strategy) the Committee supports the move to increase place based environmental services and the joined up management of areas. The Committee also believes that further work should be carried out on a proactive and informative 'keep Lewisham tidy' campaign, which emphasises everyone's responsibility to keep Lewisham's streets clean.
- 5.24. In response to the Committee's third comment, the Executive Director of Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm has noted the Committee's comments. The Council will continue to promote a proactive and informative 'keep Lewisham tidy' campaign, reinforcing existing messages across a wide range of communications channels.
 - In relation to proposal F18 (controlled parking zone extension) the Committee
 believes that any proposed changes should be carried out with the utmost
 sensitivity and care in full consultation with Lewisham's communities.
 Members also emphasise the importance of strategically and carefully
 integrating the timing of any changes with plans to improve Lewisham's walking
 and cycling routes.
- 5.25. In response to the Committee's fourth comment, the Executive Director of Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm has noted the Committee's comments and the sensitive nature of controlled parking zones. If this cuts proposal is agreed, a full consultation with Lewisham's affected communities will be carried out and this will be in alignment with other works to improve sustainable forms of transport. Further to the response of the Assistant Chief Executive above, thorough engagement and consultation will be carried out with Lewisham's communities.

Housing Select Committee views

- 5.26. At its meeting on Wednesday 18 November 2020, the Housing Select Committee received a report on proposed budget cuts. Following discussion the committee resolved to refer its views to Public Accounts Select Committee in the following terms:
- 5.27. Given that the additional round of budget cuts due to come to scrutiny in January 2021

is expected to be more severe than this round, please can the following information be included in the budget cuts reports to help committee members better understand and come to decisions about the proposals being brought forward:

- The impact of a proposed cut on the users of a service
- The impact of a proposed cut on the staff of a service
- The impact of the cut on the service overall
- Which other options were explored and why is this the most viable?
- The cumulative impact of the cut on LBL as a whole
- 5.28. In response to the Committee's comment, the Executive Director of Corporate Resources has noted the Committee's views. Each of the pro formas provided to Select Committees sets out the impact on service users. This has been informed by data the Council holds on service users and is set out in each pro forma at section 4. All pro formas provide detail at this stage of staffing implications in section 9. Consultations with staff will be carried out where appropriate and ongoing engagement with the trade unions takes place prior to the papers being made public. The pro formas provided to Select Committees also set out the overall impact on service, including potential cost shunts, reduction in service etc. This is generally contained in section 3.
- 5.29. The Council has endured more than 10 years of austerity and has protected front line services wherever possible. All options put forward have sought to minimise the impact on the most vulnerable within our borough. As with all cuts proposals (as indeed with all service decisions) a range of options for each proposal are generally considered and those which balance the delivery of the corporate priorities within a reduced financial envelope most effectively have come forward.
- 5.30. Appendix 9 of the budget cuts report to Mayor and Cabinet has an assessment of the impact that all of the cuts proposed has on the Council's corporate priorities, the impact by ward and an assessment of the overall equalities implications of these. This analysis describes the cumulative impact of the cuts on London Borough of Lewisham as a whole.

Children and Young People Select Committee views

- 5.31. At its meeting on Thursday 26 November 2020, the Children and Young People Select Committee received a report on proposed budget cuts. Following discussion the committee resolved to refer its views to Public Accounts Select Committee in the following terms:
 - Given that the additional round of budget cuts due to come to scrutiny in January 2021 is expected to be more severe than this round, please can the following information be included in the budget cuts reports to help committee members better understand and come to decisions about the proposals being brought forward:
 - The impact of a proposed cut on the users of a service
 - The impact of a proposed cut on the staff of a service
 - The impact of the cut on the service overall
 - Which other options were explored and why is this the most viable?
 - The cumulative impact of the cut on LBL as a whole
- 5.32. In response to the Committee's comment, the Executive Director of Corporate Resources has noted the Committee's comments. Each of the pro formas provided to

Select Committees sets out the impact on service users. This has been informed by data the Council holds on service users and is set out in each pro forma at section 4. All pro formas provide detail at this stage of staffing implications in section 9. Consultations with staff will be carried out where appropriate and ongoing engagement with the trade unions takes place prior to the papers being made public. The pro formas provided to Select Committees also set out the overall impact on service, including potential cost shunts, reduction in service etc. This is generally contained in section 3.

- 5.33. The Council has endured more than 10 years of austerity and has protected front line services wherever possible. All options put forward have sought to minimise the impact on the most vulnerable within our borough. As with all cuts proposals (as indeed with all service decisions) a range of options for each proposal are generally considered and those which balance the delivery of the corporate priorities within a reduced financial envelope most effectively have come forward.
- 5.34. Appendix 9 of the budget cuts report to Mayor and Cabinet has an assessment of the impact that all of the cuts proposed has on the Council's corporate priorities, the impact by ward and an assessment of the overall equalities implications of these. This analysis describes the cumulative impact of the cuts on London Borough of Lewisham as a whole.

Safer, Stronger Communities Select Committee views

- 5.35. At its meeting on Tuesday 1 December 2020, the Safer, Stronger Communities Select Committee received a report on proposed budget cuts. Following discussion the committee resolved to refer its views to Public Accounts Select Committee in the following terms:
 - That Service Equalities Impact and Human Resources Impact assessments be carried out which consider the proposed cuts on a cumulative basis.
- 5.36. In response to the Committee's first comment, the Executive Director of Corporate Resources has noted the Committee's comments. <u>Appendix 9 of the report to Mayor and Cabinet</u> has an assessment of the Service Equalities impact that all of the cuts proposed has cumulatively.
 - That the likely impact of the proposed cuts on individuals with multiple and complex needs be considered in more detail.
- 5.37. In response to the Committee's second comment, the Executive Directors of Community Services and Children and Young People have noted the Committee's comments. Where proposals impact individuals with multiple and complex needs this is considered in the first instance through section 3 and 4 of the cuts proformas and where this requires further engagement with service users or consultation then this will be undertaken prior to the cut being implemented, if a decision is made to take the cut.
- 5.38. In relation to the Children and Young People proposals, the majority of the proposals relate to a reduction in the current overspend in the budget, through a combination of managing demand better together with ensuring improved value for money when paying for provision. Councillors will be aware that Mayor & Cabinet are due to consider a report on developing a new Early Help and Prevention strategy which will support our work to reduce the number of children requiring a social work intervention.
- 5.39. None of the proposed Children and Young People or Adult Social Care cuts dilute the statutory obligations for the provision of services to meet the needs of vulnerable children and adults. These needs will be identified and addressed in work with individuals and families.

- That the proposal be examined to ensure that they do not contain cuts that would have a detrimental effect on the achievement of other savings.
- 5.40. In response to the Committee's third comment, the Assistant Chief Executive has noted the Committee's comments. The thematic approach taken and the allocation of staff across the themes outside of their substantive directorates has ensured that the cuts coming forward have been considered not only for their impact on service users but also for the potential implications on other Council services and proposals. This approach has meant that the cuts have been considered collectively and the cumulative impact assessed to ensure that these do not cut across and undermine the deliverability of other proposals. The programme management approach of the delivery of these proposals will further ensure this.
 - Given that the additional round of budget cuts due to come to scrutiny in January 2021 is expected to be more severe than this round, please can the following information be included in the budget cuts reports to help committee members better understand and come to decisions about the proposals being brought forward:
 - The impact of a proposed cut on the users of a service
 - The impact of a proposed cut on the staff of a service
 - The impact of the cut on the service overall
 - Which other options were explored and why is this the most viable?
 - The cumulative impact of the cut on LBL as a whole
- 5.41. In response to the Committee's comment, the Executive Director of Corporate Resources has noted the Committee's comments. Each of the pro formas provided to Select Committees sets out the impact on service users. This has been informed by data Council holds on service users and is set out in each pro forma at section 4. All pro formas provide detail at this stage of staffing implications in section 9. Consultations with staff will be carried out where appropriate and ongoing engagement with the trade unions takes place prior to the papers being made public. The pro formas provided to Select Committees also set out the overall impact on service, including potential cost shunts, reduction in service etc. This is generally contained in section 3.
- 5.42. The Council has endured more than 10 years of austerity and has protected front line services wherever possible. All options put forward have sought to minimise the impact on the most vulnerable within our borough. As with all cuts proposals (as indeed with all service decisions) a range of options for each proposal are generally considered and those which balance the delivery of the corporate priorities within a reduced financial envelope most effectively have come forward.
- 5.43. Appendix 9 of the report to Mayor and Cabinet has an assessment of the impact that all of the cuts proposed has on the Council's corporate priorities, the impact by ward and an assessment of the overall equalities implications of these. This analysis describes the cumulative impact of the cuts on London Borough of Lewisham as a whole.

6. Financial implications

6.1. This report responds to the comment to Mayor and Cabinet on the Budget Cuts report for 2021/22. The report is concerned with the cuts proposals to enable the Council to address the future financial challenges it faces. There are no direct financial implications arising from the report other than those stated in the report and appendices itself.

7. Legal implications

Statutory duties

7.1. The Council has a variety of statutory duties which it must fulfil by law. The Council cannot lawfully decide not to carry out those duties. Even where there is a statutory duty there is often a discretion about the level of service provision. Where there is an impact on statutory duty that is identified in the report. In other instances, the Council provides services in pursuit of a statutory power, rather than a duty, and though not bound to carry out those activities, decisions about them must be taken in accordance with the decision making requirements of administrative law.

Reasonableness and proper process

7.2. Decisions must be made reasonably taking into account all relevant considerations and disregarding all irrelevant matters. These are particular to the service reductions proposed and are set out in the body of the report. It is also imperative that decisions are taken following proper process. Depending on the particular service concerned, this may be set down in statute, though not all legal requirements are set down in legislation. For example, depending on the service, there may be a need to consult with service users and/or others and where this is the case, any proposals in this report must remain proposals unless and until that consultation is carried out and the responses brought back in a further report for consideration with an open mind before any decision is made. Whether or not consultation is required, any decision to discontinue a service would require appropriate notice. If the Council has published a procedure for handling service reductions, there would be a legitimate expectation that such procedure will be followed.

Staffing reductions

7.3. If service reductions would result in redundancy, then the Council's usual redundancy and redeployment procedure would apply. If proposals would result in more than 20 but fewer than 100 redundancies in any 90 day period, there would be a requirement to consult for a period of 30 days with trade unions under Section 188 Trade Union and Labour Relations (consolidation) Act 1992. The consultation period increases to 45 days if the numbers are 100 or more. This consultation is in addition to the consultation required with the individual employees. If a proposal entails a service re-organisation, decisions in this respect will be taken by officers in accordance with the Council's re-organisation procedures.

Equalities Legislation

- 7.4. The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) introduced a public sector equality duty (the equality duty or the duty). It covers the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation. In summary, the Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
 - Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- 7.5. It is not an absolute requirement to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation or other prohibited conduct, or to promote equality of opportunity or foster good relations between persons who share a protected characteristic and those who do not. It is a duty to have due regard to the need to achieve the goals listed in the

paragraph above. The weight to be attached to the duty will be dependent on the nature of the decision and the circumstances in which it is made. This is a matter for the Mayor, bearing in mind the issues of relevance and proportionality. The Mayor must understand the impact or likely impact of the decision on those with protected characteristics who are potentially affected by the decision. The extent of the duty will necessarily vary from case to case and due regard is such regard as is appropriate in all the circumstances. The Equality and Human Rights Commission has issued Technical Guidance on the Public Sector Equality Duty and statutory guidance entitled "Equality Act 2010 Services, Public Functions & Associations Statutory Code of Practice". The Council must have regard to the statutory code in so far as it relates to the duty and attention is drawn to Chapter 11 which deals particularly with the equality duty. The Technical Guidance also covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty. This includes steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The guidance does not have statutory force but nonetheless regard should be had to it, as failure to do so without compelling reason would be of evidential value. The statutory code and the technical guidance can be found at:

- https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/equality-actcodes-practice
- https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/equality-acttechnical-guidance
- 7.6. The Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) has previously issued five guides for public authorities in England giving advice on the equality duty:
 - The essential guide to the public sector equality duty.
 - Meeting the equality duty in policy and decision-making.
 - Engagement and the equality duty: A guide for public authorities.
 - Objectives and the equality duty. A guide for public authorities.
- 7.7. Equality Information and the Equality Duty: A Guide for Public Authorities. The essential guide provides an overview of the equality duty requirements including the general equality duty, the specific duties and who they apply to. It covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty including steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The other four documents provide more detailed guidance on key areas and advice on good practice. Further information and resources are available at:
 - https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/public-sectorequality-duty-guidance#h1 The EHRC has also issued Guidance entitled "Making Fair Financial Decisions".
 - https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/making-fair-financial-decisions. It appears at Appendix 4 and attention is drawn to its contents. The equalities implications pertaining to the specific service reductions are particular to the specific reduction.

The Human Rights Act

- 7.8. Since the introduction of the Human Rights Act 1998 (HRA) the rights set out in the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) have been incorporated into UK law and can be enforced in the UK courts without recourse to the European courts. Those articles which are particularly relevant in to public services are as follows:
 - Article 2 the right to life
 - Article 3 the right not to be subject to inhuman or degrading treatment
 - Article 5 the right to security of the person

- Article 6 the right to a fair trial
- Article 8 the right to a private and family life, home and correspondence
- Article 9 the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion
- Article 10 the right to freedom of expression
- Article 11 the right to peaceful assemblyArticle 14 the right not to be discriminated against on any ground The first protocol to the ECHR added
- Article 1 the right to peaceful enjoyment of property
- Article 2 the right to education
- 7.9. Some of these rights are unconditional, such as the right not to be tortured or subject to degrading treatment. Others may be limited in finite and well defined circumstances (such as the right to liberty). Others are qualified and must be balanced against the need of the wider community such as the right to a private and family life. Where there are human rights implications associated with the proposals in this report regard must be had to them before making any decision.

Best value

7.10. The Council remains under a duty under Section 3 Local Government Act 1999 to secure continuous improvement in the way its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. It must have regard to this duty in making decisions in respect of this report.

Specific legal implications

7.11. Members' attention is drawn to the specific legal implications arising in relation to particular proposals set out in the relevant proforma in Appendices 2 to 7 of this report and Appendix

8. Equalities implications

8.1. A detailed policy and equality implications have been appended to the report to Mayor and Cabinet as Appendix 9.

9. Climate change and environmental implications

9.1. Section 40 Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 states that "every public authority must, in exercising its functions, have regard, so far as is consistent with the proper exercise of those functions to the purpose of conserving biodiversity" The specific climate change and environmental implications identified as arising from the current cuts proposals will require further consideration, however, those flagged as likely to impact positively on our ability to conserve biodiversity are: A-03, A-08, F-15, F-16 and F-18.

10. Crime and disorder implications

10.1. Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 requires the Council to have regard to the likely effect on crime and disorder when it exercises its functions, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in its area. Whilst there are no specific crime and disorder implications as yet identified as arising from the current cuts proposals, a number of these will require further consideration as to whether these will impact either positively or negatively on our ability to reasonably prevent crime and disorder. These are cuts A-02 (later years), D-04 and F-17.

11. Health and wellbeing implications

12. The specific health and wellbeing implications identified as arising from the current cuts proposals will require further consideration, however, those flagged as likely to impact either positively or negatively on the health and wellbeing of residents or service users are: B-09, C-02, C-07, F-01, F02, and F-06.

13. Background papers

- 13.1. Previous reports setting the financial context
 - 26 February 2020 2020/21 Budget report to Council
 - 10 June 2020 Council's response to COVID-19 financial update report to M&C
 - 9 July 2020 First 2020/21 financial monitoring report to M&C
 - 7 October 2020 Financial stabilisation and budget update report to M&C

14. Glossary

Term	Definition
CPZ	Controlled Parking Zone
CSR	Comprehensive Spending Review
DSG	Dedicated Schools Grant
ECHR	European Convention of Human Rights
EMT	Executive Management Team
FFR	Fair Funding Review
GF	General Fund
GLA	Greater London Authority
HR	Human Resources
HRA	Housing Revenue Account
LGA	Local Government Association
LGFS	Local Government Finance Settlement
M&C	Mayor & Cabinet
MHCLG	Ministry for Housing, Local Government and Communities
MTFS	Medium Term Financial Strategy
PASC	Public Accounts Select Committee

РМО	Programme Management Office
SLT	Senior Leadership Team (EMT plus Directors)
VFM	Value for Money

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Scrutiny Committees

Report title: Budget Cuts report

Date: January 2020

Key decision: No

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: None specific

Contributors: Executive Director for Corporate Resources, Executive Director for Children and Young People, Executive Director for Community Services, and Executive Director for

Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm

Outline and recommendations

The purpose of this report is to present Members with officers; draft proposals for cuts identified to date. These cuts are needed to address a persistent service overspending pressure of £10m and the budget gap identified in the medium term finance strategy of at least £40m over the next three years. The majority, £10m overspend and £24m of cuts, were needed for the 2021/22 Budget.

The new proposals presented in the report total £15.1m, of which £13.0m are towards the gap in 2021/22. This builds on the £26.6m of cuts, of which £15.0m are for 2021/22, approved to progress in the budget build up by Mayor & Cabinet (M&C) in December.

Since the round 1 cuts proposals were considered the provisional Local Government Finance (LGFS) settlement has been announced. If all the available measures are agreed as part of the budget, including applying the maximum council tax increases, this could reduce the requirement for cuts next year to £18m plus the overspend £10m, a total of £28m. This would close the gap, subject to the budget decisions for next year and timely delivery of the agreed cuts in full, for 2021/22 and enable the Council to set a balanced budget.

Members of the Scrutiny Committees are recommended to:

- Note the alignment of the budget build process with the Council's COVID-19 recovery planning, difficult financial context, and thematic approach to making these Budget cuts.
- Review and comment on these draft cuts proposals and present their feedback to the Public Accounts Select Committee to add their own and refer onto Mayor & Cabinet.

Timeline of engagement and decision-making

- 26 February 2020 Budget report to Council
- 10 June 2020 Council's response to COVID-19 financial update report to M&C
- 9 July 2020 First 2020/21 financial monitoring report to M&C
- 7 October 2020 Financial stabilisation and medium term budget update report to M&C
- 9 December 2020 Round 1 Cuts proposals report to M&C

1. Summary

- 1.1. The purpose of this report is to present Members with officers' draft proposals for cuts identified to date. These cuts are needed to address a persistent service overspending pressure of £10m and the budget gap identified in the medium term finance strategy of at least £40m over the next three years. The majority, the £10m overspend and £24m of cuts, were needed for the 2021/22 Budget.
- 1.2. The new proposals presented in the report total £15.1m, of which £13.0m are towards the gap in 2021/22. This builds on the £26.6m of cuts, of which £15.0m are for 2021/22, approved to progress in the budget build up by Mayor & Cabinet (M&C) in December.
- 1.3. At this stage, ahead of preparing the Budget for Council to consider in February, the focus has to be on closing the remaining gap for the next financial year. Since the round 1 cuts proposals were considered the provisional local government finance settlement has been announced. If all the available measures are agreed as part of the budget, including applying the maximum council tax increases, this could reduce the requirement for cuts next year to £18m plus the overspend £10m, a total of £28m.
- 1.4. This leaves a potential gap, depending on confirmation of the local government funding for next year, of £12.9m for 2021/22. This report brings forward further proposals to address this remaining budget gap for the 2021/22 Budget in February. If agreed, this would close the gap for 2021/22, subject to the budget decisions for next year and timely delivery of the agreed cuts in full, and enable the Council to set a balanced budget.
- 1.5. The process of identifying further cuts sits in the context of a decade of austerity in which cuts of £190m have already been made, £150m reducing spending and £40m reallocated to meet emerging risks and pressures between 2010 and 2020. Given the Council's focus on protecting the most vulnerable and those in need, the budgets for key front line services, in particular social care, have not reduced by the same extent as other services across the Council. This position is not a sustainable one going forward.
- 1.6. To address the current overspend, in-year savings and tighter spending controls have been implemented which should help address the position at the margins but not deal with it in its entirety. In developing proposals to address the MTFS budget gap a thematic approach has been taken this year. This recognises the different ways of working now common practice due to Covid, helps develop more collaboration to explore new opportunities, and breaks away from previous 'siloes or salami' cut rounds to build a new 'one Council' culture.

- 1.7. The thematic approach to date, combining the two rounds of proposals, has identified all of the required cuts £28m for 2021/22. If agreed this will close the budget gap for 2021/22. Following the extensive officer and member discussions, this report progresses a number of ideas and brings forward further cuts proposals for the Budget in February.
- 1.8. The scrutiny committees are invited to review and comment on the proposals set out in this report and its supporting appendices. This feedback will be collated by the Public Accounts Select Committed (PASC) and referred onto M&C for decisions on the cuts at their 3 February meeting.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1. Members of the Scrutiny Committees are recommended to:
- 2.1.1. Note the alignment of the budget build process with the Council's COVID-19 recovery planning, uncertain financial context, and thematic approach to making these Budget cuts.
- 2.1.2. Review and comment on these draft cuts proposals and present their feedback to the Public Accounts Select Committee to add their own and refer onto Mayor & Cabinet.

3. Policy Context

3.1. The Council's strategy and priorities drive the Budget with changes in resource allocation determined in accordance with policies and strategy. The Council launched its new Corporate Strategy in 2019, with seven corporate priorities as stated below:

Corporate Priorities

- **Open Lewisham** Lewisham will be a place where diversity and cultural heritage is recognised as a strength and is celebrated.
- Tackling the housing crisis Everyone has a decent home that is secure and affordable.
- Giving children and young people the best start in life Every child has access
 to an outstanding and inspiring education, and is given the support they need to keep
 them safe, well and able to achieve their full potential.
- **Building and inclusive local economy -** Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
- Delivering and defending health, social care and support Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.
- Making Lewisham greener Everyone enjoys our green spaces, and benefits from a healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local environment.
- Building safer communities Every resident feels safe and secure living here as we
 work together towards a borough free from the fear of crime.

Values

3.2. Values are critical to the Council's role as an employer, regulator, securer of services, and steward of public funds. The Council's values shape interactions and behaviours across the organisational hierarchy, between officers, and members, between the council and partners and between the council and citizens. In taking forward the

Council's Budget Strategy, we are guided by the Council's four core values:

- We put service to the public first.
- We respect all people and all communities.
- We invest in employees.
- We are open, honest, and fair in all we do.
- 3.3. Very severe financial constraints have been imposed on Council services with cuts to be made year on year, and this on-going pressure is addressed here in this report, incorporating further budget cuts for 2020/21.

4. Background

- 4.1. Over the past ten months, the Council's business, and the day to day lives of Lewisham's residents, has been turned on its head. In March 2020, Council activity simultaneously ground to a halt and ramped up in equal measure. With "non-critical" services wound down almost overnight and a new, urgent focus on "critical services", the Council's leadership team, members and vast range of services faced new demands, challenges, pressures and opportunities.
- 4.2. The pace, scope and scale of change has been immense: the pandemic has demanded agility, creativity, pace, leadership, organisational and personal resilience, strong communications and an unerring focus on the right priorities. Within the Council, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is felt acutely across all of our service areas and we are grappling with real challenges in how we keep services running for our residents and how we protect the most vulnerable. Across the borough, residents are looking afresh at our borough, their neighbourhoods, and seeing where they live through new eyes.
- 4.3. While we do not yet fully understand what all of the long-term implications of COVID-19 will mean for the borough, there have been many clear and visible impacts of the pandemic on our residents, Lewisham the place and also the Council. We know that coronavirus has disproportionately affected certain population groups in Lewisham, matching patterns that have been identified nationally and internationally: older residents, residents born in the Americas & the Caribbean, Africa or the Middle East & Asia, and residents in the most deprived areas of the borough have considerably higher death rates. We know that more Lewisham residents are claiming unemployment benefits compared to the beginning of this year and that food insecurity has increased in the borough.
- 4.4. The Council's finances have also been severely affected by the ongoing pandemic. The cost of coronavirus for Lewisham is estimated to be over £60m this year and, with rising infections and further restrictions imposed, the impacts will continue into 2021/22. Despite government promises early in the pandemic, how these costs will be fully funded in this financial year and the budget pressures for future years met is not final. Officers have taken management action to make in-year savings of £5.4m as well as introducing additional spending controls. In the midst of this response we have had to begin the long, difficult process of identifying cuts of at least £40m for the next three years (to April 2024) with up to £24m to be cut in 2021/22 alone plus tackling the continuing overspend estimated at £10m.
- 4.5. With Tier 5 restrictions in place in Lewisham, the Council is now acting quickly once again to protect critical services and support vulnerable residents through another very challenging period. We now face the challenge of needing to simultaneously respond to further waves of the pandemic, plan for the long-term recovery of the place and set a

balanced budget, setting the financial basis for the internal recovery of the Council in the coming years. While it seems clear that the Council will have to rely on its reserves for some of the impact of COVID-19, reserves by their nature once used are gone. They cannot therefore also be relied on to delay or avoid the difficult budget task of bringing spending into line with available resources.

5. Lewisham's Recovery from COVID-19

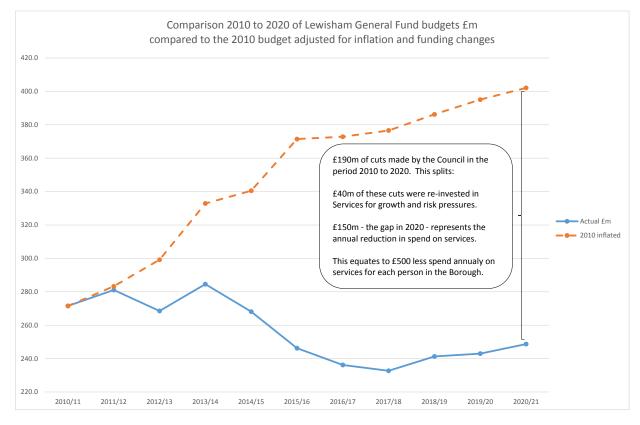
- 5.1. Lewisham's recovery from coronavirus will be underpinned by the following anchoring principles which will be at the heart of all decision-making, planning and action over the coming months:
 - Tackling widening social, economic and health inequalities;
 - Protecting and empowering our most vulnerable residents;
 - Ensuring the Council's continued resilience, stability and sustainability;
 - Enabling residents to make the most of Lewisham the place; and
 - Collaborating and working together with our communities and partnership across the borough.
- 5.2. Recovery will mirror the Council's successful response structure, with two perspectives: internal (the Council's recovery) and external (the Borough's recovery).
- 5.3. The Council's internal recovery is to be driven by the lessons learned from responding to COVID-19, the known and emerging impacts on our communities and the need to deliver transformation at the scale needed to meet the current financial challenge. The 2021/22 budget-setting process is the first step in a three-year internal transformation programme to deliver cuts as set out on the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS). Given the scale of the challenge and the ongoing impact of and learning from responding to COVID-19, officers have adopted a different approach this year, where cuts are made strategically, across the Council, with a focus on transformation, not salami slicing.
- 5.4. Cuts have been identified according to six strategic budget themes, underpinned by the recovery principles above. They are:
 - Productivity;
 - Joint working;
 - Service reconfiguration;
 - Asset realisation;
 - Commercial approach; and
 - Better demand management.
- 5.5. Officers will be applying a programme management approach to deliver the strategic budget proposals as set out in the MTFS, if agreed. Officers will be supported to ensure that the proposals identified are realistic and taken through the new Programme Management Office (PMO) assurance and governance processes, giving rigour to the structure and delivery of the individual projects.
- 5.6. This internal recovery approach is inherently linked to the 'external' recovery of the borough, the recovery of Lewisham the place. For Lewisham, a post-pandemic future could bring opportunities and it is vital our communities are able to make the most of what's on their doorstep. We look ahead to a huge opportunity to 'build back better' in partnership with our communities and partners and neighbours, to support community

development and resilience, to nurture and develop Lewisham's vibrant cultural scene, to promote a sustainable and thriving local economy, to tackle health inequalities, to achieve a fairer, zero-carbon future, and to support our borough's children and young people. The borough's long-term recovery will be led by the Mayor along with Councillors, as the borough's community leaders, who will shape and drive priorities for recovery across Lewisham.

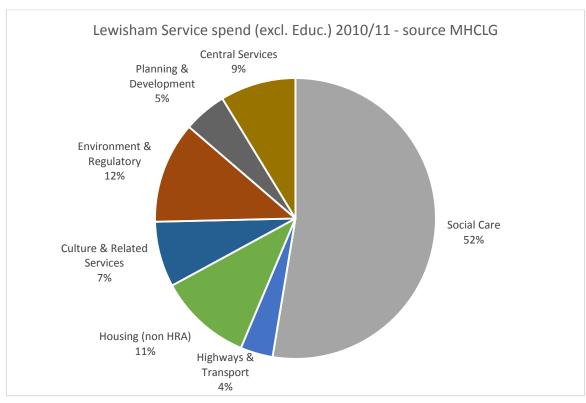
6. Financial Context

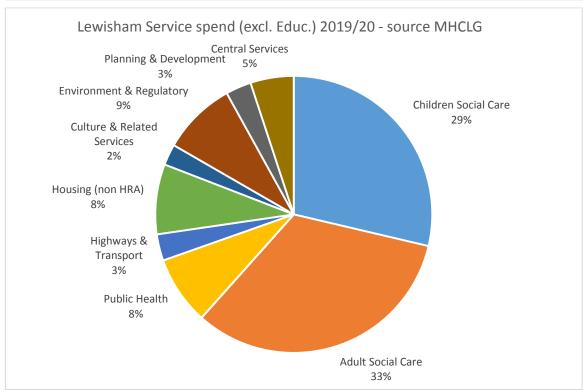
Decade of austerity

- 6.1. This cuts report comes on the back of a decade of austerity in terms of reduced funding for local government services. In Lewisham the Council's spending power has been reduced by 26% in real terms while the population has grown by over 30,000 over that time period or 12%, increasing the demand for services. This has led to reduced service provision, leaner practices in terms of support, and more risk for the Council as it seeks to maintain good customer service and quality services.
- 6.2. Or put another way, as shown in the graph below, the Council is now able to spend the equivalent of £500 less per person in the Borough (£150m / 300,000). At the same time the share of the Council's net general fund budget (i.e. that realised from business rates and council tax) has seen the share from local council tax payers rise from 34% in 2010 to 48% in 2020.



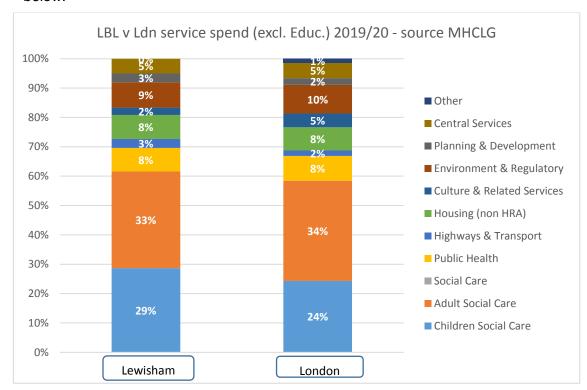
6.3. Over this period the Council had also seen its spending choices focused on protecting those front line services for which the most vulnerable in our communities are dependent. In particular, through the children and adult social care services the Council is responsible for. This is shown by comparing the two pie charts below which present the proportion of the Council spend by service area – 2010/11 compared to 2019/20 (the latest published data).





- 6.4. In 2010/11 52% of the Council's general fund service spend was on social care. By 2019/20 that had increased to over 70% across adult and children social care services and including the new public health responsibilities. More detailed income and expenditure analysis and benchmarking is being undertaken for the social care areas of spend and will be shared in due course as further context.
- 6.5. This position is not unique to Lewisham as can be seen when comparing the 2019/20 position to that of the combined position for other London Boroughs in the bar chart

below.



COVID-19 and overspending in 2020/21

- 6.6. The impact of COVID-19 has been significant in terms of additional costs and lost income. At the end of November with evidence of further pressures emerging, the impact for this year was estimated at over £60m for this year and now extending into 2021/22. To date the committed government support continues to be announced piecemeal making planning difficult and still does not cover the full impact, particularly when considering the continuing impact of the Council's future tax base (residential and business) through the collection fund in future years.
- 6.7. The in-year position includes £7.5m of cuts which remain at risk as they are still to be delivered in full and were part of the 2020/21 budget cuts of £16.6m. The full detail of these cuts and their current status is tracked in the regular financial monitoring reports to M&C. These cuts will still have to be made as the Council recovers from COVID-19 or, if not, alternatives found and added to the future year cuts gap. Any shortfall this year, and indeed into next year, will have to be met from cuts or reserves.
- 6.8. There are also currently three recurring areas where services are overspending, even after their base budgets were significantly adjusted in setting the 2020/21 Budget. They are children social care, environment services, and technology & digital services. At the same time measures have had to be taken by all services to improve the overall outturn forecast.
- 6.9. The work to find in-year savings and preserve cash to limit the hit to reserves while the Council responds to Covid and identifies and agrees Budget cuts continues. Over the summer agency recruitment controls were introduced and £5.4m of in-year one-off savings were identified. From October tighter spending and recruitment controls were also been introduced to extend the restrictions on any non-essential spend.

Looking forward - MTFS

6.10. The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), agreed by M&C on the 7 October as part of the financial stabilisation and budget update report, identified an anticipated

- funding gap over the next three years of at least £40m with £24m for 2021/22. Added to this there is growing evidence that the base Budget retains a persistent £10m overspend in key service areas.
- 6.11. This leaves the Council, subject to the delayed Comprehensive Spending Review (CSR) and Local Government Finance Settlement (LGFS), preparing to identify and implement up to £34m of cuts in 2021/22 to be able to set a balanced budget. Not only is the Council obliged to set a balanced budget there is limited room for manoeuvre in terms of using reserves to do this. The Council's reserves will be needed to address the immediate impact of the COVID-19 health pandemic and potentially prolonged slow economic recovery on the Council's finances without further support from government, as well as any shocks arising from the UK's exit from the EU.

7. Thematic Approach and Cuts Proposals

General

- 7.1. The approach to developing the officers' draft proposals for cuts this year was intentionally more strategic and collaborative. Not only at the officer level with more collective working at Executive Director and Director level across Directorate boundaries but also with Members through a series of sessions on each theme to discuss and collect as many perspectives and ideas as possible. This section sets out by theme:
 - a general description of the theme and ground covered;
 - a summary of the ideas which continue to be developed but are not as yet formed proposals; and
 - a list of the proposals by these with supporting detail accessed via the navigation sheet at Appendix 1 and detailed proposals in the Appendices 2 to 7.
- 7.2. As this work is a multi-year programme aligned to the Council and community changes that will emerge from the Covid recovery work (as discussewd in section 4 above), the work to identify and refine cuts and track their implementation continues. New ideas or changes to those presented here will be reported on as part of the regular financial monitoring reports for Members.
- 7.3. In summary the cuts proposed for the next three years by theme are:

Theme	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total
A. Productivity				
Round 1	3,797	3,700	100	7,597
Round 2	2,895	0	0	2,895
B. Joint working				
Round 1	1,821	1,608	0	3,429
Round 2	1,150	0	0	1,150
C. Service Reconfiguration				
Round 1	677	375	60	1,112
Round 2	2,801	534	0	3,335
D. Assets Realisation				
Round 1	889	151	557	1,597
Round 2	300	0	0	300
E. Commercial Approach				

Theme	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total
Round 1	1,897	890	20	2,807
Round 2	850	0	0	850
F. Demand Management				
Round 1	5,970	1,580	2,500	10,350
Round 2	4,969	1,572	0	6,541
Sub totals				
Round 1 – M&C in Dec	15,051	8,304	3,237	26,592
Round 2 – M&C in Feb	12,965	2,106	0	15,071
TOTAL	28,016	10,410	3,237	41,663

Target (at least £40m)	24,000	12,000	11,000	47,000
Provisional LGFS impact (subject to Budget)	-6,000			-6,000
Overspend	10,000	-	-	10,000
Shortfall	16	-1,590	-7,763	-9,337

- 7.4. With cuts of over £40m, it is inevitable that some services will be reduced or stopped. This may amount to a pause so they can be revisited at a future date, funding permitting. However, within the anticipated financial resources for the Council in the near term there is not the funding to maintain current levels of service.
- 7.5. The cuts across the themes have also been reviewed to ensure that where services are being reduced or stopped the impact of doing so is assessed, mindful in particular of the risk of cost shunts to other services. This includes an assessment of the equality implications.
- 7.6. The cuts proposals are itemised by theme below with the full supporting detail in the proforma provided in the appendices to this report. It should be noted that some references may be our of sequence. This is because some proposals are extensions of previous proposals, some have been withdrawn, and others remain in development and may come forward in subsequent rounds.

A – Productivity

- 7.7. Over the past three years the Council has been on a significant journey to improve the availability, flexibility and security of its technology infrastructure. This was further given a boost with the rapid and successful move at the start of the COVID-19 response to getting all staff online and able to work remotely and across different services.
- 7.8. The investments to make these changes were also about seeking to streamline decision making and automate more transactional work to make processes more efficient and capture a productivity gain. The theme focuses on how these benefits are being tracked and where necessary identify where fewer resources are now needed.
- 7.9. This theme is not limited to productivity from technology. It also considers where working practices and related human resources policies and governance arrangements can be updated to help staff and teams better collaborate and integrate to provide better more streamlined services for users.
- 7.10. The individual proposals put forward for this theme (see details in Appendix 2) in round 2 are:

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
A-01a	Staff productivity - arising from new ways of working (including learning from the Covid 19 pandemic), better collaboration and a return on IT investment	1,000	0	0	1,000
A-09	Support to leadership – review of support functions for senior officers	105	0	0	105
A-10	Elections service – focus on channel shift with more online	55	0	0	55
A-11	Review of legal, governance, and elections services to better align resources to deliver the corporate strategy	340	0	0	340
A-12	Rationalising Central Education Services functions, focused on reducing agency and better use of consultants	150	0	0	150
A-13	Children with Complex Needs (CWCN) service redesign to reduce reliance on agency	195	0	0	195
A-14	Replace Educational Psycology (EP) locums and expand generic EP team	200	0	0	200
A-16	Reduciton of workforce development budget by focusing on newly qualified social workers	50	0	0	50
A-17	Care leaver accommodation / housing costs by improved pathways to reduce costs	500	0	0	500
A-18	Libraries and Information Service	300	0	0	300
	Theme sub total – round 2	2,895	0	0	2,895

- 7.11. In addition; a number of opportunities continue to be explored and developed and may be brought forward in a future cuts round. They include:
- 7.11.1. Review and refresh internal HR policies and procedures to ensure the talent framework includes the tools to help officers operate effectively, attract and recruit the best candidates, and support a culture where people feel able to bring their best and real self to work every day and thrive in a business like environment.
- 7.11.2. Extend and embed a workforce management approach to enable all to access and manage knowledge, share and develop transferable skills, and provide clear development opportunities for staff.
- 7.11.3. Make better use of shared spaces with partners and the community to open up and

- provide aligned, accessible, and engaging places to provide services and build shared experiences.
- 7.11.4. Extend the work with partners, in particular those in the Education sector, to develop and provide the training and learning opportunities that will support Lewisham residents' access rewarding active employment, including openings to work for the Council.

B – Joint working

- 7.12. The Council continues to listen and consult with its partners to understand how the impacts of COVID-19 and the resulting economic and community changes are driving different needs and expectations for Council services going forward.
- 7.13. This theme explores and pushes the boundaries of how we currently work differently within the Council but also how we work with our residents, our communities, our voluntary sector, anchor institutions and strategic partners. As well as addressing the immediate financial challenge this work will also lay the foundations for longer term successful working.
- 7.14. The Council will make a commitment to explore how we continue to work not just with our anchor institutions, but with other universities to tackle the skills shortages in Lewisham for social workers, planners, teachers and other hard to recruit to professions on the creation of work placements to attract students to Lewisham. Although this will not realise savings during this Medium Term Financial Plan, working closely with further and higher education institutions to attract skilled people can only improve the productivity of our workforce.
- 7.15. The biggest strand of this theme is working closer with our health partners and redressing the balance of how services are funded going forward. We will prioritise the assessment of care packages so those with the most complex of needs and those most likely to be eligible for support from health services receive it. This will apply to care packages for children and adults.
- 7.16. We recognise that our voluntary sector partners have been played a strong role in providing support to our community to reduce the pressure on council services, for example reducing social isolation of our vulnerable adults and supporting their wellbeing. We will continue to seek efficiencies in the delivery of the Civic Events programme through working in partnerships with other organisations, seeking match funding wherever possible.
- 7.17. The individual proposals put forward for this theme (see details at Appendix 3) in round 2 are:

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
B-11	Improved usage of Better Care Fund across partners	1,000	0	0	1,000
B-12	Adult Learning Lewisham – back office efficiencies	96	0	0	96
B-13	Early years funding block	54	0	0	54
	Theme sub total – round 2	1,150	0	0	1,150

- 7.18. In addition; a number of opportunities continue to be explored and developed and may be brought forward in a future cuts round. They include, with some overlap to other themes:
- 7.18.1. Looking to consolidate the use of the public estate in Lewisham, co-working with partners from a smaller foot print to save costs and extend joint working in support of changing and more agile working practices experienced through the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 7.18.2. Review the direct and indirect (e.g. discounted rents) support provided to the voluntary and community sector, and ensure scarce resources are effectively shared to help the reduced investment the Council can support to go as far as possible.
- 7.18.3. Extend the focus on seeking to work with others, in particular to secure more sponsorship and support (financial or otherwise) around common ambitions and also to strengthen the Council's approach applying for grants to support activities.
- 7.18.4. Reassess the commissioning of services with the Public Health budget to capture cultural shifts (e.g. greater use cheaper online sexual health services) and, where consistent with outcomes, direct the budget at the community level through Council services to support prevention and rehabilitation and reduce costly clinical intervention.

C - Service reconfiguration

- 7.19. Extending the productivity theme above, there will be opportunities to change how the Council engages with customers and delivers services. For example; our front door services are now largely operating online and via the call centre with appointments available where necessary. There are also opportunities, through better collaborative working, to review how different services serving the same customers might better come together to do this.
- 7.20. In addition to the approach to engagement with external customers, this theme also looked at the relationships and role of corporate functions supporting frontline delivery. This is the theme that has probably received the most attention in previous years as a means to protecting front line services. Nonetheless, there are significant benefits from having a stronger strategic focus on customer service and digital changes which will, when coordinated via the PMO, provide opportunities to realise further savings and strengthen the organisation's culture.
- 7.21. The individual proposals put forward for this theme (see details at Appendix 4) in round 2 are:

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
C-09	Youth Offending Service (YOS) redesign	152	0	0	152
C-10	Housing Services review – procedures and structures			300 0	
C-11	Highways and transport reduced dependency on agency staff	300	0	0	300
C-12	Weight management services	25	0	0	25
C-13	Sexual and reproductive health services in primary	100	0	0	100

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
	care - better use of online resources				
C-14	Substance misuse reduced spending	150	0	0	150
C-15	Integrated sexual and reproductive health services – better use of online resources	150	0	0	150
C-16	Redcution of management overhead for the social inclusion and recovery service (SLaM Lewisham Community Services)	50	0	0	50
C-17	Re-configuration of mental health supported housing contracts – social interest group	100	150	0	250
C-21	Early help and prevention re- commissioning (part of wider strategy agreed by M&C)	170	0	0	170
C-22	Reduction in council contribution to CAMHS service	250	0	0	250
C-23	Reduction in the health visiting contract	350	0	0	350
C-24	Culture Team salaries and borough of culture	60	0	0	60
C-26	Reducing leisure spend through temporary closure of the loss making Bridge site	355	0	0	355
C-28	Supported housing services	169	84	0	253
C-29	Crime enforcement and regulation service restructure	50	0	0	50
C-30	Rationalisation of business support across Education Services			0	70
	Theme sub total – round 2	2,801	534	0	3,335

- 7.22. In addition; a number of opportunities continue to be explored and developed and may be brought forward in a future cuts round. They include, with some overlap to other themes:
- 7.22.1. Develop waste minimisation strategy with operational changes (using less resources) but also policy and education push to support better customer practice, e.g. through recycling collection points to reduce cost of collection and support more local disposal.
- 7.22.2. Better integrated services across Directorates and working with housing with a view to

- the customer / family journey to deliver less costly and better outcomes for the more vulnerable residents (e.g. care leavers).
- 7.22.3. Invest in more use of common IT platforms with likeminded partners to achieve improved performance and economies of scale as well as ensuring easier development.
- 7.22.4. Improved contact points for residents linked to customer services and digital strategy to reduce data handling, improve the customer experience, and better align mutually supportive services (including improving the Council's website as window to services).
- 7.22.5. Review commissioning activities across the Council and consider a more consolidated, rather than individual Directorate, approach to improve commercial skills, market intelligence and build service resilience.

D - Asset realisation

- 7.23. As well as looking at the revenue budget considerations, it is important that the Council also reviews its assets and capital programme to maximise efficiencies where possible. With changing ways of working and different service delivery mechanisms the Council may no longer require the same asset base. From this work there could be running cost savings and there may be some one-off receipts that could be used to invest in transformation plans and outcomes which take longer to realise. These changes need to be balanced with the need for the majority of the cuts currently anticipated next year.
- 7.24. Through this significant strategic theme the Council can unlock social, economic and financial benefit from its considerable landholdings within Lewisham. The council has extensive landholdings across the Borough ranging across a broad base of office, commercial and service/operational estate. The Executive Management Team (EMT) has commissioned work to explore the potential to utilise some parts of the asset base in a measured and sensitive way to release value that can help address the budget gap. It should be stressed at the outset that this review in no way seeks to sell core parts of the service and operational estate nor to sell strategic assets. The shared challenge has been to re-purpose under-used parts of the Council's asset/estate base in a way that 'unlocks' value over time. The approach has focused on three strands:
- 7.25. Rationalisation of the Catford Campus and establishing a Public Service Hub sets out a route to securing a swift and positive consolidation of several public sector partners to Laurence House and the Former Town Hall, delivering early on the strategic aims set out in the Draft Catford Town Centre Framework. This proposal will also provide the platform from which to secure a new employment support offer and capacity as well as securing the valuable economic prize/footfall coming from 300/400 Public Sector workers in the town even in the changed circumstances with more working from home. In the short term some running costs are also assumed to be saved from mothballing some other sites.
- 7.26. Housing and development income presents a route to achieving around £500k per annum by presenting a development package of sites that could achieve a net rental return to the Council from around 250 new homes.
- 7.27. Other asset savings and income the aim here is to review and reduce the costs associated with little-used buildings. Where possible we will seek to re-purpose some property for better/immediate outcomes towards short term Temporary Accommodation and similar uses where it saves us money. We will seek to reduce reliance on costly external Guardian contracts. We will also seek opportunities for income from filming at several of the Borough's beautiful/unusual properties.
- 7.28. The individual proposals put forward for this theme (see details at Appendix 5) in round 2 are:

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
D-09	Education assets – grant reprofiling	300	0	0	300
	Theme sub total – round 2	300	0	0	300

- 7.29. In addition; a number of opportunities continue to be explored and developed and may be brought forward in a future cuts round. They include, with some overlap to other themes:
- 7.29.1. The potential to achieve further collaboration, better outcomes and cost-sharing through further voluntary/service hubs supporting a broad base of community needs. We will be doing this work across the Council's service and operational estate but also in close liaison with key partners.
- 7.29.2. Reviewing the costs and outcomes achieved by any third parties involved in operating our estate particularly Guardians and estate management of assets in Catford and other areas.
- 7.29.3. Review and being clear about areas of rent subsidies to ensure equity and aid understanding being clear where a low or peppercorn rent is a clear measure of support or substitution for grant support.

E – Commercial approach

- 7.30. PASC's investigations over recent years, have demonstrated that as well as traditional methods of looking after the Council's finances, councils can and do develop new ideas and innovations to produce income and create value. Services functioning well from a financial perspective are more able to be responsive to the needs of those using their services.
- 7.31. Commercialisation is about more than just chasing financial returns. The focus with this approach at this time is improving services and ensuring that resources are available to protect the most vulnerable. 'Thinking commercially' is a mind-set that prioritises the best use of resources whether financial or otherwise. In an organisation such as the Council, a commercial mind-set with a public sector ethos becomes an important part of its culture.
- 7.32. The Council has been championing the development of greater commercial understanding and rigour in its service offering. This has been around achieving greater social value as well as financial return from engaging in such activities. This work, through this theme, assesses the culture and approach to considering risk and reward in the Council's commercial dealings and collection of debt. It also reviews how sales, fees and charges are set relative to benchmarks and assesses market potential to ensure rates are set at the optimum level in line with the Council's priorities.
- 7.33. The Council currently runs a number of traded services. The most significant being services to schools, the environmental services for commercial and garden waste, and bereavement services. The Council does not have to be in these business areas as fully as it currently is with options to change how much they support or contribute to core service delivery. As well as linking to the commercial discussion (i.e. cost recovery), there will be questions of strategic policy fit and risk that continued delivery of these services can be assessed against.
- 7.34. The Council has a number of key commercial partners, some significant contracts for

key line of service delivery and systems, and uses a large number of smaller local contractors for a variety of work. In total, the Council spends over £200m annually with third parties. This theme will review how these contracts are being managed to identify opportunities to improve performance and also to plan further in advance how they may be retendered to ensure the Council has the most opportunity (time and choice) to improve value for money from these service areas.

7.35. The individual proposals put forward for this theme (see details at Appendix 6) in round 2 are:

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
E-01a	Improved Debt collection – further actions, thereby lowering bad debt provsions	500	0	0	500
E-08a	Contract Efficiencies – extend inflation management actions	250	0	0	250
E-11	Review discretionary sales, fees and charges and increase to the point of full cost recovery.		0	0	100
	Theme sub total – round 2	850	0	0	850

- 7.36. In addition; a number of opportunities continue to be explored and developed and may be brought forward in a future cuts round. They include, with some overlap to other themes:
- 7.36.1. Extending possible traded services, for example arboreal or garden services with inhouse parks service.
- 7.36.2. Identifying areas for more extensive enforcement to improve general environment e.g. fly tipping and littering, estate agent boards not removed etc.
- 7.36.3. Ensuring services are open to and seeking out grant support and other investment partners to support council service delivery in the Borough.
- 7.36.4. Continuing to strengthen the commercial skills in those letting contracts and commissioning services to secure the best value for money.

F – Better demand management

- 7.37. As much as the Council has a significant number of statutory services to deliver it also has discretion about how it does so. This enables services to ensure the value for money of provision within the overarching responsibility for stewardship of the public pound. Aligned with this, preventative work can lead to better outcomes for less cost in the long run compared to the need for crisis intervention.
- 7.38. For the Council's largest services (in budgetary terms), in particular adult and children social care but also environment services when considering levels of waste, how this translates into demand management around when users are engaged with the support they are offered has a the potential for promoting greater independence with significant positive budget impacts.
- 7.39. The approach to this theme has been to explore opportunities to focus on volume and cost and the means by which they can be reduced, diverted, or shared. A fundamental principle in adult social care especially is about promoting greater independence for

adults, and our ability to better manage demand through preventive action and a range of early help. The council will develop an approach that builds on the evidence available. Most of all the bedrock of adult social care needs to build on the importance of assisting people to maximise their life opportunities and to support greater moves towards independence. We should know the outcomes that different services deliver for our residents and the effectiveness of the interventions that are available need to be measured. So we will be establishing a more rounded and detailed set of performance measures that will enable the impact of a refreshed approach to promoting independence (and managing demand) to be better understood and financial cuts to be delivered. We will also look at shared pathways with our health partners to achieve better outcomes.

7.40. The individual proposals put forward for this theme (see details at Appendix 7) in round 2 are:

Ref	Title	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
F-15a	Environment services operations review with investment in mechanisation	0	567	0	567
F-19	Reduction in specialist legal advocacy and assessments for CYP proceedings	vocacy and assessments 500 0		0	500
F-20	Emission based charging for short stay parking	120 120 0		240	
F-21	Road safety enforcement	250	375	0	625
F-22	Motorcycle parking charges	0	80	0	80
F-23	Home to school transport	250	0	0	250
F-24	Adult Social Care cost reduction and service improvement programme	3,849	430	0	4,279
	Theme sub total – round 2	4,969	1,572	0	6,541

- 7.41. In addition; a number of opportunities continue to be explored and developed and may be brought forward in a future cuts round. They include, with some overlap to other themes:
- 7.41.1. Developing a refreshed approach to adult social care based on better managing demand through focusing on promoting independence, with a modernised and transformed service delivery model.
- 7.41.2. Extend use of 'lean process review' to children social care to drive similar benefits realisation on back of system investment. This approach is working for adult social care to assist them with realising policy and procedure changes to secure value from investment in upgraded case management system.
- 7.41.3. Develop stronger sufficiency strategies with aligned performance reporting across social care to convert data to information, anticipate demographic risks and opportunities, and better manage demand for services.

- 7.41.4. Continue to explore working with the larger charities and voluntary sector and assess the merits of more use of direct payments for accessing tailored services for children and personal budgets for adult social care needs.
- 7.41.5. Ensure service provision is in place and teams trained and supported to secure the good work to move to early help and prevention at less cost and limit the demand for the expensive intensive intervention settings, other than in the limited cases where they may be needed.

8. Timetable and Decisions

Timetable

8.1. The timetable for this round of officer proposals is for this report to be reviewed as prescrutiny with feedback, via the PASC, to M&C on the 3 February alongside the budget report for 2021/22. The Safer Stronger Committee will also consider the consolidated equalities report (to follow separately) for the cuts report as a whole. The specific scrutiny committee dates are:

13 Jan Healthier Communities
14 Jan Safer and Stronger Sustainable Development
21 Jan CYP
28 Jan Housing
02 Feb PASC

8.2. Subject to the decisions at M&C on the 3 February and the relevant post-scrutiny period the cuts will be implemented by officers in line with the decision making route (see below). This will allow those proposals agreed to progress, excluding those requiring consultation, to be concluded before the end of this financial year so that a full year financial effect is achieved for 2021/22. Those requiring consultation will require longer to implement, extending into 2021/22.

Decision making process

- 8.3. The decision making process for budget cuts depends on the nature of each individual cut being proposed. The decision depends on the scale and impact of the proposal and the actions required to deliver it. For example; a proposal requiring staff consultation can either be reserved by Mayor and Cabinet to themselves or follow the usual delegation for employment matters to the Chief Executive. In either case the decision can only be taken after completion of the consultation and a full report setting out the equalities, legal and financial implications for the decision maker.
- 8.4. The table below shows the combination of criteria possible for a proposal (the first three rows) with the remaining rows identifying the options for concluding the decision available to Mayor & Cabinet.

Options for Decisions

Decision combinations	1	2	3	4	5	6
Key Decision - >£500k and/or specific ward impact	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Public Consultation	N	N	Y	N	N	Y
Staff Consultation	N	N	N	Υ	Υ	Υ
Decision routes for M&C						

M&C agree to consult – proposal to return to M&C for decision			√	✓	✓	√
M&C take decision – no consultation required	✓	✓				
Delegate to Exec. Dir. to consult and take decision				✓	✓	
Delegate to Exec. Dir. – no consultation required	√	✓				
Other – e.g. seek clarification, reject, endorse.	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	*

8.5. The decision combinations for each proposal are summarised in the navigation sheet at Appendix 1.

9. Financial implications

9.1. This report is concerned with the cuts proposals to enable the Council to address the future financial challenges it faces. There are no direct financial implications arising from the report other than those stated in the report and appendices itself.

10. Legal implications

Statutory duties

10.1. The Council has a variety of statutory duties which it must fulfil by law. The Council cannot lawfully decide not to carry out those duties. Even where there is a statutory duty there is often a discretion about the level of service provision. Where there is an impact on statutory duty that is identified in the report. In other instances, the Council provides services in pursuit of a statutory power, rather than a duty, and though not bound to carry out those activities, decisions about them must be taken in accordance with the decision making requirements of administrative law.

Reasonableness and proper process

10.2. Decisions must be made reasonably taking into account all relevant considerations and disregarding all irrelevant matters. These are particular to the service reductions proposed and are set out in the body of the report. It is also imperative that decisions are taken following proper process. Depending on the particular service concerned, this may be set down in statute, though not all legal requirements are set down in legislation. For example, depending on the service, there may be a need to consult with service users and/or others and where this is the case, any proposals in this report must remain proposals unless and until that consultation is carried out and the responses brought back in a further report for consideration with an open mind before any decision is made. Whether or not consultation is required, any decision to discontinue a service would require appropriate notice. If the Council has published a procedure for handling service reductions, there would be a legitimate expectation that such procedure will be followed.

Staffing reductions

10.3. If service reductions would result in redundancy, then the Council's usual redundancy and redeployment procedure would apply. If proposals would result in more than 20 but fewer than 100 redundancies in any 90 day period, there would be a requirement to consult for a period of 30 days with trade unions under Section 188 Trade Union and Labour Relations (consolidation) Act 1992. The consultation period increases to 45 days if the numbers are 100 or more. This consultation is in addition to the consultation required with the individual employees. If a proposal entails a service re-organisation, decisions in this respect will be taken by officers in accordance with the Council's reorganisation procedures.

Equalities Legislation

- 10.4. The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) introduced a public sector equality duty (the equality duty or the duty). It covers the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 10.5. In summary, the Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
 - Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- 10.6. It is not an absolute requirement to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation or other prohibited conduct, or to promote equality of opportunity or foster good relations between persons who share a protected characteristic and those who do not. It is a duty to have due regard to the need to achieve the goals listed in the paragraph above.
- 10.7. The weight to be attached to the duty will be dependent on the nature of the decision and the circumstances in which it is made. This is a matter for the Mayor, bearing in mind the issues of relevance and proportionality. The Mayor must understand the impact or likely impact of the decision on those with protected characteristics who are potentially affected by the decision. The extent of the duty will necessarily vary from case to case and due regard is such regard as is appropriate in all the circumstances.
- 10.8. The Equality and Human Rights Commission has issued Technical Guidance on the Public Sector Equality Duty and statutory guidance entitled "Equality Act 2010 Services, Public Functions & Associations Statutory Code of Practice". The Council must have regard to the statutory code in so far as it relates to the duty and attention is drawn to Chapter 11 which deals particularly with the equality duty. The Technical Guidance also covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty. This includes steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The guidance does not have statutory force but nonetheless regard should be had to it, as failure to do so without compelling reason would be of evidential value. The statutory code and the technical guidance can be found at:
 - https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/equality-act-codespractice
 - https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/equality-acttechnical-guidance
- 10.9. The Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) has previously issued five guides for public authorities in England giving advice on the equality duty:

- The essential guide to the public sector equality duty.
- Meeting the equality duty in policy and decision-making.
- Engagement and the equality duty: A guide for public authorities.
- Objectives and the equality duty. A guide for public authorities.
- Equality Information and the Equality Duty: A Guide for Public Authorities.
- 10.10. The essential guide provides an overview of the equality duty requirements including the general equality duty, the specific duties and who they apply to. It covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty including steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The other four documents provide more detailed guidance on key areas and advice on good practice. Further information and resources are available at:
 - https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/public-sectorequality-duty-guidance#h1
- 10.11. The EHRC has also issued Guidance entitled "Making Fair Financial Decisions".
 - https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/advice-and-guidance/making-fair-financial-decisions. It appears at Appendix 4 and attention is drawn to its contents.
- 10.12. The equalities implications pertaining to the specific service reductions are particular to the specific reduction.

The Human Rights Act

- 10.13. Since the introduction of the Human Rights Act 1998 (HRA) the rights set out in the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) have been incorporated into UK law and can be enforced in the UK courts without recourse to the European courts.
- 10.14. Those articles which are particularly relevant in to public services are as follows:

Article 2 - the right to life

Article 3 - the right not to be subject to inhuman or degrading treatment

Article 5 - the right to security of the person

Article 6 - the right to a fair trial

Article 8 - the right to a private and family life, home and correspondence

Article 9 - the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion

Article 10 - the right to freedom of expression

Article 11 - the right to peaceful assembly

Article 14 - the right not to be discriminated against on any ground

10.15. The first protocol to the ECHR added

Article 1 - the right to peaceful enjoyment of property

Article 2 - the right to education

10.16. Some of these rights are unconditional, such as the right not to be tortured or subject to degrading treatment. Others may be limited in finite and well defined circumstances (such as the right to liberty). Others are qualified and must be balanced against the need of the wider community – such as the right to a private and family life. Where there are human rights implications associated with the proposals in this report regard must be had to them before making any decision.

Best value

10.17. The Council remains under a duty under Section 3 Local Government Act 1999 to secure continuous improvement in the way its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. It must have regard to this duty in making decisions in respect of this report.

Specific legal implications

10.18. Members' attention is drawn to the specific legal implications arising in relation to particular proposals set out in the relevant proforma in Appendices 2 to 7 of this report and Appendix 8 which is a summary of specific legal implications for each budget cut proposal.

Equalities Implications

10.19. Detailed policy and equality implications have been appended to this report as Appendix 9.

11. Equalities implications

11.1. Proformas included in Appendices 2 to 7 consider the service equalities impact for each proposed cut. This identifies whether the cut is expected to have a high, medium or low impact on service users with protected characteristics, as well as mitigations that can be put in place and whether a full equalities impact assessment is required. A detailed review of the policy and equality implications across all cuts will be appended to this report as Appendix 9 for Safer Stronger and M&C.

12. Climate change and environmental implications

- 12.1. Section 40 Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 states that "every public authority must, in exercising its functions, have regard, so far as is consistent with the proper exercise of those functions to the purpose of conserving biodiversity"
- 12.2. The specific climate change and environmental implications identified as arising from the current cuts proposals will require further consideration, however, those flagged as likely to impact positively on our ability to conserve biodiversity are: E-11, F-15a, F-20, F-21 and F-22.

13. Crime and disorder implications

- 13.1. Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 requires the Council to have regard to the likely effect on crime and disorder when it exercises its functions, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in its area.
- 13.2. Whilst there are no specific crime and disorder implications as yet identified as arising from the current cuts proposals, a number of these will require further consideration as to whether these will impact either positively or negatively on our ability to reasonably prevent crime and disorder. These are cuts C-09 and C-29.

14. Health and wellbeing implications

14.1. The specific health and wellbeing implications identified as arising from the current cuts proposals will require further consideration, however, those flagged as likely to impact

either positively or negatively on the health and wellbeing of residents or service users are: A-13, B-11, C-12, C-13, C-14, C-15, C-16, C-17, C-21, C-22, C-23, C-26, C-28 and F-24.

15. Background papers

Previous reports setting the financial context

- 26 February 2020 2020/21 Budget report to Council
- 10 June 2020 Council's response to COVID-19 financial update report to M&C
- 9 July 2020 First 2020/21 financial monitoring report to M&C
- 7 October 2020 Financial stabilisation and budget update report to M&C
- 9 December 2020 Round 1 Cuts proposals report to M&C

Appendices

- 1. Navigation sheet
- 2. **A** Productivity
- 3. \mathbf{B} Joint working
- 4. **C** Service reconfiguration
- 5. **D** Asset realisation
- 6. **E** Commercial approach
- 7. **F** Better demand management
- 8. Specific legal implications to follow for M&C
- 9. Summary equalities report to follow for Safer Stronger and M&C
- 10. Making fair financial decisions to follow for M&C

16. Glossary

16.1. The glossary below identifies the acronyms used in the report.

Term	Definition
CPZ	Controlled Parking Zone
CSR	Comprehensive Spending Review
DSG	Dedicated Schools Grant
ECHR	European Convention of Human Rights
EMT	Executive Management Team
FFR	Fair Funding Review
GF	General Fund
GLA	Greater London Authority
HR	Human Resources
HRA	Housing Revenue Account

Term	Definition
LGA	Local Government Association
LGFS	Local Government Finance Settlement
M&C	Mayor & Cabinet
MHCLG	Ministry for Housing, Local Government and Communities
MTFS	Medium Term Financial Strategy
PASC	Public Accounts Select Committee
РМО	Programme Management Office
SLT	Senior Leadership Team (EMT plus Directors)
VFM	Value for Money

17. Report author and contact

- 17.1. David Austin, Director for Corporate Services, 020 8314 9114, david.austin@lewisham.gov.uk
- 17.2. Katharine Nidd, Acting Director for Strategic Finance and Procurement, 020 8314 6651, Katharine.nidd@lewisham.gov.uk

18. Comments for and on behalf of the Executive Director for Corporate Resources

18.1. The financial implications were provided by David Austin, Director for Corporate Services, 020 8314 9114, david.austin@lewisham.gov.uk

19. Comments for and on behalf of the Director of Law, Governance and HR

19.1. The general legal implications were provided by Suki Binjal, Monitoring Officer, suki.binjal@lewisham.gov.uk and the specific legal implications concerning individual proposals where required were provided by the Council's principal lawyers.



APPENDIX 1

Navigation Sheet

Ref	Title	Proposal	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total	Full Report / Key Decision Req'd?	Public Consultation Required?	Staff Consultation Required?	Committee
A-01a	Staff productivity - arising from new ways of working (including learning from the Covid 19 pandemic), better collaboration and a return on IT investment	In previous financial years there has been an assumption of an overall growth for all salary budgets in line with the expected inflation increase. During the Covid pandemic staff have had to work in very different ways with a reduction in travel time, use of office bases and improvements in the infrastructure to support remote and mobile working. These changes have improved the opportunities for staffing costs to reduce, with the greatest reductions being in office based teams. The savings figure derives from an assumption that across all staffing budgets there will be no inflation increase in the budget and also a small reduction in some areas. This saving will be applied differently to different budgets depending on the overall staffing cost and the balance of how staff work. Managers would need to implement a range of actions to achieve this saving and guidance will be provided on the actions they should consider when reducing costs. This is a measure commonly used by Councils to capture efficiencies across a large workforce.	1000	0	0	1000	Y	N	N	PAC/ SSCSC
A-09	Support to leadership	Review of support functions to senior officers.	105	0	0	105	N	N	Υ	PASC

A-10	Elections services	Channel shift to reduce postage, paper and door-to-door activities, which increases the productivity of the team and reduces costs.	55	0	0	55	N	N	N	PASC	
A-11	Legal, governance service and elections review.	Redesign of legal services, elections and committee services which will involve a restructure. The changes proposed will combine some services/functions/roles which will result in some posts being realigned, new roles being created and it is intended to delete some roles. There will also be some minor reporting line realignments. The proposals will create greater resilience and capacity across the teams. It will also go towards eradicating silo working and strive to establish a more collaborative working environment for all of our stakeholders, with a visible approach to the delivery of legal and governance support. It will also enable the team to be able to swiftly realign its resources, to deliver and support the council Corporate Strategy and to achieve improved outcomes. This is the first step towards creating a modern legal and agile governance service, which is both responsive and proactive.	340	0	0	340	N	N	Y	PASC	

A-12	Rationalising Central Education Services functions	Central Education Services' budget covers a range of services which support the work the Council does to support our schools including Lewisham Learning. The majority of the service is delivered through temporary agency spend on consultants to support specific education projects and school improvement work. It is proposed that there is a reduction in agency spend including the rationalisation of consultancy support for targeted work and projects and to also use a bank of evidence based consultancy through procurement, rather than agency.	150	0	0	150	N	N	N	СҮР
A-13	Children with complex needs (CWCN) revision	The CWCN Service supports children and young people and their families who have complex Special Educational Needs (SEN). All services work in a multi-agency way to support children and their families with SEN to achieve better outcomes. In the last couple of years there has been a dependency on making use of agency staff to deliver key aspects of the service. It is proposed that there is a redesign of the service with the explicit aim of reducing this dependency by having a secure permanent, inhouse team.	195	0	0	195	N	N	Y	СҮР
A-14	Replace Educational Psychology (EP) locums / Expand generic EP Team	In order to meet the increased demand for assessments and Education Health & Care plans and reduce our dependency on agency Educational Psychologists, it is proposed that there is a redesign of the service with the explicit aim of reducing this dependency by having a secure permanent, inhouse team.	200	0	0	200	N	N	N	СҮР

A-16	Reduction of workforce development budget	This proposal relates to increased income following the programme of appointing and supporting more newly qualified social workers. Increased amounts of NQSW's generates income. This will be used for workforce development.	50	0	0	50	N	N	N	СҮР
A-17	Care leaver accommodation / housing costs	Work has already started with Housing to develop accommodation pathways for both young people under the age of 18 who become homeless (Children's Services have a statutory requirement to accommodate young people in this situation) and also care leavers. Proposals are already in development, but it is difficult to be accurate about the reduction in spend that will follow from this work at present so a figure assuming a 5% reduction is costs is currently assumed.	500	0	0	500	N	N	N	CYP/HSC
A-18	Library and Information Service	The Library and Information Service has commenced the process of producing a strategic position statement to guide the future provision of the service. There is also a need for an infrastructure plan to consider the infrastructure that the service depends upon in terms of assets and ICT. In March/April 2021 proposals on how the service will operate post Covid will be brought to Mayor and Cabinet for consideration. This will need to reflect the financial position of the council and will be seeking a saving of between £300-500k from the Library service budget. In the meantime it is likely that the library service will be required to continue to support Covid response and therefore the reduced click and collect service will be continued.	300	0	0	300	N	N	N	SSCSC

B-11	Improved usage of BCF Funding across partners	The Better Care Fund (BCF) and Improved Better Care Fund (iBCF) are funding streams that seeks to join up health and social care provision. In Lewisham the combined value of the funds is c£35m spent across health, social care and the VCS. The spend against these funds has evolved over time and so it has been agreed to undertake a strategic review of the use of the funds. This proposal will ensure that we get best value out of partnership working & provide more seamless working to deliver best outcomes.	1000	0	0	1000	Y	Υ	Y	HCSC
B-12	Adult Learning Lewisham - back office efficiencies	Adult Learning provides a wide range of accredited and community learning courses for adults from three dedicated centres and a range of community settings. It is primarily funded through a ring fenced grant from the GLA, however £96k of general fund subsidy that has accrued through salaries inflation allocated to the service. This proposal looks at a range of back office efficiencies across the service in order to minimise the impact on learners.	96	0	0	96	N	N	?	HCSC
B-13	Early Years Funding Block	This proposal is to use an increased contribution from the Early Years block of the DSG to offset the wider cost of the service which is provided to Early Years providers. The total of the Early Years Funding Block is currently in excess of £24.5 million. There is a requirement to pass through a high proportion of this funding, and that no more than 5% of this block can be retained. The expectation is that the 5% retained funding will be used to pay for central costs in meeting the statutory requirements of the Childcare Act. This further increase of £54k takes the retention up to the 5% cap.	54	0	0	54	Z	N	N	СҮР

C-09	Youth Offending Service (YOS) redesign	A saving of £152,000 is proposed to the overall staffing costs across the service. Following the success of the YOS there has been a reduction in the number of young people in the criminal justice system and there are currently a number of vacant posts within the service. It is proposed that a redesign of the service will build on the successes of the service and make the reduction in staffing costs permanent. The current vacant posts have been carried for some time with no impact on service provision resulting in a permanent staff establishment reduction.	152	0	0	152	N	N	N	SSCSC
C-10	Housing Services Review	In order to achieve a significant level of reduction in budget, it is proposed that a full restructure of the Housing Needs service is undertaken in order to streamline existing activity and identify areas where we can realise the additional efficiencies required. This review will include a look at our processes as well as review of staffing numbers.	300	300	0	600	Υ	N	Y	HSC
C-11	Reduced dependency on agency staff within Highways and Transportation Services	Temporary staff are used to complement the permanent staff when necessary, in order to deliver service objectives, projects and programmes outside of normal workloads and plans or where staff of a specialist nature are required. The Highways & Transport Service currently have several staff members, who meet the above criteria above and are not paid for directly through specific grants or programmes from 2021/22 onwards. A saving can be achieved through releasing temporary staff and assessing the workload to ensure a continuity of service.	300	0	0	300	N	N	Y	SDSC

C-12	Weight management services	By re-investing some of the funding towards modernising the service and piloting a new approach to digital services and a new service targeted at BAME populations we will seek to ensure that through recommissioning for March 2022 we are able to make best use of limited resources.	25	0	0	25	Y	Υ	N	HCSC
C-13	Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care	This proposal is to reduce the Sexual and Reproductive Health Service Budget by £100k. Planned increases in LARC activity in Primary Care would be limited to the new reduced budget. Within this plan we also propose to de-commission the Checkurself service which is available for young people to test specifically for Gonorrhoea and Chlamydia because this is a duplication of online testing which is available through SHL for people of all ages.	100	0	0	100	Υ	Υ	N	HCSC

C-14	Substance Misuse Cuts (Public Health Budget)	A proposed £70k cut to prescribing budgets through negotiating with South East London Clinical Commissioning Group (SEL CCG). A £50k cut to the Tier 4 residential budget A £30k cut to the training, involvement and consultation budget The remaining provisions will continue to be more than many councils provide.	150	0	0	150	N	N	N	HCSC
C-15	Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Services	This proposal is to reduce the current £5.2m Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Budget by £150k. Increased use of the e-service (self-test kit ordered online, delivered to home address) which was uncapped as part of business continuity measures for Covid-19, means demand will be met in a more cost-effective way.	150	0	0	150	Y	Y	N	HCSC

C-16	Reduction of Management overheads for the Social Inclusion and Recovery Service (SLaM Lewisham Community Services)	It is proposed that as a component of the Mental Health Provider Alliance Community Transformation the SIRs team be disaggregated, the roles will be integrated into the generic Community Mental Health Team retaining the functions of the team whilst reducing the overhead costs.	50	0	0	50	N	N	N	HCSC	
C-17	Re-configuration of MH Supported Housing pay – Social Interest Group	These contracts have not been meeting the needs of people with the level of complexity and acuity that was initially envisaged. This cut reflects a contract management approach to this lower level of complexity.	100	150	0	250	N	N	Z	HCSC	

C-21	Early Help and Prevention Recommissioning	This involves changes to three parts of the wider early help offer: i) youth services; ii) children's and family centres and iii) Young Peoples health and wellbeing services. It is proposed that there is a reduction to the overall value of the three contracts listed below: • As part of a move to a more targeted youth offer we aim to support Youth First through the support of a longer lease arrangement with some buildings. The Council provides additional money to support these buildings. This will be reduced by £100,000 as the expectation is that Youth First will generate increased income from the building to support its running costs • Through the development of an in-house Family support service there will be a reduction in the value of the contract for the commissioned Children's Centre service • Through the re-tendering of the Young People's Health & Wellbeing Service there will be a small reduction in the value of the contract. There remains the clear commitment to increased spend on mental health as part of Early Help and Prevention, in line with the approved strategy.	170	0	0	170	N	N	N	СҮР
C-22	Reduction in LBL contribution to CAMHS service	It is proposed that the Council's contribution to the CAMHS generic team (Horizon) of £250,000 is withdrawn from April 2021. However it is noted that the Council will continue to fund additional CAMHS support for targeted groups of young people and the contribution from the CCG has been going up significantly in recent years with an increase of £600,000 this year and a further increase expected next year. The contract for CAMHS support is a single CCG/Council contract, so the overall value of the contract will still increase. Through improvements in the contract management approach better alignment of delivery and need can be achieved.	250	0	0	250	Y	Y	Z	СҮР

C-23	Reduction in the Health Visiting contract	To reduce the value of the Health Visiting contract by £350,000 next year. The service is funded by the Public Health grant. A reduction in the Health Visiting grant contribution would be used to support the wider Early Help service. The provider would need to consider the detail of how to implement the proposed cut, although we are aware that the service routinely carries a number of vacant posts, in part due to the difficultly of recruitment in this area and we expect this existing saving to largely fund the cut.	350	0	0	350	Y	N	N	СҮР
C-24	Culture Team Salaries & Borough of Culture	A £60k reduction to the Culture Team salaries budget removing some additional support that was provided to help the team manage Borough of Culture. The removal of this funding would require Broadway Theatre staff to be deployed to the Borough of Culture Team pending the reopening of the Theatre in summer / autumn of 2022.	60	0	0	60	N	N	N	sscsc
C-26	Reducing leisure spend – temporary closure of the Bridge	The Bridge Leisure Centre forms part of the Leisure Contract recently awarded to Greenwich Leisure Limited (GLL) following the cessation of the contract previously operated by Fusion Lifestyle and has operated at a significant deficit over recent years. Of the six facilities within the GLL Leisure Contract, The Bridge produces the largest deficit and is in the poorest condition requiring the greatest capital investment to return it to an acceptable condition.	355	0	0	355	Υ	Y	N	HCSC

C-28	Supported Housing Services	Cessation of two contracts: i) parent and child services and ii) adults placement service. These contracts have not been working and joint work is going on with Housing and CYP colleagues to ensure an appropriate provision is in place.	169	84	0	253	N	Y	N	HCSC
C-29	Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service Restructure	This restructure will deliver on changes required to deliver a service re-focused on priority areas, following significant savings made in the division since 2015. This restructure is required to refocus generic officers into specialist areas to enable better management of staff and more effective delivery of those service areas.	50	0	0	50	N	N	N	SSCSC
C-30	Rationalisation of Business support across Education services	It is proposed to review the wider business support for Education Services which is likely to lead to a reduction in the number of staff providing this support. This would be a target saving of £70,000.	70	0	0	70	N	N	Y	СҮР

	D-09	Educational Assets	It is proposed to reprofile spend to utilise capital grant monies where possible for all spend associated with school buildings, this will allow up to £253k to be saved from the General Fund. Any income from the letting of vacant Premises Officers Houses to Lewisham Homes (£47k) to be taken as an income stream for the council rather than being re-used by the service.	300	0	0	300	N	N	N	СҮР
Щ	E-01a	Improved Debt collection	1) Review the overall levels of aged debt with individual services and develop an action plan to reduce this over to result in a once off improvement in the bad debt provision of the Council. 2) Work with all service areas to develop policies and protocols to proactively engage with debtors and ensure that the approach to debt collection is tailored to the nature of the debt raised and increases debt collection in a sustainable way. This will ensure that a permanent reduction in the Council's bad debt provision 3) To use the information coming from the debtors team to ensure that the Council minimises poor debt (i.e. selling discretionary services to repeat non payers) and focuses resource on those services which have high levels of debt payment. Ensure that a threshold is determined and set to ensure that the cost of chasing the debt is always equivalent or lower to the cost of the debt itself.	500	0	0	500	N	N	N	PASC

E-08a	Contract Efficiencies – inflation management	If all new contracts brought forward are let on the basis of not including indexation, and the procurement framework and policies are adapted to support this, then its anticipated that a further £250k can be cut on top of the £500k cut put forward in round 1 through the removal of £750k in total from the nonsalary inflation with a review of those services most able to deliver against this and tracked through the procurement cycle.	250	0	0	250	Z	N	N	PASC
E-11	Environmental Enforcement – Use of Civil Enforcement Officers	The proposal is to supplement the Environmental Enforcement team with Civil Enforcement Officers, appropriately trained to focus on on-street littering.	100	0	0	100	Y	N	N	SDSC /S SCSC
F-15a	Environment - environmental operations review	Environmental Operations Review- review the entire waste and cleansing operational model to produce a new efficient and targeted approach making the best use of new technology and increased mechanisation of services.	0	567	0	567	Υ	N	Y	SDSC
F-19	Reduction in specialist legal advocacy and assessments for CYP proceedings	The budget for child placements is significantly overspending at present. This saving activity is in train already and is contributing to a reduction in the overspend in this financial year. The saving will be achieved through a reduction in court proceedings, legal advocacy and specialist assessments for court proceedings.	500	0	0	500	N	N	N	СҮР

F-20	Emission based charging for Short Stay Parking	This proposal considers the particular adverse environmental and health impacts of fossil fuel emissions on short stay parking and proposes implementing an emission based parking regime similar to that for parking permits within Lewisham.	120	120	0	240	Y	Υ	N	SDSC
F-21	Road Safety Enforcement	To complement the proposal for the Council to enforce yellow box junctions, it is proposed that a similar programme of enforcement be undertaken to support the Councils priorities around road safety and local environment. The proposal is to review existing restrictions and initially enforce those with the highest number of contraventions and those contraventions where a high risk of occurrence and personal injury is highlighted.	250	375	0	625	Υ	N	N	SDSC
F-22	Motorcycle parking charges	Motorcycles currently park free of charge in Controlled Parking Zones (CPZs) and on any permit holder, pay-and-display or dual purpose bay within Lewisham. In addition some motorcycle parking is available in car parks. As part of our commitment to improve local air quality and reduce CO2 emissions in Lewisham, we are proposing to introduce parking permits for motorcycles. This is aimed at tackling air pollution from motorcycles by encouraging people to switch to less polluting models or more sustainable forms of transport. It will also bring all motorcycle parking charges in line with other vehicles, which have had emissions-based permits since last year.	0	80	0	80	Y	Y	N	SDSC

F-23	Home to school transport	The Council has a statutory requirement to provide home to school transport for children with Educational health & Care Plans where the plan specifies a transport service. There are 2 aspects within the transport service - passenger services (Lewisham buses) and the use of taxis. The annual budget has typically overspent by £2M. The proposal is to review passenger services and use of taxis to identify a strategy to secure a reduction in spend of £250,000.	250	0	0	250	N	N	N	СҮР
F-24	Adult Social Care cost reduction and service improvement programme	A full scale service wide review will be completed for Adult Social Care with the objective of reducing costs whilst improving the outcomes for our residents. The review will be expected to build on the first round cuts proposed and deliver second round savings of £4m through: • Working with our NHS partners to ensure people have access to rehabilitative therapies and recovery • Better demand management through promoting independence and supporting a strength based model, working with service users to determine how their needs are best met through the assessment process • Assessing our performance, productivity and our unit costs by benchmarking against our statistical neighbours • Improved commissioning and contract management arrangements for our domiciliary, residential, nursing and day care services to ensure the services delivered are of good quality and offer value for money • To assess the providers in the market place to determine whether the alternative offer is better placed to meet our residents' needs. • Modernising and transforming our building based day centre provision. This review also includes the cuts F-07 (outsourcing Enablement) and F-08 (outsourcing Linkline) which were put up in round 1 and deferred.	3849	430	0	4279	Υ	Y	Y	HCSC

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Appendix 2 - A - Productivity



Cuts proposal template 2021/22

1. Cuts proposal					
Proposal title:	Productivity Staffing Savings				
Reference:	A-01a				
Directorate:	Cross Council				
Director of Service:	Director of Corporate Resources				
Service/Team area:	Strategic Finance				
Cabinet portfolio:	Finance and Resources – Cllr De Ryk				
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	y Ctte(s): Public Accounts Select Committee / Safer Stronger				
	Communities Select Committee				

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Not increase service	Yes – in that its more	No	No
staffing budgets	than £500k		

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

This is a cross Council approach affecting all service areas with staffing budgets.

Cuts proposal*

As part of our medium term financial planning, the Council currently incorporates uplifts to staffing budgets year on year to meet the inflation increase of employee costs, typically assumed to be approximately £3M annually across the Council's overall employee budget. In the first round of cuts proposals £3m was offered up via not allocating this inflation to services and that this cut will be delivered by less temporary staff and productivity improvements. Following the significant changes to how staff have had to work during the Covid 19 pandemic, together with the rapid roll out of technology to support flexible and remote working, many staff are working very differently to the way there were doing so before. There is a recognition that this change in working will be more pronounced for office based staff and that some more front line teams may not see the same level of efficiencies through remote and flexible working. Therefore for office based services in addition to no increase to staffing costs there is an expectation of a small reduction to the staffing budgets with suggestions to budget holders and managers on how to implement such ideas to ensure that they remain within budget. In the recent Spending Review it was announced that there would be a public sector pay freeze for all except those earning below £24k full time equivalent. The lower paid staff will receive a minimum of £250 (or 1%). In light of the announcement, it is intended that a further £1m cut is taken from budgets, this will mean that the bulk of the cuts can be found from not awarding budgeted inflation and the additional £1m being achieved through productivity for 2021/22.

This will impact all services across the Council.

Guidance will need to be developed and some managers might require more significant levels of support in order to make the changes. The areas that managers should consider include:

- A reduction in the requirement for office bases with a re-design of working arrangements and work-flows to improve productivity of the service
- Greater use of flexible and remote learning using the technology rolled out during the pandemic and the current changes in how staff work – more staff working from home and more staff working flexibly with hand held devices
- Services across the Council to reduce their dependency on higher cost agency staff
- More pro-active and targeted vacancy management
- · Greater use of apprentices
- Improved performance management processes

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

A process to be devised to ensure that those services with staff who will be eligible for the increase receive this. Whilst others are supported to identify other areas of savings to support the approx. 1% decrease in salary budgets. Managers will need to ensure that they identify actions to be undertaken to remain within the allocated staffing budgets.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

There is a risk of a reduction in service offer, but this should be mitigated by changes to working practices and improved performance management. If these productivity improvements cannot be captured and reflected then there is the risk that services may need to reduce staffing numbers to deliver this.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Some managers may not have the skills to implement changes to staffing arrangements and may overspend on staffing budgets. Support will be required for such services, as well as scrutiny and challenge through the monthly financial monitoring and reporting to EMT.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	131,827	0	131,827	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
£1,000	£1,000	£0	£0	£1,000
Total	1,000	0	0	1,000

5. Financial information				
% of Net Budget	0.76%	0%	0%	0.76%
Does proposal impact on:	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:		N/A	N/A	N/A

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	of DECREASING impact
1. Good governance and operational	Corporate priorities
effectiveness – seeks to positively improve this	1. Open Lewisham
2. All other corporate priorities impacted equally	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3.	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	Council wide

8. Service equalities in	_ -		N1/ A
		or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	N/A
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A
For any High impact semitigations are propose		eas please explain why and	what
	they can increase	d at this stage, other than for s e staff productivity by a margin illocated salary budgets.	

9. Human Resources impact	
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No	No
Workforce profile:	

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No

No

9. Human Resources impact					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vacant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Not known.

This is a further saving of approx 1% across all services and it is for individual service managers to identify the measures to be taken to ensure that staff costs remain within budgets. Staff terms and conditions are not affected by this cut.

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for r	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and				
implementation of pro	pposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Support to leadership
Reference:	A - 09
Directorate:	Chief Executive
Director of Service:	Salena Mulhere – Assistant Chief Executive
Service/Team area:	Policy, Performance, Executive Support Office, Chief Executive's Office, Organisational Development &
	Transformation
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Bonavia
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Public Accounts Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.go v.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
To refocus resources in the Assistant Chief Executive's Division to support the leadership of the Council	No	No	Yes

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

In February 2020, the Chief Executive undertook a restructure of the Senior Leadership Team, including the creation of a Chief Executive's Directorate to deliver the corporate strategy at pace, promoting Lewisham and refreshing our organisational culture, to ensure there is grip and control of priorities and resources to make better decisions based on insight and analysis and to drive forward strategic transformation to improve services and outcomes for residents.

The Assistant Chief Executive is responsible for the Mayor's Office, Communications, Overview and Scrutiny, Executive Support, Policy and Performance, Programme Management, Strategic Transformation and Organisational Development. The proposed restructure focuses on Policy and Performance, Executive Support, Strategic Transformation and Organisational Development.

Cuts proposal*

Looking holistically at the range of support functions that exist in the Assistant Chief Executive division, there is potential to reorganise and streamline the division to better provide timely, insightful, efficient and strategic support to the Council's Senior Leadership Team and thereby the wider organisation. This proposed restructure builds stronger strategic support structures around directorates and directorate management teams, with more practical focus on effective, outcome-focused transformation and delivery. This approach builds a structure that better ensures that the strategic priorities of the organisation drive the culture and approach across the whole organisation. This is done by prioritising strategic transformation based on

insight and engagement with residents, and by linking policy and support to leadership on a daily basis. Together these changes assist with putting organisational culture, development and transformation at the heart of the division.

The Executive Support Office is in scope, with a proposed refresh and modernisation of structure, key roles and responsibilities updated to better suit a more agile leadership style and ways of working, as is the Policy and Performance team, given its role in supporting senior officers make informed decisions, by providing insight, data and policy advice. Clearer opportunities to collaborate and progress are being built in to the structure to give more staff within the division the ability to work collaboratively and see clearer routes of career progression.

Lewisham is poised for a significant period of challenge and transformation. To support our leaders, political and professional, to manage this effectively the organisation must be supported, equipped and ready to change and this proposed restructure will build strategic capacity to better do this. This restructure aims to better support the leadership to ensure the effective and timely delivery of transformation; of the organisational change and priorities set out by the Chief Executive, of the challenges as set out in the MTFS and detailed in this and the previous cuts rounds, and of a council and community reshaped by the need to "recover" from Covid.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The direct impact on service users is minimal, but the new structure is designed to build strategic support for the Council's leadership team, achieving greater productivity. The service provided by some of the divisional teams to other Council services will in some instances change in scope and focus, which may result in the need for changed capacity at a service level in some instances, which will be discussed with relevant Directors.

The Assistant Chief Executive's division provides support for the leadership of the Council, both executive and scrutiny Councillors, including the Mayor, and senior officers. Direct support for the political leadership of the organisation - Scrutiny and the Mayor's Office – is not in scope of this restructure, however, by restructuring to better support the Leadership of the organisation it is intended to be better able to provide support and responses to the political leadership too.

All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken: No risks associated with proposal.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
			5,173	
HRA	n/a	n/a		
DSG	n/a	n/a		
Health	n/a	n/a		
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	

5. Financial information				
Support to leadership restructure	105			105
Total	105			105
% of Net Budget				
Does proposal impact on:	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact			
1. Nil impact:	Corporate priorities		
Tackling the Housing Crisis	1. Open Lewisham		
Giving Children and young people the best	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis		
start in life	3. Giving Children and young		
Building an inclusive local economy	people the best start in life		
 Delivering and defending: health, social care 	4. Building an inclusive local		
& support	economy		
Making Lewisham greener	5. Delivering and defending:		
Building safer communities	health, social care & support		
2. Positive impact:	6. Making Lewisham greener		
Open Lewisham	7. Building safer communities		
Good governance and operational	8. Good governance and		
effectiveness	operational effectiveness		

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	act		
		or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	n/a	Pregnancy / Maternity:	n/a
Gender:	n/a	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	n/a
Age:	n/a	Sexual orientation:	n/a
Disability:	n/a	Gender reassignment:	n/a
Religion / Belief:	n/a	Overall:	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:			
n/a			
Is a full service equalities	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No

9. Human Resources impact				
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
Workforce profile:				
Posts FTE Vacant			ant	

9. Human Re	9. Human Resources impact				
		in post		Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2	0				
Scale 3 – 5	0				
Sc 6 – SO2	6				
PO1 – PO5	11				
PO6 – PO8	11				
SMG 1 – 3	2				
JNC					
Total	30				
Gender	Female	Male			
	21	9			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
	13	15	0	2	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex	Lesbian		disclosed	
	17	1		11	

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
implementation of pro	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),		
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Elections Services
Reference:	A-10
Directorate:	Legal, Governance and HR
Director of Service:	Suki Binjal
Service/Team area:	Electoral Services
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Bonavia
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Public Accounts Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Rolling register - to reduce printing and posting costs due to completing more actions online and use of hybrid mail	No	No	No
2. Changes will be made to the canvass (enabled by canvass reform). Fewer forms to be printed and posted	No	No	No
3. To reduce the door knocking requirement during the canvass, halving the cost.	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Electoral services manage the publication of the electoral register. This involves a monthly process of adding and removing electors, and publishing the updates. It includes an annual canvass of the borough whereby we have statutory requirements to contact all properties in the borough and identify changes to the register. The team also manages the administration of elections which involves significant project planning work in a condensed period of time.

Cuts proposal*

Electoral services already conducts as much comms as possible 'online' and via email but we can improve this. We have identified more email addresses from other council databases to enable this change. Use of hybrid mail rather than our internal print and post room functions almost halves the cost of sending forms (e.g. evidence requests,

query forms, change of name applications, rolling reg applications, household enquiry forms, special category renewals, review and deletion letters) in the post.

The statutory annual canvass was reformed in 2020. It changes the 'route' for properties dependent on the national and local data match status. In Lewisham, around 60% of properties had a complete match of all electors after the data matching stage, meaning those properties no longer require a door-knock, and instead follow a much simpler route. Of the remaining properties, we can now use email and telephone contacts, on top of the forms sent by post so as to reduce the number of properties requiring a door knock. Due to lockdown, we weren't able to make maximum use of the changes. We can make further savings in the 2021-22 budget. There will be fewer forms to print, reduced postage costs, and increased traffic via email and 'no change' properties. We will be able to send more forms via email and completions via telephone.

The number of properties requiring a door-knock has dropped. We can employ fewer canvassers and target them more deliberately. Outside of election time whilst we continue to be busy we are able to spread this work amongst the team which enables a reduction in numbers for outside of the live election period.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

There will be minimal impact. Many changes to the service have to be made regardless as they are a requirement of canvass reform (see 4 above).

Residents will receive more direct communication via email which can more easily be stored. We will be able to respond to them quicker than the previous postal reliant method.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

There is a low risk that the canvassing budget will not be sufficient should the number of properties requiring a door knock increase.

We can mitigate that by undertaking telephone canvassing by the electoral team, which has zero cost, and sending additional emails to these properties where possible. Further data mining as mentioned above would enable us to improve this part of the service.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Rolling registration to Reduce print and post costs	15			15

5. Financial information				
2. Canvass reform.	10			10
(see part 4 above for explanation.) Will				
reduce print and post				
costs.				
3. Canvass reform.	30			30
(See part 4 above for explanation).				
Halve door-knocking				
costs				
Total	55			55
% of Net Budget	12%			12%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
Good governance and operational effectiveness	Corporate priorities 1. Open Lewisham
2. Building an inclusive local economy	Tackling the Housing Crisis Giving Children and young
3. Delivering and defending health and support	people the best start in life 4. Building an inclusive local
4. Building safer communities	economy 5. Delivering and defending:
4. Making Lewisham greener	health, social care & support 6. Making Lewisham greener
5. Tackling the housing crisis	7. Building safer communities
7. Giving children and young people best start in life	8. Good governance and operational effectiveness
8. Making Lewisham Greener	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Zero
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A					
Ethnicity: NA Pregnancy / Maternity: NA					
Gender:	NA	Marriage & Civil NA	NA		
Partnerships: NA					
Age:	NA	Sexual orientation:	NA		
Disability:	NA	Gender reassignment:	NA		

8. Service equalities impa	ict		
Religion / Belief:	NA	Overall:	NA
For any High impact service	ce equality are	as please explain why and v	what
mitigations are proposed:			
Is a full service equalities i	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					
Workforce pi	rofile:					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered	
Scale 1 – 2						
Scale 3 – 5						
Sc 6 – SO2						
PO1 – PO5						
PO6 – PO8						
SMG 1 – 3						
JNC						
Total						
Gender	Female	Male				
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known		
)		
Disability	Yes	No				
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed		

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

No are no specific legal implications at this time.

11. Summary timetabl	e			
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers			
	 e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities 			
assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C			
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				

11. Summary timetable				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Legal, Governance and Elections service review
Reference:	A-11
Directorate:	Chief Executive
Director of Service:	Suki Binjal
Service/Team area:	Law, Governance, and HR
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Bonavia
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Public Accounts Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Redesign of legal	No	No	Yes
services, elections and			
committee services			
which will involve a			
restructure.			
T			
The proposal will be to			
combine some			
services/functions/roles			
which will result in			
some posts being			
deleted.			

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Legal Services

The directorate comprises of an in-house Legal practice team responsible for corporate governance, robust decision making, professional legal advice and support for the statutory council functions.

Discrete areas of responsibility include social care and health legal support, contracts, education, employment, property services, planning law including regeneration, general litigation, health & safety and information management legal advice.

Electoral services.

The team has the overall responsibility to manage the administration of elections and it also manages the publication of the electoral register. This involves a monthly process of adding and removing electors, and publishing the updates. It also includes an annual canvass of the borough whereby we have statutory requirements to contact all properties in the borough and identify changes to the register.

The Governance team (committee services)

This team supports the effective management of Committee meetings ensuring that public meetings comply with the law and constitutional requirements. The service also maintains the Council's planned calendar of meetings and agenda planning. The team provides support and advice to all Members (in both Executive and non-Executive positions) and is also responsible for managing members' allowances.

Cuts proposal*

Currently, the governance team is managed by a head of business committee (at SMG1) and the election teams is managed by the electoral services manager (PO8).

The proposal is to combine the governance (committee services) and the elections teams to be managed under one head of service.

It is also being proposed to realign legal services in order to reduce the teams from four teams/service areas to two.

Currently, in legal services, there are four service teams

- Commercial, education and employment
- planning property and environment
- social care and health and
- general litigation

Pending formal consultation, it is being proposed to combine the

- Commercial, education and employment and planning property and environment as one team - reflecting places and regeneration legal work and
- Social care and health with the general litigation team to reflect our communities/people.

The proposals will create greater resilience and capacity across the teams.

It will also go towards eradicating silo working and strive to establish a more collaborative working environment for all of our stakeholders, with a visible approach to the delivery of legal and governance support.

It will also enable the team to be able to swiftly realign its resources, to deliver and support the council Corporate Strategy and to achieve improved outcomes.

This is the first step towards creating a modern legal and agile governance service, which is both responsive and proactive.

As a result, pending formal consultation, it is envisaged that some posts will be realigned and some will be deleted from the current overall structure. The proposal will equate to circa 6 posts from across the three services i.e. elections, legal and committee services.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Through recent one-to-one discussions with some of the council services that use legal services, it has become apparent that, at times, there is reliance on legal services to provide support when it is not necessary. Legal services in some areas, such as employment/HR advice and support, adult and child care services (this is not an exhaustive list) provide non legal and/or admin support. As we scale back such non legal and admin support (in collaboration with the receiving services) there could potentially be some service disruption, however, the impact should be minimal.

By combining the services, the staff will be able to focus on providing legal support.

There will be a risk of potential redundancies. All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken: Set out above

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	6,700	(800)	5,900	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Legal, elections and	340			340
governance				
Total	340			340
% of Net Budget	6%	0%	0%	6%

5. Financial information				
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Υ			
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	r of DECREASING impact
Nil impact:	Corporate priorities
Giving Children and young people the best	1. Open Lewisham
start in life	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
Building an inclusive local economy	3. Giving Children and young
Delivering and defending: health, social care	people the best start in life
& support	4. Building an inclusive local
Making Lewisham greener	economy
Building safer communities	5. Delivering and defending:
	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
	7. Building safer communities
Positive impact:	
Open Lewisham	8. Good governance and
Good governance and operational	operational effectiveness
effectiveness	
Tackling the Housing Crisis	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities im		iou uoogo Iliah / Modium / I	ove or NI/A
	N/A	for users – High / Medium / L	N/A
Ethnicity:		Pregnancy / Maternity:	
Gender	N/A	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	N/A
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A
For any High impact servinitigations are proposed		reas please explain why and	what
Is a full service equalities	s impact asses	sment required: Yes / No	No

9. Human Resources impact	
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No	yes

9. Human Resources impact					
Workforce profile: for the legal, governance and elections					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vacant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency /	Not
				Interim	covered
				cover	
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5	6	6.0			
Sc 6 – SO2	5	4.8			
PO1 – PO5	21	20.4		1	
PO6 – PO8	7	6.6		1	
SMG 1 – 3	5	5.0			
JNC					
Total	45	43.8		2	
Gender	Female	Male			
	35	10			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not	
				disclosed	
	18	25	1	1	
Disability	Yes	No	PNTS	Not	
				disclosed	
	1	24	10	10	
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	PNTS	Other
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian			
	25			19	1

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

There are no immediate specific legal implications.

11. Summary timetable Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc..), implementation: Month Activity September 2020 Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers - e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities assessment and initial HR considerations) Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C October 2020 November to Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing December 2020 November to Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where December 2020 required) prepared Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments December 2020 January 2021 Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest February 2021 Final decisions at M&C with the Budget March 2021 Cuts implemented

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Rationalising Central Education Services functions
Reference:	A-12
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Angela Scattergood
Service/Team area:	School Improvement
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Rationalising Central	No	No	No
Education Services			
functions			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Central Education services budget covers a range of services which support the work the Council does to support our schools including Lewisham Learning, a partnership between the Council and schools which leads on school improvement work in Lewisham.

The majority of the service which delivers school improvement support for Lewisham schools is delivered through temporary agency spend on consultants to support specific education projects and school improvement work.

Cuts proposal*

It is proposed that there is a reduction in agency spend including the rationalising of consultancy support for targeted work and projects and to also use a bank of evidence based consultancy through procurement, rather than agency.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Spending linked to priorities in School Improvement framework, delivered in conjunction with Lewisham Learning.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The work can be delivered through the proposed plan.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

4. Impact and risks of proposal

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	2,378			
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Rationalising Central	150			150
Education Services				
functions				
Total	150			150
% of Net Budget	6%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	Yes		
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
Giving children and young people the	Corporate priorities
best start in life	1. Open Lewisham
2. Good governance and operational	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
effectiveness	3. Giving Children and young
3.	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A		
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A		
		Partnerships'			
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
minigations are proposed.					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No NO					

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No no					no
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:
none

11. Summary timetable				
	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),			
_decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month	Activity			
September 2020	Proposals prepared			
October 2020	Business plan developed			
November to				
December 2020				
November to				
December 2020				
December 2020				
January 2021	Procurement process			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Review of Children with Complex Needs (CWCN)
Reference:	A-13
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Angela Scattergood
Service/Team area:	Children with Complex Needs (CWCN)
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
	our-constitution		
Review structure	No	No	Yes

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Children with Complex Needs service (CWCN) is a multi-disciplinary service that supports children and young people and their families who have complex Special Educational Needs and disabilities. The service comprises of statutory and non-statutory teams this includes the Special Educational Needs Team, Children with Disabilities Social Care Team, Portage, Travel Assistance and SEND Advisory Service. All services work in a multi-agency way to support children and young people and their families with SEN to achieve better outcomes.

Cuts proposal*

In the last couple of years there has been a dependency on making use of agency staff to deliver key aspects of the service.

It is proposed that there is a review of the service with the explicit aim of reducing this dependency as much as possible, by having a secure, in-house, permanent team of staff, including permanent managers. This is an ambitious aim, given the ongoing challenges in recruiting to permanent social work posts across the sector nationally.

The review will explore different ways of working and rationalisation, while ensuring we continue to meet statutory requirements, while delivering savings.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Following the review, it is expected that a restructure will be undertaken, based on a needs analysis to ensure that statutory duties are met in line with regulatory duties.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

The restructure will be based on needs analysis for service delivery to ensure that statutory duties are met in line with regulatory duties.

All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

There may be a need to upskill staff as a result of changes to specific roles.

Caseloads will need to be carefully managed to ensure continued effective delivery.

There are ongoing challenges in recruiting to permanent, in-house social work posts across the sector.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Delivery of statutory duties will be considered.

The restructure will be based on needs analysis for service delivery to ensure that statutory duties are met in line with regulatory duties.

5. Financial				
information Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	55,861	49,796	6,065	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	195			195
Total	195			195
% of Net Budget	3%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes			
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact			
1.Delivering and defending: health, social	Corporate priorities		
care &support	1. Open Lewisham		
2. Giving children and young people the	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis		
best start in life	3. Giving Children and young		
3. Building an inclusive local economy people the best start in life			

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact			
4. Open Lewisham	4.	Building an inclusive local	
		economy	
5. Good governance and operational	5.	Delivering and defending:	
effectiveness		health, social care & support	
6.	6.	Making Lewisham greener	
	7.	Building safer communities	
7.			
	8.	Good governance and	
8.		operational effectiveness	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	N/A

8. Service equalities impa	8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	NA	Pregnancy / Maternity:	NA		
Gender:	NA	Marriage & Civil	NA		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	NA	Sexual orientation:	NA		
Disability:	NA	Gender reassignment:	NA		
Religion / Belief:	NA	Overall:	NA		
For any High impact servi	ce equality are	eas please explain why and v	what		
mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No					

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2	4	4.0			
PO1 – PO5	35	33.0		8	
PO6 – PO8	5	5.0		2	
SMG 1 – 3	2	2.0			
JNC					
Total	46	44.0		10	
Gender	Female	Male			
	36	10			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
	18	20		8	

9. Human Resources impact					
Disability	Yes	No	PNTS	Not	
				disclosed	
	2	14	8	22	
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	PNTS
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	
	27			5	14

10. Legal implications				
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:				
None anticipated				

11. Summary timetable			
Outline timetable for r	nain steps to be completed re decision and		
	pposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Replace Educational Psychologist locums through expanding
	the generic EP Team
Reference:	A-14
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Angela Scattergood
Service/Team area:	Educational Psychology
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Replace 6.0 Locum EPs by expanding generic EP Team	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Description of service area: Educational Psychology Team

The Educational Psychology Team provides a traded service, working with schools to provide statutory assessments, early years work and critical incident support.

From 2015 to 2019, the number of children in Lewisham with an Education Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) increased by 65.5%, from 1,408 to 2,344.

The number of ECHPs in Lewisham now stands at 2,873, representing a further 22.5% increase since the January 2020 SEN2 census date. The Education Psychology team did not have capacity for this increase so has had to employ additional locum Educational Psychologists in order to deliver our statutory duty. This has led to an overspend.

Cuts proposal*

In order to meet the increased demand, it is proposed to restructure the service, bringing in more permanent, in-house capacity, to avoid reliance on the use of more expensive locums. This would achieve a saving of £200,000. This proposal has been discussed and developed over time with staff.

All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Impact would be very positive

- This would solve the ongoing issues we have had with capacity issues for the last few years
- We would have improved accountability and management of assessments and plans being submitted on time and improved reputation
- Improved standard of work as all EPs will be part of generic team, same access to supervision, CPD, and better knowledge of LA process and ethos
- Improved structure of team, in line with other boroughs. (We are one of the only London boroughs to have only one senior post). An improved structure will improve retention and recruitment.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The one risk is if we are not successful in recruiting main grade EPs as there is a national shortage.

If we are unable to recruit we may not be able to complete the statutory work and this will affect KPIs for the borough. Consideration will need to be given to marketing and recruitment and retention initiatives

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	1,424	593	831	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Locums to permanent staff	200			200
Total	200			
% of Net Budget	24%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes			
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6.	Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	r of DECREASING impact
	Giving children and young people the	Corporate priorities
	best start in life	1. Open Lewisham

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
2. Delivering and defending: health, social	2.	Tackling the Housing Crisis		
care and support	3.	Giving Children and young		
3. Building an inclusive economy		people the best start in life		
	4.	Building an inclusive local		
4. Good governance and operational		economy		
effectiveness	5.	Delivering and defending:		
5.		health, social care & support		
	6.	Making Lewisham greener		
6.	7.	Building safer communities		
7.	8.	Good governance and		
		operational effectiveness		
8.				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A		
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A		
		Partnerships'			
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No	NO		

9. Human Resources impact						
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No no					
Workforce p	rofile:					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered	
Scale 1 – 2						
Scale 3 - 5						
Sc 6 – SO2						
PO1 – PO5						
PO6 – PO8						
SMG 1 – 3						
JNC						
Total						

9. Human Resources impact					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications				
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:				
none				

11. Summary timetable			
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
implementation of pro	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),		
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Changes to Children's Social Care services – care leaver accommodation and workforce development
Reference:	A-17 and A-16
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Lucie Heyes
Service/Team area:	Children's Social Care
Cabinet portfolio:	Chris Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Care leaver housing/accommod ation costs (A-17)	no	no	no
Reduction of Workforce Development Budget (A-16)	no	no	no

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

A range of services and functions sitting within Children's Social Care and in particular the budget for providing placements for children and young people in care or who are care leavers.

Cuts proposal*

It is firstly important to note that the budget for placements for Children Looked After and accommodation for Care Leavers is significantly overspending at present. All the savings listed below are in train already and are contributing to a reduction in the overspend in this financial year. The proposals will reduce the overspend, but given the scale of current spend here they are not anticipated to lead to additional cuts in the budget over the next 3 years. Managing the budget with little or no overspend however removes some future financial risks to the Council.

1. <u>Care leaver housing/accommodation costs</u>

Work has already started with Housing to develop accommodation pathways for both young people under the age of 18 who become homeless (Children's Services have a statutory requirement to accommodate young people in this situation) and also care leavers. It is difficult to quantify how this work with reduce costs at present but a figure assuming a 5% reduction is costs is currently assumed. Work is underway at present

to develop improved housing pathways that should also be cheaper than the current arrangements. Once this work is completed the savings figure may increase, in particular for Year 2 after any investments in new accommodation and support have been made.

Reduction of workforce development budget

Increased amounts of NQSW's generates income through a grant that supports the induction and training of newly qualified social workers. This will be used for workforce development. This income reduces the need for financial support from the General Fund to support the training and development of social workers. We have seen a significant increase in the number of NQSWs joining Lewisham.

Sponsorship to attend externally run training and conferences will cease, unless it is critical to business.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Actions currently underway have generated a significant reduction in expenditure. The actions listed above should continue with this direction of travel.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The actions listed above should not have a negative impact on the quality of care and in many cases should lead to an improvement in the service offer. These proposals do not involve denial or downgrading of services to protect children and young people: quite apart from the Council's strong commitment to the safety and wellbeing of our most vulnerable children, the services concerned are governed by strict statutory requirements.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The current proposals are being closely monitored by both the Executive Director for Children and Young People and the Executive Director for Finances and Resources, together with the two Cabinet Members. All of these savings have been achieved in other Local Authorities.

The key areas of risk in meeting these savings is that support for CLA is a statutory requirement on local authorities where support is provided dependant on demand and individual needs. Examples of risks include potential increase in demand arising from circumstances being associated with Covid and Brexit. A further consideration is price which can be influenced by factors such as increase in wage costs and also market place i.e. availability of suitable provision.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	56,103	-3,834	52,269	
HRA				
DSG				

5. Financial information				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Care Leaver Housing/accommodation	500	0	0	500
Workforce Development budget reduction	50	0	0	50
% of Net Budget	3%	0%	0%	0%
TOTAL	550	0	0	550
Does proposal impact on: Yes / No	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
	Yes	Yes	No	yes
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:		Re- alignment of some costs to the DSG HNB		Some recharge to the CCG for health related costs

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact					
1.	Corporate priorities				
	1. Open Lewisham				
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis				
	3. Giving Children and young				
3. Giving Children and Young People the best	people the best start in life				
start in life	4. Building an inclusive local				
4.	economy				
	5. Delivering and defending:				
5.	health, social care & support				
	6. Making Lewisham greener				
6.	7. Building safer communities				
7.	8. Good governance and				
	operational effectiveness				
8. Good governance and operational					
effectiveness					

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Borough wide
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A					
Ethnicity:	Ethnicity: low Pregnancy / Maternity: low				
Gender:	low	Marriage & Civil	N/A		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		

8. Service equalities impact					
Disability:	low	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	low		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities i	mpact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No		

9. Human Resources impact						
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					
Workforce pi	rofile:					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	cant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered	
Scale 1 – 2						
Scale 3 – 5						
Sc 6 – SO2						
PO1 – PO5						
PO6 – PO8						
SMG 1 – 3						
JNC						
Total						
Gender	Female	Male				
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known		
Disability	Yes	No				
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed		

10. Legal implications
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:
None

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable				
	main steps to be completed re decision and				
	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities					
assessment and initial HR considerations)					
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				

11. Summary timetable				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Library and Information Service
Reference:	A-18
Directorate:	Community Services
Director of Service:	Liz Dart, Director of Culture, Libraries and Learning
Service/Team area:	Libraries and Information Service
Cabinet portfolio:	Community Sector, Cllr Jonathan Slater
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Reconfiguration of	yes	Yes Informal	
library service.			
Staff reorganisation			Yes Informal

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Lewisham Library and Information Service provides free unbiased access to books and information through the following channels:

- Hub Libraries in Catford, Lewisham, Deptford and Downham.
- Nine Community Libraries delivered in partnership with community organisations
- E-Library, providing online access to a wide range of books, periodicals, reference materials and engagement activities
- Home Library service for housebound residents
- Archives and Local History Service

Cuts proposal*

The Library and Information service plays an important role in providing access to books, information, learning, cultural activities and computers. It has been some years since the Council considered how this service is delivered to make sure the Council fulfils its statutory duties, while also modernising the service and contributing to the cuts the Council needs to make.

During the coronavirus pandemic, the library service has adapted well to offer Covidsafe services to residents, including click and collect and maximising online platforms. This has enabled some members of staff to be redeployed to support other services and residents. These new ways of working have created both challenges and positive learning, which will be fed into a strategic review of the service.

A strategic review of the service – which will include engagement with residents - will consider how we can best provide a modern library service while identifying cuts of £300-500,000 in total. It is proposed to bring this review to Mayor and Cabinet in

3. Description of service area and proposal

March/April 2021. Depending on the outcome of the review, it is anticipated that £100-230,000 could be made this year, with further savings coming in 2022/23.

Savings can be made in 2021/22 by freezing vacant posts. The service's salary budget makes up 80% of its total budget. Freezing recruitment to vacant posts could save £150,000 in 2021/22. This is alongside a part year saving of £100k from the review.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The detailed proposals brought back in March/April 2021 will ensure that the service remains accessible to residents, in particular the most vulnerable and those living in areas of deprivation.

In making cuts of £300-500,000 there will need to be a reduction in the service salaries budget which makes up 80% of the service's expenditure. In the first instance the service will be holding vacant posts. It is likely that when proposals are brought forward they will require a full restructure of the service, which may result in a loss of further posts.

All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The Council must ensure it continues to satisfy the statutory requirements of the 1964 Public Libraries Act to provide a "comprehensive and efficient" service to residents. This will be a key consideration in the detailed proposals.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	3,087.4	75.8	3,011.6	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Freezing vacant posts & part year of restructure	150			150
Further saving following decision on detailed proposals and staff reorganisation (8 months affect in 21/22) Scale dependent on proposals.	100-230	50 - 120		150-350
Total	250-380	50-120		300-500
% of Net Budget	8-13%	2-4%	%	10-17%

5. Financial information				
Does proposal impact on:	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
Yes / No	Yes			
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1. Building an inclusive local economy	Corporate priorities			
	1. Open Lewisham			
2. Giving Children and young people the	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
best start in life	3. Giving Children and young			
3. Building safer communities	people the best start in life			
	4. Building an inclusive local			
4. Open Lewisham	economy			
	5. Delivering and defending:			
5.	health, social care & support			
	6. Making Lewisham greener			
6.	7. Building safer communities			
7.	8. Good governance and			
	operational effectiveness			
8.				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	ict			
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A	
Ethnicity:	Medium	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Medium	
Gender:	Medium	Marriage & Civil	Medium	
		Partnerships:		
Age:	Medium	Sexual orientation:	Medium	
Disability:	Medium	Gender reassignment:	Medium	
Religion / Belief:	Medium	Overall:	Medium	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what				
mitigations are proposed:				
This proposal is a reduction in a universal service that could be the subject of				
challenge. A full service equalities impact assessment would be undertaken to fully				
understand whether any specific equality areas may be disproportionately impacted				
and how we can mitigate this	s impact as we	deliver the saving.		

9. Human Resources impact	
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No	Yes
Workforce profile:	

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No

Yes

9. Human Resources impact					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establish	Vacant	
	in post	in post	ment	Agency /	Not
			posts	Interim	covered
				cover	
Scale 1 – 2	0	0	0	0	0
Scale 3 – 5	18	12.8	30	0	12
Sc 6 – SO2	33	25.8	42	0	9
PO1 – PO5	6	6	7	1	0
PO6 – PO8	0	0	0	0	0
SMG 1 – 3	1	1	1	0	0
JNC	0	0	0	0	0
Total	58	45.6	80	1	21
Gender	Female	Male			
	34	24			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
	21	30	2	5	
Disability	Yes	No			
	2	40	13	3	
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Prefer not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		to say	
	22			36	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The council has a "statutory duty" to provide a library service as per the Public Libraries and Museums act 1964

11. Summary timetabl	e				
	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
January 2021	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
February 2021	In principle approval at M&C to seek a saving from library				
	service and freeze vacant posts pending detailed proposals.				
January 2021 to March 2021	Completion of strategic position statement and infrastructure plan for libraries including public consultation.				
April 2021	Report to M&C with detailed proposals for how the library				
Αμι 2021	service will operate post Covid and deliver a saving of £300-500k.				
April 2021	Staff reorganisation commences				
August 2021	New staff structure implemented and saving achieved				

Appendix 3 – B – Joint Working



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Better Care Fund
Reference:	B-11
Directorate:	Communities
Director of Service:	Tom Brown
Service/Team area:	Adult social care/ Joint commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

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2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes	Yes and	Yes and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	YES	YES	YES

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Better Care Fund (BCF) and Improved Better Care Fund (iBCF) are funding streams that seek to join up health and social care provision. In Lewisham, the combined value of the funds is c£35m spent across health, social care and the VCS. The spend against these funds has evolved over time and so it has been agreed to undertake a strategic review of the use of the funds.

Cuts proposal*

This proposal includes a strategic review of some of the projects funded by BCF & iBCF.

Through effective partnership working and robust contract management we aim to get best value from the fund and hope to make this cut through efficiency savings. The total saving will be around £1m, which can be used to protect other social care services.

Efficiencies identified in the review will be used to protect adult social care services elsewhere.

The review must be undertaken with SE London CCG and their agreement will be needed. Equally, pressure on NHS budgets may mean that they wish to take a similar approach.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The funds are used to commission and support services across acute hospital services, community and mental health services, as well as social care and Voluntary and Community Sector provision.

Although it is intended that the review will seek to identify efficiencies, if these cannot be found, it is possible that some services may need to be reduced or stopped.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

By working in partnership with the CCG we aim to mitigate any unforeseen impacts and reduce potential impacts on residents and partner organisations.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	121.5m	55.4m	66.1m	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	1,000			1,000
Total	1,000			1,000
% of Net Budget	1.5%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1.5	Corporate priorities			
	1. Open Lewisham			
2.1	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
	3. Giving Children and young			
3.4	people the best start in life			
	4. Building an inclusive local			
4.7	economy			
	5. Delivering and defending:			
5.8	health, social care & support			
	6. Making Lewisham greener			
6.6	7. Building safer communities			

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
7.3				
8.2	8. Good governance and operational effectiveness			

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	All wards

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	Н	Pregnancy / Maternity:			
Gender:	Н	Marriage & Civil			
		Partnerships:			
Age:	Н	Sexual orientation:			
Disability:	Н	Gender reassignment:			
Religion / Belief:		Overall:	Н		
For any High impact service	For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what				
mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities	Yes				

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	YES
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications	
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:	

	11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for r	main steps to be completed re decision and				
implementation of pro	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020					
October 2020					
November to	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
December 2020	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Adult Learning Lewisham
Reference:	B-12
Directorate:	Community Services
Director of Service:	Liz Dart, Director of Culture, Libraries and Learning
Service/Team area:	Adult Learning
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Jonathan Slater
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the Constitution	Statutory vs informal	Statutory vs informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Removal of general	no	no	possibly
fund subsidy for			
adult learning			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Adult Learning provides a wide range of accredited and community learning courses for adults from three dedicated centres and a range of community settings. It is primarily funded through a ring fenced grant from the GLA.

Cuts proposal*

Remove £96k of general fund subsidy that has accrued through salaries inflation allocated to the service. This reduction of funding would be managed through a range of back office efficiencies across the service in order to minimise the impact on learners.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The impact to learners would be minimal. The saving may require a reorganisation and reduction in back office staff. All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The risks attached to this saving are low although any reduction marginally reduces the service ability to respond to increasing level of need for adult skills training. It will not impact on the council's ability to meet its funding requirements for the GLA.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
			96	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Removal of general	96			96
fund contribution				
Total	96			96
% of Net Budget	100%	%	%	100%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1.Building an inclusive local economy	Corporate priorities			
	1. Open Lewisham			
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
	3. Giving Children and young			
3.	people the best start in life			
	4. Building an inclusive local			
4.	economy			
	5. Delivering and defending:			
5.	health, social care & support			
	6. Making Lewisham greener			
6.	7. Building safer communities			
_				
7.	8. Good governance and			
	operational effectiveness			
8.				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity: Pregnancy / Maternity:				
Gender:		Marriage & Civil		
		Partnerships:		
Age:		Sexual orientation:		

8. Service equalities impact					
Disability:		Gender reassignment:			
Religion / Belief:		Overall:			
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No					

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact				
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

11. Summary timetabl	e
	main steps to be completed re decision and
	pposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:
Month	Activity
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities
	assessment and initial HR considerations)
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C

11. Summary timetable				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Early Years Funding Block
Reference:	B-13
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Pinaki Ghoshal
Service/Team area:	Early Years Quality and Sufficiency Service
Cabinet portfolio:	Education
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
£54k cuts	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Introduction:

Lewisham as a local authority has a number of statutory duties around Early Education and Childcare. These relate to section 2 of the Childcare Act 2016 and sections 6, 7, 7A, 9A, 12 and 13 of the Childcare Act 2006. Guidance was updated and republished in March 2017 and came into force on 1st September 2017.

The DfE provides local authorities with six relevant funding streams which together form the Early Years Block of the DSG.

The total of the Early Years Funding Block is currently in excess of £24.5 million. There is a requirement to pass through a high proportion of this funding, and that no more than 5% of this block can be retained. The expectation is that the 5% retained funding will be used to pay for central costs in meeting the statutory requirements of the childcare act. The 5% retention amounts to approx. £1.014 million.

Cuts proposal*

There is currently a potential to recharge associated costs that support Early Years from the wider CYP areas to a maximum of £54k based on current numbers of children accessing provision. There will be no reduction in the LA service.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Please see below. If a reduction in numbers has significant impact on funding and subsequently the centrally retained pot, mitigating actions will be considered to ensure statutory duties can still be met. The 54k contribution to associated costs is considered to be a reasonable prediction of the capacity of the pot even given some fluctuation.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The above figures are based on current figures, which are derived from the Early Years Census in January of each year. This determines the amount of funding that the LA will receive and therefore what the 5% central retention budget will be and is therefore subject to change.

If the numbers of children accessing early year's education, particularly post Covid reduce the amount we will receive from DfE will reduce and as such the central retention will reduce.

If numbers reduce significantly this will impact on the service budget and the ability to fund existing posts. This will impact on the service that can be offered and our ability to meet our statutory duty. Any mitigation plan will take this into account.

The 54k contribution to associated costs is considered to be a reasonable prediction of the capacity of the pot even given some fluctuation.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

It should be noted that the funding is directly related to pupil numbers so a reduction in EYFB could impact on our ability to deliver on this saving. It should be further noted that the saving is based on the current legislation that enable LA's to hold back a max of 5% to facilitate the delivery of the Early Years Agenda. Any amendments to this policy would also impact on the ability to deliver on the savings option

There is a risk that the central retention budget will reduce due to the fluid nature of the funding and reduction in birth-rate that Lewisham and other London councils are currently experiencing. This is particularly high risk as a result of Covid and the anecdotal evidence of a trend to move outside of London. It is therefore prudent to ensure we maintain some flexibility within the budget, which has been considered here.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG EY Funding Block	1014	1014		
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Potential to recharge	54			54
associated costs that				
support EY from the				
wider CYP areas				
Total	54			54
% of Net Budget	5%	·		%

Does proposal impact on: Yes / No If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe: Grant Maximisation within the allowed centrally retained budget 6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact 1. Giving Children and young people the best start in life 2. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support 3. Building safer communities 4. Good governance and operational Effectiveness 5. Building an inclusive local economy 6. Tackling the Housing Crisis 7. Building safer communities 8. Good governance and Grant Maximisation within the allowed centrally retained budget Corporate priorities 1. Open Lewisham 2. Tackling the Housing Crisis 3. Giving Children and young people the best start in life 4. Building an inclusive local economy 5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support 6. Making Lewisham greener 7. Building safer communities 8. Good governance and	5. Financial information				
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe: Grant Maximisation Within the allowed Centrally retained budget			DSG	HRA	Health
impact describe: Maximisation within the allowed centrally retained budget 6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact 1. Giving Children and young people the best start in life 2. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support 3. Building safer communities 4. Good governance and operational Effectiveness 5. Building an inclusive local economy 6. Tackling the Housing Crisis Maximisation within the allowed centrally retained budget Corporate priorities 1. Open Lewisham 2. Tackling the Housing Crisis 3. Giving Children and young people the best start in life 4. Building an inclusive local economy 5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support 6. Tackling the Housing Crisis 6. Tackling the Housing Crisis 8. Good governance and	Yes / No		yes		
 Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact Giving Children and young people the best start in life Delivering and defending: health, social care & support Building safer communities Good governance and operational Effectiveness Building an inclusive local economy Building the Housing Crisis Delivering and defending: health, social care & support Making Lewisham greener Building safer communities Good governance and 			Maximisation within the allowed centrally retained		
7. Open Lewisham operational effectiveness 8. Making Lewisham greener	Giving Children and you start in life Delivering and defending a support Building safer communates Good governance and Effectiveness Building an inclusive load. Tackling the Housing Communates.	oung people the ng: health, soc nities operational ocal economy Crisis	best Corpo 1. O 2. Ta 3. G 96 4. Bo 5. Do he 6. M 7. Bo 8. G	prate priorities pen Lewisham ackling the Hous ving Children ar cople the best st uilding an inclus conomy elivering and def ealth, social care aking Lewisham uilding safer con	ing Crisis and young art in life ive local fending: & support greener nmunities and

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All, but worst in super output areas or wards in greatest need
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	act		
Expected impact on service	e equalities	for users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A
		Partnerships:	
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A
For any High impact service	ce equality a	reas please explain why and	what
mitigations are proposed:			
Is a full service equalities	impact asses	ssment required: Yes / No	No
9. Human Resources imp	act		

8. Service e	qualities impa	ıct			
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce p	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Potential impact on ability to deliver statutory duty.

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for r	main steps to be completed re decision and		
implementation of pro	pposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),		
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	 e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities 		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		



Appendix 4 – C – Service Reconfiguration



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Lewisham Youth Offending Service redesign
Reference:	C-09
Directorate:	Children and Young People
Director of Service:	Pinaki Ghoshal
Service/Team area:	YOS
Cabinet portfolio:	Chris Barnham/Brenda Dacres
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Children and Young People Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	No	No	Yes

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Youth Offending Service work on behalf of the courts to keep children and young people out of trouble. The statutory requirements and framework are governed by the CJ Act 1998 and the operational delivery accords with the National Standards for Youth Justice 2019. The Service aims to make changes within the current Team structures and the Service delivery model to:

- Build upon the strong foundations of the established model of operation (Trauma-Informed, Restorative. Unconscious bias) and Lewisham's Public Health approach to reducing violence.
- Provides the best placed structure to deliver on the National standards and Inspection priorities both HMIP and Ofsted
- Improve the delivery of group and community based interventions
- Effectively provide a multi-agency therapeutic hub based on evidence based practice and deliver on the model
- Respond to the higher risk and complexity factors presented by Children in the Youth Justice System particularly changes in pre court cohort and the development of the borough's Multi-agency Concern Hub.
- Ensure that prevention and out of court disposals aligns with improved early intervention to prevent first time entrants (health, education, Children's Social Care) and to the Early help and Prevention Improvement objectives
- Enhance Staff retention and career progression opportunities

Cuts proposal*

A saving of £152,000 is proposed to the overall staffing costs across the service. Following the success of the YOS there has been a reduction in the

3. Description of service area and proposal

number of young people in the criminal justice system and there are currently a number of vacant posts within the service. It is proposed that the redesign of the service will build on the successes of the service and make the reduction in staffing costs permanent. All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Model Benefits:

- Community /outward focus more engagement with parents and community groups
- Enhanced Prevention Early Help increased school & health links & liaison
- Builds upon strong foundations TRM UB RJ multi-agency panels – family work - case formulations – reflective supervision and organisational learning
- Embeds our organisational learning approach strengthens evidence-based focus
- Reengages group work potential for innovative interventions outreach
- Aligns with wider borough and CYP divisional objectives for prevention and safeguarding using Contextual approaches

Risks associated with staff reductions will be offset by additional resilience, performance monitoring and further development of the award winning LYOS model

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The Service is likely to be Inspected next year 20-21 – vital that improvements are maintained and that cuts do not lead to a poor outcome

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	2,241	638	1603	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
	152			152
Total	152			152
% of Net Budget	9.4%	%	%	%

5. Financial information				
Does proposal impact on:	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact					
1. Building Safer communities	Corporate priorities				
	1. Open Lewisham				
2. Giving Children and young people the	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis				
best start in life	3. Giving Children and young				
3.	people the best start in life				
	4. Building an inclusive local				
4.	economy				
	5. Delivering and defending:				
5.	health, social care & support				
	6. Making Lewisham greener				
6.	7. Building safer communities				
7.	8. Good governance and				
	operational effectiveness				
8.					

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	ict				
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	Low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Low		
Gender:	Low	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	Low		
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Low		
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	Low		
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:	Low		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities i	mpact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No		

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					
Workforce profile:					
Posts FTE Vacant					

9. Human Resources impact					
	Headcount in post	in post	Establishm ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5	1	1			
Sc 6 – SO2	5	5			
PO1 – PO5	26	19		7	4
PO6 – PO8	3	2		1	
SMG 1 – 3	1	1			
JNC					
Total	36	28		8	
Gender	Female	Male			
	28	8			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
	25	11			
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	
	27	2		7	

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

11. Summary timetable					
Outline timetable for r	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and				
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Housing Services Review
Reference:	C-10
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm
Director of Service:	Fenella Beckman
Service/Team area:	Housing Services Division
Cabinet portfolio:	Housing and Planning
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Housing Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Housing Review	Yes	No	Yes, Statutory

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The housing division operates with three core service group areas focussing on:

- Housing needs and refugee services: delivering our statutory homelessness services; front-line homelessness prevention and relief services and our work with residents who have no recourse to public funds.
- Private sector housing agency: works to manage and improve the private rented sector in Lewisham through licensing and enforcement interventions, and programmes to adapt homes for vulnerable people's changing needs. The Agency also procure temporary homes for a range of customers across the Council who are in housing need
- Housing Partnerships and Service Improvement: sets the framework for the way Lewisham delivers its housing services, through strategy, policy and analysis work. The group holds oversight of our housing management partnerships including Lewisham Homes (our ALMO) and RB3 (Housing PFI), as well as with registered providers. Also delivers our programme to support and house Syrian refugees.

Cuts proposal*

This proposal compliments two budget savings proposals put forward during the Phase 1 of the 20/21 savings programme. In Phase 1, currently going through the Select Committees, are proposals totalling £492k of cuts to the core budget from:-

- £120k efficiencies in Housing Needs
- £197k efficiencies in Private Sector Housing Agency
- £175k recharged to disabled facilities grant

3. Description of service area and proposal

As part of Phase 2 cuts, the housing division has been asked to identify an additional £600k savings for 20/21. This means that the overall reduction in General Fund budget will come to £1,092k (approx. 24.5% of the total budget for the Division).

In order to achieve this significant level of reduction in budget, this proposal is to undertake a full restructure of the Housing Needs service in order to streamline existing activity and identify areas where we can realise the additional efficiencies required. This review will include a look at our processes as well as review of staffing numbers.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Staff consultation is required and therefore the process is expected to continue into 2021/22. The majority of the savings is expected to come through the second half of 2021/22 with some coming through early 22/23.

All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The Housing Services Division delivers a range of statutory activities. The review will ensure that the service (and therefore the Council) continues to meet its statutory obligations.

Regrettably the addition £600k budget saving required for 20/21 will mean reduction in staff numbers and redundancies. It is not possible to confirm how many staff will be impacted as the review will need to be completed but it is possibly in the range of 10-15 FTE.

It should also be borne in mind that the Division's budgets are supplemented by grants such as the New Burdens fund and the Flexible Homeless Support Grant. These have now been confirmed as continuing for 2021/22 at £4.9m. Staffing levels, through the use of fixed term contracts, will adjust in-line with the level of grant.

In summary:-

The impact of a proposed cut on the users of a service

Service users may see some delays in the service they receive which we will
try to mitigate in the transformation of the service to make it more efficient and
effective. The introduction of the two new IT systems, Assure and the
Integrated Housing System, should mean that most of our current manual
processes and use of spreadsheets will cease and work flow will be automated

The impact of a proposed cut on the staff of a service.

 There will be an impact to staff across the Division as the number of posts funded from Core/General Fund needs to be reduced in order that we can realise the £600,000 savings target

The impact of the cut on the service overall.

 The overall impact of the cut on the service is that there will be a period of adjustments while this change programme is being implemented. There is

4. Impact and risks of proposal

likely to be a dip in service performance whilst we undertake the changes necessary to transform our approach. Our aim is to streamline our processes using the technology that has been invested over the last two years driving out inefficiencies and delivering a much more effective service to our residents.

The cumulative impact of the cut on LBL as a whole

- It is probably inevitable that this deduction will reduce the degree of flexibility in the service in the future and potentially our ability to respond to spikes in demand could be limited
- The cumulative impact of the cut on LBL as a whole will mean that the service has delivered its share of the budget savings required
- The service will need to work more closely with statutory and third sector partner organisations in order to meet the needs of customers who might require additional support

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The risks associated with this proposal is that the savings are not realised. The mitigating actions is to start the service transformation of the whole Division during the fourth quarter of 2020/21 so that we can complete the statutory processes staff consultations and recruitment into roles early in 2021/22.

The potential impact will also be mitigated from the recent investment in new housing systems to streamline processes and ensure more resilience in the service.

5. Financial				
information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	33,422	28,777	4,645	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Service Review	300	300		600
Total	300	300		600
% of Net Budget	6.5%	6.5%	0%	12.9%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes			
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
1. Good governance and operational	Corporate priorities	
effectiveness	1. Open Lewisham	
2. Tackling the Housing Crisis	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis	

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	of DECREASING impact
3.	3. Giving Children and young
	people the best start in life
4.	4. Building an inclusive local
	economy
5.	5. Delivering and defending:
	health, social care & support
6.	6. Making Lewisham greener
	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Borough wide
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	Borough wide

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on serv	vice equalities fo	or users – High / Medium .	/ Low or N/A	
Ethnicity:	Medium - High	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Medium - High	
Gender:	Medium - High	Marriage & Civil:	Medium - High	
Age:	Medium - High	Sexual orientation:	Medium - High	
Disability:	Medium - High	Gender reassignment:	Medium - High	
Religion / Belief:	Medium - High	Overall:	Medium - High	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what				
mitigations are proposed:				

The division supports the most vulnerable of our citizens in meeting their housing needs. It carries out these functions in a hugely challenging environment. The supply of new social housing in Lewisham has fallen (by more than half in six years) and as a result today we have more than 2400 homeless households in temporary accommodation. Cost pressures exist across the entire housing economy. Home ownership is out of reach for most, private renting is becoming harder to access for our lower income households, and overall demand on our register tops 10,000 households. The Covid-19 pandemic has presented new challenges and it is anticipated that demand from people in housing need over the coming 6-12 months is likely to rise.

If this proposal is approved, a full service equalities assessment will be carried out and mitigation measures identified. Our aim is to ensure we continue to meet our statutory obligations and ensure that we are providing a first class service to our residents.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No Yes

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No Yes					
Workforce profile:					
Posts		FTE		Vac	cant

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact				
	Headcount	in post	Establishm	Agency /	Not
	in post		ent posts	Interim	covered
				cover	
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5	2	2.0			2
Sc 6 – SO2	62	60.8		5	62
PO1 – PO5	45	44.8		2	45
PO6 – PO8	9	9.0			9
SMG 1 – 3	1	1.0		1	1
JNC	1	1.0			1
Total	125	123.6			125
Gender	Female	Male		10	Female
	76	49			76
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not	ВМЕ
				disclosed	
	75	44	2	4	75
Disability	Yes	No	PNTS	Not	Yes
				disclosed	
	4	42	34	45	4
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	PNTS	Straight /
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian			Heterosex.
	86	1		38	86

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

At this time, if this proposal is approved a detailed proposal will be provided as part of the Change Management process and will include the full equalities assessment.

11. Summary timetab	11. Summary timetable			
	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),			
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month / Date	Activity			
September –	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers			
November 2020	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities			
	assessment and initial HR considerations)			
17 November	Review of proposals at DMTs.			
25 November	Review at EMT of developed proposals			
2 December	Final review at EMT			
15 December	Cabinet Briefings on proposals			
5 January	Scrutiny Dispatch			
w/c 11 January	All member briefing			
Financial Year	Cuts Implemented			
2021/22				

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Reduced dependency on Agency/Fixed term Staff
Reference:	C-11
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm
Director of Service:	Zahur Khan – Director, Public Realm
Service/Team area:	Highways and Transport
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Sophie McGeevor - Cabinet Member for Environment and
	Transport
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Sustainable Development Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	N	N	Y
			Temporary staff

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Temporary staff are used to complement the permanent staff establishment, when necessary, in order to deliver service objectives, projects and programmes outside of normal workloads and plans or where staff of a specialist nature are required. Such temporary staff may be employed through an agency or fixed term route and may be funded through external funding such as Transport for London.

The Highways & Transport Service currently have several staff members, who meet the above criteria above and some are not paid for directly through specific grants. A reduction in overspend can be achieved through releasing temporary staff and assessing the workload and practices to ensure continuity of service.

Cuts proposal*

Pending a wider Public Realm review, there has been a short assessment of the resources within the Highways & Transport service. Ideally, temporary staff should be given a time limit for the needs of their services and strictly adhered to. Unfortunately, this is not the case in many situations, and staff can rollover from year to year, some for a considerable time.

With current budgetary pressures, it is proposed that these staff members be released by the end of March 2021. A review of the current workload, with a view to using our partners, to ensure continuity of workload delivery during this reduction.

It is proposed to maintain the same level of fee income and hence achieve the saving after these temporary staff leave, from April 2021.

3. Description of service area and proposal

This proposal can be delivered from 2021/22 with a reduction in overspend estimated in the region of £300,000. – As per above.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

- Review current contractual obligations via the current framework contractor, Watermans.
- Review management controls on issuing of works orders for resources.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

- Delivery of some projects could be delayed, and reassignment of some projects may lead to work load issues.
- With the length of service with some temporary staff, they may be entitled to redundancy payments.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

 It should be noted that this proposal may impact on service delivery but steps will be taken to minimise this.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	6,266	2,405	3,861	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Service Review	300			300
(reduction in				
overspend)				
Total	300			300
% of Net Budget	10%	%	%	10%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Y	N	N	N
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact			
1. Good governance and operational	Corporate priorities		
effectiveness	1. Open Lewisham		
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis		

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
3.	3. Giving Children and young people the best start in life
4.	4. Building an inclusive local economy
5.	5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support
6.	6. Making Lewisham greener7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
8.	operational effectiveness

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact			
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:		Pregnancy / Maternity:	
Gender:		Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	
Age:		Sexual orientation:	
Disability:		Gender reassignment:	
Religion / Belief:		Overall:	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:			
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No			

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	Yes
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5	4	4	4		
PO6 – PO8	1	1	1		
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total	5	5	5		
Gender	Female	Male			
	1	4			

9. Human Resources impact					
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
	1	4			
Disability	Yes	No			
	0	2			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	
	3	1		1	

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for r	nain steps to be completed re decision and		
implementation of pro	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),		
decision, transition we	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Weight Management Services
Reference:	C-12
Directorate:	Community Services Directorate
Director of Service:	Catherine Mbema
Service/Team area:	Public Health
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
£25,000	Yes	Yes	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Weight Management services in Lewisham include services provided by WW, Slimming World and specialist, targeted dietetic weight management services which are currently provided by Bromley Healthcare as part of wider CCG contract for Tier 3 weight management and dietetic provision for patients requiring specialist dietary intervention including prescribed oral nutrition supplements.

Cuts proposal*

The proposal is to stop funding the Council's contribution of £56,000 per annum towards specialist dietetic weight management provided by Bromley Health Care.

This is a proposed cut to a budget funded from the ring-fenced Public Health grant, so any reduction will need to be allocated to budgets delivering Public Health outcomes elsewhere in the Council.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

The proposal is to reinvest £31,000 per annum to deliver alternative digital weight management support and targeted support for BAME people as a pilot in 2021/22 to inform future obesity and weight management commissioning for March 2022.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Obesity is a significant and rising public health issue in Lewisham, it is a significant risk factor for illnesses such as cancer, Covid-19, diabetes, cardiovascular disease. Reducing access to individual counselling as part of the weight management services will mean that a number of residents may be unable to access support to lose weight and may therefore be at increased risk of these conditions.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

This proposal will reduce access to weight management services. By re-investing some of the funding towards piloting new approaches to digital services and services targeted at BAME populations we will seek to ensure that through re-commissioning for March 2022 we are able to make best use of limited resources. This will also help contribute to the Council's work on reducing health inequalities.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	16.2m	(16.5)m	(0.3)m	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Stop Council	25			25
contribution to CCG				
Weight Management				
Contract with Bromley				
Healthcare				
Total	25			25
% of Net Budget	8%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	_ Fund _			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
1.Delivering and defending: health, social	Corporate priorities	
care and Support	1. Open Lewisham	
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis	
	3. Giving Children and young	
3.	people the best start in life	
	4. Building an inclusive local	
4.	economy	

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
5.	5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support
6.	6. Making Lewisham greener7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
8.	operational effectiveness

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No Specific Impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity:	High	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Medium	
Gender:	Low	Marriage & Civil	Low	
		Partnerships:		
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Low	
Disability:	High	Gender reassignment:	Low	
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:		

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

Obesity is one of the three areas of focus for reducing BAME Health inequalities for Lewisham's Health and Wellbeing Board.

We do not currently have robust data to determine local adult obesity by ethnicity, this is available for England. There is a 53.6% prevalence of obesity for Black women compared to 27.5% for white women. (The Health survey for England 2017). Levels of obesity in Black men was 27.7% compared to 27.3% for White men. (The Health survey for England 2017)

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No Yes

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				No
Workforce p	Workforce profile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					

9. Human Resources impact					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The Health and Social Care Act 2012 ("the Act") introduced changes by way of a series of amendments to the National Health Service Act 2006. The Act gives local authorities a duty to take such steps as it considers appropriate to improve the health of the people in its area. In general terms, the Act confers on local authorities the function of improving public health and gives local authorities considerable scope to determine what actions it will take in pursuit of that general function.

Secondary legislative provision, such as the Local Authorities (Public Health Functions and Entry to Premises by Local Healthwatch representatives) Regulations 2013 require local authorities to provide certain public health services. The public health services which local authorities must provide are:

- National Child Measurement Programme
- Health checks
- Open access sexual health services
- Public health advice service to Clinical Commissioning Groups

11. Summary timetable			
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),			
decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		

11. Summary timetable			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care
Reference:	C-13
Directorate:	Community Services
Director of Service:	Catherine Mbema
Service/Team area:	Sexual and Reproductive Health
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
£100,000 reduction	Yes	Yes	No
to Sexual Health in			
Primary Care Budget			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care includes free condoms and pregnancy tests, HIV testing in GP surgeries, GP Long-Acting Reversible Contraception service at Pharmacy Emergency Hormonal Contraception and quick start on the Pill, Checkurself.

Cuts proposal*

This is a proposed cut to a budget funded from the ring-fenced Public Health grant, so any reduction will need to be allocated to budgets delivering Public Health outcomes elsewhere in the Council.

This proposal is to reduce the Sexual and Reproductive Health Service Budget by £100,000 from £523,656 to £423,656, a cut of 19%.

The budgets for SRH in Primary care in Lewisham have been increased over time in line with our Strategic aim to develop sexual and reproductive health services in primary care. These increases assumed that there would be significant continued growth in activity for GP LARC Service and Pharmacy SRH services. Unfortunately there have been delays in service development around these services and growth in activity has slowed as a result of Covid-19. This has led to an underspend in SRH in Primary Care Budget for the last two years.

Lewisham would continue to fund existing levels of GP LARC activity and seek to ensure that all women across Lewisham are able to access LARC through their GP within their Primary Care Network. We would also seek to increase LARC activity but

overall activity across SRH services in Primary Care would be limited to the new reduced budget.

Within this plan we also propose to de-commission the Checkurself service which is available for young people to test specifically for Gonorrhoea and Chlamydia because this is a duplication of online testing which is available through SHL for people of all ages.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

LB Lewisham has recently developed a Local Action Plan to Support the delivery of the shared Lambeth, Southwark and Lewisham Sexual and Reproductive Health Strategy 2019-24. Elements of the action plan will be reconfigured to acknowledge the reductions in service availability that would arise from this cut.

For example, Lewisham Local SRH Action Plan includes plans to implement Sexual Health in Primary Care (SHIP) Training for GPs and Pharmacies in 2021 and the recruitment of a GP Sexual and Reproductive Health Champion. These both aim to raise general awareness of contraceptive offer and reproductive health amongst GPs and pharmacies in Lewisham, supporting the delivery of better sexual and reproductive advice to patients, including referral for LARC and knowledge of service availability.

To ensure that young people are aware of the SHL online testing offer we would promote this amongst this audience as part of the proposal to de-commission Checkurself.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Service users: LARC availability is likely to reduce overall and/or be less available in certain parts of the borough.

Service users: Checkurself would no longer be available – but other online STI testing through SHL would be.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

LARC prescribing data is a key indicator on the Public Health England Sexual and Reproductive Health national dashboard. Borough-level performance data is publically available.

Service underspend in Q1 and Q2 2020 is largely attributable to the effects of COVID-19. Demand for service likely to resume in 2021/22.

Reduction in availability of LARC may exacerbate unmet contraceptive need and widen BAME reproductive health inequalities:

 LARC prescribing in Lewisham is lower than the national average and as seen little improvement in the last four years. (46.8 vs 49.5 prescriptions per 1000. PHE 2018) NICE Guidance states that women should have a choice of all contraceptive methods including LARC methods. The 2019 LSL Contraceptive

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Needs Assessment highlighted a need to increase LARC prescribing in Lewisham in order to comply with NICE guidelines.

- Use of Emergency Hormonal Contraception (EHC "the morning after pill") in Lewisham exceeds both the national and London average, as do rates of abortion. One third of abortions in LSL are subsequent abortions. 87.6% of women prescribed EHC have used it before. This data provides strong evidence of unmet contraceptive need in Lewisham.
- Women of Black ethnicity are the highest users of both EHC and termination services in Lewisham, suggesting particular unmet contraceptive needs in this population.

Mitigation

- Sexual Health in Primary Care training for GPs and pharmacies to improve awareness and signposting to existing services
- PCN or GP Federation pilot to increased LARC availability
- Focussed work by the BAME Health Inequalities Working Group and SH
 Health Promotion Partnership to reduce inequalities in access, treatment and
 outcomes for people of Black ethnicity.
- The Council is jointly funding work with Birmingham to undertake specific equalities research to better support equalities considerations for these services.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	100			100
Total	100			100
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
1. Delivering and defending: health, social Corporate priorities		
care and support	1. Open Lewisham	

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	r of	DECREASING impact
2. Open Lewisham	2.	Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3.	Giving Children and young
3. Giving children and young people the		people the best start in life
best start in life	4.	Building an inclusive local
4.		economy
	5.	Delivering and defending:
5.		health, social care & support
	6.	Making Lewisham greener
6.	7.	Building safer communities
7.	8.	Good governance and
		operational effectiveness
8.		

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on servic	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	High	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A		
Gender:	High	Marriage & Civil	N/A		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	High	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
Disability:	Medium	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	High		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what					
mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No					

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					No
Workforce p	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			

9. Human Resources impact					
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	
	_				

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The Health and Social Care Act 2012 ("the Act") introduced changes by way of a series of amendments to the National Health Service Act 2006. The Act gives local authorities a duty to take such steps as it considers appropriate to improve the health of the people in its area. In general terms, the Act confers on local authorities the function of improving public health and gives local authorities considerable scope to determine what actions it will take in pursuit of that general function.

Secondary legislative provision, such as the Local Authorities (Public Health Functions and Entry to Premises by Local Healthwatch Representatives) Regulations 2013 require local authorities to provide certain public health services. The public health services which local authorities must provide are:

- National Child Measurement Programme
- Health checks
- Open access sexual health services
- Public health advice service to Clinical Commissioning Groups

11. Summary timetabl	е	
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and		
implementation of pro	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),	
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:	
Month	Activity	
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	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities	
	assessment and initial HR considerations)	
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C	
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing	
December 2020		
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where	
December 2020	required) prepared	
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments	
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest	
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget	
March 2021	Cuts implemented	

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Substance Misuse Cuts (Public Health Budget)
Reference:	C-14
Directorate:	Joint Commissioning (Public Health Grant)
Director of Service:	Dee Carlin
Service/Team area:	Prevention and Inclusion and Public Health Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best, Cabinet Member for Health and Adult Social
	Care
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Primary care	NO	NO	NO
medication cost 70k			
Reduction in budget	NO	NO	NO
Tier 4 residential			
framework 50k			
30k Training	NO	NO	NO
budget/SU			
consultation budget			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Prevention, Inclusion and Public Health Commissioning team commissions a range of services to meet the needs of those with a drug and/or alcohol problem and to reduce harm to society as a whole. These are funded through ring-fenced income from the Public Health grant and the Mayor's Officer for Policing and Crime (MOPAC)

- A core contract for complex treatment of adults
- A Primary Care Recovery Service, incorporating an aftercare service.
- A Tier 4 framework for Residential Detox and Rehabilitation, and Structured Day Programmes
- Pharmacy Provision of needle exchange and supervised consumption of methadone.
- A contribution to an integrated Young Person's Health and Wellbeing Service commissioned by the CYP joint commissioning team.

Cuts proposal*

This is a proposed cut to a budget funded from the ring-fenced Public Health grant, so any reduction will need to be allocated to budgets delivering Public Health outcomes elsewhere in the Council.

The proposed £150k cut is made up of:

A proposed £70k cut to prescribing budgets through negotiating with South East London Clinical Commissioning Group (SEL CCG).

A £50k cut to the Tier 4 residential budget (Tier 4 services are specialist provision for people with more complex needs).

A £30k cut to the training, involvement and consultation budget.

4. Impact and risks of proposals

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Reduction in budget Tier 4 residential framework £50k: The proposed cut will increase the threshold for access to residential treatment in the borough and reduce the number of patients with complex needs who access Tier 4 residential care. People who do not meet the increased threshold will continue to be able to access community-based services.

It is estimated that this will reduce the number of bed spaces we commission by approximately 10. In part, this reflects the decline in use of Tier 4 residential care in 2020/21 as a result of COVID-19 and the uncertainty about future levels of service use.

Pre-COVID levels of beds commissioned were approximately 140 (2019/20). If demand were to increase to pre-COVID levels, the impact of this cut could include the risk of delayed Substance Misuse clients remaining in hospital (bed blocking), low referrals from hospital to community based settings, as well as increased care needs and risks to health and wellbeing.

£30k cut to involvement, training and consultation budget: this would represent a 50% cut to the existing budget for substance misuse training to partners across the borough, which supports them to identify, respond to and refer substance misuse issues.

It also reduces by 50% the budget for involvement and consultation, which enables the service to engage directly with service users to ensure services and commissioning reflect their voice and needs, and to engage with specific groups in the population to support equality of access and outcomes in the treatment system.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Reduction of the aftercare service could risk an increase in people relapsing and returning to treatment. This will impact on individuals, their families and communities, and on capacity in the treatment system. To mitigate these risks the service will support residents to access services provided by partner's organisations and charities.

Elsewhere the service will look to mitigate affects by continuing to work closely with our partners and to best target remaining resources.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health	Net 0			
Health	budget.			
	Spend			
	3.7m.			
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	150			150
Total	£150k			150
% of Net Budget	Net budget	%	%	%
	is 0			
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				All
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
1. Delivering and defending: health, social	Corporate priorities
care & support	1. Open Lewisham
	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
2. Building safer communities	3. Giving Children and young
	people the best start in life
3. Giving Children and young people the best	4. Building an inclusive local
start in life	economy
4. Building an inclusive local economy	5. Delivering and defending:
	health, social care & support
5. Good governance and operational	6. Making Lewisham greener
effectiveness	7. Building safer communities
6. Making Lewisham greener	
	8. Good governance and
7. Tackling the Housing Crisis	operational effectiveness
8. Open Lewisham	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	ALL WARDS

8. Service equalities impact			
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	Medium	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Medium
Gender:	Medium	Marriage & Civil	Medium
		Partnerships:	
Age:	Medium	Sexual orientation:	Medium
Disability:	Medium	Gender reassignment:	Medium
Religion / Belief:	Medium	Overall:	Medium

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

We intend to carry out consultations and a full equalities impact assessment looking at the 40% reduction in the Substance misuse budget over the previous 5 years and the impact that this may have on health inequalities in the borough.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No YES

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Providers will need to be issued with 6 months' notice period and would need to go through employment and redundancy processes.

11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and				
	implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month	Activity			
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers			
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities			
	assessment and initial HR considerations)			
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C			
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Services
Reference:	C-15
Directorate:	Community Services
Director of Service:	Catherine Mbema
Service/Team area:	Sexual and Reproductive Health
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
£150,000 reduction	Yes	Yes	No
to Integrated Sexual			
Health Budget			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Payment for Lewisham residents accessing sexual and reproductive health services under the integrated sexual health tariff and the London e-service. This includes a range of testing and treatment for sexually transmitted infections alongside a wide offer of contraceptive interventions. Includes ISHT Clinic Spend, SHL E-Service and PrEP.

Cuts proposal*

This is a proposed cut to a budget funded from the ring-fenced Public Health grant, so any reduction will need to be allocated to budgets delivering Public Health outcomes elsewhere in the Council.

Sexual and reproductive health clinics in London are paid through the Integrated Sexual Health Tariff, which was established through the London Sexual Health Transformation Programme. Payment is based on activity, and residents have a right to access treatment anywhere in the country for which the Council is statutorily obliged to pay. Demand for services has increased over the past 5 years. Lewisham continues to experience high demand and need for sexual health services reflected through high rates of teenage pregnancy, abortion and sexually transmitted infections.

This proposal is to reduce the Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Budget by £150,000 from £5,222,940 to £5,072,940, a cut of 3%. It is anticipated that demand will continue to grow, but that through increased use of the e-service (self-test kit ordered online, delivered to home address) which was uncapped as part of business continuity measures for Covid-19, demand will be met in a more cost-effective way to deliver this cut.

Through negotiation with LGT, commissioners will seek to reduce the baseline activity delivered through the existing clinic contract in 2021/22 and in new contracts from 2022/23 onwards. It may be challenging for LGT to reduce their overall cost base for ISHT services because the case mix of patients will change because less serious cases will be diverted to the E-service for testing and treatment. This may result in reductions to access to clinic services. Should it not be possible to deliver savings through the LGT contract then a contingency measure would be to cap the e-service.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Increase clinic and primary care services' referrals to the E-Service (online STI testing) to ensure that access to STI testing is maintained.

Continue to interrogate demographic data from the E-Service to identify any gaps in populations accessing service, e.g. age, ethnicity, sexuality, and ensure increased use of digital channels does not exacerbate health inequalities.

Undertake work to understand the patient impact of revisions to service pathways, as recommended by the COVID SH Impact Assessment.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Service users will be encouraged to use e-service for STI testing and treatment.

LGT may have to make adjustments to their staffing establishment in SRH Clinics to align with changes in case mix and demand, and to manage a reduction in baseline activity and funding. They may also need to reduce access to deliver this saving. Should this not be possible then the e-service cap may need to be re-introduced to manage demand and cost.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Risk: Access to STI Testing and treatment online or via telephone plus booked appointment (Covid safe practice but could be continued) may make services less accessible.

Mitigation: recommendation that services have sufficient capacity to maintain an "open door" for those who need to be seen face to face, and that services investigate this need prior to referring someone to the E-Service.

Risk: Reduced access may have disproportionate impact on certain groups, which may cause or exacerbate inequalities in sexual health and service access, e.g. those with privacy concerns around receiving packages to a shared address and / or privacy to complete home tests, or with concerns about security and privacy of online ordering.

Mitigation: Work to understand barriers to access, as indicated by service use data, and patient voice.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Reduce ISHT Budget	150			150
Total	150			150
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	of DECREASING impact
1. Delivering and defending: health, social	Corporate priorities
care and support	1. Open Lewisham
2. Open Lewisham	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3. Giving children and young people the	people the best start in life
best start in life	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact			
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	High	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A
Gender:	High	Marriage & Civil	N/A
	_	Partnerships:	
Age:	Medium	Sexual orientation:	High
Disability:	Medium	Gender reassignment:	Medium
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	High

8. Service equalities impact

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

Our rates of HIV and STIs are the highest in England, and there are persistent inequalities in sexual and reproductive health, with young people, men who have sex with men (MSM) and black and minority ethnic (BME) communities suffering the greatest burden. Changes to access will impact people with these protected characteristics. Changes to access to integrated sexual and reproductive health services will also impact women seeking contraception.

By moving activity to the e-service there will be fewer opportunities for clinicians to identify other possible vulnerabilities and provide additional signposting and advice. This may have a significant impact on younger people, people with disabilities or people who do not identify with the gender they were assigned at birth.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No

Yes

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact				
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
Workforce pi					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					_
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The Health and Social Care Act 2012 ("the Act") introduced changes by way of a series of amendments to the National Health Service Act 2006. The Act gives local authorities a duty to take such steps as it considers appropriate to improve the health of the people in its area. In general terms, the Act confers

10. Legal implications

on local authorities the function of improving public health and gives local authorities considerable scope to determine what actions it will take in pursuit of that general function.

Secondary legislative provision, such as the Local Authorities (Public Health Functions and Entry to Premises by Local Healthwatch Representatives) Regulations 2013 require local authorities to provide certain public health services. The public health services which local authorities must provide are:

- National Child Measurement Programme
- Health checks
- Open access sexual health services
- Public health advice service to Clinical Commissioning Groups

11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for r	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
implementation of pro	posal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),			
decision, transition we	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
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	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities			
	assessment and initial HR considerations)			
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December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Reduction of Management overheads for the Social Inclusion and Recovery Service (SLaM Lewisham Community
	Services)
Reference:	C-16
Directorate:	Community services
Director of Service:	Dee Carlin
Service/Team area:	Adult Integrated Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
SIRs Overhead costs	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Integrated Mental Health Community Services, Social Inclusion & Recovery. The service provides community re-integration for individuals with serious mental health issues offering 12 week programmes of support in order to assess needs and develop an individually tailored care plan.

Cuts proposal*

It is proposed that as a component of the Mental Health Provider Alliance Community Transformation the SIRs team be disaggregated. The roles will be integrated into the generic Community Mental Health Team retaining the functions of the team whilst reducing the overhead costs.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The integration of the SIRs intervention into the generic Community Mental Health service will provide increased access to services users as the functions/interventions become a component of the community service offer.

The staff affected by the change will be re-deployed within the community mental health teams.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Management action is in place to ensure the integration is smooth and there is no negative effect on people who use services.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	16.2m	7.7m	8.5m	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Reduction of	50 In	0	0	50
management	addition to			
overheads	existing			
	savings			
	proposal			
Total	50			50
% of Net Budget	0.5%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	r of DECREASING impact
1. 5	Corporate priorities
	1. Open Lewisham
2. 2	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3. 4	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4. 7	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5. 3	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6. 8	7. Building safer communities
7. 1	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8. 6	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	n/a
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A	
Ethnicity:	Low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Low	
Gender:	Low	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	Low	
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Low	
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	Low	
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:	Low	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:				
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No				

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact				
	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	
			_		

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The SIRs service is outlined in the NHS Contract between the SEL CCG and South London and Maudsley Trust. This is a historic arrangement outlining the integrated nature of joint commissioning in the borough. The SIRs specification will be removed from the contract and the functions outlined in the new service specification for Mental Health Community services

11. Summary timetable			
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Re-configuration of Mental Health Supported Housing
	pathway – Social Interest Group
Reference:	C-17
Directorate:	Community services
Director of Service:	Dee Carlin
Service/Team area:	Adult Integrated Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Reconfiguration of the Supported Housing Pathway	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Social Interest Group provides a range of supported housing services for individuals with Serious Mental Illness in order to facilitate community reintegration and independent living. The services are provided through the subsidiary charities SIG Penrose and SIG Equinox in Lewisham. The contracts across both services amount to a significant level of investment. As a component of an overall re-commissioning of the Mental Health Supported Housing Pathway, we have concluded that we can apply savings based on a reduction in care costs and management overheads.

Cuts proposal*

The Social Interest Group has specific contracts that are aimed at supporting those individuals with higher levels of Mental Health severity including housing and supporting individuals that are subject to detainment under the Mental Health Act (Penrose No Hope and Jigsaw project). Whilst demand for these services has been consistent, the level of need amongst the patient cohort has changed and in some circumstances is less severe. In addition, the management charges being applied to these services are considerable. Based on the factors above, we will reduce the contract value in-year and through the re-commissioning process for the Mental Health supported housing pathway reconfigure the services and approach to contract management to ensure greater efficiency and value for money in 22/23 through improved alignment of the contract to service users needs.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Reductions in the cost of care will have no direct impact as we would expect the provider to apply greater efficiencies and to ensure that service provision was aligned to service users needs.

Reductions in management costs will have no direct impact on the costs as they are not related to the direct support that service users receive.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

This is a cut in the contract value, and a change to contract management approach to reflect the level of complexity of people they are working with. There will be no impact on people who use the service or wider residents.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	16.2m	7.7m	8.5m	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Reduction of care	100	150	0	250
costs and Management				
charges				
Total	100	150	0	250
% of Net Budget	1%	2%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
1. 5 din _s so	Corporate priorities
	1. Open Lewisham
	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
2. 2	3. Giving Children and young
	people the best start in life
3. 7	4. Building an inclusive local
	economy
4. 8	5. Delivering and defending:
	health, social care & support
5. 3	6. Making Lewisham greener
	7. Building safer communities
6. 4	
	8. Good governance and
7. 1	operational effectiveness

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact 8. 6

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	n/a
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	act			
		or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A	
Ethnicity:	Low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Low	
Gender:	Low	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	Low	
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Low	
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	Low	
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:	Low	
For any High impact service mitigations are proposed:	ce equality are	eas please explain why and v	what	
Is a full service equalities	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No		

9. Human R	esources imp	act			
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The existing contract will need to be varied to incorporate the revised budget reductions.

11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and		
implementation of pro	pposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),	
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:	
Month	Activity	
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers	
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities	
	assessment and initial HR considerations)	
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C	
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing	
December 2020		
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where	
December 2020	required) prepared	
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments	
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest	
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget	
March 2021	Cuts implemented	

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Early Help and Prevention Re-commissioning
Reference:	C-21
Directorate:	Children and Young People
Director of Service:	Catherine Bunten/Caroline Hirst
Service/Team area:	CYP Joint Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Children's Services and School Performance
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the Constitution	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/mayorand	informal	informal
	council/abouthecouncil/how-		
	council-is-run/our-constitution		
£100,000 from youth	No	No - but	No
services budget		consultation	
(buildings)		in redesign	
£20,000 Children	No	No - but	No
and Family Centres		consultation	
		in redesign	
£50,000 Young	No	No	No
People's Health and			
Wellbeing service			

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Youth Services in Lewisham are provided by Youth First, a staff and young person owned mutual. The service is contracted to provide all year round open access positive activities and experiences for young people including in adventure playgrounds and youth clubs.

Children and Family Centres offer a variety of services and information, advice and support on a range of issues for children of all ages and their families. The core purpose of children and family centres is to improve outcomes for young children and their families as follows:

- Improved parenting and attachment: including by optimising the outcomes of the first 1001 days, and reducing toxic stress and the impact of factors leading to toxic stress.
- Improved school readiness: including support to reach key milestones and child development
- Improved child and family health and life chances: including child and maternal mental health and resilience & healthy weight
- Prevention of escalation: including support to children and their families to be safe and providing early help
- Housing, Employment & Finance Support: including support to mitigate impact of poor housing & employment support

This purpose is achieved by:

- · Promoting and supporting access to early years entitlement
- Providing targeted evidence based interventions and help for families in need of 'early help', including family support, domestic violence programmes and CYP IAPT
- Delivering a range of programmes and activities to meet locally and individually identified needs - including: anti-natal and post-natal advice and support; nutrition and healthy lifestyle sessions; Baby Hubs, Mindful Mums, speech and language therapy; piloting integrated development checks, baby massage; and breastfeeding support groups and peer support programme.
- Acting as a hub and building capacity in the local community, whilst brokering relationships between settings and providers in the statutory, voluntary and private sector

Children and Family Centres are expected to focus their work with children and families who meet two or more of the criteria in the Government's Troubled Families programme

Lewisham's Young People's Health and Wellbeing Service (YPHWS) works with young people aged 10-19, (up to 25 with additional needs) and offers support to any young person in Lewisham needing help or advice with emotional wellbeing, sexual health or substance misuse. The service provides outreach and short term support at universal and targeted levels (up to tier 3 for substance misuse). Their offer is a universal one. As part of this service, **Kooth** is sub-contracted and provides universal confidential online counselling (delivered by British Association for Counselling & Psychotherapy accredited counsellors) for Lewisham young people living, attending school or with a GP in the Lewisham borough and who are aged 10 to 19. Kooth is also available for targeted cohorts up to the age of 25, with the possibility for extending to <u>all</u> young people up to 25 (with no financial impact).

Cuts proposal*

It is proposed that there is a reduction to the overall value of the three contracts listed below:

- There will be an increase in move to more targeted youth provision. As part of these changes we aim to support Youth First through the support of a longer lease arrangement with some buildings. The Council provides additional money to support these buildings. This will be reduced by £100,000 as the expectation is that Youth First will generate increased income from the building to support its running costs. This is therefore not a reduction in youth work delivery.
- Through the development of an in-house Family support service there will be a reduction in the value of the contract for the commissioned service
- Through the re-tendering of the Young People's Health & Wellbeing Service there will be a small reduction in the value of the contract.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

We intend to strengthen the quality and breadth of provision for young people at a 'targeted' level of need, and this is anticipated to have a positive impact overall.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Families of younger children will still be able to access CFC services, though fewer universal sessions may be provided as the service focuses on the delivery of evidence based programmes. Targeted family support will be strengthened by our in house service.

Fewer young people may be able to access the YPHWS as the staff establishment will be reduced, however the CAHMS service has been growing in recent years.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

These cuts proposals will deliver a reduced capacity in universal provision as we shift our available resources to those children and families most at need. There will also be a reduced capacity for emotional wellbeing support for young people through a reduced YPHWS.

However through the Early Help and Prevention Improvement Programme and the new strategy other areas for support are being developed. In addition commissioners are working with stakeholders to explore the universal and targeted offer for children and young people, including access to emotional wellbeing support.

There has been notification from NHSE that CCG CYP mental health budgets will increase incrementally until 2023/24. However, exact allocations for Lewisham are yet to be confirmed. Confirmation has already been secured from NHSE that budgets to support the Mental Health Support Teams (MHSTs) in Schools will increase from £588k in 20/21 to £875k in 21/22. This will result in increased emotional and mental health capacity for Lewisham young people across school settings. MHST funding allocations beyond March 2022 are yet to be confirmed.

Further mitigation will be provided by seeking to deliver our 'Family Thrive' service from locality bases (Covid19 permitting) and thereby providing a stronger LBL presence for children, young people and families in our communities. The targeted family support that is no longer delivered through children and families will be delivered by Family Thrive. This service will be closely aligned to our developing Family Information Service, parent champions work and wider i-Thrive implementation. We also seek to strengthen the partnership support available in the Early Help system, which will increase the resilience across services to be able to support children and families.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
£100,000 from youth services budget	100			100
£20,000 Children and Family Centres	20			20

5. Financial information				
£50,000 Young People's Health and Wellbeing service	50			50
Total	170			170
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	YES	NO	NO	YES
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:	120			50

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact 1. Giving Children and young people the Corporate priorities best start in life 1. Open Lewisham 2. Tackling the Housing Crisis 2. Delivering and defending: health, social 3. Giving Children and young care & support people the best start in life 4. Building an inclusive local 3. Building safer communities economy 5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support 4. Building an inclusive local economy 6. Making Lewisham greener 5. Tackling the Housing Crisis 7. Building safer communities 8. Good governance and operational effectiveness 6. Open Lewisham 7. Good governance and operational effectiveness 8. Making Lewisham greener

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Borough wide
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	nct		
<u> </u>		or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	Medium	Pregnancy / Maternity:	Low
Gender:	Medium	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	N/A
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Medium
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	Low
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:	
For any High impact service mitigations are proposed:	ce equality are	eas please explain why and v	what

8. Service equalities impact Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No Yes

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	
oriontation:	TOTOTOGOX:	Loopian		ulo olo o o d	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The changes to CFC contracts may incur TUPE obligations on the local authority.

Contracts or contract variations will be required for all three cuts in this proposal.

11. Summary timetable Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal - e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc..), implementation: Month **Activity** September 2020 Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers - e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities assessment and initial HR considerations) October 2020 Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C November to Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing December 2020 November to Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where December 2020 required) prepared Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments December 2020 January 2021 Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest February 2021 Final decisions at M&C with the Budget

11. Summary timetable		
March 2021	Cuts implemented	



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Reduction to the generic Council funded CAMHS provision
Reference:	C-22
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Caroline Hirst / Catherine Bunten
Service/Team area:	CYP Joint Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Children's Service and School Performance
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
£250k	Yes	Yes	

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Lewisham CAMHS (excluding inpatient and some outpatient services) is commissioned by the CYP Joint Commissioning team on behalf of both the NHS SE London CCG and Lewisham Council. Services are delivered by South London & Maudsley (SLAM) NHS Foundation Trust.

Specialist community CAMHS support is available to all children and young people up to the age of 18 (up to 21 for care leavers) where significant mental health concerns have been identified. It is delivered through five core teams:

- Horizon generic team covering the whole borough which supports young people who have significant mental health problems (providing a 'front door' for the wider CAMHS service)
- Adolescent Resource & Therapy Service (ARTS) supporting young people who have offended or are at risk of offending and have mental health problems
- **Symbol** supporting young people who have been in care or will remain in care for the foreseeable future
- Neurodevelopmental Team (NDT) supporting young people with a diagnosed moderate to severe learning disability and/or a complex neuro-developmental disorder e.g. autistic spectrum disorders
- Lewisham Young People's Service (LYPS) supporting young people with severe mental illness or acute problems, including psychosis, repeated selfharm, personality disorder and acute depression

The CAMHS service is primarily a NHS service and the majority of funding for it has always come from the NHS, mainly through the CCG. It assesses and treats young people with emotional, behavioural or mental health difficulties. Lewisham, in common with other local authorities, works in partnership with the NHS and contributes some

funding, in pursuit of its objectives to promote children's wellbeing and broader public health.

In recent years there has been a significant increase in NHS funding for the CAMHS service as a whole including an uplift of approximately £600,000 last year. The overall CAHMS service has increased from £5.2M in 2018 up to £7.1M this year.

During this period waiting times from referral to assessment have improved and now no young person as to wait over a year for an assessment. A&E attendances have also reduced. Referrals have remained constant for the last three years of between 1,400 and 1,500 each year and following the end of the last lockdown referrals did not increase to a higher level.

Cuts proposal*

It is proposed that the LA contribution to the CAMHS generic team (Horizon) of £250,000 is withdrawn from April 2021. However it should be noted that the NHS has been increasing its contribution year on year and although the NHS increase to CAMHS funding next year is not yet confirmed it is expected to be similar to previous years and so although the Councils contribution is proposed to reduce, the overall budget will still go up and so there should be no reduction in the quality of service being provided.

The Council has in recent years worked with NHS partners to ensure sufficient priority was given to improving funding and the performance of mental health services. Despite the wider public sector funding pressures, this partnership has supported a 36% growth in overall funding over the four years 2017-18 and 2020-21, alongside improved performance on issues of concern such as waiting times, and access for disadvantaged groups such as Black young people. During this period, the Lewisham contribution has been maintained despite the Council's challenging financial position. In the present financial circumstances this is difficult to sustain, but the overall budget will increase and Council funding will be focussed on specific targeted groups rather than the generic service. Through improvements in the contract management approach better alignment of delivery and need can be achieved.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

There has been notification from NHSE that CCG CYP mental health budgets will increase incrementally until 2023/24. However, exact allocations for Lewisham are yet to be confirmed. We hope to receive more information in early 2021. Confirmation has already been secured from NHSE that budgets to support the Mental Health Support Teams (MHSTs) in Schools will increase from 587,943 in 20/21 to £875,213 in 21/22. This will result in increased emotional and mental health capacity for Lewisham young people across school settings.

In addition through the Council's new Early Help and Prevention strategy, including a new Family Thrive Service there will be an improved offer for children and families below the threshold for a statutory intervention. The Family Thrive Service will include Family therapists.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

4. Impact and risks of proposal

As Horizon is the CAMHS generic service, it picks up all cases that fall outside the specialist CAMHS teams. It has the highest number of referrals and overall caseload across the service. If there is no increase in NHS funding, the reduction in the Council's contribution would reduce the capacity of the service to expand further to meet this need. However, increased NHS funding should be greater than the reduction in LA funding.

National CAMHS access targets are monitored and despite Lewisham falling short of these targets 12 months ago, over the last year performance has improved across all providers of evidence based mental health support.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

It is our intention to secure additional resource from NHSE via the CCG, in line with NHSE guidance. The national i-Thrive framework is being adopted across all early help (including emotional health) services, which will in turn create a common shared language and improved pathways across the partnership to enable holistic support to be offered to CYP and families especially when working with complex issues and situations, that cross cut all levels of need. Commissioners are working with CAMHS and Children's social care to develop a range of early help approaches across the referral and assessment team and the new Family Thrive Service, which will support the early identification of need and earlier intervention for the prevention of escalation to specialist services such as CAMHS.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health	250			
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Reduction in LA	250			250
contribution to the				
generic CAMHS team.				
Total	250			250
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Υ			
If DSG, HRA, Health	Health			
impact describe:	impact as			
	jointly			
	funded with			
	the CCG			

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1. Giving CYP the best start in life	Corporate priorities			
	1. Open Lewisham			
2. Delivering and defending: health and	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
social care support	3. Giving Children and young			
3. Building safer communities	people the best start in life			
	4. Building an inclusive local			
4. Building an inclusive local economy	economy			
	5. Delivering and defending:			
5. Good governance and operational	health, social care & support			
effectiveness	6. Making Lewisham greener			
6. Open Lewisham	7. Building safer communities			
7. Tackling the housing crisis	8. Good governance and			
	operational effectiveness			
8. Making Lewisham Greener				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Borough wide implications
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on servic	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A	
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A	
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A	
	`	Partnerships:		
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A	
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A	
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what				
mitigations are proposed:				
Although there is a proposed reduction in the Council contribution to the service, the				
overall budget is still expected to increase.				
Is a full service equalities i	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No	

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No	
Workforce p	rofile:					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered	
Scale 1 – 2						
Scale 3 – 5						
Sc 6 – SO2						
PO1 – PO5						
PO6 – PO8						
SMG 1 – 3						

9. Human Resources impact					
JNC	N/A				
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

None – this is a NHS service

11. Summary timetable					
Outline timetable for r	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and				
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Reduction in the Health Visiting contract
Reference:	C-23
Directorate:	Children and Young People
Director of Service:	Catherine Bunten/Caroline Hirst
Service/Team area:	CYP Joint Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Children's Services and School Performance
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP

2. Decision Route						
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation			
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and			
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs			
	Constitution	informal	informal			
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/					
	mayorandcouncil/					
	aboutthecouncil/					
	how-council-is-run/					
	our-constitution					
£350,000 from	Yes	No	No			
Health Visiting						
contract in 2021/22						

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The local authority has a duty to deliver the Healthy Child Programme to all Lewisham families with children between the ages of 0-2.5 years old, including five mandatory health and wellbeing reviews. This is delivered by the Lewisham and Greenwich Trust (LGT) Health Visiting Service. The current contract has one more year to run.

The universal and preventative Healthy Child Programme includes screening, immunisation, mandatory health and development reviews, and advice around health, wellbeing and parenting starting antenatally until 2.5 years old.

As well as this universal service offer, the Health Visiting service delivers more intensive targeted support to parents and children with additional needs, known as the Universal Plus (UP) and Universal Partnership Plus (UPP) offers.

The UP service short-medium term intervention from a Health Visitor where issues are identified such as perinatal mental health needs, feeding difficulties, infant health needs, domestic abuse, and developmental and behavioural difficulties. The UPP offer is provided where there is a new or ongoing safeguarding concern in relation to a family, and multi-agency response is required. Families will receive this support for a longer period.

Support is delivered predominantly via one-to-one home visiting, but also via groups (such as breastfeeding support, perinatal mental health and domestic abuse support), and appointments in community clinics. A digital offer is available via the website and social media pages, and there is a central helpline for families to receive support via

telephone. There has been an increased use of the digital offer during the Covid 19 pandemic.

At any one time, there are between 39,000 - 40,000 families receiving the universal Health Visiting Service, and an additional 1,500 - 1,700 families receiving a targeted UP or UPP service. The number of families assessed as requiring targeted support is steadily increasing.

Cuts proposal*

Lewisham has a new Early Help and Prevention Strategy, targeting support earlier toward families that are struggling and at risk of requiring a statutory intervention without help. The approach builds on strengths of existing services, drawing them together under a common vision to secure greater coherence and impact from the resources available. A stronger strategic in-house capacity will increasingly enable the Council to flex services to meet the full range of needs. Against that background, the cuts proposal is to reduce the value of the Health Visiting contract by £350,000 in 2021/22. This is funded through the Public Health grant and the saving here would be used to support the wider Early Help and Prevention service.

The annual value of the contract is £6.2M and incorporates both the Health Visiting Service and the School Nurse contract as a single contract in order to give LGT greater flexibility in their deployment of staff. The Council is aware that LGT have had long standing issues with recruiting suitably qualified staff into the service, in particular Band 6 Health Visitors (with 48 posts on the establishment). As of January 2021 the Council is aware that there are 15.3 fte vacancies, and even with the use of interim staffing the staffing underspend currently exceeds the proposed saving. The underspend remains with the Trust and is not returned to the Council.

Given the significant underspend currently, the Council expects that the Trust will not need to make any changes to the service it delivers and there should be no need for staff to be made redundant. While it is the Trust that would need to make the savings, this will be monitored by commissioners.

Sequencing of cuts

A redesign and re-commissioning process of the Health Visiting service will take place in 2021 resulting in a new contract for April 2022 onwards. We expect savings to be achieved through this process, and are exploring alternative commissioning and delivery models to enable us to deliver on this, for example alliance contracting with Children's Centres services and other early years provision. In addition, during the Covid pandemic the service has also worked in different ways including the use of video conferencing to make contact with families. In addition to improving the timeliness of health reviews, this has also been very well received by families and the continuation of this approach with some families could continue in the future.

Health Visiting services are also in the scope of the developing 'Family Hubs' approach that are part of the new Early Help and Prevention strategy agreed by Mayor and Cabinet in December 2020. There is an opportunity to work towards a greater integration across a range of child and family health services across each Family Hub. This will be developed during 2021.

3. Description of service area and proposal

The Health Visiting service is a core part of the early help offer in the borough, and there are a number of pieces of work planned as part of the new Early Help and Prevention strategy that will ensure the service is directly contributing to our strategic priorities and is aligned as closely as possible with the wider early help partnership, for example Health Visitors will form part of the neighbourhood-based Targeted Family Support teams.

As the current underspend is greater than the proposed cut it is anticipated that whilst £350k will be removed from the contract value there should be no impact on service users. Therefore this cut is effectively about contract management and better alignment of need a delivery approach.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Through a review of the maternity and early year's pathway we will seek to align and strengthen the support offer for families across the partnership. Clearer pathways and easier access to universal services across the board should help to improve the service offer.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

It is anticipated that the cut would be found through the existing vacancies in the service and a greater integration with the wider Early Help service. There should not be an impact on families.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Health Visitors have been the only professional that have face-to-face contact in the home with all Lewisham families in early infancy, regardless of need. Through this universal offer they play a key role in screening and early identification, which then facilitates access to additional support as needed.

A risk of reducing this universal offer is that emerging concerns which may not be proactively reported by parents (such as perinatal mental health, infant health and safety in the home, domestic abuse, developmental and attachment issues) could go unnoticed.

Mitigating actions

We would expect that the saving will be found from the existing underspend and that there will be no reduction in the service offer to families.

If, for an unanticipated reason the Health Visiting offer is scaled back, we would need to ensure that we build capacity in wider services or facilitate stronger partnership working to ensure that parents are still able to access support from an early years practioner as required.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health (inc Public Health)	6,224			
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
350	350			350
Total	350			350
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				Yes – Public
				Health Grant
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
Giving Children and young people the best start in life	Corporate priorities 1. Open Lewisham 2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
Delivering and defending: health, social care & support	3. Giving Children and young people the best start in life4. Building an inclusive local
3. Building safer communities	economy 5. Delivering and defending:
Building an inclusive local economy	health, social care & support 6. Making Lewisham greener 7. Building safer communities
	8. Good governance and operational effectiveness

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A

8. Service equalities impact				
Ethnicity:	Low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	High	
Gender:	High	Marriage & Civil	N/A	
		Partnerships:		
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Low	
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	Low	
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:		

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

Pregnancy/Maternity impact is potentially high as services are directed towards parents in the antenatal period and first 2.5 years following child birth.

Gender impact is high as service is more likely to be used by woman in maternity and as primary caregivers for infants.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No Yes

0 Human B	0. Human Bassurasa impast				
	9. Human Resources impact Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
		e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce p					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

A contract variation will be required to enact this proposal.

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and			
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Culture Team Salaries
Reference:	C-24
Directorate:	Community Services
Director of Service:	Liz Dart – Director of Culture, Libraries and Learning
Service/Team area:	Culture
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Andre Bourne
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
1) Remove £60k from Culture Team budget that was to help support Borough of Culture delivery.	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Culture Team directly manages the Broadway Theatre, Civic Events, our relationship with the cultural sector and is leading Borough of Culture 2022.

Cuts proposal*

A small reduction to the Culture Team salaries budget removing some additional support that was provided to help the team manage Borough of Culture. The removal of this funding would require Broadway Theatre staff to be deployed to the Borough of Culture Team and would mean that the Theatre would not be able to fully re-open until after Borough of Culture although an Autumn Season of events would take place from October 2022 at the Broadway Theatre as part of the Borough of Culture Programme and to mark the re-opening of the theatre following refurbishment.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The Broadway Theatre is currently closed due to Covid and to enable a programme of capital works to be undertaken. These works are scheduled to be completed in October 2022 so the Theatre staff would be available to be partially redeployed to support the Borough of Culture programme in the meantime whilst continuing to plan for re-opening.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

4. Impact and risks of proposal

The Theatre staff will need to balance preparing for re-opening following the capital works programme with working on Borough of Culture. However, there is an overlap with these areas of work and the Theatre staff have benefited from working on other Culture Team projects during the Covid closure forming strong working relationships with the rest of the team and other cultural partners. The ability to redeploy staff in this way between the teams means that these roles are protected for the duration of the works.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
			472	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Option 1	60			60
Total	60			60
% of Net Budget	13%	%	%	13%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	_ Fund _			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
1. Open Lewisham	Corporate priorities
	1. Open Lewisham
2. Building an inclusive economy	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3. Giving children and young people the	people the best start in life
best start in life	4. Building an inclusive local
4. Making Lewisham Greener	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5. Building safer communities	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	

7. Ward impact	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A		
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:			
For any High impact servi	ce equality are	eas please explain why and v	what		
mitigations are proposed:					
No specific impact on service equalities for users					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No					

9. Human Resources impact							
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No							
Workforce profile:							
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant		
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered		
Scale 1 – 2							
Scale 3 – 5							
Sc 6 – SO2							
PO1 – PO5							
PO6 – PO8							
SMG 1 – 3							
JNC							
Total							
Gender	Female	Male					
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known			
Disability	Yes	No					
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed			

10. Legal implications	
State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:	
None	

11. Summary timetable Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity			
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers			
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities			
	assessment and initial HR considerations)			
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C			
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020 required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021				
March 2021	Cuts implemented			

1. Cuts proposal				
Proposal title:	Reducing leisure spend – temporary Closure of the Bridge			
Reference:	C-26			
Directorate:	Community Services			
Director of Service:	James Lee			
Service/Team area:	Communities, Partnerships and Leisure			
Cabinet portfolio:	Andre Bourne			
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities			

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Closure of the	Yes	Yes	No
Bridge Leisure			
Centre			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

NB – This is an expenditure reduction proposal rather than a budget saving.

The Bridge Leisure Centre forms part of the leisure contract recently awarded to Greenwich Leisure Limited (GLL) following the cessation of the contract previously operated by Fusion Lifestyle and has operated at a significant deficit over recent years.

Overall, the contract represents a significant financial risk to the Council with the maximum contract value for the first two years being £4,040,248 with a 5 year total of £9,373,729.

As such officers have been reviewing all aspects of the contract to reduce financial exposure while still offering a quality and comprehensive leisure offer in the borough.

This review has been undertaken following the receipt of forecasted income / expenditure figures for the operation of all site and in conjunction with recently undertaken condition surveys and building inspections. It is clear from this review that The Bridge represents the single biggest financial risk in the contract, with losses under the previous contract of circa £500k in pre Covid conditions.

In the three year period to 31st March 2020, during which The Bridge was operated by Fusion, the financial performance worsened each year with diminished income partially offset by cost savings but producing increased deficits annually as shown in Table 1 below:

Table 1 The Bridge - Financial Performance - £'000

£'000	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18
Total Income	£623	£787	£859
Total Expenditure	£1,216	£1,211	£1,273
Loss	£594	£424	£413

Of the six facilities within the GLL Leisure Contract, The Bridge produces the largest deficit and is in the poorest condition requiring the greatest capital investment to return it to an acceptable condition.

Cuts proposal*

The Bridge Leisure Centre remains closed while the new Physical Activity Strategy is developed (which will include the undertaking of consultation) and there is full consideration of the future of leisure facilities in the Borough taking into account that Strategy.

NB: The full details of this proposal are set out in a full Mayor and Cabinet report titled Leisure Management Arrangements to be consider on 13th January 2021.

It is anticipated that to reopen the site in 2021 would require payment of an annual subsidy payment of circa £750,000 in revenue and circa £450,000 essential capital works with a further c£600,000 of works that would be considered as necessary with the first few years of reopening. The revenue figure is derived from reviewing the financial performance of the centre over the past three years where annual losses averaging almost £500,000 have been recorded and projecting the negative effects of COVID upon attendance levels which would further reduce the level of income and increasing the operational deficit. It may be that following the second lockdown there is a further deterioration in public usage of leisure facilities that may further increase this sum.

Whilst the benefits to health and wellbeing of providing a service at The Bridge are considerable, it is important to recognise that there are five other leisure centres in the borough, and a number close by in neighbouring boroughs.

As such, given the current financial pressure on the Council it is recommended that The Bridge Leisure Centre remains closed while the new Physical Activity Strategy is developed (which will include the undertaking of consultation) and there is full consideration of the future of leisure facilities in the Borough taking into account that Strategy. Officers will work to retain access to other services on the site i.e. the Indoor Bowls Centre and outdoor pitches.

There are inherent problems with The Bridge due to the age and design of the building which will always present difficulties in the customer experience and the quality of services. Originally a private Sports and Social Club, its layout was not designed to be a public leisure centre.

A recent condition survey has identified significant works are required to return The Bridge to an acceptable standard of provision with further investment required for COVID Secure standards.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The closure of The Bridge will result in the loss of a swimming pool and a range of other health and fitness facilities.

However, there are a number of other pools within close proximity and the Council plans to undertake a feasibility study into the replacement of the facility in the medium term.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Full details

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Closure of facility	355			355
Total	355			355
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
Corporate priorities				
1. Open Lewisham				
2. Tackling the Housing Crisis				
3. Giving Children and young				
people the best start in life				
4. Building an inclusive local				
economy				
5. Delivering and defending:				
health, social care & support				
6. Making Lewisham greener				
7. Building safer communities				
8. Good governance and				
operational effectiveness				

6.	. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
8.			

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	Highest impact in Sydenham and Bellingham

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity:	M	Pregnancy / Maternity:	M		
Gender:	М	Marriage & Civil	M		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	M	Sexual orientation:	M		
Disability:	M	Gender reassignment:	M		
Religion / Belief:	M	Overall:	M		
Is a full service equalities	Yes – on full				
	Physical				
	Activity				
			Strategy		

9. Human Resources impact	
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No	No

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and		
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),	
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:	
Month	Activity	
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where	
December 2020	required) prepared	
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments	
January 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget	
February 2021	Consultation on Physical activity strategy begins	
Autumn 2021	Further report to Mayor and Cabinet	

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Supported Housing Services
Reference:	C-28
Directorate:	Community Safety
Director of Service:	Dee Carlin
Service/Team area:	Prevention Inclusion & Public Health Commissioning.
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Adult Placement Scheme – Mental Health	No	Yes	No
Parent & Child Service	No	Yes	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The accommodation based support services in Lewisham are legacy 'Supporting People' services. These services are arranged in three 'pathways' for mental health, young people and vulnerable adults with different levels of support, broadly grouped from 'assessment' (24 hour), specialist (medium) to 'move-through' (visiting). Due to the Council's financial position, investment in these services has reduced from £13,901,015 in 2010 to £4,865,097 in 2019, or a 65% cut, with a commensurate reduction in commissioning staffing. Cuts to date have been made through significant staffing reductions across the board, and through service closure, particularly large reductions in lower support accommodation. As far as possible these cuts have been made working with providers to reduce costs and maximise other income to minimise service closures.

The level of cuts to date mean that further cuts will need to be achieved through service closure as described. Service closures have significant impacts elsewhere in the system: in housing and temporary accommodation costs across the board, and specifically in mental health in residential and acute placements, in vulnerable adults in social care and hospital discharge, and in the young people's pathway for children's social care. Proposed closures have been prioritised with this in mind.

Proposed cuts:

Adult Placement Service - Mental Health

The Adult Placement service was commissioned to provide 12 placements using a Shared Lives model to support people with enduring mental health needs. This annual contract value is: £188,047 which includes £120,000 carers' payments.

This service has not performed as intended, and has not been able to recruit and retain 12 carers. At present the service offers 4 APS placements, and diverts carers' payments for 2 service users to the in-house Shared Lives service. The funding linked with this service affects 6 service users overall.

Parent & Child Service:

The Parent & Child service was commissioned to provide supported accommodation to young homeless parents between the ages of 16-25. The annual contract value is £93,554.

This service has carried voids across the contract where there does not seem to be any clear demand from the Housing Options Team or Children's Social Care. The small amount of support funding does not enable 24 hour staff cover, and therefore cannot be used to meet the more complex needs of young people requiring more supervision.

Cuts proposal*

This proposal sets out cuts to the following services:

- 1) Decommissioning of the Adult Placement Service annual contract price: £188,047 (cut of £159,919).
- 2) Decommissioning of the Parent & Child Service annual contract price: £93,554.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Current service users will be moved to accommodation options that best meet their needs in the absence of the closed service. 3 service users from the adult placement service will be accommodated within the Council's Shared Lives service. The remaining £28,128 will be transferred to the Council's Shared Lives service with these service users. The Council will ensure that the needs of any new service users not currently provided for will be managed through improved contract management of the remaining provider contracts.

There is no other direct mitigation for these closures, other than the commissioning and contract management team working closely with external and internal partners to prioritise access and make best use of remaining resources.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

<u>Impact of decommissioning the Adult placement service:</u>

• Impact to the 4 service users residing in APS placements: Of the 4 service users residing in the APS, 3 have been assessed as suitable to move to alternative supported housing accommodation. 1 service user would require the ongoing care & support that he currently receives in the APS placement

4. Impact and risks of proposal

and would therefore recommend that funding to continue this support would be transferred to the LBL Shared Lives team to enable the placement to continue.

- Impact to the 2 service users where carers payments are diverted to LBL Shared Lives service: It has been assessed that these 2 service users will require ongoing placement in the LBL Shared Lives service, and it is recommended that funding to continue this support is transferred to the LBL Shared Lives team to enable these placements to continue.
- Impact to partners, other Council services and staff: A recent joint review between LBL and SLaM of the mental health supported housing pathway (finalised in November 2020) recommended that the ASP be decommissioned as it has not been able to meet the needs of the mental health cohort where carers would often refuse service users with sever and enduing mental health needs. It is therefore anticipated decommissioning this service would have little impact on partners in the borough.

There is an ask to continue 2 placements with the LBL Shared Lives service. However, as these placements are already being managed by the Shared Lives team, officers do not anticipate any negative impact provided the carers funding remains in place.

There is an ask to transfer one placement from the APS to the Shared Lives team. However, as this carer is also used by the Shared Lives team, officers do not anticipate any negative impact, provided the carers payment can be transferred.

Impact of decommissioning the Parent & Child service:

- Impact on service users residing in the service: Of the 16 current tenants all are eligible for move on via the Housing Register and 8 are already bidding for move on accommodation, 1 has been put forward and is awaiting outcome of the application, and the remaining 6 will be ready for independent move on across the year. There are not foreseen cost shunts to provide alternative / more specialist provision.
- Impact to partners, other Council services and staff: This service has
 carried voids across the contract, and utilisation of the service across
 2019/2020 averaged at 75% across the year. There does not seem to be a
 clear demand from HOC or CSC for this service, although referrals to the
 service from the HOC team has recently improved as has the utilisation of the
 service.

Referrals from CSC often requiring a higher level of support or more specialist parenting assessment which is not available in the service. Closing the service would likely see more young parents placed in TA who are likely to need support to develop parenting and independent living skills. More investment would be needed to make this service deliver for a higher need cohort.

Both contracts have a 6 month notice period in their contract.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Adult Placement scheme:

 Risks associated with continuity of support for existing tenants if funding to maintain / transfer to Share Lives placements is not agreed.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Mitigation: This proposal recommends transferring carers payments for 3 service users to shared lives to mitigate this risks

- Risks associated with securing suitable pathway accommodation: LBL have a large commissioned pathway and work closely with non-commissioned providers where it is likely we will identify suitable placements
- Reduction in mental health accommodation options:
 Mitigation: LBL has a large mental health pathway with a range of
 commissioned and non-commissioned services. This proposal will only reduce
 this pathway by 6 bed spaces.

Parent & Child Service:

- Move on from the service may take some time.
 Mitigation: service users ready for move on could be decanted into suitable TA.
- Cost shunts into TA budget:
 Mitigation: all service users are eligible for Housing Benefit which can be claimed to offset TA costs.

The Council will ensure that the needs of any new service users not currently provided for will be managed through improved contract management of the remaining provider contracts.

5. Financial information				
Controllable	Spend £'000	Income	Net	
budget:		£'000	Budget	
General Fund (GF)			£'000	
	£6.9m	£2.0m	£4.9m	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23	2023/24	Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000
APS service	£106,613	£53,306		£159,919
Parent & Child	£62,369	£31,185		£93,554
Service				
Total	168,982	84,491		253,473
% of Net Budget	3%	2%	%	5%
Does proposal	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
impact on:	Yes	No	No	No
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
1.	Corporate priorities	
	1. Open Lewisham	
2. Decommissioning any supported	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis	
accommodation based services will impact		

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact

on tackling the housing crisis by reducing options for vulnerable homeless groups.

- 3. Decommissioning the parent and child service will impact on giving Children & YP the best start in life removing a specialist parenting service.
- 4.
- 5. Supported housing services are key to defending health, social care, and support providing accommodation based solutions for vulnerable homeless cohorts and offsetting demand on primary care & social care services

6.

- 7. Supported Housing services contribute to building safer communities offering supported accommodation services to vulnerable groups who may otherwise rough sleep, be involved in criminal justice system, or require support with mental health and substance misuse issues.
- 8. Supported Accommodation services are cost effective alternatives to most expensive placement options to meet the council's statutory responsibilities towards young people aged 16 +,Children Leaving Care and 117 aftercare duties for those who have been sectioned under section 3 of the MH Act.

- 3. Giving Children and young people the best start in life
- 4. Building an inclusive local economy
- 5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support
- 6. Making Lewisham greener
- 7. Building safer communities
- 8. Good governance and operational effectiveness

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact			
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	Low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	High
Gender:	High	Marriage & Civil	Low
		Partnerships:	
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	Low
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	Low
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:	Low

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

Gender: Gender has been flagged as high in this proposal. Decommissioning the parent and child service will impact more on females than males. To date, 100% of

8. Service equalities impact

referrals to the service, and bed-spaces allocated have been to young women who are either pregnant or who have a young infant.

Pregnancy / Maternity: has been flagged as high as this service is the only supported housing service in the borough commissioned to work with young females who are pregnant or who have a young child.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No no				no
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

6 month notice periods apply to both contracts lists above should LBL wish to terminate.

11. Summary timetabl	е		
	main steps to be completed re decision and		
	implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),		
decision, transition w	decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	 e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities 		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		

11. Summary timetal	ple
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing
December 2020	
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where
December 2020	required) prepared
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget
March 2021	Cuts implemented



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service Restructure
Reference:	C-29
Directorate:	Community Services
Director of Service:	James Lee, Director of Communities, Partnerships and
	Leisure
Service/Team area:	Crime, Enforcement & Regulation (CER)
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Brenda Dacres
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Safer Stronger Communities

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
		Statutory vs	Statutory vs
		informal	informal
Restructure of Crime,	No	No	No
Enforcement &			
Regulation Service			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service (CER) comprises of;

- Crime Reduction (Anti-social Behaviour & Community Safety)
- Public Nuisance
- Licensing
- Trading Standards
- ➤ CCTV
- Prevent (Counter Terrorism)
- Counter Extremism
- Violence Against Women & Girls (VAWG)
- Violence Reduction Team

And works:

- To provide an initial response to complaints anti-social behaviour, noise and other statutory nuisance with 5 working days, prioritising reactive action on the most significant and persistent cases of nuisance and disorder.
- To meet our obligations to investigate statutory nuisance and take action taking into account the service risk matrix.
- To deliver a robust and effective administrative licensing function for the authority and tackle licence breaches and related nuisance.
- To respond to the most serious and detrimental Trading Standards concerns using an intelligence led model with regard to the following key areas: Fair Trading & Product Safety and other consumer protection matters where there is a duty to investigate/respond. Assess and where appropriate respond to all referrals from Citizens Advice Consumer Service where a relevant crime has been identified.
- To reducing serious violence amongst those under 25 years old with particular focus on knife- enabled crime, child sexual exploitation and domestic abuse.

- To tackle all strands of violence against women and girls with particular focus on domestic and sexual abuse
- To prevent hate crime occurring in Lewisham and increase reporting of hate crime and public confidence
- To prevent vulnerable people from becoming radicalised
- To deliver the National Extremism Strategy at a local level in Lewisham and build an understanding of the drivers, prevalence and wider harms of extremism to encourage a more cohesive and resilient community.
- To focus on work in relation to identified geographical hotspots, premises
 and people of interest and using regulatory and enforcement provisions
 across the partnership and community as appropriate. This includes
 business crime and community safety related issues that impact on local
 residents. This links with work under the strands of Organised Crime
 including drugs as a driver for violence, firearms, human trafficking, Child
 Sexual Exploitation, Economic crime and cybercrime

Cuts proposal*

This restructure is required to refocus generic officers into specialist areas to enable better management of staff and more effective delivery of those service areas.

The following restructure is proposed within the Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service for 2020/21 which will provide a saving of £50,000.

Review of the CER Licensing/ Trading Standards/ ASB/ Statutory Nuisance Service - which would consider a reorganisation to provide 2 dedicated teams of officers to focus on the following service areas:

- Licensing & Trading Standards
- Anti-Social Behaviour & Nuisance

The proposal seeks to reorganise the CER service whilst refocusing officers into specialist service areas in order to meet budget savings requirements and enable more effective management of these service areas with reduced staff. The proposal does not seek to make redundancies. There are currently vacancies within the Service which will be utilised to achieve the proposed structure changes.

The restructuring and amalgamation of the crime, enforcement and regulatory services, along with food safety and environmental protection in August 2015 achieved a saving of £800,000 to the Local Authority. This saving had an impact on the ability on the new Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service to deliver on statutory obligations but this was mitigated in part by taking action such as the cessation of running an out of hours noise nuisance service and capacity to deal with issues. The impact of these previous savings on existing officers has seen an increase in individual workload and pressure to deliver on statutory timescales with less resource.

A further reduction in officers was undertaken to make further savings in 2019/20 which has put further pressure on the existing officers and the Service as a whole to deliver against some nationally set statutory deadlines. Additionally, a number of new legislative changes have added further to the workload of officers, including the Business and Planning Act 2020 and Animal Welfare Regulations in 2018 which has added a new complex licensing and enforcement regime that needs to be delivered. It has been identified by management that the generic nature of officer's roles is causing a strain on the service's ability to effectively deliver on the specialist aspects of the

service as well as difficulties in distributing an ever increasing workload by the way of cases and complaints.

The service often has to deal with conflicting priorities which make it very difficult to deliver an effective service to residents. The case load across the service has seen significant increase since 2015. In 2015 the CER Service recorded 1014 cases and in 2019 this had increased to 3979 cases. To August 2020, the number of cases recorded was 2741 and this increase in cases, which has caused a strain on officer workloads, had already increased due to the most recent downsizing in 2019. Managing this increase alongside delivering on statutory functions such as licencing functions has become increasingly difficult.

By restructuring and focusing officers on specific work areas (licensing & trading standards, ASB & nuisance) it will enable a more streamlined work allocation process where management can more effectively balance officer workloads and better utilise available capacity.

The restructure aims to provide a regular out of hour's noise response service at weekends, which is currently run on an ad hoc basis following its deletion in 2015. Members have expressed a willingness to see it revived in a more structured way due to an increase in complaints from residents since is deletion. By revising job descriptions and dedicating officers to work in the focused area, a more formal arrangement will be able to be put in place to provide a regular provision of out of hours working.

This will also enable the service to explore income generation opportunities around pre application advice for licensing. Dedicated officers who specialise in the licensing area would also be able to provide professional advice or assist with applications for a fee. This is currently undertaken for free and takes up a significant amount of time. This new structure will also support the service to undertake better enforcement on unlicensed activity in the borough and therefore could generate more income on license fees.

The new job roles outlined in the restructure will provide focus and attention to these key areas of the service and provide the structure for more effective management of the increasing work demands. Officers within those roles will be able to develop further their specialism in the focused areas which they have been unable to achieve in the generic role, which is stretched across a wide and often conflicting area of work. Additionally, the separation of duties between teams will enable the clear separation between the roles of Licensing Authority and Responsible Authority under the Licensing 2003 under noise enforcement, both of which set within the current service structure amongst the amalgamated officer roles.

A further requirement on the service is that it employs a number of qualified officers to undertake inspections for animal activity licences as part of the animal welfare regulations 2018. As part of the transitional arrangements, the need to have officers who hold the QFQUAL level 3 qualification was delayed until October 2021. This training is likely to be costly with prices for 4 days courses starting at £1000. At the moment, a small number of officers and a manager deliver this area of work, however the generic nature of the job descriptions makes it difficult to embed the need of the qualification in to the service requirements of the role as it would currently require a change to everyone's job description. Therefore the focusing of officers in thematic areas will help to determine which officers need and should be put forward to further training to meet this statutory requirement at a cost to the council.

The future changes to legislation around Brexit will require a significant level of input from trading standards where much of the currently enforced legislation is EU legislation. Businesses will likely need a high level of input from the service around advice and support to comply with any changes or fallouts that might arise. The service is not currently in a strong position to deliver this, with a lack of resources focused on this area and a low level of specialist knowledge. This restructure aims to address this, by focusing officers and management on this area, as well as introducing a senior trading standards officer post who is required to have a high standard of qualification in trading standards to provide the level of knowledge, skill and specialism required to meet the requirements of the service.

The creation of the specific posts with the trading standards remit also ensures the service can effectively meet its statutory requirements in this area and deliver an effective programme of work in this area. Currently the service delivers this through the generic officers, which due to the general strain on time due to workload, results in the lack of specialism being developed. The creation of these roles will help to focus officers on this work area. Additionally, the creation of the PO5 Senior trading standards Officer will ensure that a qualified officer is employed with the appropriate training to deliver on the council's statutory function around weights and measures

The management structure within the service has also altered since the first amalgamation in 2015, which started with 4 team managers, to currently 2 managers delivering the services around licensing, trading standards and ASB and nuisance. The redrafted job descriptions for the 2 management roles better reflect what these officers currently deliver on, and the structure provides senior officers who will further support the delivery of these services.

The restructure, and associated budget cut, has been kept relatively modest as a wider examination of large parts of the service are already planned through the enforcement review which formed a previous savings proposal. The proposed saving is circa 2.5% of the overall service budget.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Risks of savings proposed and suggested mitigation

a) Reduction of Staff in the Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service

Risks of not restructuring:

Impact on Service Users: There is a clear need to restructure the service. Due to the recent changes in staffing and the increase in workload it is now difficult to allocate and deliver on within an amalgamated service. The risk on not restructuring to focus officers on specific duties is that statutory duties and legal obligations such as licensing and trading standards functions are not fulfilled. This has a knock on effect to residents, resulting in possible delays in notifications about applications, loss of time on public consultation periods and applications or complaints not being able to be fully considered in line with our current working protocols.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Impact on Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service Staff: Without a restructure of roles and responsibilities, the remaining 2 Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Team Managers will be responsible for managing large groups of staff with no support, and will have to coordinate services across the 2 existing teams, which causes problems with managing capacity and officer time. For example, one manager may need to allocate work to an officer in the other generic team, but this is difficult to do as they are not their direct line manager. The officers will continue to have a mixed and often chaotic workload, stretched across a range of areas with conflicting priorities. This will have an impact on officers' response times to new and existing cases/issues. The service will continue to be a reactive service, rather than one that can proactively plan and deal with problems.

Impact on partners: reduced capacity of officers to work in a problem solving, multi-agency manner with partners such as the police, Housing Associations, fire and voluntary sector to jointly act on issues to resolve in the short, medium and longer term.

Impact on other council staff: the service supports and often leads on complaints where there are complex and interconnected issues across areas such as planning, rogue landlords, highways, street enforcement, markets etc. – the lack of structured management and capacity will impact on our ability to do so. Supporting events, both council led and otherwise will be limited.

b) Risks of restructuring

- Potential risks to escalation of statutory nuisance/ ASB / trading standards matters which could impact on the safety of individuals.
- There are risks to delivering statutory obligations in Anti-Social Behaviour, Licensing, Public Nuisance and Trading Standards work as this saving would reduce the staff numbers/resources (further to the 2015 savings) to carry out this work. Risks in these areas can be short, medium and longer term and reflects on the ability of the Council to deal with resident complaints.
- Potential risks to responding quickly to issues that will impact negatively on residents and businesses
- Risks to delivering a multi-agency response that would better resolve the issue for the medium and long term.
- There could be further cuts and changes within our external partners
 i.e. the police which will have a cumulative impact on the response and
 ability to act appropriately and timely to issues of crime and ASB.

Mitigation:

- Review the locally set indicators to delivering the service response, where they are not a mandated legal time frame (such as licencing deadlines)
- Continue to use a risk based approach to focus resources on those issues of high harm or high levels of complaints.
- Working with departments in the council to understand the impacts and clarify what the Council collectively can and cannot respond to.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

- Working with partners to agree a new set of expectations and roles and responsivities
- All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	2,037		2,037	
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Restructure of CER service	50			50
Total	50			50
% of Net Budget	2.5%	%	%	2.5%
Does proposal impact on:	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact			
1. Building safer communities	Corporate priorities		
	1. Open Lewisham		
2. Open Lewisham	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis		
	3. Giving Children and young		
3.	people the best start in life		
	4. Building an inclusive local		
4.	economy		
	5. Delivering and defending:		
5.	health, social care & support		
	6. Making Lewisham greener		
6.	7. Building safer communities		
7.	8. Good governance and		
	operational effectiveness		
8.			

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All wards
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	All wards

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A					
Ethnicity: Medium Pregnancy / Maternity: Low					

8. Service equalities impact				
Gender:	Medium	Marriage & Civil	Low	
		Partnerships:		
Age:	Medium	Sexual orientation:	Medium	
Disability:	Medium	Gender reassignment:	Medium	
Religion / Belief:	Medium	Overall:	Medium	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:				
Is a full service equalities	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No	

9. Human Resources impact	
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No	No

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Legal/Statutory requirements

There are a number of statutory requirements which the Council must meet within the Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service area. These are set out below. However the Level / Frequency/Amount that needs to be delivered for most areas are dependent on local need and policy.

Duty of Local Authority	
Appoint chief inspector and enforce	
legislation. No level of activity specified	
Enforce legislation and consider certain	
types of fair trading complaint	
Investigate complaints and serve	
abatement notice if considered a	
statutory nuisance (EPA)	
Statutory responsibilities to reduce	
reoffending.	
S17 to prevent crime and disorder.	
Duty to develop a Community Trigger	
protocol for ASB, advertise and	
implement. ASB & Policing Act 2014	
Statutory duty to consider and grant	
licences for alcohol and entertainment,	
gambling, scrap metal, marriages and	
animal activities and related statutory	
processes around enforcement.	

11. Summary timetable		
Month	Activity	
November 2020	Proposal drafted	
December 2020 Staff consultation		

11. Summary timetable		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest	
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget	
March 2021	Cuts implemented	



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Access and Inclusion
Reference:	C-30
Directorate:	Children and Young People
Director of Service:	Angela Scattergood
Service/Team area:	Education
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public	Staff
		Consultation	Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
Rationalisation of	No	No	Yes
Business support			
across Education			
services of £70,000			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Business Support for Access, Inclusion and Participation

Across the Service there are seven Business Support posts that support Admissions, Attendance, CME, EHE, Safeguarding, Inclusion, services to schools and Legal and Finance functions.

Cuts proposal*

Business Support

It is proposed to review the wider business support for Education Services which is likely to lead to a reduction in the number of staff providing this support. This would be a target saving of £70,000.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

To rationalise the business support element across the remaining Business support teams.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

There is likely to be a reduction in staffing. All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Increased remote working have changed the nature of the support that is required.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG	2018			
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Business Support	70			70
Total	70			70
% of Net Budget	3%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	Yes		
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1. Giving Children and young people the best	Corporate priorities			
start in life	1. Open Lewisham			
	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
2.	3. Giving Children and young			
	people the best start in life			
3.	4. Building an inclusive local			
	economy			
4.	5. Delivering and defending:			
	health, social care & support			
5.	6. Making Lewisham greener			
	7. Building safer communities			
6.				
	8. Good governance and			
7.	operational effectiveness			
8.				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact			
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A			
Ethnicity:	Low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	n/a
Gender:	Low	Marriage & Civil	n/a
		Partnerships:	
Age:	Low	Sexual orientation:	n/a

8. Service equalities impact				
Disability:	Low	Gender reassignment:	n/a	
Religion / Belief:	Low	Overall:		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:				
Is a full service equalities i	impact assess	ment required: Yes / No	No	

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				Yes	
Workforce pi	rofile: Admin	in Matt Hen	aughan and Ed	lucation Stds	s & Inc
Posts	Headcoun	FTE	Establishme	Vac	ant
	t in post	in post	nt posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2	1	1			
Scale 3 – 5	3	3			
Sc 6 – SO2	7	6.3			
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total	11	10.3			
Gender	Female	Male			
	10	1			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
	8	3			
Disability	Yes	No	PNTS	Not disclosed	
	1	3	4	3	
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	PNTS
orientation	Heterosex	Lesbian		disclosed	
	6				5

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

11. Summary timetable Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc..), implementation: Month Activity

11. Summary timetabl	e
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities
	assessment and initial HR considerations)
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing
December 2020	
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where
December 2020	required) prepared
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget
March 2021	Cuts implemented



Appendix – 5 – D – Asset Realisation



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Educational Assets
Reference:	D-09
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Angela Scattergood
Service/Team area:	Infrastructure and Operations
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
£300k	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The service covers the Educational infrastructure (School buildings etc.) and the commissioning of capital works

Cuts proposal*

It is proposed to reprofile spend to utilise capital grant monies where possible for all spend associated with school buildings, this will allow up to £253k to be saved from the General Fund

Any income from the letting of vacant Premises Officers Houses to Lewisham Homes (£47k) to be taken as an income stream for the council rather than being re-used by the service.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

This will require a re-profiling of the School Minor Works Programme to ensure that there is an adequate pot of funding for 'Small and Emergency Works'

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

None

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

It is possible that this will mean that some school works projects are pushed back a year in the programme, to make allowance for the emergency works pot. This will be done on an intelligence led basis to mitigate the impact.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Use of Capital Grant	253			253
PO Houses lettings	47			47
Total	300			300
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
1. Giving Children and young people	Corporate priorities
the best start in life	1. Open Lewisham
2. Good governance and operational	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
effectiveness	3. Giving Children and young
3.	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity:	n/a	Pregnancy / Maternity:	n/a	

8. Service equalities impact					
Gender:	n/a	Marriage & Civil	n/a		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	n/a	Sexual orientation:	n/a		
Disability:	n/a	Gender reassignment:	n/a		
Religion / Belief:	n/a	Overall:	n/a		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what					
mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No			No		

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					No
Workforce profile:					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vacant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
E41-1-14	DUE	VV//	011	N. C.IZ	
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal: None

Outline timetable Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc..), implementation: Month Activity

11. Summary timetable		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers	
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities	
	assessment and initial HR considerations)	
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C	
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing	
December 2020		
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where	
December 2020	required) prepared	
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments	
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest	
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget	
March 2021	Cuts implemented	





Appendix 6 – E – Commercial approach



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Improved debt collection
Reference:	E-01a
Directorate:	Corporate Services
Director of Service:	Ralph Wilkinson
Service/Team area:	Public Services
Cabinet portfolio:	Finance and Resources – Cllr De Ryk
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Public Accounts Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Improved debt collection (reduced bad debt)	N	N	N
More targeted collection approaches and policies	N	N	N
More strategic approach to service offering	N	N	N
Channel shift telephone demand to create resource to target the "top 50 debts" for each area of NNDR, HB OPs, ASC and CTAX and use "learning" to review ongoing recovery processes	N	N	N
Use credit checking agencies e.g. Experian to credit rate debtors. To highlight those where their debt is easier to collect and efforts targeted (or harder to collect and used to decide on write off)	N	N	N

2. Decision Route			
Review initial contact	N	N	N
with service users to			
prevent negative			
debt behaviour at			
the start e.g. ensure			
they are aware of			
liability, create direct			
debits, review			
interim funding (for			
ASC cases)			
Review delivery of	N	N	N
enforcement			
services across the			
Council to establish			
existing			
opportunities to work			
generically and			
synergies and to			
improve income			
collection across the			
l Council			

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

All services raising debt within the Council, including CTax, recharges to partners (e.g. health etc.) and all sundry debt.

Cuts proposal*

This is an extension and a deepening of the initial proposal put up in the first round to improve debt collection across the Council. The initiative is as set out below, and the second round looks to generate a further £500k of income in 2021/22.

The initial work will be with the central debtors' team within Public Services but will need extensive engagement with all services raising debt.

The first strand of this project is to review the overall levels of aged debt with individual services and to develop an action plan to reduce this over a period of 6 months. This reduction in aged debt will result in a once off improvement in the bad debt provision of the Council.

The second strand is to work with all service areas to develop policies and protocols to proactively engage with debtors and ensure that the approach to debt collection is tailored to the nature of the debt raised and increases debt collection in a sustainable way. This will ensure that a permanent reduction in the Council's bad debt provision can be achieved.

The final strand will be to use the information coming from the debtors' team to ensure that the Council minimises poor debt (i.e. selling discretionary services to repeat non payers) and focuses resource on those services which have high levels of unpaid debt. It will also ensure that a threshold is determined and set so as to ensure that the cost of chasing the debt is always equivalent or lower to the cost of the debt itself.

3. Description of service area and proposal

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Start a programme of works with the Debtors Team, focusing on the areas with the highest debt / most aged debt.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

New ways of working for all those involved in either setting up services or collecting debt. Partners/service users not used to these approaches may need prior notice and clear communication in advance.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The levels of bad debt cannot be lowered any further (unlikely) or it is too difficult to ascertain the true costs of debt collection and resource is wasted chasing uneconomic debt. All debt activity must be costed across the Council to ensure strategic and informed decision making in terms of approach.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Additional: Improved	500			500
debt collection (reduced				
bad debt)				
Total	500			500
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No
If DSG, HRA, Health	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
1 Good governance and operational effectiveness	Corporate priorities 1. Open Lewisham	
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis 3. Giving Children and young	
3.	people the best start in life 4. Building an inclusive local	
4.	economy	

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	5. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
5.	5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support				
6.	6. Making Lewisham greener 7. Building safer communities				
7.	7. Dunding saler communities				
	8. Good governance and				
8.	operational effectiveness				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	N/A

8. Service equalities imp	act		
Expected impact on servi	ce equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A
		Partnerships:	
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what			

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

There is not anticipated to be any specific impact service equalities for users as this is simply the chasing of debt which the individual, group or organisation agreed to be charged prior to accessing the paid for service in the main.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No No

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact				
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce p	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency /	Not
				Interim	covered
				cover	
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			

9. Human Resources impact					
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

None. The specific legislation relied upon for the charging of the service / raising of the debt will be considered prior to the Council levy such charges.

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable		
Outline timetable for I	main steps to be completed re decision and		
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	 e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities 		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Contract Efficiencies – inflation management
Reference:	E-08a
Directorate:	All Council
Director of Service:	
Service/Team area:	
Cabinet portfolio:	Finance and Resources - Cllr de Ryk
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Public Accounts Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/ our-constitution	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Generate efficiencies from contracts from the removal of indexation/inflation	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

All Council currently contracted services and specifically new contracts which are let.

Cuts proposal*

The Council spends over £300m per annum on contracted services delivered by third parties. Some of this is in either long term contracts which cannot be varied, or spot contracts, but the average length of a Council contract is 2-5 years so there is circa £25m - £50m of new works and services brought to market each year. Furthermore, the Council budgets to increase non staffing budgets by CPI each year, which is circa £1.5m.

In round 1 of the cuts process it was proposed that if all new contracts brought forward are let on the basis of not including indexation, and the procurement framework and policies are adapted to support this, then its anticipated that £500k can be saved. In round 2 of the cuts it is proposed that a further £250k can be achieved through this same mechanism.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

The cut will be taken through the removal of £750k (£500k in round 1 and £250k in round 2) from the non-salary inflation with a review of those services most able to deliver against this and tracked through the procurement cycle.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

Those new contracts coming forward will need to be carefully monitored to ensure that the required services specification will still be delivered as specified. There will be no impact on staff.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The risk is that the cut will be taken via the central removal of inflation to service budgets so unless the procurement framework and processes capture this at the individual contract levels then there may be overspends against budgets.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Removal of £250k of	250	0	0	250
non-salary budget				
inflation, to be				
achieved through new				
contracts removing				
inflation. (This is on				
top of the £500k in				
round 1)				
Total	250			250
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No
If DSG, HRA, Health		N/A	N/A	N/A
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	r of DECREASING impact
1. Good governance and operational	Corporate priorities
effectiveness	1. Open Lewisham
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3.	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities

6.	Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact		
7.			
		8.	Good governance and
8.			operational effectiveness

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	All wards impacted by the contracts to be let

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity: N/A Pregnancy / Maternity: N/A				
N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A		
	Partnerships:			
N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
N/A	Overall:	N/A		
	e equalities for N/A N/A N/A N/A	e equalities for users – High / Medium / Long N/A Pregnancy / Maternity: N/A Marriage & Civil Partnerships: N/A Sexual orientation: N/A Gender reassignment:		

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

All service specifications are designed to consider equality and those with protected characteristics. The removal of inflation from a contract will not impact on that.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No No

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

9. Human Resources impact

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

There are no specific legal implications arising from this cut. All contracts let separately consider any legal implications from a procurement and service specification.

11. Summary timetabl	e		
Outline timetable for I	main steps to be completed re decision and		
implementation of pro	pposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),		
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:		
Month	Activity		
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers		
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities		
	assessment and initial HR considerations)		
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C		
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing		
December 2020			
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where		
December 2020	required) prepared		
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments		
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest		
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Environmental Enforcement – Use of Civil Enforcement
	Officers
Reference:	E-11
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm
Director of Service:	Zahur Khan – Director, Public Realm
Service/Team area:	Parking
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Sophie McGeevor - Cabinet Member for Environment and
	Transport
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Sustainable Development Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	Υ	N	N

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

The London Borough of Lewisham takes Environmental crime very seriously and the Council wants to ensure our neighbourhoods are clean and pleasant places as evidenced by our corporate priorities of Making Lewisham Greener and Building Safer Communities

Listening to our residents, it is important for local areas to be clean, free from litter and a pleasant environment to live in. Despite efforts to keep the area clean and litter-free, it is an almost impossible, and costly, to change while some individuals continue to dump waste illegally and be generally irresponsible with their litter. The Council needs to take a harder line with individuals and step up enforcement.

The proposal is to supplement the Environmental Enforcement team with Civil Enforcement Officers, appropriately trained to focus on on-street littering.

Cuts proposal*

The prime focus of this proposal will be to crack down on people that undertake activities such as:

- Dumping waste illegally
- Littering
- Allowing Dog Fouling
- Street Urination

The proposal will be to provide uniformed Community Enforcement Officers to issue a £150 or up to £400 for fly-tipping fixed penalty notice (FPN) for the following:

3. Description of service area and proposal

- Dropping litter including items such as cigarette butts, chewing gum, fast food and other forms of litter, such as packaging.
- Dog fouling failing to pick up after your dog or not disposing of the dog waste in the correct way.
- Urinating if you are caught urinating in a public place.
- Fly-tip your waste fly-tipping is illegal dumping on a site that is not licensed to accept waste. The waste may include general household rubbish, larger household items, e.g. mattresses and fridges, garden refuse or commercial waste.

It is an offence that can lead to a fine of up to £20,000 or imprisonment.

The £150 FPN reduces to £100 if paid within 14 days.

Enforcement officers, wearing uniforms and body cameras, will carry out street patrols with the aim of preventing fly-tipping or littering. The aim of the enforcement patrols is to target those who choose to ignore the littering laws, which the vast majority of our residents abide by. These patrols will take place in every ward in the Borough.

It is possible to commence enforcement in 2021/22 and could generate £225k per annum, but there will be a cost to the service with is fully costed but it is reasonable to assume, as per experience in other authorities this would be £100k per annum after costs.

An example of another Inner London authority showed that they issued nearly 3,000 penalty notices per year. More than half were for littering and 500 were for illegal waste dumping. There were 142 for unlicensed street trading, but only nine for urination and five for spitting.

Payments associated with FPNs are used to cover the cost of having officers out on street to educate citizens around the damage their antisocial behavior has on the environment, and where appropriate, to enforce environmental crime offences.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

None

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

- Unpopular with those residents and visitors falling foul of the new approach
- Increase in local cleanliness in targeted areas

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

In tackling the risks, going forward, over the next 6-12 months, we are undertaking a review of how we manage our streets from street cleansing, the collection of refuse and recycling and how we manage ASB. Our intention is to provide effective, agile front line services addressing the issues faced by our communities on a day to day basis, such as those you have raised.

First we will be looking at how we deliver our services and include an enhanced level of mechanisation and greater use of intelligence and need in resolving issues.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Secondly, we will be reviewing all Enforcement activities across the Council and our partners, such Lewisham Homes and the Metropolitan Police. This will look to provide a consistent model based on an intelligence and deployment approach. This approach would look to provide more flexible services, prioritisation and mapping and divert resources to where the greatest need is agreed. It would also look at greater education and changing the behaviours of those undertake anti-social activities on our streets.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	4,042	10,397	6,355	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Enforcement	100			100
Total	100			100
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list	in order of DECREASING impact
1. Making Lewisham greener	Corporate priorities
	1. Open Lewisham
2. Building safer communities	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3.	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	

7. Ward impact	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impa	nct			
		or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A	
Ethnicity:	N	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N	
Gender:	N	Marriage & Civil	N	
		Partnerships:		
Age:	N	Sexual orientation:	N	
Disability:	N	Gender reassignment:	N	
Religion / Belief:	N	Overall:	N	
For any High impact service	ce equality are	eas please explain why and v	what	
mitigations are proposed:				
Is a full service equalities i	impact assess	sment required: Yes / No	N	

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No				
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Covuol	Ctroight/	Cov	Pigovuol	Not	
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Ensuring that the correct scheme of delegation is enacted to allow the CEO to undertake these additional roles.

11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and				
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),			
	work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:			
Month	Activity			
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers			
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities			
	assessment and initial HR considerations)			
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C			
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
December 2020 to	Review of contracts and procurement to allow operation form			
March 2021	1st April 2021			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Cuts implemented			
April 2021	Expanded service introduced			



Appendix 7 – F – Better demand management



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Environmental Operations Review
Reference:	F-15a
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm
Director of Service:	Zahur Khan
Service/Team area:	Cleansing
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Sophie McGeevor - Cabinet Member for Environment and
	Transport
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Sustainable Development Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	Υ	N - Statutory	Y
		Y - Informal	

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

- The current service model for street cleansing is a barrow-based, beat street sweeping service, currently delivered on a weekly frequency to residential streets. Higher frequency sweeping is provided to town centres and areas with a higher footfall. In addition to sweeping streets, street sweepers are also responsible for emptying litter bins, reporting fly-tipping and graffiti, weeding pavements, helping Highways to grit icy pavements and clearing large amounts of leaf-fall during autumn.
- This programmed approach is used by many other authorities, many with higher levels of mechanisation.
- We believe there are efficiencies to be made within the service, which will
 reflect the Council's ambitions for the borough, to do things differently and
 provide a good service for residents, while finding the cuts we need to make.
- In December 2020, Mayor and Cabinet approved proposals to conduct a strategic review of all environmental operations, to provide a full operational and management model for the borough based on a menu of options and approaches, using best practice and industry standards. This review would inform the future shape of services including any efficiencies and capital requirements.

3. Description of service area and proposal

• It is proposed that on top of the 5% cut to the waste service, approved in December, an additional 10% cut is made by finding efficiencies within the review.

Cuts proposal*

It is proposed to remove a further 10% - or £567k - from the overall environmental services budget.

This would focus on the Street Cleansing budget.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

It is proposed that a service review, for all environmental operations – including street cleansing services - be undertaken in 2020/21, to provide a full operational and management model for the borough based on a menu of options and approaches, using best practice and industry standards.

This review would inform the future shape of services, including any efficiencies and capital requirements, and will give the opportunity next summer as part of the 2022/23 budget cycle, to decide on any further reductions in 2022/23 and 2023/34 based on a detailed and evidenced piece of work which also may allay fears and allow for greater efficiencies.

This would look for efficiencies across the whole of Environmental Operations which would mean, by adopting new agile ways of working, minimising the impact on on-street service delivery around cleansing.

The current service model requires investment in mechanical sweeping machines to enhance and improve the service for the residents of the borough, along with other changes in how the service operates, which could provide long term efficiency savings. This is linked to the growth proposals around an Integrated Intelligence Hub and Environmental Enforcement

2 Pilots were trialled in 2019 and reported to the September 2019 Sustainable Development Committee September 2019 Cleansing Pilots

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

- Frequency on residential roads reduced. This would need an assessment on
 the frequencies roads require and appropriate approaches to minimise any
 adverse impact such as increased mechanisation and litter picking. However
 this will mean that the current beat approach would see the once per week visit
 for all streets change to a more graduated service with some areas seeing
 visits on 2-3 weekly basis.
- Street Sweepers blue bags and small fly tips will remain out on the streets longer.
- With only 3 mobile teams to cover the whole of the borough, we will have to
 prioritise work more effectively and efficiently, and undertake to provide a more
 agile service but there would be delays and work assessed and dealt with on
 priority and impact.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

- There will be a number of staff affected that may have to be made redundant.
 All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.
- There will be an increase in the number of complaints by residents, as evidenced by the 2019 Pilots
- Increased demand on enforcement services
- An adverse impact on the perception of the borough in terms of cleanliness, attractiveness and management of the local environment, with a build-up of litter and detritus on the streets.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Depending on the outcome of the review, the current frequency of residential sweeping could be impacted. In addition, the service could become more reactionary rather than pro-active and strict prioritisation of work/impact could need to be implemented.

Pending the outcome of the review, achieving the savings could require a significant restructure of the service, with potential redundancies. All staff impacts will look to mitigation via redeployment as first route where possible.

5. Financial				
information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	6,323	340	5,983	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	0	567	0	567
Total	0	567	0	567
% of Net Budget	%	10%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes	No	No	No
If DSG, HRA, Health	·			
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1. Making Lewisham greener	Corporate priorities			
	1. Open Lewisham			
2. Good governance and operational	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
effectiveness	3. Giving Children and young			
3. Building safer communities	people the best start in life			
	4. Building an inclusive local			
	economy			

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
4. Open Lewisham	5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support			
5.	6. Making Lewisham greener7. Building safer communities			
6.	8. Good governance and			
7.	operational effectiveness			
8.				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	All

8. Service equalities impact						
Expected impact on service	Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A					
Ethnicity:	Ethnicity: N Pregnancy / Maternity: M/L					
Gender:	N	Marriage & Civil	N			
		Partnerships:				
Age:	M/L	Sexual orientation:	Ν			
Disability:	M/L	Gender reassignment:	N			
Religion / Belief:	N	Overall:	N			

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

The removal of these services would affect all residents and visitors however some increases in litter and detritus may have an impact on those with mobility issues.

- Older people can be less steady on their feet and more prone to trip hazards.
 A build-up of detritus on footways and carriageways may lead to increased accidents and reduced confidence in going out in public.
- For those with a disability, the same as the above applies but especially
 important with certain impairments such as poor vision, limited mobility or
 wheelchair users. Navigating around rubbish, spillages or broken glass is not
 always easy, causing general inconvenience, burst tyres and a potential loss
 of confidence.
- Women who are heavily pregnant may be at increased risk of falls as they may be unsteady on their feet.

The service will prioritise all incidents using a risk based approach to reduce the impact on equality groups but waiting times will be longer with reduced resource

Is a full-service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No

9. Human Resources impact						
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No Yes						
Workforce profile:						
Posts		FTE		Vacant		

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact					
	Headcount	in post	Establi	Agency /	Not covered	
	in post		shment	Interim cover		
			posts			
Scale 1 – 2	83	83		46		
Scale 3 – 5	29	29				
Sc 6 – SO2	2	2				
PO1 – PO5	12	12				
PO6 – PO8	2	2				
SMG 1 – 3	1	1				
JNC	0	0				
Total	129	129		47		
Gender	Female	Male				
	6	123				
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known		
	44	74	3	8		
Disability	Yes	No	PNTS	Unknown		
	7	84	27	11		
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexu	PNTS/Not	Other	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian	al	disclosed		
	86	1		29/11	2	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

The Environmental Protection Act 1990 and DEFRA Code of Practice

11. Summary timetabl	11. Summary timetable					
	Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and					
	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),					
	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:					
Month	Activity					
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers					
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities					
	assessment and initial HR considerations)					
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C					
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing					
December 2020						
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where					
December 2020	required) prepared					
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments					
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest					
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget					
March 2021 – March	There would be a need to ensure that the Environmental					
2022	Operations review and the subsequent procurement tie in					
	with the timeline for the 1 st April 2022					
April 2022	Cuts implemented					

Appendix 1 Public Realm Budget and Delivery Approach 2020-2024

1. Overview

1.1 This appendix sets out:

- the approach to making more significant service changes and efficiencies over the next 3-year budget cycle, linking the current proposals for savings/cuts with complementary investment proposals
- current proposals including those that are deemed high risk

2. Strategy and Staging for change and improvement

- 3.1 To move the Division forward to a point where it operates on the basis of agile, demand led and prioritised services, with the potential to deliver further efficiencies, a twin track approach is required.
- 3.2 This approach will comprise:

Stage 1 – Development

- A small element of initial investment to address fundamental flaws in the current operation, as already submitted as part of the 2021/22 budget process. This will provide a small strategic resource to develop the forward planning and delivery capacity required to address future growth and pressures as well as corporate and political priorities.
- Concurrent to this, a number of service reviews will be undertaken to look at the current situation, future pressures and demands and to assess alternative service delivery models.

Stage 2 – Implementation

- Following the above work, a fuller, evidenced picture of the nature and shape of services will be available as well as details of the challenges and opportunities facing them in coming years.
- In most areas, there will be options and associated outcomes identified that will provide a menu-based approach based on intelligence and priority and corresponding opportunities around cost.

4. Stage 1 – Development

4.1 At this stage, a small element of initial investment required to move forward the necessary service development and change. Table A shows the investment put forward as growth within the 2021/22 budget process.

Table A – Invest to Save/Develop

Investment	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Commercial operations and			
Development	100	50	
Integrated intelligence Hub	60	60	
Environmental Enforcement	125	250	125
Waste Strategy and Delivery	60	60	
	500k-1m Capital		
	plus		
Environmental Operations - Street	£25konone-		
Cleansing	off		

Note: figures shown are £000,000

- 4.2 This investment will need to be supplemented by a number of reviews and service changes of which the following 3 in particular are linked directly to the budget proposals and more detail is contained within specific proposals:
 - Environmental Operations Review
 - Commercial and Green Waste Commercial Review and Marketing Strategy
 - Lewisham Waste Strategy and Delivery Plan

5. Stage 2 - Implementation

- 5.1 Following the above work, and other reviews that will be undertaken in and across Public Realm, a fully evidenced and deliverable programme for service change with options will be available. This will then be able to provide a range of choices for members to consider.
- 6. Efficiencies for 2021/22 and beyond
- 6.1 Table B shows the efficiencies proposed for 2021/22 onwards in the first round of the 2021/22 budget cycle process.

Table B - Savings proposed for 2020/21 to 2023/24

Saving	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	RAG
Waste Minimisation			ТВС		
Cleansing Option 1 (5%)			330		
Cleansing Option 2 (10%)			650		
Cleansing Option 3 (15%)			970		
Climate Change – Parking Zones			1000		
Climate Change - Safety	250	250			

Total 1,830 min.			
2,470 max.			

Note: figures shown are £000,000

- 6.2 In the main, these were straight forward basic cuts to services or radical changes to our approach around waste disposal: Expand a bit
 - Waste minimisation This would be linked to our new Waste Strategy and Delivery Plan and would look to reduce tonnages produced within the Borough. This requires a mix of extensive engagement and behaviour change, waste restriction on bins and longer frequencies for collections (towards 3 weeks) amongst others. This requires much more detailed work, including independent challenge and analysis, for a more detailed figure and to map out longer term gains such as direct savings as well as importantly providing necessary cost aversion.
 - Street Cleansing cuts. These would be purely on-street reductions and although we would try to minimise the impact of these by being agile etc., none of the benefits of a full review and an alternative service model would be applicable if taken in advance, e.g. before 2022/23. Given the sensitive nature of street cleansing on the perception of the borough, it is recommended that the reviews mentioned above be undertaken before any decision is taken.

5% - £330k
 10% - £650k
 15% - £970k

- Climate Change Safety To expand the current function within Parking, for the use of enforcement cameras for box junctions. This would primarily be targeted towards improving road safety and reducing injuries within the borough and meeting our and the Mayor for London's targets.
- Climate Emergency Parking Zones One of our strongest tools to reduce car dependence and increase more sustainable modes of transport such as walking and cycling, is the use of parking controls. To meet the challenge of the Climate Emergency in Lewisham, extending our CPZs borough wide would be a key tool as part of the Councils approach to tackling the Climate Emergency and reducing the impact of the car on the environment and health. In doing so, and thereby protecting the Borough, there would be a by-product of increased income associated with this corporate objective.

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Changes to Children's Social Care services – reduction in
	court proceedings, legal advocacy and specialist
	assessments for court proceedings.
Reference:	F-19
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Lucie Heyes
Service/Team area:	Children's Social Care
Cabinet portfolio:	Childrens Services and School Performance – Cllr Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Children and Young People Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Yes / No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/	Public Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation Yes / No and Statutory vs informal
Reduction in court proceedings, the advocacy and specialist assessments for court proceedings.	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

A range of services and functions sitting within Children's Social Care and in particular the budget for providing placements for children and young people in care or who are care leavers. This budget is currently over-spending.

Cuts proposal*

It is important to note that the budget for child placements is significantly overspending at present. The saving listed below is in train already and is contributing to a reduction in the overspend in this financial year. The saving will be achieved through a reduction in court proceedings, legal advocacy and specialist assessments for court proceedings.

As part of the CSC improvement plan a key aim was to reduce the numbers of children subject to court proceedings, through introducing the Signs of Safety Practice Framework in 2019. Through 2019/20 court proceedings have already reduced and are forecast to remain lower this year. During the second half of the 20/21 financial year, commissioning external legal advocacy for court proceedings was ceased for all but the most complicated cases. Alternatively the in-house legal team are expected to represent the Local Authority in Family Public Proceedings. The estimated saving for 20/21 is £150k and £500k in 21/22. Judges frequently demand the Local Authority

3. Description of service area and proposal

undertake additional specialist assessments during proceedings. Work has also started on reducing the number of additional assessments required, strengthening the quality of existing assessments and exploring better value commissioning and quality assurance arrangements for specialist assessments. It is not possible to quantify the cost savings for this at this stage.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Actions currently underway have generated a significant reduction in expenditure. The actions listed above should continue with this direction of travel.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The actions listed above should not have a negative impact on the quality of care and in many cases should lead to an improvement in the service offer. These proposals do not involve denial or downgrading of services to protect children and young people: quite apart from the Council's strong commitment to the safety and wellbeing of our most vulnerable children, the services concerned are governed by strict statutory requirements.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

The current proposals are being closely monitored by both the Executive Director for Children and Young People and the Executive Director for Finances and Resources, together with the two Cabinet Members. All of these savings have been achieved in other Local Authorities.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	56,103	-3,834	52,269	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Reduction in court	500			500
proceedings &				
advocacy				
Total	500			500
% of Net Budget	2.9%	2.9%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
	Yes	Yes	No	yes
If DSG, HRA, Health		Re-		Some
impact describe:		alignment of		recharge to

5. Financial information		
	some costs to the DSG	the CCG for health
	HNB	related costs

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in orde	r of DECREASING impact
1.	Corporate priorities
	1. Open Lewisham
2.	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3. Giving Children and Young People the best	people the best start in life
start in life	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
Good governance and operational	
effectiveness	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Borough wide
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A					
Ethnicity:	low	Pregnancy / Maternity:	low		
Gender:	low	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	N/A		
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
Disability:	low	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	low		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No No					

9. Human Resources impact						
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					
Workforce profile:						
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vacant		
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency /	Not	
				Interim	covered	
				cover		

9. Human R	esources imp	act			
Scale 1 – 2	·				
Scale 3 – 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

None

11. Summary timetable					
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and					
implementation of pro	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Emission based charging for Short Stay Parking
Reference:	F-20
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm
Director of Service:	Zahur Khan – Director, Public Realm
Service/Team area:	Parking
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Sophie McGeevor - Cabinet Member for Environment and
	Transport
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Sustainable Development Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	Υ	Υ	N
		Statutory	

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

In 2020, the Council, as a response to the declared Climate Emergency, introduced an emissions based policy and charging regime for parking permits.

In summary, new banded charges for resident and business parking permits were introduced based on a vehicle's CO2 emissions. Permits for those with the least polluting vehicles were cheaper than previous permits, whilst those with the most polluting vehicles paid more.

However, due to technical issues with infrastructure, this change did not allow the Council to cover the Councils short stay, Pay & Display parking with the same approach.

Cuts proposal*

This proposal considers the particular adverse environmental and health impacts of fossil fuel emissions on short stay parking and proposes implementing an emission based parking regime similar to that for parking permits within Lewisham. This involves a CO2 based regime on short stay parking visitors, in order to deter the use of such vehicles and reduce the emissions arising. In addition a levy on diesel vehicles is proposed.

New infrastructure now allows this policy to be extended over the Short Stay Pay and Display area but the production and delivery timelines will, as with most current procurement, be subject to delay due to Coid-19 and will mean a later start in 2021/22 with a half year of benefits in that financial year.

3. Description of service area and proposal

Initial analysis indicates that a full CO2 regime will require modelling but could be similar in approach and operation to the regime currently in place for Permit holders in Lewisham.

This is estimated to potentially generating £140,000.

A Diesel surcharge is in place in other similar inner London authorities and it is proposed to charge a comparable amount of £3 surcharge on diesel vehicles, on top of a CO2 regime. It is estimated this proposal will generate £100,000. However the infrastructure issues highlighted above will mean a half year of benefits in 2021/22.

The proposal will require £60k in 2021/22 for staff time to start up, implementation and consultation/traffic order making/amending.

This proposal is aimed at improving air quality, reducing the harmful effects of pollution to people, especially the young and the elderly and supports the Lewisham's air quality aims and the Mayor of London's Ultra-Low Emission Zone.

To enable this approach, the remaining 65 P&D machines will require a capital upgrade of £400k capital investment. With cashless transactions at around 80%, it would be sensible to consider a full cashless regime. Paypoints can be arranged in shops with 100m of all P&D locations, should motorists still wish to pay by cash. However Members have previously indicated that they wish to retain machines in a number of areas and therefore, if this route is agreed then this will need to be tied in with the proposal for introducing emission based charging for motorcycles and the necessary capital investment.

This will require a borough wide statutory consultation as part of the Traffic Order Making process and can be delivered halfway through 2021/22.

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

None

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

- This measure maybe unpopular with users
- Will further support the Council's climate agenda.
- Will contribute to benefitting those most vulnerable to poor air quality.
- Will encourage, along with other measures, to motorists investing in cleaner emission vehicles.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	4,041,880	10,397,000	6,355,120	
HRA				

5. Financial information				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
CO2 surcharge	70	70		140
Diesel surcharge	50	50		100
Total	120	120		240
% of Net Budget	0.0018%	0.0018%	%	0.0037%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Υ	N	N	N
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact				
1. Making Lewisham greener	Corporate priorities			
	1. Open Lewisham			
2. Good governance and operational	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis			
effectiveness	3. Giving Children and young			
3.	people the best start in life			
	4. Building an inclusive local			
4.	economy			
	5. Delivering and defending:			
5.	health, social care & support			
	6. Making Lewisham greener			
6.	7. Building safer communities			
7.	8. Good governance and operational effectiveness			
8.				

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	All Wards within Controlled Parking Zones
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

Expected impact on service Ethnicity:	e equalities N	for users – High / Medium / La Pregnancy / Maternity:	ow or N/A N
Gender:	N	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	N
Age:	N	Sexual orientation:	N
Disability:	N	Gender reassignment:	N
Religion / Belief:	N	Overall:	N
For any High impact servimitigations are proposed:		areas please explain why and	what

8. Service equalities impact Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No No

9. Human Resources impact							
Will this cuts	Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No						
Workforce pi	Workforce profile:						
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant		
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered		
Scale 1 – 2							
Scale 3 - 5							
Sc 6 – SO2							
PO1 – PO5							
PO6 – PO8							
SMG 1 – 3							
JNC							
Total							
Gender	Female	Male					
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known			
Disability	Yes	No					
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed			

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Subject to statutory consultation under the Traffic Management Act with regard to introduction and setting a fee,

11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and				
implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity			
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers			
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities			
	assessment and initial HR considerations)			
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C			
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing			
December 2020				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			

11. Summary timetable			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget		
March 2021	Cuts implemented		



1. Cuts proposal				
Proposal title:	Road Safety – Enhanced Enforcement			
Reference:	F-21			
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm			
Director of Service:	Zahur Khan – Director, Public Realm			
Service/Team area:	Public Realm			
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Sophie McGeevor - Cabinet Member for Environment and			
	Transport			
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Sustainable Development Select Committee			

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	Υ	N	N

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Lewisham has, over the years, implemented a great number of traffic measures to manage traffic flow, improve road safety and to prioritise sustainable modes of transport such as walking, cycling and bus priority. These schemes have included banned turns, one way systems and other restrictions to limit vehicular movement, mainly in the more residential areas, to increase safety or address local environmental issues.

When such measures are complied with, it allows traffic to move freely and reduces road danger, whilst improving air quality. However, if such measures are contravened, road danger increases for pedestrians, cyclists and motorists. Such conflicts can also cause delays and congestion, leading to a loss of amenity and negatively affect air quality.

The vast majority of these are not regularly enforced.

Cuts proposal*

To complement the proposal for the Council to enforce yellow box junctions, it is proposed that a similar programme of enforcement be undertaken to support the Councils priorities around road safety and local environment.

The proposal is to review existing restrictions and initially enforce those with the highest number of contraventions and those contraventions where a high risk of occurrence and personal injury is highlighted.

The proposal will be developed and implemented by Traffic and supported by Parking and our Parking contractor NSL Ltd on CCTV and maintenance functions. This will involve:

 As part of our on-going annual work on road safety and reducing personal injuries within Lewisham, an assessment of accident hotspots along with

3. Description of service area and proposal

surveys and restrictions will be undertaken to provide a prioritised list of locations with contraventions.

 A list of around a dozen sites will be initially be made and will be assessed to ensure camera enforcement can be administered.

This will help manage safety and congestion on our roads, improve air quality and confidence for all vulnerable road users and motorists that these sites are being managed correctly. This will also assist in meeting our and the Mayor for London's targets.

Some of the proposals can be implemented in 2021/22, with 5 sites of the initial 12 and the remainder in the following year. Exact sites will be dependent on surveys, which will need to be commenced first.

Costs for the necessary capital investment, including cameras, will be required, on an invest to save basis. As such a capital investment of £360,000, with £100,000 in 21/22 and £175,000 in 22/23 is required.

As a by-product of our reinforcing the effectiveness of our traffic management measures it is anticipated that there will be net income as follows

	2021/22	2022/23
Income	£250k	£375k

The production and delivery timelines will, as with most current procurement, be subject to delay due to Coid-19 and will mean a later start in 2021/22 with a half year of benefits in that financial year.

As these measures exist, no consultation will be required and appropriate signs will be added to the restrictions, as necessary.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

- A wide range of positive impacts around environment, from local streetscape to air quality.
- Perceived impact on personal access and business
- Not popular with some residents and businesses
- Reinvestment into local environmental improvements and transport and accessibility initiatives and services as per Section 55
- Income raised through fines is spent on running of the parking services and any surplus is used to subsidise the costs of concessionary fares and maintaining our roads.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget: General Fund (GF)	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Budget £'000	
	4,042	10,397	6,355	
HRA				

5. Financial information				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Road Safety – enhanced enforcement	250	375		625
Total	250	375		625
% of Net Budget	2.75%	5.5%	%	8.25%
Does proposal impact on:	General Fund	DSG	HRA	Health
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	of DECREASING impact
1. Building safer communities	Corporate priorities
	1. Open Lewisham
2. Making Lewisham greener	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
	3. Giving Children and young
3. Good governance and operational	people the best start in life
effectiveness	4. Building an inclusive local
4.	economy
	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	Wards identified in the priority list
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:	N	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N		
Gender:	N	Marriage & Civil	N		
		Partnerships:			
Age:	N	Sexual orientation:	N		
Disability:	N	Gender reassignment:	N		
Religion / Belief:	N	Overall:	N		

8. Service equalities impact	
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and w	/hat
mitigations are proposed:	
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No	N

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: Yes / No					
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	cant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

All income must be applied via the hierarchy specific in Section 55 of the Road Traffic regulation Act 1984

11. Summary timetab	11. Summary timetable				
Outline timetable for	main steps to be completed re decision and				
implementation of pro	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),				
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:				
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
assessment and initial HR considerations)					
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					

11. Summary timetable				
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where			
December 2020	required) prepared			
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments			
December 2020	Commence surveys and draft proposals			
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest			
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget			
March 2021	Procurement commences			
September 2021	Installation programme commences over next 12 months			



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Motorcycle Parking Charges
Reference:	F-22
Directorate:	Housing, Regeneration and Public Realm
Director of Service:	Zahur Khan – Director, Public Realm
Service/Team area:	Parking
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Sophie McGeevor - Cabinet Member for Environment and
	Transport
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Sustainable Development Select Committee

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	Υ	Υ	N
		Statutory	

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

Motorcycles currently park free of charge in Controlled Parking Zones (CPZs) and on any permit holder, pay-and-display or dual purpose bay within Lewisham. In addition some motorcycle parking is available in car parks.

As part of our commitment to improve local air quality and reduce CO₂ emissions in Lewisham, we are proposing to introduce parking permits for motorcycles. This is aimed at tackling air pollution from motorcycles by encouraging people to switch to less polluting models or more sustainable forms of transport. It will also bring all motorcycle parking charges in line with other vehicles, which have had emissions-based permits since last year.

Poor air quality contributes to an estimated 10,000 premature deaths every year in London. As vehicle emissions are the primary source of air pollution in London, it is crucial that Lewisham plays its part in tackling this source of pollution.

Cuts proposal*

As part of our Local Implementation Plan and Parking and Enforcement Plan, Lewisham is committed to encouraging people to travel more sustainably, increasing walking and cycling rates, and promoting public transport use. This also is in-line with our approach to the declared Climate Emergency.

These proposals are aimed at encouraging motorcyclists who need to ride to switch to less polluting and zero-emission motorcycles. The proposals would also bring Lewisham in line with the majority of other inner London boroughs that already charge for motorcycle parking.

3. Description of service area and proposal

Motorcycles have not been charged to park in the borough up to now, largely because it has not been possible to display a permit securely on a motorcycle. Developments in technology offer a practical solution in the form of cashless parking and e-permits as used currently within the borough.

In support of the Council Climate agenda it is proposed to, within controlled parking zones:

- Introduce a requirement for motorcycles to hold a valid permit to park in any permit holder bay, which would be charged based on emissions.
- Making it a requirement for visitors travelling by motorcycle to display either a visitor e-voucher when visiting friends and family, or purchase a cashless parking session when parked in short-stay bays.

This would mean:

- Motorcycle bay parking will be free for electric motorcycles.
- Motorcyclists could park for £1 a day.
- Each daily permit can move between motorcycle bays during the same day without any further charge.
- Longer term permits have also been proposed below, with the same concession. The proposal will allow motorcycles to park in bays they currently do, but with a charge.

At this stage, the proposed prices shown below are indicative and subject to further change following further research and analysis, including a possible emission based regime.

Permit duration	Price
1 day	£1
1 week	£3
1 month	£10
1 quarter	£30
1 year	£100

The proposal is expected to generate £80k income in 2022/23, but will require £60k in 2021/22 for staff time to start up, implementation and consultation/traffic order making/amending.

To enable this approach, the remaining 65 P&D machines will require a capital upgrade of £400k capital investment. With cashless transactions at around 80%, it would be sensible to consider a full cashless regime. Paypoints can be arranged in shops with 100m of all P&D locations, should motorists still wish to pay by cash. However Members have previously indicated that they wish to retain machines in a number of areas and therefore, if this is the route agreed, then this will need to be tied in with the proposal for introducing emission based charging for short stay P&D and the necessary capital investment.

This proposal can be delivered for 2021/22 and will need to align with the procurement and infrastructure required for the proposal for emissions based Short Stay pay and

3. Description of service area and proposal

display. Production and delivery timelines will, as with most current procurement, be subject to delay due to Coid-19 and will mean a later start in 2021/22 with a year of benefits in 2022/23

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

Not applicable

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

- This measure maybe unpopular with users
- Will further support the Council's climate agenda.
- Could lead to displacement of parking into adjoining areas without parking controls.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

There are interest groups who have views on the proposed roll out for charging for motocycles, such as the Motorcycle Action Group. We shall engage with such groups as the proposals are developed and consulted on.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	4,042	10,397	6,355	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Motorcycle Parking		80		80
Total		80		80
% of Net Budget	%	<1%	%	<1%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
	Y	N	N	N
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact			
1. Making Lewisham greener	king Lewisham greener Corporate priorities		
	1. Open Lewisham		
2. Good governance and operational	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis		
effectiveness			

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
3.	3. Giving Children and young people the best start in life
4.	4. Building an inclusive local economy
5.	5. Delivering and defending: health, social care & support
6.	6. Making Lewisham greener7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
8.	operational effectiveness

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	Zones
impact by ward:	Those Wards with Controlled Parking Zones
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact			
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / L	ow or N/A
Ethnicity:	N	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N
Gender:	N	Marriage & Civil Partnerships:	N
Age:	N	Sexual orientation:	N
Disability:	N	Gender reassignment:	N
Religion / Belief:	N	Overall:	l N
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:			
Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: Yes / No			

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	proposal hav	e an impact o	n employees:	Yes / No	No
Workforce p	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			

9. Human R	esources imp	act			
Ethnicity	BME	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal: Requirement to undertake consultation under the Road Traffic Act

11. Summary timetab	e
Outline timetable for	main steps to be completed re decision and
implementation of pro	oposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),
decision, transition w	ork (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:
Month	Activity
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities
	assessment and initial HR considerations)
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing
December 2020	
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where
December 2020	required) prepared
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget
March 2021	Order Making and procurement commences
September 2021	Installation programme commences over next 12 months

1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	Review transport services to secure efficiencies
Reference:	F-23
Directorate:	CYP
Director of Service:	Angela Scattergood
Service/Team area:	Home to School Transport
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Barnham
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	CYP Select

2. Decision Route			
Cuts proposed:	Key Decision*	Public Consultation	Staff Consultation
	Yes / No	Yes / No and	Yes / No and
	See para 16.2 of the	Statutory vs	Statutory vs
	Constitution	informal	informal
	https://lewisham.gov.uk/		
	mayorandcouncil/		
	aboutthecouncil/		
	how-council-is-run/		
	our-constitution		
	No	No	No

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed: Home to School Transport

There is a statutory requirement to provide home to school transport for children with Educational Health & Care Plan where the plan specifies a transport service.

From 2015 to 2019, the number of EHCPs in Lewisham increased by 65.5% from 1,408 to 2,344. The number of ECHPs in Lewisham now stands at 2,873, representing a further 22.5% increase since the January 2020 SEN2 census date. There are 2 aspects within the transport service- passenger services (Lewisham buses) at £2.2M and use of taxis at £1.1M. The annual budget of has typically overspent by £2M. For this year the forecast is 2.6M overspend, some of this is due to COVID.

Cuts proposal*

The proposal is to review passenger services and use of taxis to identify a strategy to secure a reduction in spend of £250,000

Mitigating Actions for 21/22

This review is seeking to identify efficiencies in our transport processes and not a reduction in service to those children who are eligible for transport support.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

This risk with this proposal arises from the increasing numbers of children and young people with EHCP, particularly those accessing education out of borough. A mitigation plan has been devised to increase in borough capacity. However, this is a demand-led budget within a statutory framework. A previous planned review of the service was paused as a consequence of the Covid 19 pandemic.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	3,265	0	3,265	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Home to school	250			250
transport				
Total	250			250
% of Net Budget	7.7%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No	Yes			
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order	r of DECREASING impact
Giving children and young people the	Corporate priorities
best start in life	1. Open Lewisham
2. Delivering and defending: health, social	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis
care and support	3. Giving Children and young
3. Building an inclusive economy	people the best start in life
	4. Building an inclusive local
4. Good governance and operational	economy
effectiveness	5. Delivering and defending:
5.	health, social care & support
	6. Making Lewisham greener
6.	7. Building safer communities
7.	8. Good governance and
	operational effectiveness
8.	

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	No specific impact
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?

8. Service equalities impact				
Expected impact on service equalities for users – High / Medium / Low or N/A				
Ethnicity:	N/A	Pregnancy / Maternity:	N/A	
Gender:	N/A	Marriage & Civil	N/A	
		Partnerships'		

8. Service equalities impact					
Age:	N/A	Sexual orientation:	N/A		
Disability:	N/A	Gender reassignment:	N/A		
Religion / Belief:	N/A	Overall:	N/A		
For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:					
Is a full service equalities i	NO				

9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts	no				
Workforce pi	rofile:				
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency / Interim cover	Not covered
Scale 1 – 2					
Scale 3 - 5					
Sc 6 – SO2					
PO1 – PO5					
PO6 – PO8					
SMG 1 – 3					
JNC					
Total					
Gender	Female	Male			
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known	
Disability	Yes	No			
Sexual	Straight /	Gay /	Bisexual	Not	
orientation	Heterosex.	Lesbian		disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

Legal implications will be considered

11. Summary timetable

Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff), decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc..), implementation:

Month

Activity

11. Summary timetab	11. Summary timetable				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers – e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020					
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				



1. Cuts proposal	
Proposal title:	ASC Review
Reference:	F-24
Directorate:	Communities
Director of Service:	Tom Brown
Service/Team area:	Adult Social Care/ Joint Commissioning
Cabinet portfolio:	Cllr Chris Best (Health and Adult Social Care)
Scrutiny Ctte(s):	Healthier Communities Select Committee

2. Decision Route				
Cuts proposed:	No See para 16.2 of the Constitution https://lewisham.gov.uk/ mayorandcouncil/ aboutthecouncil/ how-council-is-run/	Public Consultation No and Statutory vs informal	Staff Consultation No and Statutory vs informal	
	our-constitution			
	No	No	No	

3. Description of service area and proposal

Description of the service area (functions and activities) being reviewed:

A full scale service wide review will be completed for Adult Social Care with the objective of reducing costs whilst improving the outcomes for our residents. The review will be expected to build on the first round cuts proposed and deliver second round savings of £4m through:

- Working with our NHS partners to ensure people have access to rehabilitative therapies and recovery
- Better demand management through promoting independence and supporting a strength based model, working with service users to determine how their needs are best met through the assessment process
- Assessing our performance, productivity and our unit costs by benchmarking against our statistical neighbours
- Improved commissioning and contract management arrangements for our domiciliary, residential, nursing and day care services to ensure the services delivered are of good quality and offer value for money
- To assess the providers in the market place to determine whether the alternative offer is better placed to meet our residents' needs (to include a review of Enablement & Linkline services replacing F-07 & F-08)
- Modernising and transforming our building based day centre provision

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Outline impact to service users, partners, other Council services and staff:

The delivery of this proposal is in addition to £3m cut proposed F-01 and must comply with legislative requirements for ASC, but this proposal aims to ensure that in the first instance we help people to be independent and / or use informal and community resources. Through transforming the way we work with people we aim to empower them to access non-institutional care wherever possible.

4. Impact and risks of proposal

Building on existing ways of working we want to support staff to be creative and coproductive in approaches to the commissioning and delivery of support.

Outline risks associated with proposal and mitigating actions to be taken:

Decisions are made on an individual basis taking account of the presenting concerns, assessed needs and how these can be met, and by taking into account any risks that are identified to service users and carers or any safeguarding concerns that may need to be investigated.

Adopting a co-productive approach and using positive risk management we seek to transform the way that people meet their needs.

All re-assessments will follow the guidance within the Care Act 2014. However, there may be an increase in the levels of formal complaints received if choices and preferences regarding the care and support offered are not realised.

5. Financial information				
Controllable budget:	Spend	Income	Net Budget	
General Fund (GF)	£'000	£'000	£'000	
	121.5m	55.4m	66.1m	
HRA				
DSG				
Health				
Cuts proposed*:	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
ASC Review	3849	430	0	4279
Total	3849	430	0	4279
% of Net Budget	%	%	%	%
Does proposal impact	General	DSG	HRA	Health
on:	Fund			
Yes / No				
If DSG, HRA, Health				
impact describe:				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact					
1.5	Corporate priorities				
	1. Open Lewisham				
2.1	2. Tackling the Housing Crisis				
	3. Giving Children and young				
3.2	people the best start in life				
	4. Building an inclusive local				
4.3	economy				
	5. Delivering and defending:				
5.4	health, social care & support				
	6. Making Lewisham greener				
6.8	7. Building safer communities				

6. Impact on Corporate priorities: list in order of DECREASING impact					
7.7					
	8.	Good governance and			
8.6		operational effectiveness			

7. Ward impact	
Geographical	No specific impact / Specific impact in one or more
impact by ward:	
	If impacting one or more wards specifically – which?
	All Wards

8. Service equalities impact					
Expected impact on service	e equalities fo	or users – High / Medium / Lo	ow or N/A		
Ethnicity:		Pregnancy / Maternity:			
Gender:		Marriage & Civil			
		Partnerships:			
Age:	Н ,	Sexual orientation:			
Disability:	Н	Gender reassignment:			
Religion / Belief:		Overall:	Н		

For any High impact service equality areas please explain why and what mitigations are proposed:

People who are in receipt of care and support from ASC will have a disability or be an older resident or carer. Any changes to the care and support plans that are already in place will take place following a reassessment of need in accordance with legislation. There are higher levels of young working age adults in receipt of Direct payments.

Is a full service equalities impact assessment required: No

9. Human R	9. Human Resources impact					
Will this cuts proposal have an impact on employees: / No						
Workforce pi	rofile:					
Posts	Headcount	FTE	Establishm	Vac	ant	
	in post	in post	ent posts	Agency /	Not	
				Interim	covered	
				cover		
Scale 1 – 2						
Scale 3 – 5						
Sc 6 – SO2						
PO1 – PO5						
PO6 – PO8						
SMG 1 – 3						
JNC						
Total						
Gender	Female	Male				
Ethnicity	ВМЕ	White	Other	Not Known		
Disability	Yes	No				

9. Human Resources impact					
Sexual orientation	Straight / Heterosex.	Gay / Lesbian	Bisexual	Not disclosed	

10. Legal implications

State any specific legal implications relating to this proposal:

ASC is a statutory service that implements the legislative guidance accordingly. All decisions made regarding how a care and support plan are changed will be influenced by the re-assessment of needs in line with the Care Act guidance.

There are care arrangements in place that have prioritised the choices and aspirations of individual service users and carers when considering how needs can be met.

The re assessments of these arrangements will follow care act guidance by taking into account the strengths and assets that individuals can contribute to support themselves, for example, looking at what family and community networks can provide, and whether there are sufficient finances to self-fund support required.

11. Summary timetable					
Outline timetable for main steps to be completed re decision and					
implementation of proposal – e.g. proposal, scrutiny, consultation (public/staff),					
decision, transition work (contracts, re-organisation etc), implementation:					
Month	Activity				
September 2020	Proposals prepared (this template and supporting papers				
	- e.g. draft public consultation paper, equalities				
	assessment and initial HR considerations)				
October 2020	Proposals submitted to Scrutiny committees leading to M&C				
November to	Scrutiny meetings held with consultations ongoing				
December 2020					
November to	Consultations undertaken and full decision reports (where				
December 2020	required) prepared				
December 2020	Proposals to M&C, including Equality & HR assessments				
January 2021	Decision reports return to Scrutiny at the latest				
February 2021	Final decisions at M&C with the Budget				
March 2021	Cuts implemented				



Public Accounts Select Committee

Report title: Comments of the Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee on budget cuts

Date: 2 February 2021

Key decision: No.

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: All

Contributors: Assistant Chief Executive (Scrutiny Manager)

Outline and recommendation

This report informs Public Accounts Select Committee of the views of the Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee arising from discussions held at its meeting on Thursday 14 January 2021 on propsed budget cuts.

 The Public Accounts Select Committee is recommended to note the views of the committee and include these in its referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

1. Summary

1.1. This report informs the Public Accounts Select Committee of the views of Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee arising from discussions held at its meeting on Thursday 14 January 2021 on the proposed budget cuts.

2. Recommendation

2.1. The Public Accounts Select Committee is recommended to note the views of the committee as set out in section three of this referral and include these in its referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

3. Views of the Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee

- 3.1. The Committee recommend the following:
- 3.2. That Lewisham Council agree in principle the proposed cuts to close the budget gap created by the Government, subject to the completion of Equalities Impact Assessments and feasibility studies as necessary. Where possible we would urge the Council to provide additional income generation support to partner organisations and in particular charitable, voluntary and community organisations.

4. Financial implications

4.1. There are no direct financial implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

5. Legal implications

5.1. There are no direct legal implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

6. Equalities implications

- 6.1. Equality Act 2010 brought together all previous equality legislation in England, Scotland and Wales. The Act included a new public sector equality duty, replacing the separate duties relating to race, disability and gender equality. The duty came into force on 6 April 2011. It covers the following nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 6.2. The Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act
 - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

7. Climate change and environmental implications

7.1. There are no direct climate change or environmental implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

8. Crime and disorder implications

8.1. There are no direct crime and disorder implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

9. Health and wellbeing implications

9.1. There are no direct health and wellbeing implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

10. Background papers

10.1. Safer Stronger Communities Select Committee Agenda, 14 January 2021

11. Report contact

11.1. Katie Wood, katie.wood@lewisham.gov.uk 020 8314 9446





Public Accounts Select Committee

Report title: Sustainable Development Select Committee comments on the budget cuts

Date: 2 February 2021.

Key decision: No.

Class: Part 1.

Ward(s) affected: All.

Contributor: Sustainable Development Select Committee

Outline and recommendations

This report informs the Public Accounts Select Committee of the comments and views of the Sustainable Development Select Committee, arising from discussions about proposals for budget cuts.

The Public Accounts Select Committee is asked to consider the views of the Sustainable Development Select Committee as part of its overall consideration of the budget cuts. The referral from Sustainable Development Select Committee will be submitted to Mayor and Cabinet alongside any comments from the Public Accounts Select Committee.

1. Summary

1.1. On Thursday 14 January 2021, the Sustainable Development Select Committee considered a report from officers on budget cuts proposals (<u>link to the agenda for the Sustainable Development Select Committee meeting on 14 January 2021</u>). The Committee received a presentation from the Executive Director for Regeneration, Housing and Public Realm. Following questions to the Executive Diterctor, the Committee agreed to refer its views to Public Accounts Select Committee.

2. Recommendation

2.1. The Public Accounts Select Committee is asked to consider the Committee's comments and submit them as part of its combined referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

3. Sustainable Development Select Committee views

- 3.1. Better contract management is key to a number of the cuts proposals. The Committee believes that Mayor and Cabinet should assure itself that through good organisational development and training for senior, mid and junior managers, the Council is able to effectively manage contracts at every stage of the cycle and attain the cost savings as proposed.
- 3.2. The Committee recommends that Mayor and Cabinet asks officers to carry out a review of the Council's online services (particularly those provided by third parties, such as online parking facilities) ensuring a good user experience and quality integration with existing systems.
- 3.3. In relation to proposal F22 (Motorcycle parking charges) the Committee recommends that, if Mayor and Cabinet is minded to agree the proposal to introduce charging for motorcycles, the Council should work with other enforcement partners to ensure those who are illegally parking on the pavement also have enforcement action taken upon them.
- 3.4. In relation to proposal F20 (Emission based charging for short stay parking) the Committee recommends that the Council should move to a cashless parking system as soon as possible. Members of the Committee believe that £400K is too much to spend on upgrading pay and display machines. The Committee also believes that any reference in the budget cuts report to re-investment of parking charges in transport improvements should be removed because the reality is that the Council will be using the money to support transport costs already contained within the general fund.
- 3.5. The Committee understands that a large cut needs to be made in waste management and street cleaning and that a comprehensive review will be done to enable this to happen in the most efficient way possible. However, it regrets that this will mean redundancies amongst the Council's lowest paid workers and it highlights that this has been imposed upon us due to Government austerity. The Committee believes that any cuts to staffing must be done with sensitivity and care. The Committee welcomes Mayor and Cabinet's response to its previous referral on staffing cuts, flexible working and redeployment and it reiterates the importance of supporting and redeploying staff wherever possible.

4. Financial implications

4.1. There are no direct financial implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. However, there may be implications arising from them implementation of the Committee's recommendations. These will need to be considered as part of the response.

5. Legal implications

5.1. The Constitution provides for select committees to refer reports to the Mayor and Cabinet, who are obliged to consider the report and the proposed response from the relevant Executive Director; and report back to the Committee within two months (not including recess).

6. Equalities implications

- 6.1. The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) introduced a public sector equality duty (the equality duty or the duty). It covers the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 6.2. In summary, the Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
 - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- 6.3. There may be equalities implications arising from the implementation of the committees' recommendations these will need to be considered in the response.

7. Climate change and environmental implications

7.1. There are no direct climate change or environmental implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. There will be climate change and environmental implications arising from the implementation of the committees' recommendations – these will need to be considered in the response.

8. Crime and disorder implications

8.1. There are no direct crime and disorder implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. There may be implications arising from the implementation of the committees' recommendations – these will need to be considered in the response.

9. Health and wellbeing implications

9.1. There are no direct health and wellbeing implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. There may be implications arising from the implementation of the committees' recommendations – these will need to be considered in the response.

10. Report author and contact

10.1. If you have any questions about this report then please contact: Timothy Andrew (Scrutiny Manager) 020 8314 7916 – timothy.andrew@lewisham.gov.uk





Public Accounts Select Committee

Report title: Comments of the Healthier Communities Select Committee on budget cuts

Date: 2 February 2021

Key decision: No.

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: All

Contributors: Assistant Chief Executive (Scrutiny Manager)

Outline and recommendation

This report informs Public Accounts Select Committee of the views of the Healthier Communities Select Committee arising from discussions held at its meeting on Wednesday 13 January 2021 on the second round of propsed budget cuts.

 The Public Accounts Select Committee is recommended to note the views of the committee and include these in its referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

1. Summary

1.1. This report informs the Public Accounts Select Committee of the views of Healthier Communities Select Committee arising from discussions held at its meeting on Wednesday 13 January 2021 on the second round of proposed budget cuts.

2. Recommendation

2.1. The Public Accounts Select Committee is recommended to note the views of the committee as set out in section four of this referral and include these in its referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

3. Policy Context

- 3.1. The Council's *Corporate Strategy 2018-2022* outlines the Council's vision to deliver for residents and includes the following priority relevant to this item:
 - Delivering and defending: health, social care and support Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.

4. Healthier Communities Select Committee views

- 4.1. At its meeting on Wednesday 13 January 2021, the Healthier Communities Select Committee received a report on the second round of proposed budget cuts. The committee also re-visited a number of cuts proposals from the first round (in November 2020). Following discussion the committee resolved to refer its views to Mayor and Cabinet in the following terms:
- 4.2. In relation to proposal **B-08 Review of the Power of Attorney Service** (Round 1) the committee noted that the power of attorney service is an extremely important and trusted service to the small number of very vulnerable people who are supported by it and recommended therefore that the council continues to provide the service in-house, charging users a fair price for its provision.
- 4.3. In relation to proposal **C-02, Adult Learning and Day opportunities** (Round 1) the committee noted that many service users could potentially struggle to find meaningful daytime occupation during the long breaks in adult education that there are, such as during the summer holidays. The committee recommended therefore that the council consider making adult learning available all-year round for service users.
- 4.4. The committee also recommended that the adult learning service work closely with the council to make sure there are appropriate job opportunities available following any training and education, and that the council consider developing a corporate approach to employing more people with disability itself, particularly those with learning disability looking to the approach of our local partners, such as health, for guidance.
- 4.5. In relation to proposal **E-04 introduce charging for certain elements of self-funded care packages** (Round 1) the committee recommended ongoing monitoring of this change to ensure that the council's brokerage service, and bulk purchasing power, continues to provide a financial benefit for users, compared to users approaching service providers as individuals.
- 4.6. In relation to proposal **C-13, Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care** (Round 2) the committee expressed concerns about the possible adverse impacts of reducing LARC (Long-Acting Reversible Contraception) activity and recommended that work continues to be done to monitor and address high levels of abortions and teenage pregnancies in the borough.

5. Financial implications

5.1. There are no direct financial implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

6. Legal implications

6.1. There are no direct legal implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

7. Equalities implications

- 7.1. Equality Act 2010 brought together all previous equality legislation in England, Scotland and Wales. The Act included a new public sector equality duty, replacing the separate duties relating to race, disability and gender equality. The duty came into force on 6 April 2011. It covers the following nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 7.2. The Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act
 - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

8. Climate change and environmental implications

8.1. There are no direct climate change or environmental implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

9. Crime and disorder implications

9.1. There are no direct crime and disorder implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

10. Health and wellbeing implications

10.1. There are no direct health and wellbeing implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

11. Background papers

11.1. Healthier Communities Select Committee Agenda, 13 January 2021 (item 4)

12. Report contact

12.1. John Bardens, Scrutiny Manager, john.bardens@lewisham.gov.uk 020 8314 9976





Public Accounts Select Committee

Report title: Comments of the Children and Young People Select Committee on budget cuts

Date: 2 February 2021

Key decision: No.

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: All

Contributors: Assistant Chief Executive (Scrutiny Manager)

Outline and recommendation

This report informs Public Accounts Select Committee of the views of the Children and Young People Select Committee arising from discussions held at its meeting on Thursday 21 January 2021 on proposed budget cuts.

 The Public Accounts Select Committee is recommended to note the views of the committee and include these in its referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

1. Summary

1.1. This report informs the Public Accounts Select Committee of the views of Children and Young People Select Committee arising from discussions held at its meeting on 21 January 2021 on the proposed budget cuts.

2. Recommendation

2.1. The Public Accounts Select Committee is recommended to note the views of the committee as set out in section four of this referral and include these in its referral to Mayor and Cabinet.

3. Policy Context

3.1. Fully understanding the impact of the proposed cuts is vital to informed decision-making.

4. Children and Young People Select Committee views

- 4.1. At its meeting on 21 January 2021, the Children and Young People Select Committee received a report on proposed budget cuts. Following discussion the committee resolved to refer its views to Mayor and Cabinet in the following terms:
- 4.2. The Committee, taking into account compelling evidence of the escalating and damaging effect of the Pandemic on children and young people's mental health, warnings expressed by specialist Health Professionals, Academics, Educators, Charities, Parents and Campaign groups, and the indefinite third national lockdown along with prolonged school closures (which were not anticipated when this proposal was initially drafted) recommend not to go ahead with Proposal C-22 (£250,000 cut in Council contribution to Children and Adolescent Mental Health Services) in the financial year 2021/22.
- 4.3. The Committee recommends that the proposal C-23 (that £350,000 of the Health Visitor budget transfers to other parts of the public health budget) is not made in the financial year 2021/22, considering the risk to families with children under 2 and our existing poor Healthy Child Programme (HCP) coverage. This would enable efforts to be made to improve contract management and recruit and retain health visitors. Failing this, Councillors can be presented with a clear plan for support which will be given to families with 0-2 year olds to achieve the goals of the HCP in terms of support and surveillance. The Committee feels strongly that a detailed comparison of the public health budget for 2020/21 and 2021/22 and understanding of prioritisation is necessary to fully understand the impact of the proposal before any decision is made.

5. Financial implications

5.1. There are no direct financial implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

6. Legal implications

6.1. There are no direct legal implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

7. Equalities implications

7.1. Equality Act 2010 brought together all previous equality legislation in England, Scotland and Wales. The Act included a new public sector equality duty, replacing the separate duties relating to race, disability and gender equality. The duty came into force on 6 April 2011. It covers the following nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and

maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

- 7.2. The Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act
 - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

8. Climate change and environmental implications

8.1. There are no direct climate change or environmental implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

9. Crime and disorder implications

9.1. There are no direct crime and disorder implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

10. Health and wellbeing implications

10.1. There are no direct health and wellbeing implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report.

11. Background papers

11.1. <u>Item 4 - Budget Cuts report to CYP Select Committee, 21 January 2021</u>

12. Report contact

Emma Aye-Kumi, Scrutiny Manager, emma.aye-kumi@lewisham.gov.uk





Public Accounts Select Committee

Report title: Draft 20221/22 Budget Report

Date: 02 February 2021

Key decision: Yes.

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: None

Contributors: Executive Director for Resources

Outline and recommendations

The purpose of this report is to present members of the Public Accounts Select Committee (PASC) with the draft 2021/22 Budget report for pre-scrutiny. The report will be presented to Mayor & Cabinet (M&C) on the 3 February 2021.

It is recommended that the PASC note this report.

Reasons for Urgency and Lateness

Lateness: The report is late to enable officers to complete the report and ensure the same version was shared for PASC and M&C which is being held on the following day.

Urgency: Given the significance of the Budget as an annual statutory report setting the Council Tax for 2021/22 and allocating resrouces to services for their statutory services and to deliver againts the corporate strategy it is important that the PASC have the opportunity to provide scrutiny of the report so that this can be shared with M&C and any changes made promptly ahead of the Budget report being presented to full Council on the 3 March 2021.

Where a report is received less than 5 clear days before the date of the meeting at which the matter is being considered, then under the Local Government Act 1972 Section 100(b),(4) the Chair of the Committee can take the matter as a matter of urgency if he is satisfied that there are special circumstances requiring it to be treated as a matter of urgency. These special circumstances have to be specified in the minutes of the meeting.

1. Summary

- 1.1. The draft 2021/22 Budget report and supporting appendices are attached to this report.
- 1.2. The purpose of the budget report is to set out the overall financial position of the Council in relation to 2020/21 and to set the Budget for 2021/22. This report allows the Council Tax to be agreed and housing rents to be set for 2021/22. It sets the Capital Programme for the next three years and the Council's Treasury Strategy for 2021/22.
- 1.3. The report also provides summary information on the revenue budget cut proposals that were presented at Mayor & Cabinet on the 9 December 2020 and the 3 February 2021. The approval and successful delivery of these cuts is required in order to help balance the budget for 2021/22 and prepare to address the budget requirement for 2022/23.

2. Recommendations

2.1. It is recommended that the PASC note the appended report and its supporting appendices.

3. Policy Context

3.1 The Council's strategy and priorities drive the Budget with changes in resource allocation determined in accordance with policies and strategy. The Council launched its new Corporate Strategy in 2019, with seven corporate priorities as stated below:

Corporate Priorities

- **Open Lewisham** Lewisham will be a place where diversity and cultural heritage is recognised as a strength and is celebrated.
- Tackling the housing crisis Everyone has a decent home that is secure and affordable.
- Giving children and young people the best start in life Every child has access
 to an outstanding and inspiring education, and is given the support they need to keep
 them safe, well and able to achieve their full potential.
- **Building and inclusive local economy -** Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
- **Delivering and defending health, social care and support** Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.
- Making Lewisham greener Everyone enjoys our green spaces, and benefits from a healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local environment.
- **Building safer communities** Every resident feels safe and secure living here as we work together towards a borough free from the fear of crime.

Values

3.2 Values are critical to the Council's role as an employer, regulator, and securer of services and steward of public funds. The Council's values shape interactions and behaviours across the organisational hierarchy, between officers, and members,

between the council and partners and between the council and citizens. In taking forward the Council's Budget Strategy, we are guided by the Council's four core values:

- We put service to the public first.
- We respect all people and all communities.
- We invest in employees.
- We are open, honest, and fair in all we do.

4. Background

- 4.1. The Council's budget is an annual statutory requirement which enable the Council Tax to be set of the year and Members to approve the allocation of resources and set a balanced budget.
- 4.2. The budget is proposed by the Mayor for approval at full Council which this year is scheduled for the 3 March 2021.

5. Structure of the Budget report and Appendices

- 5.1. The full draft 2021/22 Budget report and appendices are attached to this cover report for PASC.
- 5.2. The 2020/21 Budget Report is structured as follows:

Section 1	Summary
Section 2	Recommendations
Section 3	Policy Context
Section 4	Structure of the Report, Policy Context, and Background
Section 5	Background
Section 6	General Fund Revenue Budget and Council Tax
Section 7	Other Grants and Future Years' Budget Strategy
Section 8	Dedicated Schools Grant and Pupil Premium
Section 9	Housing Revenue Account
Section 10	Treasury Management Strategy
Section 11	Capital Programme
Section 12	Consultation on the Budget
Section 13	Financial Implications
Section 14	Legal Implications
Section 15	Equalities Implications
Section 16	Climate Change and Environmental Implications
Section 17	Crime and Disorder Implications
Section 18	Health and Wellbeing Implications
Section 19	Background Papers
Section 20	Glossary

Section 21 Report Author and Contact

Section 22 Appendices

5.3. The appendices are:

Capital Programme

- W1 2020/21 to 2023/24 Capital Programme Major Projects
- W2 Proposed Capital Programme Original to latest Budget

Housing Revenue Account

- X1 Proposed Housing Revenue Account Cuts 2021/22
- X2 Leasehold and Tenants charges consultation 2021/22
- X3 Leasehold and Tenants Charges 2021/22 Lewisham Homes
- X4 Other Associated Housing Charges for 2021/22
- X5 Garage Rent Increase Report 2021/22
- X6 Tenants' rent consultation 2021/22

General Fund

- Y1 Summary of previously agreed budget cuts for 2021/22 (Approved 2020)
- Y2 Summary of previously agreed budget cuts for 2021/22 (Approved 2021)
- Y3 Cuts Allocation to Base Budget and Overspend
- Y4 Ready Reckoner for Council Tax 2021/22
- Y5 Chief Financial Officer's Section 25 Statement *To follow M&C 10 February* 2021
- Y6 Council Tax and Statutory Calculations
- Y7 Summary of risks and pressures to be funded
- Y8 2021/22 Proposed Fees and Charges
- Y9 Making Fair Financial Decisions

Treasury Management

- Z1 Interest Rate Forecasts
- Z2 Credit Worthiness Policy (Linked to Treasury Management Practice (TMP1) Credit and Counterparty Risk Management)
- Z3 Approved countries for investments
- Z4 Requirement of the CIPFA Management Code of Practice

6. Financial implications

6.1. The whole budget report concerns the finances of the Council and as such the financial implications are set out in the budget report. There are no specific financial implications arising directly for PASC.

7. Legal implications

7.1. The legal implications in respect of the budget report are set out in the appended report. There are no specific legal implications arising directly for PASC.

8. Equalities implications

8.1. There are no specific equalities implications arising directly for PASC.

9. Climate change and environmental implications

9.1. There are no specific climate change and environmental implications arising directly for PASC.

10. Crime and disorder implications

10.1. There are no specific legal implications arising directly for PASC.

11. Health and wellbeing implications

11.1. There are no specific health and wellbeing implications arising directly for PASC.

12. Background papers

- 12.1. The background papers to this report are those set out in the attached budget report, in particular the Round 1 and 2 Budget Cuts proposals considered by PASC on the 2 December 2020 and 2 February 2021 respectively.
- 12.2. Appended to this report are the:
 - Draft 2021/22 Budget Report for M&C, and
 - Appendices W1 to Z4 which accompacy the Budget report.

13. Report author and contact

13.1. If there are any queries on this report, please contact David Austin, Director of Corporate Services, david.austin@lewisham.gov.uk





Mayor and Cabinet

Report title: 2021/22 Budget Report

Date: 03 February 2021

Key decision: Yes

Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: All

Contributors: Executive Director for Corporate Resources

Outline and recommendations

The purpose of this report is to set out the overall financial position of the Council in relation to 2020/21 and to set the Budget for 2021/22. This report allows the Council Tax to be agreed and housing rents to be set for 2021/22. It sets the Capital Programme for the next three years and the Council's Treasury Strategy for 2021/22.

The report also provides summary information on the revenue budget cut proposals that were presented at Mayor & Cabinet on the 9 December 2020 and the 3 February 2021. The approval and successful delivery of these cuts is required in order to help balance the budget for 2021/22 and prepare to address the budget requirement for 2022/23.

The Mayor is asked to consider the recommendations listed in this report at section 2.

Timeline of engagement and decision-making

The first round of 2021/22 Revenue Budget cuts were approved by Mayor and Cabinet on the 9 December 2020.

The second round of 2021/22 Revenue Budget cuts were presented to Mayor and Cabinet on the 3 February 2021.

The Council Tax Base was approved by Council on the 20 January 2021,

1. Summary

1.1 This report sets out the context and range of budget assumptions which Council is required to agree to enable it set a balanced budget for 2021/22. These include the following:

1.2 General Fund

- In respect of the General Fund, the assumed net revenue expenditure budget is £243.100m. This is made up of provisional Settlement Funding from government of £123.304m (revenue support grant and business rates), forecast Council Tax receipts including an increase in Council Tax of 4.99%, an estimated deficit in the Collection Fund from a reduction in the eligible Council Tax base and lower collection rates (both due to the impacts of Covid-19), and similar deficits in business rates collection offset by including a share of the growth from the pilot London Business Rates Pool retained in prior years.
- The changes to the prior year General Fund position to meet the 2021/22 net revenue budget of £243.100m are proposed on the basis of the following assumptions:
 - £28.016m of revenue budget cuts have been agreed for 2021/22, of which £10.000m are to address persistent service overspending pressures and £18.016m will be a reduction in Directorate cash limits;
 - £6.500m of corporate budget for risks and pressures in 2020/21 and the £1.500 gain from the reduced cost of concessionary fares, of which it is being recommended that the full £8.000m of specific identified budget pressures be funded from the start of the year;
 - An assumed 4.99% increase in Band D Council Tax for Lewisham's services for 2021/22; including the 1.99% increase in the core Council Tax as announced in the provisional Local Government Finance Settlement and 3% increase for the Social Care precept.

1.3 Grants

 In addition to the Public Health grant, the Council will continue to receive the other main grants - New Homes Bonus, Better Care Fund, improved Better Care Fund (including winter pressures), and Social Care Grant as part of the one year settlement for 2021/22. In respect of the £2.4m of additional social care grant it is proposed this is put towards the recognised risks and pressures for 2021/22 in Children Social Care.

1.4 Fees and Charges

• This report also presents the 2021/22 proposed fees and charges and related annual increase for the majority of chargeable services, statutory and discretionary.

1.5 Medium Term Financial Outlook

• The report looks to the medium term financial outlook and notes the prospects for the budget in 2021/22, cuts required, and the continued work by officers to meet identified potential budget shortfalls in future years. These are estimated at circa £26m over the following three years, 2022/23 to 2024/25. Against this target £13m of cuts have been identified as part of the cuts being considered for this budget. The report provides an update on the Government's review of relative needs and resources which now has the revised later implementation date of 1 April 2022.

1.6 Schools

- Schools Funding The provisional 2021/22 Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) allocation is £313.60m, an increase of £17.32m on the 2020/21 budget. However, circa £9.06m of this increase relates to the Teachers' Pension and Pay Award grant (TPPG), which has been streamlined into the DSG, and is not additional funding, meaning that the net growth is £8.26m or 2.8%.
- Special Needs Funding Net increase in High Needs Block of £5.99m for 2021/22 following additional funding from government, but that this remains under extreme pressure and a £1.068m transfer from the DSG was agreed by Schools Forum.
- Early Years Funding Increase of 6p per hour for 3 and 4 year olds, and 8p per hours for 2 year olds, and supplementary funding to support the two Lewisham nursery schools for September 2021 to March 2022 is subject to change and has not yet been finalised.
- Pupil Premium funding rates will remain the same as at present and the final allocation will be advised following the 2020 January Census. For reference the allocation for 2020/21 was £14.624m

1.7 Housing

 A proposed rent increase of 1.5% (an average of £1.46 per week) in respect of dwelling rents, 1.5% (average £0.53 per week) in respect of hostels, and a range of other proposed changes to service charges. The proposed annual expenditure for the Housing Revenue Account is £226.1m, including the capital and new build programme, for 2021/22;

1.8 Treasury

• The report updates the Council's Treasury Management Strategy for both borrowing and investments. The proposed approach and levels of risk the Council takes in its Treasury functions remain prudent in line with last year, and officers continue to explore alternative investment options and further opportunities to undertake debt restructuring in order to reduce balance sheet risk and best fund the capital plans set out. As noted in the capital plans, these are being reviewed in light of the Council's recovery planning from Covid-19 and the treasury requirements will be updated in-line with any revisions to the capital programme.

1.9 Capital

• The proposed Capital Programme (General Fund and Housing Revenue Account) budget for 2021/22 to 2023/24 of £517.5m, of which £184.2m is for 2021/22;

2. Recommendations

2.1 It is recommended that the Mayor and Cabinet considers the comments of the Public Accounts Select Committee of 2 February 2021 and notes that Mayor and Cabinet

- decisions on the budget report will then be taken formerly with the budget update report on the 10 February.
- 2.2 That, having considered the views of those consulted on the budget, and subject to consideration of the outcome of consultation with business ratepayers and subject to proper process, as required, the Mayor and Cabinet:

General Fund Revenue Budget

- 2.3 notes and asks Council to note the projected overall variance of £3.2m (or 1.3%) against the agreed 2020/21 revenue budget of £248.714m as set out in section 6 of this report and that any year-end overspend will be met from corporate reserves and provisions;
- 2.4 endorses and asks Council to endorse the budget cut proposals of £28.016m as per the Mayor and Cabinet meetings of the 9 December 2020 and 3 February 2020, as set out in section 6 of the report and summarised in Appendix Y1 and Y2;
- agrees and asks Council to agree the allocation of £6.500m in 2021/22 be set aside and use of £1.500m reduced contribution for concessionary fares for corporate risks and pressures;
- 2.6 agrees and asks Council to agree the allocation of £19.685m of corporate risks and pressures, social care precept, new homes bonus, social care grant, lower tier grant and legacy s31 monies in 2021/22 to be invested in funding quantified budget pressures and opportunities, both recurring and once-off as set out in section 6;
- agrees to recommend to Council that a General Fund Budget Requirement of £243.100m for 2021/22 be approved;
- asks Council to agree to a 4.99% increase in Lewisham's Council Tax element. This will result in a Band D equivalent Council Tax level of £1,379.96 for Lewisham's services and £1,743.62 overall. This represents an overall increase in Council Tax for 2021/22 of 5.91% and is subject to the GLA precept for 2021/22 being increased by £31.59 (i.e. 9.5%) from £332.07 to £363.66, in line with the GLA's draft budget proposals;
- 2.9 notes and asks Council to note the Council Tax Ready Reckoner which for illustrative purposes sets out the Band D equivalent Council Tax at various levels of increase. This is explained in section 6 of the report and is set out in more detail in Appendix Y4;
- 2.10 asks that the Executive Director for Corporate Resources issues cash limits to all Directorates once the 2021/22 Revenue Budget is agreed;
- 2.11 notes that the Executive Director for Corporate Resources Section 25 Statement will be presented in the Budget Update Report on the 10 February 2021 for approval;
- 2.12 agrees and asks Council to agree the draft statutory calculations for 2021/22 as set out at Appendix Y6:
- 2.13 notes and asks Council to note the prospects for the revenue budget for 2021/22 and future years as set out in section 6;
- 2.14 agrees and asks officers to continue to develop firm proposals to redesign and transform services and bring them forward in good time to support the work towards a cuts round to help plan early and meet the future forecast budget shortfalls;
- 2.15 notes and endorses the Council's withdrawal from the discontinued London Business Rates Pool for 2021/22.

Other Grants (within the General Fund)

2.16 notes and asks Council to note the adjustments to and impact of various specific grants for 2021/22 on the General Fund as set out in section 7 of this report:

Fees and charges

2.17 approves and endorses the approach to setting 2021/22 fees and charges for chargeable services in section 8 of the report and attached at Appendix Y8;

Dedicated Schools Grant and Pupil Premium

Schools Block

- 2.18 note and recommends that Council notes that the provisional Dedicated Schools Grant allocation of £222.769m be the Schools' Budget (Schools Block) for 2021/22;
- 2.19 notes that following the Schools Forum meeting on the 19 January, submission has been made to the Department for Education with regards to school funding formula, recommending the application of the National Funding Formula (including unit values) allowing for a 2% uplift in Minimum Funding Guarantee (MFG);
- 2.20 notes that after the funding allocation to schools there is a one-off remaining amount of Dedicated Schools Grant of £2.3m for 2021/22;
- 2.21 agrees and recommends that Council agrees, (as recommended by Schools Forum) the once-off transfer £1.068m of Dedicated Schools Grant to the High Needs Block and the set aside of £1.24m to support schools through measures such as the growth fund and the falling rolls fund;
 - Central Schools Services Block (CSSB)
- 2.22 notes, and asks Council to note, the construct and allocation of £4.261m for the CSSB block allocation for 2021/22;
- 2.23 notes an increase of £2.65 per pupil unit resulting in a net increase of £68.7k in the "pupil-led" funding element of the block;

High Needs Block (HNB)

- 2.24 notes, and asks Council to note, the provisional High Needs Block £62.4m to support the Council's statutory duty with regards Special Education Needs. This is a net increase of £5.99m relative to 2020/21;
- 2.25 notes that the HNB is expected to overspend by between £4-5m in 2020/21;
- 2.26 notes that the Schools Forum has agreed to transfer £1.068m to the block to support the Council to meet its statutory functions;

Early Years Block (EYB)

- 2.27 notes, and asks Council to note, the provisional Dedicated Schools Grant allocation of £24.17m to the block;
- 2.28 notes that the Department for Education increase in funding for "3 and 4 year old" from £5.70, to £5.76 (i.e. 6p per hour), and hourly rate for 2 year olds increase from £6.58 to £6.66 (i.e. 8p per hour) for 2021/22.
- 2.29 notes that the maintained nursery supplementary funding allocation for September 2021 to March 2022 is subject to change and has not yet been finalised;

Pupil Premium

2.30 notes, and asks Council to note, that the pupil premium will continue in the 2021/22 financial year. The funding rates in the year will be same as 2020/21 but the census date has changed to January.

Housing Revenue Account

- 2.31 notes the consultation report on service charges to tenants' and leaseholders in the Brockley area, presented to area panel members on 16 December 2020, as attached at Appendix X2;
- 2.32 notes the consultation report on service charges to tenants' and leaseholders and the Lewisham Homes budget strategy presented to area panel members on 17 December 2020 as attached at Appendix X3;
- 2.33 sets an increase in dwelling rents of 1.5% (an average of £1.46 per week) as per the formula rent calculations outlined in section 9 of this report;
- 2.34 sets an increase in the hostels accommodation charge by 1.5% (or £0.53 per week), in accordance with formula rent calculations;
- 2.35 approves the following average weekly increases/decreases for dwellings for:
- 2.35.1 service charges to non-Lewisham Homes managed dwellings (Brockley) to ensure full cost recovery and 2.1% inflationary uplift for 2021/22;

•	caretaking	2.10%	(£0.66)
•	grounds	2.10%	(£0.80)
•	communal lighting	2.10%	(£0.06)
•	bulk waste collection	2.10%	(£0.03)
•	window cleaning	2.10%	(£0.00)
•	tenants' levy	0%	(£0.00)

2.35.2 service charges to Lewisham Homes managed dwellings:

•	caretaking	1.99%	(£0.13)
•	grounds	1.94%	(£0.04)
•	window cleaning	26.00%	(£0.02)
•	communal lighting	2.55%	(£0.03)
•	block pest control	2.20%	(£0.04)
•	waste collection	23.20%	(£0.11)
•	heating & hot water	1.62%	(£0.17)
•	tenants' levy	0%	(£0.00)
•	bulk waste disposal	0.00%	(£0.00)
•	sheltered housing	0.00%	(£0.00)

- 2.36 approves the following average weekly percentage changes for hostels and shared temporary units for;
 - service charges (hostels) caretaking etc.; no change
 - energy cost increases for heat, light & power; no change

- water charges increase; no change
- 2.37 approves an increase in garage rents by 1.1% (£0.17 per week) for Brockley and Lewisham Homes residents:
- 2.38 notes that the budgeted expenditure for the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) for 2021/22 is £226.1m, split £112.1m revenue and £114.0m capital, which includes the decent homes and new build programmes;
- 2.39 agrees the HRA budget strategy cut proposals in order to achieve a balanced budget in 2021/21, as attached at Appendix X1;
- 2.40 agrees to write off forty-one cases of Former Tenants' Arrears as set out in section 9 and Appendix X7, totalling £655,329.76;

Treasury Management Strategy

- 2.41 approves and recommends that Council approves the prudential indicators and treasury indicators, as set out in section 10 of this report;
- 2.42 approves and recommends that Council approves the Annual Investment Strategy and Creditworthiness Policy, set out in further detail at Appendix Z2;
- 2.43 approves and recommends that Council approves the update to the Investment Strategy as set out in section 10 of this report, namely to allow investment in UK building societies with a minimum credit rating of BBB- from Fitch (or equivalent) for up to 3 months, and no more than £10m per institution;
- 2.44 notes and asks Council to note that the Capital Strategy 2021/22 will be brought forward during the year;
- 2.45 approves and recommends that Council approves the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) policy as set out in section 10 of this report;
- 2.46 agrees and recommends that Council agrees to delegate to the Executive Director of Corporate Resources authority during 2021/22 to make amendments to borrowing and investment limits provided they are consistent with the strategy and there is no change to the Council's authorised limit for borrowing;
- 2.47 approves and recommends that Council approves the overall credit and counterparty risk management criteria, as set out at Appendix Z2, the proposed countries for investment at Appendix Z3, and that it formally delegates responsibility for managing transactions with those institutions which meet the criteria to the Executive Director for Corporate Resources;
- 2.48 approves and recommends that Council approves a minimum sovereign rating of AA-for non-UK investments;

Capital Programme

- 2.49 notes the 2020/21 Quarter 3 Capital Programme monitoring position and the Capital Programme potential future schemes and resources as set out in section 11 of this report;
- 2.50 notes the significant proposed rise in prudential borrowing of more than £275m by 2023/24, primarily to fund the Building for Lewisham programme capital plans;
- 2.51 recommends that Council approves the 2021/22 to 2023/24 Capital Programme of £517.5m, as set out in section 11 of this report and attached at Appendices W1 and W2.

3. Policy Context

3.1 The Council's strategy and priorities drive the Budget with changes in resource allocation determined in accordance with policies and strategy. The Council launched its new Corporate Strategy in 2019, with seven corporate priorities as stated below:

Corporate Priorities

- Open Lewisham Lewisham will be a place where diversity and cultural heritage is recognised as a strength and is celebrated.
- Tackling the housing crisis Everyone has a decent home that is secure and affordable.
- Giving children and young people the best start in life Every child has access
 to an outstanding and inspiring education, and is given the support they need to keep
 them safe, well and able to achieve their full potential.
- **Building and inclusive local economy -** Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
- **Delivering and defending health, social care and support** Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.
- Making Lewisham greener Everyone enjoys our green spaces, and benefits from a
 healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local environment.
- Building safer communities Every resident feels safe and secure living here as we
 work together towards a borough free from the fear of crime.

Values

- 3.2 Values are critical to the Council's role as an employer, regulator, and securer of services and steward of public funds. The Council's values shape interactions and behaviours across the organisational hierarchy, between officers, and members, between the council and partners and between the council and citizens. In taking forward the Council's Budget Strategy, we are guided by the Council's four core values:
 - We put service to the public first.
 - We respect all people and all communities.
 - · We invest in employees.
 - We are open, honest, and fair in all we do.
- 3.3 As noted in the 2020/21 budget, the Council's strong and resilient framework for prioritising action has served the organisation well in the face of austerity and on-going cuts to local government spending. This continues to mean, that even in the face of the most daunting financial challenges facing the Council and its partners, we continue to work alongside our communities to achieve more than we could by simply working alone.
- 3.4 This joint endeavour helps work through complex challenges, such as the pressures faced by health and social care services, and to secure investment in the borough, for new homes, school improvements, regenerating town centres, renewed leisure opportunities and improvement in the wider environment. This work has and continues to contribute much to improve life chances and life opportunities across the borough through improved education opportunities, skills development and employment. Of

- course, there is still much more that can be done to realise our ambitions for the future of the borough; ranging from our work to support housing supply and business growth, through to our programmes of care and support to some of our most vulnerable and troubled families.
- 3.5 It remains clear that the Council cannot do all that it once did, nor meet all those expectations that might once have been met, for we are in a very different financial position than just a decade ago. Severe financial constraints have been imposed on Council services with cuts to be made year on year on year, and this on-going pressure is addressed in this report, incorporating further budget cuts for 2021/22 and noting the continued outlook for austerity to at least 2023/24. This is pending the Fair Funding Review (FFR) and Business Rates Retention (BRR) consultations now due to conclude for 2022/23 at the earliest.
- 3.6 Over the past eleven months, the Council's business, and the day to day lives of Lewisham's residents, has been turned on its head. In March 2020, Council activity simultaneously ground to a halt and ramped up in equal measure. With "non-critical" services wound down almost overnight and a new, urgent focus on "critical services", the Council's leadership team, members and vast range of services faced new demands, challenges, pressures and opportunities.
- 3.7 The pace, scope and scale of change has been immense: the pandemic has demanded agility, creativity, pace, leadership, organisational and personal resilience, strong communications and an unerring focus on the right priorities. Within the Council, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is felt acutely across all of our service areas and we are grappling with real challenges in how we keep services running for our residents and how we protect the most vulnerable. Across the borough, residents are looking afresh at our borough, their neighbourhoods, and seeing where they live through new eyes.
- 3.8 While we do not yet fully understand what all of the long-term implications of COVID-19 will mean for the borough, there have been many clear and visible impacts of the pandemic on our residents, Lewisham the place and also the Council. We know that coronavirus has disproportionately affected certain population groups in Lewisham, matching patterns that have been identified nationally and internationally: older residents, residents born in the Americas & the Caribbean, Africa or the Middle East & Asia, and residents in the most deprived areas of the borough have considerably higher death rates. We know that more Lewisham residents are claiming unemployment benefits compared to the beginning of this year and that food insecurity has increased in the borough.
- The Council's finances have also been severely affected by the ongoing pandemic. The cost of coronavirus for Lewisham is estimated to be over £60m this year and rising. Despite government promises early in the pandemic, up to £20m remains unfunded in this financial year with further budget pressures for future years. Officers have taken management action to make in-year savings of £5.4m as well as introducing additional spending controls. During the latter half of the year we began the long, difficult process of identifying cuts of over £40m for the next three years (to April 2024) with £28m identified to be cut in 2021/22, which includes identified action to address the persistent overspend estimated at £10m.
- 3.10 At the same time, as set out at section 6 of the report, the use of resources to address risks and pressures through positive investments is an opportunity. These investments are also supported via the capital programme at section 11. This spending deals with existing pressures and supports the Council in refocusing and changing services where new opportunities and expectations for how the Council can better deliver them to support the community are identified. Being forward looking will support Lewisham's recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic and help the Borough thrive again.

3.11 Infection rates continue to remain high (in our borough, across London and the UK as a whole) and the whole country is again enduring severe restrictions with new national lockdown measures now in place and possibly to remain so until at least the 31 March 2021, subject to review. We now face the challenge of needing to simultaneously respond to the pandemic, plan for the long-term recovery of the place, set a balanced budget for next year, and set the financial basis for the internal recovery of the Council in the coming years.

4. Structure Of The Report, Policy Context, And Background

4.1 The 2020/21 Budget Report is structured as follows:

Section 1	Summary
Section 2	Recommendations
Section 3	Policy Context
Section 4	Structure of the Report, Policy Context, and Background
Section 5	Background
Section 6	General Fund Revenue Budget and Council Tax
Section 7	Other Grants and Future Years' Budget Strategy
Section 8	Dedicated Schools Grant and Pupil Premium
Section 9	Housing Revenue Account
Section 10	Treasury Management Strategy
Section 11	Capital Programme
Section 12	Consultation on the Budget
Section 13	Financial Implications
Section 14	Legal Implications
Section 15	Equalities Implications
Section 16	Climate Change and Environmental Implications
Section 17	Crime and Disorder Implications
Section 18	Health and Wellbeing Implications
Section 19	Background Papers
Section 20	Glossary
Section 21	Report Author and Contact
Section 22	Appendices

5. Background

5.1 This section sets out the main national macro-economic and public spending position, the current position in respect of local government finance, the impact of Covid-19 on the Council and its recovery plans, and some of the key Council services as context for the Budget spending details.

National Context

- This year all underlying assumptions have been put on hold due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic that has hit the global and UK economy hard. The government has had to borrow extensively to meet the costs of supporting businesses and individuals through the pandemic.
- 5.3 Looking forward this backdrop will be carried into and continue deep into 2021/22 and beyond from the current position of economic recession. The recovery plan for how the public finances will be stabilised and debt repaid is yet to be set out by the Chancellor. These decisions will impact how local government is financed in the future but for now planned funding changes have been deferred until at least 2022/23. This uncertainty makes it very difficult for the Council to plan effectively for the medium term.
- 5.4 The Bank of England December 2020 figures confirmed interest rates at 0.1%, quantitative easing totalling £895bn, and inflation at 0.6%. The office of budget responsibility forecasts were for £280bn of borrowing, but this was before the current lockdown was announced. The UK Gross Domestic Product (GDP) fell by 25% in the first months of the pandemic and, while this position has improved since, is now expected to be 11% lower for the year 2020/21. In this period and despite considerable support to businesses, including via the furlough scheme which is currently in place unto April 2021, there are now over 700,000 fewer people in employment than at the start of the year.
- 5.5 The UK has now left the European Union. In the face of global economic uncertainty and as the understanding of the new economic relations between the UK and Europe emerge there remain further challenges to the UK economic outlook.

Local Government

- 5.6 The provisional Local Government Finance Settlement was announced on 17 December 2020, with the final settlement expected around the 11 February 2021. This is another one year settlement only pending with the fair funding review, business rates reset and other local government finance changes pushed back again until at least 2022/23.
- Along with the settlement announcement, the Government confirmed the continuation and an increase to 3% of the Social Care (SC) precept on Council Tax in 2021/22, created to give local authorities who are responsible for social care the ability to raise new funding to spend exclusively on Adult Social Care. In 2020/21, the Council applied a SC precept of 2%. In 2021/22, the Council is permitted to apply a maximum precept of 3% which will generate an extra £3.5m of revenue for Adult Social Care.
- 5.8 The Government also announced that the limit by which Councils can increase their core Council Tax (inclusive of levies) without a referendum, remains at the maximum level of 2%. This is will generate approximately £2.3m of revenue for the Council.
- 5.9 The Government decided not to continue with the 75% Business Rates Pilot Pools, including the London pool for 2020/21. London Government through decisions made collectively by the London Councils Leaders Committee and the London Mayor agreed to extend its business rates retention pool in 2020/21 covering the GLA and the 33 London billing authorities. However, with the current uncertainties in the business rates base across London and without any 'no detriment' guarantees from government, London Government has confirmed it will stop the pooling arrangement for 2021/22.
- 5.10 The Mayor is asked to note that Lewisham will not continue its involvement in the London pool for 2021/22 and ask Council to endorse this.
- 5.11 With 2021/22 effectively being another roll forward year, the Government has deferred the fundamental review of the way local government is financed until at least 2022/23.

The fair funding review will set new baseline funding allocations for local authorities by delivering an up-to-date assessment of their relative needs and resources, using the best available evidence. Sitting alongside this is a review of the Business Rates retention arrangements, which aims to reform the elements of the business rates retention system in England.

- 5.12 Last year the Council was able to set its budget without needing to use reserves. This year again, the Council has identified the £18m of cuts necessary to set a balanced budget and reduce the £10m of persistent service overspending witnessed in some areas over recent years. This is on top of the £7m of cuts agreed for 2020/21 the delivery of which has been pushed back to 2021/22 due to the need to address Covid-19 priorities this year.
- 5.13 While this position is confirmed for one year only, officer's medium term assumptions are that this recognises this higher funding baseline, including the housing, health and social care grants, as the starting point for the fair funding review. Nonetheless, due to the uncertainty surrounding the public finances overall and the local government fair funding review in particular, combined with the expectation that there still remains significant pressure in future years on the Council's limited resources to meet the growing demands of the people it serves; the Council fully expected to have to continue to seek further cuts for future year's budgets. The use of reserves will need to be considered in 2021/22 to meet any cost of recovery from Covid-19 and from 2022/23 if sufficient measures are not found to set a balanced budget each year.
- 5.14 Budget cuts of £28m have so far been identified for 2021/22 under a thematic approach sponsored by Members and led by the Executive Management Team. Assuming the measures proposed and the 2021/22 budget as set out in this report are agreed, the Council can set a balanced budget for the next financial year.

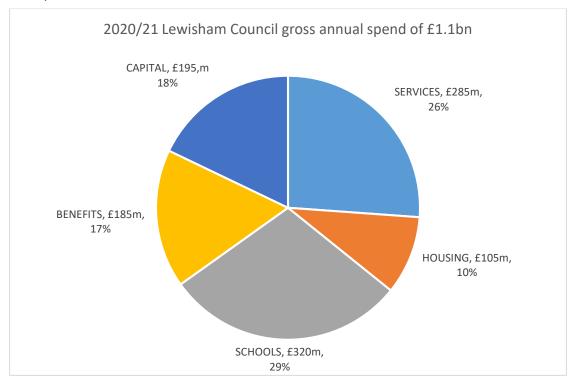
Covid-19 and the Council

- 5.15 With the third wave lockdown restrictions in place in Lewisham, realistically expected to extend into 2021/22 in some form, the Council is now acting once again to protect critical services and support vulnerable residents through another very challenging period. This in addition to supporting the scaling up of the national vaccination and track and trace programmes. While the Council may have to rely on its reserves for some of the impact of COVID-19, reserves by their nature once used are gone. They cannot therefore also be relied on to delay or avoid the difficult budget task of bringing spending into line with available resources.
- 5.16 Lewisham's recovery from coronavirus will be underpinned by the following anchoring principles which will continue to be at the heart of all decision-making, planning and action over the coming months:
 - Tackling widening social, economic and health inequalities;
 - Protecting and empowering our most vulnerable residents;
 - Ensuring the Council's continued resilience, stability and sustainability;
 - Enabling residents to make the most of Lewisham the place; and
 - Collaborating and working together with our communities and partnership across the borough.
- 5.17 Recovery will mirror the Council's successful response structure, with two perspectives: internal (the Council's recovery) and external (the Borough's recovery).
- 5.18 The Council's internal recovery is to be driven by the lessons learned from responding to COVID-19, the known and emerging impacts on our communities and the need to

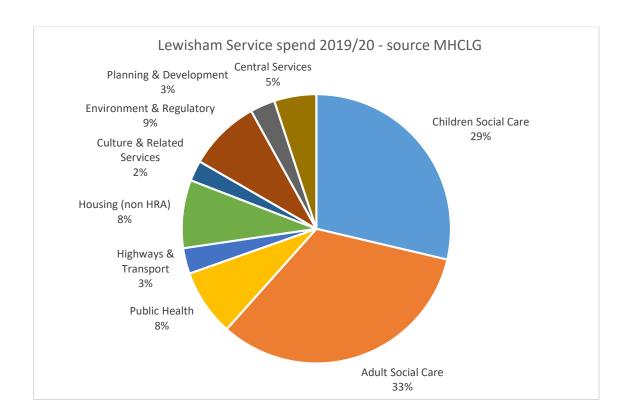
- deliver transformation at the scale needed to meet the current financial challenge. The 2021/22 budget-setting process is the first step in a three-year internal transformation programme to deliver cuts as set out on the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS).
- 5.19 Officers will be applying a programme management approach to deliver the strategic budget proposals as set out in this report and the accompanying cuts reports, if agreed. Officers will be supported to ensure that the proposals identified are realistic and taken through the new Programme Management Office (PMO) assurance and governance processes, giving rigour to the structure and delivery of the individual projects including the important financial, legal, equalities and other implications.
- 5.20 This internal recovery approach is inherently linked to the 'external' recovery of the borough, the recovery of Lewisham the place. For Lewisham, a post-pandemic future could bring opportunities and it is vital our communities are able to make the most of what's on their doorstep. We look ahead to a huge opportunity to recover positively in partnership with our communities and partners and neighbours, to support community development and resilience, to nurture and develop Lewisham's vibrant cultural scene using the platform of Borough of Culture, to promote a sustainable and thriving local economy, to tackle health inequalities, to achieve a fairer zero-carbon future, and to support our borough's children and young people. The borough's long-term recovery will be led by the Mayor along with Councillors, as the borough's community leaders, who will shape and drive priorities for recovery across Lewisham.

Budget context

5.21 The Council spends over £1.1bn annually on services for residents. In broad terms this splits as follows:



5.22 In respect of the £285m Services element of this annual spend, this is the gross spend built from the £248m general fund budget and income from grants, fees and charges, the money is directed as follows:



- 5.23 The Council serves an estimated population of 305,000 people who live in 130,000 households. Residents of Lewisham are diverse, with people of more than 70 nationalities speaking over 170 languages. The number of residents is also growing; over 12% since the last census in 2011 and growth is forecast to continue with the population rising by 55,000 to 360,000 (or 18%) by 2041. These numbers will be reassessed with the 2021 census being undertaken this calendar year.
- 5.24 The Council works hard to be available for residents when they need it. Through the Customer Services access point, the Council responds to over 500,000 items of correspondence and receives over 18,000 visits a year. In addition, through the registry office, the Council processes over 7,500 births, deaths and marriages. While these activities have had to move on-line for 2020/21 due to the Covid-19 pandemic the Council has continued to support residents with these core services while also handling a significant rise in other customer services needs for businesses and residents in these challenging times.
- 5.25 In addition to supporting a diverse and growing population, the budget contributes to the Council's commitment to extend local democracy. With the Covid-19 pandemic the Council is jointly sponsoring research with the University of Birmingham into the impact on BAME communities alongside wider socio-economic factors. While the resettlement of refugees was paused due to the pandemic in 2020/21, in line with the corporate strategy Lewisham remains committed to resuming this work and welcoming more of those seeking asylum in the UK.
- 5.26 The budget supports a wide range of age groups across more than 600 individual services.
- 5.27 For young people, the schools' budget provides for 77 maintained schools from nursery level through to secondary. This means 85% (30,500) of all school age children attend one of our maintained schools.
- 5.28 Our Strategic Housing service benefits a large number of residents. The work done with partners to deliver Social Housing and Temporary Accommodation helps provide for the accommodation needs of a quarter of our households with 30,800 households

- in social housing and 2,500 in temporary accommodation. The numbers in temporary accommodation has been supplemented in 2020/21 through the pandemic to ensure everyone on the street was offered a place to stay.
- 5.29 The Borough has over 9,000 businesses registered and, in line with our corporate priority to assist with access to high-quality job opportunities, the budget funds adult education and apprenticeships. During 2020/21 over £50m of grants have been administered by the Council and passed to businesses along with a further £34m of business rates relief. At the same time the Council established a Business Taskforce with Member, partner, and senior officer representation to lead on improving and planning for economic recovery and employment as the Borough recovers from the Covid-19 pandemic. This includes support for kick start programmes and extending the opportunities for local apprenticeships.
- 5.30 The Adult Social Care service provides a range of support to vulnerable users that helps them remain active and independent: 2,350 (or 8%) of those over 65 and 1,265 (or 1%) of the 18-64 population received a service from Lewisham in 2019/20. As well as physical care needs, these services provide support to those with mental health or disability needs. The work of these services has been under particular scrutiny with the Covid-19 pandemic and the Council has worked closely with the NHS to help manage pressures in the system (in particular hospital discharges), as well as working with care providers in the Borough to support the safety of patients and workers, provision of protective equipment, guidance on infection control, and financially where needed to ensure the stability of the market.
- 5.31 The budget also maintains key universal services such as libraries; arts and entertainment centres and sports and recreation facilities. For much of 2020/21 these services have been closed or had their services reduced due to the pandemic. In these cases staff have redeployed to support the critical services response. At the same time recovery planning is being undertaken. For example, the Council moved its large leisure contract to GLL during the year, has maintained a click and collect library service, and agreed investment of £7m in the theatre as the Council looks forward to being the Borough of Culture next year.
- 5.32 Maintaining a clean and green environment is beneficial for all. The amount of waste recycled, composted or re-used is growing year on year. Each week Lewisham waste services collect 2,500 tonnes of waste from households. And thanks to the efforts of residents, the Council are currently able to keep 25% of that waste from being incinerated. These efforts have also resulted in over 18,000 tonnes of waste to be recycled this year. The level of waste collected in the Borough has risen in 2020/21 with lockdown and more working from home with the service responding and continuing despite the pandemic.
- 5.33 The Council is also responsible for maintaining 397km of roads and 12km of footpaths. The Environment service sweeps the town centres daily and main residential streets weekly. The Council also manages the parking service, including permits and enforcement. These are service areas which will play a significant part in supporting the delivery of a zero-carbon borough. Through the Covid-19 pandemic the Council has continued to support key workers by offering parking permits in response to health needs.
- 5.34 Residents enjoy the Borough's green spaces and the budget supports the work that the Green Scene service does to maintain the high standard of Lewisham's parks. There are 47 parks in the borough and 15 of these have the coveted 'Green Flag' rating. Our achievements in this service area have been recognised by our residents with 74% of residents who responded to the 2018 'Parks and Open Spaces survey' felt the standard of the parks in Lewisham has been maintained at a good or fair level. The Council also ranked first in the recent "Good Parks for London" group. These outdoor

- spaces have proved a valued lifeline for exercise and wellbeing activities for residents through the Covid-19 pandemic in 2020/21.
- 5.35 The rest of the report sets out the position of the financial settlements as they impact on the Council's overall resources:
 - General Fund Revenue Budget for 2020/21;
 - Council Tax level for 2020/21;
 - Other Grants for 2020/21:
 - Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) for 2020/21;
 - Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and level of rents for 2020/21;
 - Treasury Management Strategy for 2020/21; and
 - Capital Programme for 2019/20 to 2022/23.

6. General Fund Revenue Budget And Council Tax

- 6.1. This section considers the General Fund revenue budget and Council Tax. The General Fund budget for 2021/22, assuming a Council Tax increase of 4.99%, is £243.100m. Details of the cuts approved for 2021/22 are provided at Appendices Y1 and Y2.
- 6.2. It is structured as follows:
 - Update on 2020/21 Revenue Budget;
 - The Budget Model;
 - Budget Cuts;
 - Council Tax for 2021/22; and
 - Overall Budget Position for 2021/22.

Update on 2020/21 Revenue Budget

- 6.3. The Council's revenue budget for 2020/21 was agreed at Council on 26 February 2020. The general fund budget requirement was set at £248.714m.
- 6.4. During the financial year, monthly monitoring is undertaken by officers and these monitoring reports have been presented quarterly to Mayor and Cabinet and scrutinised by the Public Accounts Select Committee. Significant attention continues to be directed towards volatile budget areas. These are those areas where small changes in activity levels can drive large cost implications. They include, for example: Looked After Children; Nightly Paid Accommodation; and Children's Social Care. Continuing pressures also exist in Environment Services, magnified since the inception of the new service model in 2016/17, and is subject to ongoing scrutiny and management action.
- 6.5. Budget holders are challenged to maintain a tight control on spending throughout the year. The Council operates a devolved system of financial accountability with clear delegations and responsibility set out in the financial and procurement regulations and schemes of delegation in the Constitution.
- 6.6. An initial projected overspend was reported at the end of May 2020, post the application of the monies received to date from government to support the Council's

- response to Covid. Officers undertook management action to make in-year savings of £5.4m as well as introducing additional spending controls, and in the August monitoring report this overspend had reduced to £10.4m. The forecast non-Covid overspend had again further reduced to £3.6m in the October 2020 monitoring report.
- 6.7. In spite of the continued management action and temporary spending controls in place the persistent overspending projection and underlying service demands remain and therefore £10m has been included as part of the budget cuts proposals for 2021/22 to ensure that the Council can set a balanced budget for 2021/22.

Directorates

6.8. Table A1 sets out the latest forecast budget variances on the General Fund by Directorate, separately identifying the Covid pressures from the non Covid directorate pressures, totalling £3.6m.

Table A1: Forecast outturn for 2020/21 as at end of October 2020

Directorate	Net budget 2020/21	Forecast Outturn 2020/21 As at end of October 2020	Forecast Variance Over/ (Under) Spend October 2020	Covid-19 Related Variance October 2020	Non Covid-19 Service Variance October 2020
	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Children & Young People (1)	60.3	71.7	11.4	4.5	6.9
Community Services	89.3	102.6	13.3	16.8	(3.5)
Housing, Regen' & Public Realm	23.2	32.7	9.5	9.7	(0.2)
Corporate Resources (2)	35.3	39.4	4.1	3.4	0.7
Chief Executive	12.2	12.3	0.1	0.4	(0.3)
Directorate Totals	220.3	258.7	38.4	34.8	3.6
Covid Grant Funding	N/A	N/A	(36.6)	(36.6)	0.0
Corporate Items	28.3	28.3	1.4	1.4	0.0
Net Revenue Budget	248.6	287.0	3.2	(0.4)	3.6

^{(1) –} gross figures exclude £180m Dedicated Schools' Grant expenditure and matching grant income

Corporate Financial Provisions

^{(2) –} gross figures exclude approximately £213m of matching income and expenditure for housing benefits.

- 6.9. Corporate Financial Provisions are budgets that are held centrally for corporate purposes and which do not form part of the controllable expenditure of the service directorates. They include Capital Expenditure charged to the Revenue Account (CERA), Treasury Management budgets such as Interest on Revenue Balances (IRB) and Debt Charges, Corporate Working Balances and various provisions for items such as early retirement and voluntary severance. Spend of the Corporate Financial Provisions is expected to be contained within budget by the year-end.
- 6.10. Consideration is now being given to employing the use of corporate measures to balance the budget at year end. This will be to address any shortfall in support for Covid-19 costs as well as underlying service overspending. It is proposed to meet the 2020/21 budget overspend from provisions and reserves, with the final position declared in the outturn report to Members.

The Budget Model

- 6.11. This section of the report sets out the construction of the 2021/22 base budget. This section is structured as follows:
 - Budget assumptions, including: Cuts, Council Tax, and Inflation;
 - New Homes Bonus;
 - Budget pressures to be funded; and
 - Risks and other potential budget pressures to be managed.

Budget assumptions, including: Cuts, Council Tax, and Inflation

6.12. The Council has made substantial reductions to its expenditure over the last ten years. Subject to the outcome of the multi-year Comprehensive Spending Review (CSR) now expected in 2021 for 2021/22 and the outcome of the government's fair funding review, the Council expects to continue to need to make further reductions for at least the next three to four years. This section of the report summarises a series of proposals that would enable the Council to set a balanced budget for 2021/22 as part of a sustainable financial strategy to 2024/25.

Council Tax

- 6.13. Since 2016/17, the government has allowed councils with social care responsibilities to apply a percentage increase on council tax (the Social Care precept), the funds of which are ring-fenced to Adult Social Care (ASC) services. To date, Lewisham has applied a 10% increase over the five year period. The government is once again allowing councils to apply a precept for 2021/22, up to a maximum of 3%. For 2021/22 this will generate £3.494m of additional income for ASC services. This report proposes that the Mayor recommends that Council approve the 3% ASC precept for 2021/22 to obtain the maximum benefit permitted.
- 6.14. The assumption used in the model for preparing the 2021/22 budget, subject to confirmation by Council, is for a total Council Tax increase (Lewisham element) of 4.99%. A 3% increase for the social care precept and a 1.99% increase in the core element under the revised referendum principle announced along with the provisional Finance Settlement on 17 December 2020.
- 6.15. Should Council choose to set a different Council Tax increase, Members will need to be mindful that any increase below this recommendation will result in additional budget pressures, resulting in greater use of resources in the short term and a higher cuts requirement going forward. Any increase in the core element above this

- recommendation would require support in a local referendum due to the limit set by the Secretary of State.
- 6.16. Further information on the options for Council when setting the Council Tax is set out in more detail towards the end of this section.

Inflation

- 6.17. The Government's inflation target for the United Kingdom is defined in terms of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) measure of inflation which excludes mortgage interest payments. Since April 2011, the CPI has also been used for the indexation of benefits, tax credits, and public service pensions.
- 6.18. For financial planning purposes, the Council has previously assumed an average pay inflation of 2% per annum, which equates to approximately £2.5m. 2020/21 is the last year of the current pay settlement via the National Joint Council (NJC) for Local Government which saw an increase of 2.75%. The government has frozen public sector wages other than for health services for 2021/22.
- 6.19. Lewisham's lowest pay band exceeds the national and London living wage amounts. A provision of 2% (£2.6m) had been made to cover 2021/22 pay inflation in the MTFS which, due to the pay freeze, now forms part of the productivity cuts for the budget.
- 6.20. The Council budgets for a non-pay inflation rate budget of 1.5% per annum. This is higher than the forecast CPI inflation rates for 2021 to reflect the underlying commitments in Council contracts. This equates to approximately £1.3m (net) in 2020/21.
- 6.21. Unless pre-defined by statute or otherwise agreed, all services are expected to uplift their fees and charges annually in line with the Council's inflation assumptions, or for full cost recovery if this is higher, to allow for stability in real terms.

New Homes Bonus

- 6.22. The New Homes Bonus (NHB) sits alongside the Council's planning system and is designed to create a fiscal incentive to encourage housing growth. The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) has been paying the NHB as un-ringfenced grant to enable local authorities to decide how to spend the funding. The scheme design sets some guidance about the priorities that spend should be focused on, in that it is being provided to 'help deliver the vision and objectives of the community and the spatial strategy for the area and in line with local community wishes'.
- 6.23. In the provisional Local Government Finance Settlement statement, the Secretary of State announced that for 2021/22 the NHB would 'roll forward' for one more year but without legacy payments.
- 6.24. The provisional allocation for 2021/22 in Lewisham is £2.652m. This is a reduction on the £6.176m received in 2020/21 as a result of the loss of legacy payments. Given the reducing and uncertain nature of this funding the NHB is being treated as one off monies to be used to support 'task and finish' activities, not recurring spend. For 2021/22 this will be for supporting Covid recovery work to make the most of the opportunities to deliver the place and community support needed in the Borough.

Budget Pressures to be funded

2020/21

6.25. In 2020/21, the funds set aside in the budget model to meet specific identified budget pressures and potential budget risks was £6.5m. This was allocated in full to identified risks and pressures.

2021/22

- 6.26. The MTFS for 2021/22 sets aside a further £6.5m for budget pressures and risks. To this it is recommended the saving of £1.5m is added from reduced contributions required to the London concessionary fares scheme as a result of reduced demand through 2020/21. In addition, it is recommended that the £2.339m of additional social care grant (on top of the £8.434m received in 2020/21 and continuing for 2021/22) be used to address current pressures. These actions will provide £10.339m to be allocated to selected budget pressure and growth areas that will present as challenges in future budgets if not corrected.
- 6.27. In terms of accounting for these, it is proposed that these investments and pressures are allocated in line with the decisions of this budget from the corporate risk and pressures monies and £3.5m from the Social Care precept to the relevant Directorates when determining their cash limits for 2020/21.
- 6.28. To the funding of these pressures can be added the NHB of £2.652m, lower tier baseline grant of £0.700m, and corporate items to support one-off pressures identified as needing funding in 2021/22.
- 6.29. Using cash budgets (in particular grants such as the Social Care Grant) presents a risk for future years although the medium planning assumptions are that this level of funding for 2021/22 from government is in recognition of the pressures faced by local authorities and will effectively form the baseline pending fair funding review.
- 6.30. The budget pressures anticipated in 2021/22 have been reviewed and it is recommended that the following identified pressures are funded now, set against the Corporate Strategy priorities. These exclude pressures associated with services experiencing persistent overspends as these have been addressed via the cuts process.
- 6.31. Table A2 provides a summary of the corporate risk and pressures budget and those pressures and risks that are being recommended to be funded.

Table A2: Summary of 2021/22 budget pressures to be funded

Description	£'000	£'000
Social Care precept	3,494	3,494
Ongoing		
Risk & Pressures budget available in 2021/22	6,500	
Reduction in Concessionary Fares budget	1,500	
Social care grant (additional)	2,339	10,339
Once-off		
New Homes Bonus	2,652	
Lower tier grant	700	
Corporate items (legacy s31 grant)	2.500	5.852
Total Resources Available for Risks and Pressures in 2021/22		19,685
Recommended Allocations		

Description	£'000	£'000
Corporate Strategy priorities		
Open Lewisham	-1,870	
Leisure		
Planning		
Tackling the Housing Crisis	-200	
Review of strategic housing		
Giving Children the best start	-4,040	
Children Social Care		
School Transport		
School catering contract		
Troubled Families		
Building an inclusive economy	-50	
Economy and partnerships		
Defending health & social care	-3,494	
Social Care precept from Council Tax		
Making Lewisham greener	-2,632	
Environment Services - waste		
Tree safety		
Energy		
Fleet replacement (build capital fund)		
Building a safer community	-82	
Bereavement		
Total Corporate Strategy priorities		-12,368
Organisational value for money		-3,220
Corporate Services		
Technology and Digital		
Estate compliance		
Transformation investment and contingency for unachieved savings		4,097
Grand Total Funded Pressures		-19,685

Open Lewisham - £1,870m

6.32. The commitments to this priority include additional resource to support the new leisure contract for the initial two years of operation to ensure that the Council can provide a leisure offering that supports its residents' health and wellbeing. Linked to the emerging leisure strategy this will enable Lewisham's residents to access quality leisure facilities. There is also resources to support the Council in the preparation of neighbourhood plans to ensure that these come forward and best meet local needs.

Tackling the housing crisis – £0.200m

6.33. This is directed to an emerging pressure on the housing service budget, to enable a review of the delivery of strategic housing within the borough.

Giving Children the best start - £4,040m

6.34. There is a statutory requirement to provide home to school transport for children with Educational Health & Care Plan where the plan specifies a transport service. From 2015 to 2019 the number of EHCPs in Lewisham increased by 65.5% from 1,408 to 2,344. The number of ECHPs in Lewisham now stands at 2,873, representing a further 22.5% increase since the January 2020 SEN2 census date. The service has committed to reduce the persistent overspend in this service, but it is proposed that this is part funded to enable a base budget that better reflects the increased level of need. In addition, new proposals for the schools catering contract and the reversal of a previous saving not achieved in the work with Troubled Families are proposed to be funded to enable these services to start the year with the correct budget and focus on changes for the future.

Building an inclusive economy - £0.005m

6.35. The long term impact of Covid on the economy and its residents and businesses has meant that it's vital that we increase the investment in the economy and partnerships team to promote employment and take up of the Kickstart scheme as part of the Council's inclusive growth strategy in 2021/22. This work, with the support of the Business Taskforce established in 2020, will be over seen by the expanded economy and partnerships team with £0.5m of Covid grant funding their work in 2021/22 and subject to review of the outcomes and ability to support this investment for future years.

Defending Health & Social Care - £3.494m

6.36. This proposed budget increase applies the Social Care precept to support the work of Adult Social Care services. This will enable the service to continue to work constructively with the health sector and private care market given the continued demand and cost pressures faced with a growing elderly population, work on earlier discharges from hospital into care, and rising costs in a fragile market for care services.

Making Lewisham Greener - £2.632m

6.37. The risk and pressures to be invested against this priority aim to support the Council's commitment to be carbon neutral by 2030 in line with the declared climate emergency. This includes investing in the Council's infrastructure, in particular its vehicles, to be compliant with low emission requirements, address the additional costs arising from separating waste to compost, re-use, and recycle more waste with less to land fill, and ensuring that the boroughs trees remain safe for residents and continue to contribute to residents' health and wellbeing.

Building a Safer Community - £0.008m

6.38. This funding for 2021/22 will be invested in our bereavement services to ensure that we not only meet our statutory duties but provide quality services that meet the needs of our communities.

Organisational value for money - £3.220m

6.39. In addition to the corporate strategy the Council is a large and complex organisation. Through the decade of austerity to 2021 the Council's support services have borne a

significant proportion of the budget cuts. This was recognised in the 2019/20 budget round and this investment is to reverse some previously agreed cuts and enhance the resourcing for some of these services. In particular; finance and technology – which has underpinned the Council's ability to continue to work effectively during the pandemic. In addition work as part of the capital strategy (section 11) is underway to assess the level of capital investment required to sustain the Council's technology infrastructure in a secure, resilient, and optimal state. There is also the need to permanently fund the additional salary inflation as 2.0% was budgeted for in 2020/21 but 2.75% awarded.

Transformation investment - £4,097m

- 6.40. Lewisham's recovery from coronavirus will be underpinned by the following anchoring principles which will be at the heart of all decision-making, planning and action over the coming months:
 - Tackling widening social, economic and health inequalities;
 - Protecting and empowering our most vulnerable residents;
 - Ensuring the Council's continued resilience, stability and sustainability;
 - Enabling residents to make the most of Lewisham the place; and
 - Collaborating and working together with our communities and partnership across the borough.
- 6.41. Recovery will mirror the Council's successful response structure, with two perspectives: internal (the Council's recovery) and external (the Borough's recovery).
- 6.42. The Council's internal recovery is to be driven by the lessons learned from responding to COVID-19, the known and emerging impacts on our communities and the need to deliver transformation at the scale needed to meet the current financial challenge. This transformation will require investment and the continued (albeit reduced) availability of the New Homes Bonus to be invested to support improvement and change work.
- 6.43. This transformation investment is needed to improve the Council's effectiveness and efficiency going forward. This transformation will enable; a better critical mass of key services to be marshalled together, inject some capacity where it can have the most impact; and enable different approaches to be adopted to tackle key issues.
- 6.44. Some of this allocation may be required in the event of unachieved savings or, if more significant in value the use of corporate provisions and reserves will be required pending the service identifying sufficient alternative cuts.

Risks and other potential budget pressures to be managed

- 6.45. Following the review of budget pressures within Directorates, there are a number of other risks and issues which, although difficult to quantify with absolute certainty, could prove significant should they materialise.
- 6.46. Officers continue to undertake work to fully assess and monitor these risks. These risks and other potential budget pressures are discussed in more detail below:
 - Adult Social Care and Transition;
 - National / London Living Wage;
 - Temporary Accommodation / Homelessness;
 - Redundancy;

- Unwinding Covid-19 critical response and recovery; and
- Unachieved cuts.

Adult Social Care, including Transition demands

6.47. As noted above this is an area of continuing pressure for the Council. This is expected to continue into future years. However, the impact of service configuration changes, national policy priorities, the additional funding committed to these services for 2021/22 through the Adult Social Care precept and improved Better Care Fund, and the changes arising from transformation cuts are not yet known or assessed so it is not possible to fully evaluate the risk at this time. This will form part of the service review being commissioned to report by the summer of 2021.

National / London Living Wage

- 6.48. The Council has for some years now ensured it pays the London Living Wage to staff and contractors where this has been possible to contract for. However, there have remained some areas where this has not always been possible for example; subcontractors on some works contracts and contracting for some care services. The recent increases in living wage and focus on modern slavery and ethical charter considerations in procurement rules go some way to closing this remaining gap to ensure all employees are paid a fair wage.
- 6.49. The budget impact of these changes is a risk of additional contract costs to the Council. These will vary according to the contract and areas of spend depending on past practice and how suppliers elect to pass on some or all of these costs. The risk cannot therefore be easily quantified at this time.

Temporary Accommodation / Homelessness

6.50. Government welfare changes, economic pressures on families and individuals, and the chronic supply shortage of affordable housing in London are pressures that directly impact the Council's housing services. From 2020/21 to this has been added the impact of Covid-19. These are recognised nationally, by the London Mayor and locally, of course, in Lewisham's strategies and plans. Some monies (e.g. homelessness trailblazer scheme), some policy changes (e.g. changes to the way Universal Credit is being introduced and powers against rogue landlords), and actions the Council are taking to develop and procure more and better accommodation are all being progressed. These should help reduce the risks and service pressures that arise from the growth in temporary accommodation and homelessness in Lewisham. These risks are being carefully monitored but remain significant and cannot be easily quantified in budgetary terms at this time.

<u>Redundancy</u>

6.51. The Council will seek to minimise the impact of cuts on services and jobs. However, a significant proportion of the Council's budget goes on staff salaries and wages, so it will not always be possible to make significant investments in service transformation and redesign to achieve budget cuts over the next four years without an impact on jobs. The cost of redundancy depends on age, seniority, and length of service of the individuals affected, and it is not possible to calculate the overall financial impact at this stage. With the introduction of the £95k cap in 2020 such costs may be reduced but further guidance and regulations are pending in respect of the local government pensions scheme. For these reasons the risk cannot be easily quantified at this time.

Unwinding Covid-19 critical response and recovery

6.52. The Covid-19 pandemic has significantly impacted the Council's finances and continues to change service priorities to enable resources to focus on critical services. The estimates for 2020/21 are for cost implications and forgone income estimates of over £60m. Against these there are a range of government funding streams to offset the losses, with new ones (e.g. track and trace, tier funding) being added and others (such as compensation for forgone income) still being worked through. These financial implications along with the operational challenges and opportunities to focus the recovery work in the Borough on community needs and improvements to the place are complete, will involve the whole Council, and take time. As such the risks and associated costs and investments cannot be easily quantified at this time.

Unachieved Cuts

- 6.53. The delivery of the budget savings proposals will be through a strategic PMO approach. This will ensure robust management of delivery through the use of a newly developed Lewisham PMO framework and tools, and each directorate will have the support of a dedicated Strategic Transformation and OD Business Partner who will provide assurance, challenge and direction on delivery, and support to ensure the most suitable approach to delivery is being taken for each proposal. Specifically in relation to ensuring that equalities implications are considered in the delivery of every cut the Business Partners will work closely with the policy and communications team to ensure that both engagement and assessment of impact in the planning of delivery is timely, meaningful and considered across the programme. This will provide join up and assurance and identify any further compounding factors that have not yet been identified at the proposal stage.
- 6.54. The new strategic governance process through Thematic Boards and overseen by EMT will provide visibility of progress, risks, challenges and robust governance of the programme as a whole. Alongside, the PMO will be monitoring and reporting on programme-wide delivery of cuts, risks and equalities impact. Clear roles and responsibilities (between the PMO and service Directors) are being drawn up in order to ensure there are clear lines of accountability.
- 6.55. Staff will be further involved in the delivery of the cuts directly through discussions with managers in impacted services, but also strategically through our wider forums and staff engagement. Led directly by staff members in the Change Network, there is a project being developed to ensure that staff are involved strategically as well as directly in identifying further ways to change and deliver services in light of our financial challenges. Staff will be supported and empowered to bring forward ideas and develop them into specific change/cut proposals over the coming months. This will feed into both delivery of cuts proposals already identified, as well as the identification of additional proposals for the coming years
- 6.56. In the event that this approach cannot ensure the full delivery of the budget cuts and pressures arise in the year and are not able to be contained with Directorate budgets, they may become an additional call on corporate provisions and reserves until alternative cuts are agreed and implemented.

Summary of Budget Pressures and Investment

6.57. In conclusion, it is a matter of good budgeting to make a general allowance for risk and uncertainty, particularly at such a time of rapid change in the local government sector.

- 6.58. There are some pressures to be funded, which can be quantified within a reasonable range. These fully commit the available £6.5m allocation and additional resources received for 2021/22. Including the use of some funding to invest in change and support the transformation work necessary to redesign services and improve the Council's culture to further collaborative working.
- 6.59. There are also a number of other risks and potential budget pressures to consider which are less easy to quantify with any certainty which may become an additional call on reserves through the year if they arise. These will be regularly monitored and reported.

2021/22 Budget Cut Proposals

- 6.60. On the 9 December 2020, the Mayor and Cabinet agreed £15.051m of budget cut proposals for 2021/22. A summary of these cuts is attached as Appendix Y1 to this report.
- 6.61. In addition, on the 3 February 2021, the Mayor and Cabinet have been asked to agree a further £12.965m worth of budget cuts for 2021/22. A summary of these cuts is attached as Appendix Y2 to this report.
- 6.62. These cuts totalling £28.016m have been included in the 2021/22 budget calculation. They must be achieved in order to maintain a balanced budget and manage the persistent overspend. The delivery of these cuts will be monitored, any shortfall will have to be covered, in the short term pending services offering alternative proposals, through the use of reserves.
- 6.63. No estimates for Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA) in 2022/23 have been provided by the Government. 2021/22 is effectively a roll forward year for the SFA, and the outcome of the fair funding review is due later on in 2021. The prospects for future funding remain uncertain.

2020/21 Council Tax

6.64. In setting the Council's annual budget, Members need to make decisions in respect of the Council Tax.

Collection Fund

- 6.65. Collection Fund surpluses or deficits reflect whether the Council over or under achieves its Council Tax collection targets. Therefore, this requires a calculation to be made of how much the Council has already received for the Council Tax in the current and past years and how much of the outstanding debt it expects to collect.
- 6.66. The statutory calculation was carried out for the 15 January (date prescribed by the relevant statutory instrument). This calculation showed there is an estimated deficit on the Collection Fund in respect of Council Tax, for the years to 2020/21 of £3,129,000. This reflects the ongoing work of the Public Services team to carefully collect all monies owing to the Council but also the impact of Covid-19 to collection and rise in those eligible for the Council Tax Reduction scheme.
- 6.67. This deficit is shared with the precepting authority, the Greater London Authority (GLA), in proportion to relative shares of budgeted Council Tax income in the current financial year. This means that £2,498,000 of the total deficit has to be included in the calculation of Lewisham's budget as the additional Council Tax owed and collected in year. The remaining balance of £631,000 is allocated to the GLA.

Council Tax Reduction Scheme

6.68. Members should note that the Council agreed on the 20 January 2021 that no changes are to be made to the Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS) for 2021/22 and that the Council should continue to pass on the government cuts in funding to working age claimants. Members agreed that the fixed percentage reduction in liability for the working age claimants of the scheme should remain at 25% for 2021/22. This means that everyone of working-age has to continue to pay a minimum of 25% of their council tax liability.

Council Tax Levels

- 6.69. In the 2021/22 Local Government Finance Settlement, the Government announced a 2% limit to the amount by which Councils can increase their Council Tax (inclusive of levies) without a referendum. In addition, there is also the opportunity to increase Council Tax by up to a further 3%, for the Social Care Precept in 2021/22. The government's assumptions in the local government finance settlement 2021/22 include the raising of both Council Tax and the Social Care precept in each and every year to meet the recognised funding pressures faced by the sector.
- 6.70. In 2021/22, the recommendation is that the Council approve a 3% Social Care precept which will provide additional funding of £3.5m, ring fenced for Adult Social Care spend. If implemented this charge has to be identified on the face of the Council Tax bill and made clear in the accompanying guidance for rate payers.
- 6.71. At the same time an increase in core Council Tax of 1.99% (i.e. within the limit of the 2% referendum threshold) would provide additional funding of approximately £2.3m.
- 6.72. In considering cut proposals and the level of Council Tax, Members make political judgements, balancing these with their specific legal responsibilities to set a balanced budget for 2021/22 and their general responsibilities to steward the Council's finances over the medium term.
- 6.73. In 2020/21, the Band D Council Tax in Lewisham is £1,646.44 on a base of 90,099.3 Band D equivalent properties. Of this, £332.07 relates to the activities of the GLA which the Council pays over to them on collection, Lewisham's element is £1,314.37.
- 6.74. The GLA is consulting on a precept of £363.66 (Band D equivalent) for 2021/22, an increase of £31.59 or 9.51%, and a final decision is expected from them on or after the 25 February 2021.
- 6.75. For 2021/22, the Band D Council Tax in Lewisham is recommended to be £1,743.62 on a base of 88,614.3 Band D equivalent properties (the base was approved by Council on the 20 January). Of this, £363.66 relates to the activities of the GLA which the Council will pay over to them on collection. Lewisham's element will therefore be £1,379.95, which includes a 2021/22 increase of £65.59 (4.99%).
- 6.76. Table D5 below shows, for illustrative purposes, the Council Tax payable by a Lewisham resident in a Band D property in 2021/22 under a range of possible Council Tax increases, and the financial implications of this for the Council. A full Council Tax Ready Reckoner is attached at Appendix Y4.
- 6.77. The starting point is for an assumed 4.99% increase in Lewisham's Council Tax for 2021/22, which includes the maximum core increase permissible without a referendum. Any reduction from this level of increase will reduce the level of income the Council collects and will increase the draw on reserves for 2021/22 and the budget gap in future years.

Table A3 - Band D Council Tax Levels for 2021/22

Amounts payable by residents - Band D							
Change in Lewisham Council Tax	Lewisham element	GLA element	Total Council Tax	Increase in overall Council Tax	Lewisham Annual income forgone		
	£	£	£	%	£m		
4.99% increase	1,379.96	363.66	1,743.62	5.90	-		
4.50% increase	1,373.52	363.66	1,737.18	5.51	-0.57		
3.99% increase	1,366.95	363.66	1,730.61	5.11	-1.15		
3.50% increase	1,360.38	363.66	1,724.04	4.71	-1.74		
3.00% increase	1,353.80	363.66	1,717.46	4.31	-2.32		
2.50% increase	1,347.23	363.66	1,710.89	3.91	-2.90		
2.00% increase	1,340.66	363.66	1,704.32	3.52	-3.48		
1.50% increase	1,334.09	363.66	1,697.75	3.12	-4.06		
1.00% increase	1,327.52	363.66	1,691.18	2.72	-4.65		
0.50% increase	1,320.94	363.66	1,684.60	2.32	-5.23		
Council Tax Freeze	1,314.37	363.66	1,678.03	1.92	-5.81		

6.78. In January 2021 at the Council meeting, Council set the Council Tax base for 2021/22 and agreed the maximum incentives available to bring properties back into use, charge for second homes, and complete works in the shortest possible time. Council also agreed to continue the Council Tax exemption for Care Leavers up to the age of 25 in the Borough.

Overall Budget Position for 2021/22

6.79. For 2021/22, the overall budget position for the Council is an assumed General Fund Budget Requirement of £243.100m, as set out in Table D6 below:

Table A4 - Overall Budget Position for 2020/21

Detail	Expenditure/ (Income) £m	Expenditure/ (Income) £m
Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA) for 2021/22	(123.304)	
Council Tax 2021/22 at 4.99% increase	(122.285)	
Deficit on Collection Fund	2.498	
NNDR pressure	1.000	
Business Rates S31 and Growth	(1.009)	

Detail	Expenditure/ (Income) £m	Expenditure/ (Income) £m
Assumed Budget Requirement for 2020/21		(243.100)
Base Budget for 2020/21	248.714	
Plus: Additional Pay inflation	2.657	
Plus: Non-pay Inflation	1.251	
Plus: Budget pressures to be funded from 20/21 fund	6.500	
Plus: Adult Social Care Precept	3.494	
Less: Concessionary fares contribution	(1,500)	
Plus: Persistent overspend to be removed via cuts	10.000	
Less: Cuts proposed for 2021/22	(28.016)	
Total		243.100

- 6.80. The statutory calculation for the 2021/22 budget requirement is attached to this report at Appendix Y6.
- 6.81. At this time, on the budget assumptions for the General Fund set out above, no use of reserves is required for 2021/22 to enable the Council to set a balanced budget.

Fees and Charges - 2021/22

- 6.82. Lewisham Council is involved in a wide range of services and the ability to charge for some of these services has always been a key funding source to support the cost of providing the service. The Local Government Act 2000 gave local authorities a wide power to act for the economic, social and environmental well-being of their areas. The general power to charge for discretionary services was included in the Local Government Act 2003.
- 6.83. The Fees and Charges report aims to ensure a structured, transparent process to review and approve the proposed fees and charges for the coming financial year. The report setting out the fees and charges for 2020/21 and the relevant service commentary are included at Appendix Y8.

Use of Provisions and Reserves

6.84. If the need should arise to balance the budget for any in-year pressures using reserves, the Executive Director for Corporate Resources advises that ongoing measures should be identified to rectify this position as quickly as possible and in any event, by the following year. The use of once off resources is therefore just delaying the need to make an equivalent level of saving in the following year.

- 6.85. In addition to the above, as part of the accounts closing process, the ability for the Council to replenish reserves for ongoing work planned for over more than one year and the impact of any risks will be reviewed and assessed and reported on. These risks include:
 - Government funding support for the impact of Covid-19 may be insufficient;
 - Agreed cuts experience delays or are not delivered;
 - Service pressures cause overspends;
 - Transformation and change projects overrun;
 - Capital programme overruns hit revenue;
 - Service disruption costs arising from the UK leaving the EU; and
 - Further cuts are not identified, putting strain on future budgets.
- 6.86. Further discussion of the use of reserves and planning for future budgets will be reviewed and brought back for Member consideration as part of the next Medium Term Financial Strategy update in July 2021.

7. Other grants and future years' budget strategy

- 7.1. This section of the report considers the other funding streams which the Council currently receives and implications for future years. The critical point for the budget is that spend of these grants is managed by the services to ensure commitments are maintained within the resources available. This is to avoid putting pressure on the General Fund.
- 7.2. These other funding streams are Public Health, Better Care Fund, and various other grants. This section of the report is structured as follows:
 - Better Care Fund and improved Better Care Fund 2020/21;
 - Public Health Grant 2020/21;
 - Social Care Grant; and
 - Adult Social Care Precept;

Better Care Fund and improved Better Care Fund

- 7.3. The national Better Care Fund (BCF) was announced by the Government in the June 2013 Spending Round, to support transformation and integration of health and social care services to ensure local people receive better care. The BCF is a pooled budget paid to the National Health Service (NHS) that shifts resources into social care and community services for the benefit of the NHS and local government. The BCF does not represent an increase in funding but rather a realignment of existing funding streams with new conditions attached.
- 7.4. For Lewisham the value in 2020/21 is £23.287m. The allocation for 2021/22 is expected to be at least the same although local allocations have yet to be confirmed. The local plan must be agreed with the Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) and will require the approval of NHS England.
- 7.5. The Fund must be used in accordance with the final approved plan and through a section 75 pooled fund agreement. The full value of the element of the Fund linked to non-elective admissions reduction target is be paid over to Lewisham CCG at the start

- of the financial year. However, the CCG may only release the full value of this funding into the pool if the proposed admissions reduction target is met. If the target is not met, the CCG may only release into the pool a part of that funding proportionate to the partial achievement of the target. Any part of this funding that is not released into the pool due to the target not being met must be dealt with in accordance with NHS England requirements. The partners have agreed contingency arrangements to address this risk and they will continue into 2021/22.
- 7.6. In 2017/18, the government also introduced the improved Better Care Fund (iBCF) to work alongside the BCF. The iBCF in 2020/21 is £14.502m with the formerly separate winter pressures funding included and the grant is expected to continue at the same level in 2021/22. This is intended to fund adult social care activity. Plans for its use in 2021/22 will also require the agreement of local CCG. The grant is likely to be spent in substantially the same way as in 2020/21.

Public Health Grant

- 7.7. In 2020/21, the Council's allocation for Public Health Grant is £24.8m. Indications are that there will be a small real terms increase in 2021/22 but allocations have not yet been published.
- 7.8. The grant remains ring-fenced and the agreed commitment of these funds will therefore need to be reviewed annually.

Social Care Grant

7.9. The provisional Local Government finance settlement in December 2020 committed £300m more for Social Care grant nationally for 2021/22. This has increased Lewisham's grant from £8.434m in 2020/21 to £10.773m in 2021/22 (a 27.7% increase) with the discretion to spend this on both adults and children social care. The budget proposes the increase of £2.339 for 2021/22 will mainly be allocated to Children's Social Care to ease the pressure on placements spend during the year. This is consistent with the approach taken with the £8.4m in 2020/21. The detail is set out in the allocation of resources to pressures in section 6 above.

Social Care Precept

7.10. The 3% precept on Council Tax for social care (expected to be £3.5m in 2021/22) will be used to address the increase in fees paid to providers of Adult Social Care and growth in demand from transitions. Fees are expected to increase above the general rate of inflation and in line with London Living Wage (LLW) / National Living Wage (NLW) rates. An indicative increase of 3.5% in the market would represent a cost pressure of approximately £3m on the Council's contracts.

8. Dedicated schools grant and pupil premium

Update on 2020/21 Dedicated Schools Grant

8.1. The gross level of the Dedicated Schools' Grant (DSG) for 2020/21 is £296.28m. After the adjustment undertaken by the DfE to recoup funding for Academy Schools and the adjustment necessary for the inter-borough use of high needs places, this is £259.93m. The Early Years' element will be revised later in the year to take account of the pupil

- count which, for early years children, is undertaken in January 2021. The outcome will not be known until June 2021 and for this reason carries risk.
- 8.2. Overall, the 2020/21 DSG outturn is currently expected to be overspent by between £4m to £5m as a consequence of the pressure on the High Needs Block. Officers within the CYP directorate are progressing a detailed mitigation plan, the basis of which will be used to develop a Management Action Plan for submission to the DfE, this is a requirement where an overspend is forecast. The mitigation plan is being progressed in partnership with the Schools Forum, and this includes a working group of Head teacher representatives and Officers.
- 8.3. In 2020/21 there are 11 schools with deficits, and five schools with loans from the Council, totalling £1.4m. In addition to the 11 schools with deficits, there are 13 schools with balances that are within 8% of their delegated budget share, and 53 schools with balances in excess of 9%. In light of this, Schools have been asked to submit Budget Plans during the year. Review of these plans indicates that a significant number of schools expect to need to draw on their reserves to varying degrees in order to be able to set the required balanced 3 year budget plans. The use of reserves is needed to be able to meet the expected financial challenges arising from staffing restructures, movement in pupil numbers, and other unfunded pressures such as the higher than expected pay award in 2020/21.
- 8.4. Schools have faced enormous challenges this year to deliver the Schools Curriculum whilst complying with the necessary Covid regulations. It was noted with extreme disappointment that very limited funding support has been provided to schools. Schools Forum will be expressing their disappointment to the Secretary of State by a direct letter of concern.
- 8.5. The Schools Finance Team (SFT) will continue to work with schools in developing sustainable budget plans. These plans now incorporate management metrics which have been developed to enable schools to be more strategic in their approach to setting and managing budgets. For example, these metrics allow schools to compare and benchmark their resource deployment on leadership, teaching, support administration, and contact time to name a few. For 2020/21, the SFT has launched a process known as Deficit Prevention Plans which enable schools to work effectively towards a 3 year balanced budget position, and the feedback from schools has been very positive.

Dedicated Schools' Grant and Pupil Premium for 2021/22

- 8.6. This section of the report considers the Dedicated Schools' Grant (DSG) and the Pupil Premium Grant for 2021/22.
- 8.7. The Dedicated Schools Grant is the main source of funding for Schools and Early Year Providers. The grant is constituted of four parts, the Schools Block, Central Services Schools Block (CSSB), High Needs Block (HNB), and the Early Years Block (EYB). There is a national funding formula which determines each of the blocks and collectively determines the overall DSG. The provisional allocation of DSG for 2021/22 is £313.60m, an increase of £17.32m on the 2020/21 budget. However, circa £9.06m of this increase relates to the Teachers Pension and Pay Award grant (TPPG), which has been streamlined into the DSG, and therefore is not additional funding, meaning that the net growth is £8.26m or approximately 2.8%.
- 8.8. It should be noted that this is the gross DSG allocation before the adjustment undertaken by the DfE to recoup funding for Academy Schools and the adjustment necessary for the inter-borough use of high needs places.
- 8.9. The Schools Block is the main basis to support the Schools Delegated budget share and following agreement from Schools Forum on the 19th January 2021, a submission

- has been made to the Department for Education (DfE) proposing funding at National Funding Formula including a 2% uplift in funding. This is the maximum that can be allocated to schools.
- 8.10. The High Needs Block which supports SEND is now under financial strain, despite the net increase in funding of circa £6m. For this reason, the Schools Block has supported a transfer of £1.068m has been agreed with forum to support the High Needs Block to meet pressures arising from meeting Statutory SEND requirements whilst services are reviewed as part of a mitigation plan. A further £1.243m remains which can be used to support schools pressures, e.g. Falling rolls Fund/Growth Fund.
- 8.11. The Central School Services Block has again been reduced in 2021/22 which reduces the funding available to support Local Authority Statutory functions. The service is currently working with Schools to consider how the delivery of Statutory and Regulatory services can be met within the reduced funding levels.
- 8.12. Early Years Funding the funding for this area remains provisional subject to the finalisation of the January Census Count Date. The impact of Covid is likely to have a downward impact on the pupil numbers and therefore the associated funding. The final allocation will not be known until June/July of 2022. A very small increase of 6p, equivalent to approximately £34 for a pupil on universal entitlement of 15 hours, has been allocated to Lewisham. The protection funding for Nursery schools is also not confirmed but remains provisional.
- 8.13. The pupil premium will continue in the 2021/22 financial year. Funding rates for the Pupil Premium in financial year 2021/22 will stay the same as for 2020/21, which is effectively and real term reduction in funding, the 2020/21 allocation was £14.624m. However, for 2021/22, the DfE has also confirmed that the methodology for distribution will change from the January schools census to the October 2020 school census. At this stage, it is not clear if there will be any transitional support should there be any significant changes arising from this change in methodology. Further information is expected in the near future.
- 8.14. Whilst there is extra funding in the settlement, many costs are rising by more than funding, exasperated further where pupil numbers are falling, and the ongoing impact of Covid cannot be accurately forecast. Schools continue to face pressures in their budgets, for example, salary increments, non-teaching pay increase, contract price increases including utilities, and the Apprenticeship Levy.
- 8.15. Table B1 below sets out the gross DSG provisional allocation.

Table B1: DSG Allocation

	Schools block (£m)	Central school services block (£m)	High needs block (£m)	Early years block (£m)	Total DSG allocation (£m)
	A	В	С	D	E=A+B+C+D
2021/22	222.769	4.261	62.399	24.166	313.595
2020/21	212.135	4.645	55.586	23.914	296.279
Movement	10.634	-0.384	6.814	0.252	17.316

Pupil Numbers

8.16. The total changes in pupil numbers are as shown in table B2 below. Overall there is a reduction in numbers of 608 which, whilst relatively small at present, is the third consecutive year of falls and a risk for the schools concerned as funding for schools is driven by pupil numbers and associated characteristics (e.g. Free School Meals). This reduction in numbers could potentially have implications for those schools directly affected.

Table B2: Pupil Numbers

	Oct-20	Oct-19	Change No	Change %
Primary	24,000	24,635	-635	-2.58%
Secondary	11,356	11,330	27	0.23%
Net	35,356	35,964	-608	-1.69%

High Needs Block

- 8.17. In recognition of the pressures facing high needs, the Government has increased funding to Local Authorities to support high needs. The 2021/22 allocation for Lewisham is an overall net increase of £5.987m, which against the 2020/21 allocation of £55.585m is an 11% increase. This is partially due to an increase of 285 funded pupils.
- 8.18. It is expected that the High Needs Block will overspend for 2020/21 by up to £4m which will be the first call on this budget. It is further expected (assuming 2021/22 continues at the current levels of increase in EHCP) that 2021/22 will see an overspend position of approximately £4m to £5m. Schools Forum at its meeting of the 19th January 2021, agreed to support the High Needs Block with £1.068m. Additionally, there is a mitigation plan in place that is being progressed with Schools Forum. Recognising the funding pressure on Local Authorities, the Department for Education has now placed a new requirement on Local Authorities to submit Management Action Plans in the event of an overspend position. It is likely that Lewisham will need to submit this formally based on the scale of these projections.

Potential Risks

- 8.19. As set out in this section, there remain a number of risks in respect of funding for schools. These include:
 - Impact of any overspends and the resultant requirement to establish a deficit recovery plan if the overspend is greater than 1%. In the event that the deficit cannot be contained, this pressure could potentially fall on the Schools Block, or potentially the General Fund triggering a review of services within CYP;
 - In 2019, the DfE introduced changes which now mean that where schools have deficits, these must be held against the overall schools reserves not exceeding 40%. However, if, on conversion to an academy, a school has a deficit this must supported by the local authority;
 - Schools continue to face pressures arising from changes in policy. Examples
 include teachers' pay awards, support staff pay award, and pension's changes.
 This could have varying degree of impact for Schools;

- Budget plans from Schools suggest that some are operating with a structural deficit dependent on reserves. Schools Finance are working with these schools to mitigate this risk; and
- Risk of Covid-19 on schools balances; recognising that very limited funding has been made available to schools in terms of dealing with the associated costs of delivering the Schools' Curriculum during the pandemic.

9. Housing Revenue Account (HRA)

- 9.1. This section of the report considers the Housing Revenue Account (HRA). The budgeted expenditure for the HRA in 2021/22 is £226.1m, including the capital and new build programme.
- 9.2. It is structured as follows:
 - Update on the HRA financial position for 2020/21;
 - Update on the HRA Business Plan; and
 - Future Years' Forecast.

Update on the HRA financial position for 2020/21

9.3. The HRA is budgeted to spend over £100m in 2020/21. The latest forecast on the HRA for 2020/21, is that net expenditure can be contained within budget by the year end. There are currently minimal reported pressures which can, if necessary, be mitigated by the use of once-off contingencies, reserves and revenue working balances. Expenditure against repairs & maintenance budgets is expected to be contained within the sums allocated.

Update on the HRA Business Plan

- 9.4. The Housing self-financing system was implemented on 1 April 2012 when the HRA subsidy scheme was abolished. The 30 year financial model has been developed based on current management arrangements and rental income estimates, updated for efficiencies and cost pressures. In addition, policy objectives such as sheltered housing and new build plans are incorporated into the modelling.
- 9.5. The plan underwent a major revision in 2015 for a 1% reduction in social rents applied each year for four years from 2016/17 to 2019/20. The impact of the change overall was assessed at £374.0m of resources lost over the life of the 30 year business plan.
- 9.6. The HRA financial model has been further updated for current guidance that from April 2020 government allows councils with social housing stock to return to the previous formula rent method of rent increase calculations until at least 2025. This method of rent increase is based on prior September's CPI + 1%. This has been implemented in Lewisham and become effective for rental increases applied from April 2020 onwards. For financial year 2021/22, as the September 2020 CPI was 0.5%, the overall increase will be 1.5% (0.5% + 1.0%).
- 9.7. In order to protect the business plan and provide the same level of investment and services, any reduction in income will need to be off-set though increased efficiencies and reprioritisation of investment requirements across stock condition and/or development plans.

- 9.8. A review of current investment needs and priorities has been undertaken, based on updated surveys and inflation estimates. This includes assumptions on future liabilities, programmes, cuts, and other requirements. These assumptions will be used to inform the resource need and identify potential gaps in funding and opportunities for additional income and grants.
- 9.9. The plan also contains costs associated with the new build programme currently being implemented by the authority. Table B1 provides an illustration of the expected HRA budget for the next five years, which includes the current 1.5% rent increase estimates for 2021/22. The HRA debt cap which was imposed when the self-financing regime was implemented (£127.3m) has now been abolished. The HRA will now be subject to prudential borrowing rules (as per General Fund and as described more fully in the Treasury Strategy at section 10 below).

Table C1: Update on the HRA Business Plan

HRA Income & Expenditure Estimates - 5 year Forecast	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income					
Rental income	(71.6)	(74.9)	(80.5)	(82.7)	(85.9)
Tenants service charge income	(6.2)	(6.3)	(6.5)	(6.6)	(6.7)
Leasehold service charge income	(5.1)	(5.3)	(5.4)	(5.5)	(5.7)
Hostel charges and grant income	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.4)	(1.4)	(1.4)
Major Works recoveries	(4.6)	(6.2)	(6.0)	(6.1)	(6.1)
Other income	(1.6)	(1.6)	(1.6)	(1.6)	(1.6)
Interest earned on balances	(1.0)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.1)
Total Income	(91.4)	(96.3)	(102.0)	(104.5)	(107.5)
Expenditure					
Management costs	37.5	38.3	39.8	40.5	41.5
Repairs & maintenance	16.0	16.1	16.2	16.4	16.6

PFI Costs	7.3	7.8	8.2	8.5	8.7
Interest & other finance costs	3.2	6.0	10.1	14.0	16.2
Depreciation	23.6	24.1	24.5	24.9	25.4
Revenue Contribution to Capital	24.5	3.5	2.6	0.0	0.0
Total Expenditure	112.1	95.8	101.4	104.3	108.4
Surplus/(deficit)	(20.7)	0.5	0.6	0.2	(0.9)
Opening HRA reserves	28.4	7.7	8.2	8.8	9.0
Contribution to/(Drawdown) from reserves	(20.7)	0.5	0.6	0.2	(0.9)
Closing HRA Reserves	7.7	8.2	8.8	9.0	8.1
Forecast Capital Programme & Fun	ding				
*Capital programme (including decent Homes)	35.2	46.7	45.8	46.4	46.0
New Build construction & on-going costs (Net)	78.8	102.8	106.5	70.8	60.0
Total Capital Expenditure	114.0	149.5	152.3	117.2	106.0
Capital Programme Funded By:					
MRR Opening Balance	0	0	0	0	0
Revenue Contribution to Capital	(24.5)	(3.5)	(2.6)	(0)	(0)
Depreciation	(23.6)	(24.1)	(24.5)	(24.9)	(25.4)
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Grants, Capital Receipts & Sales	(21.1)	(27.3)	(13.7)	(10.0)	(53.1)
Borrowing	(44.8)	(94.6)	(111.5)	(82.3)	(27.9)
Total Capital Funding	(114.0)	(149.5)	(152.3)	(117.2)	(106.0)
Capital shortfall	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital shortfall	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital shortfall HRA Actual Debt Level (Forecast)	101.3	195.9	307.4	389.7	417.6

^{*} The Capital programme allocations do not yet include the results of the recent stock condition survey. These will be analysed and the programme updated during 2021/22 once the analysis is complete and a revised programme of works established.

9.10. As can be seen from the above table, the expected total expenditure, before financing, for the HRA in 2021/22 is £226.1m, comprising £112.1m operational costs and £114.0m capital and new build costs.

Future Years' Forecast

- 9.11. The key purpose of the proposed HRA budget is to ensure that there are sufficient resources to support lifecycle works, such as; repairs and maintenance, the Decent Homes programme and, a key priority for the current administration, delivery of new social homes in the borough.
- 9.12. There is an ongoing process to identify opportunities for efficiencies to deliver services for improved value for money and this is described in Appendix X1. Although no direct savings have been identified so far for 2021/22, any savings and efficiencies delivered against the HRA business model and future budgets can be re-invested to off-set constrained rent rises or to help bridge any investment gap identified. Discussions are ongoing to identify appropriate savings and 'target' management and maintenance costs per unit. For example, there is already an assumed reduction in the Lewisham Homes fee in 2021/22 to reflect stock losses through Right to Buy Sales.
- 9.13. Separate reports which set out in detail the proposals relating to service charges for Brockley and Lewisham Homes residents are attached at Appendix X2 and Appendix X3, respectively.

Rental Income and allowances

9.14. Following completion of the legislative requirements for 4 years of rental contraction, Government have confirmed rents will return to the previous method of rent increase calculations for 2020/21 onwards. This is based on the previous formula rent calculation of CPI + 1%. This will be for a minimum 5 year period to financial year 2025/26. For the purpose of business and financial planning, it is assumed that that rental charges will be increased in line with this guidance.

- 9.15. At the present time, the financial models used by the council forecast CPI to be within the range of 0.5% to 2.0% annually over this period (in line with the Office for Budget Responsibility forecasts). It should be noted that any variation to this could put additional pressure on the financial forecasts for the HRA. Each 0.5% will cost approximately £0.35m in the first year and represent a loss of £33m compounded over a 40 year period (the development lifecycle being considered for assets).
- 9.16. CPI at September 2020 was 0.5%, therefore rents are expected to increase by 1.5% for 2021/22 (0.5% + 1%), and rise by CPI + 1% for at least the next 4 years to 2025.
- 9.17. A 1.5% increase in average rents for 2021/22 will equate to an average increase of £1.46pw over a 52 week period. This will increase the full year average dwelling rent for the London Borough of Lewisham from £97.72 to £99.18 per week (pw). The proposed increase will result in additional income of £1.020m to the HRA when compared to 2020/21 income levels.
- 9.18. A rent rise higher than the rent limit calculation, set by Government, will result in additional recharges to the HRA via the Housing Benefit (HB) subsidy limitation charges. Any rise above this level will be lost through additional limitation recharges and therefore result in no benefit to the HRA.
- 9.19. Tenants were asked to provide comments and feedback on the proposed rent changes and illustration for inclusion in the Mayor & Cabinet budget report at meetings held with Brockley PFI and Lewisham Homes tenants (see Appendix X2).
- 9.20. The main comments received from Lewisham Homes' residents concerning the proposals for rents and garages was that there are issues of affordability given the current pandemic and increase in unemployment. The main comments regarding service charges were questioning value for money as charges are increasing but service delivery is not improving.
- 9.21. There were no specific comments received from RB3 Brockley residents concerning the proposals for rents, garages and service charges.
- 9.22. Details of the options for the rent & service charge changes for 2021/22 will be presented to the Housing Select Committee on 28 January 2021 and feedback, if any, will be reported in the Budget Update report.
- 9.23. Having regard to the outcomes of the consultations held in December 2020 as set out above (and with more detail in Appendices X1, X2, and X3), the Mayor is asked to make a recommendation to full Council that a 1.5% rent increase be agreed as per the rent calculation formula. The new average rent for 2021/22 is likely to be in the region of £99.18pw, an increase of approximately £1.46pw from 2020/21 levels.

Other Associated Charges

9.24. There are a range of other associated charges. These include: garage rents, tenants levy, hostels, Linkline, private sector leasing, heating and hot water. These charges and any proposed changes to them for 2021/22 are set out in detail in Appendix X4.

Summary

9.25. The gross budgeted expenditure for the HRA in 2021/22 is £226.1m, £112.1m revenue and £114.0m capital. Council is asked to approve a rent increase of 1.5% having considered tenant's feedback following consultation held in December 2020. The

current average weekly rent is £97.72 in 2020/21. This will increase to £99.18pw in 2021/22.

Former Tenants' Arrears Write Offs

- 9.26. The HRA self-financing of 2012 means that the Council now has considerably greater control over the long term planning of its Housing Revenue Account, and this longer term focus has allowed excellent progress to be made in delivering investment into new Council homes for the first time in 30 years.
- 9.27. As part of the annual review of the HRA and the setting of associated budgets, this long term focus also requires officers to review both the assumptions that underpin long term plans and the operational performance of delivering that plan. In that regard it is important for officers to consider at this time the likelihood of recovering all of the income to which the Council is due.
- 9.28. Lewisham Homes have improved the way its income collection processes work and has addressed the majority of historic arrears cases. The percentage of rent collected in 2019/20 was 99.15% and at the latest update, 98.56% had been collected in the current financial year. This high income collection rate strengthens the performance of the HRA and enables greater levels of investment for both existing residents and to build the new Council homes Lewisham so desperately needs.
- 9.29. However, there remains a limited number of historic bad debt cases in which Lewisham Homes, despite exhausting all possible options, has been unable to collect. In total there are 41 such cases, some of which date back more than a decade, which in total constitute outstanding arrears of £655,329.76. A summary of these cases is set out at Appendix X7. It is proposed that these are now written off.

10. Treasury Management Strategy

Background

- 10.1. The Council is required to operate a balanced budget, which broadly means that cash raised during the year will meet cash expenditure. Part of the treasury management operation is to ensure that this cash flow is adequately planned, with cash being available when it is needed. Surplus monies are invested in low risk counterparties or instruments commensurate with the Council's low risk appetite, providing adequate liquidity initially before considering investment return.
- 10.2. The second main function of the treasury management service is the funding of the Council's capital plans. These capital plans provide a guide to the borrowing need of the Council, essentially the longer-term cash flow planning, to ensure that the Council can meet its capital spending obligations. This management of longer-term cash may involve arranging long or short-term loans, or using longer-term cash flow surpluses. On occasion, when it is prudent and economic, any debt previously drawn may be restructured to meet Council risk or cost objectives.
- 10.3. The contribution the treasury management function makes to the authority is critical, as the balance of debt and investment operations ensure liquidity and the ability to meet spending commitments as they fall due, either for day-to-day revenue purposes or for

larger capital projects. Treasury operations will see a balance of the interest costs of debt and the investment income arising from cash deposits affecting the available budget. Since cash balances generally result from reserves and balances, it is paramount to ensure adequate security of the sums invested, as a loss of principal will in effect result in a loss to the General Fund.

10.4. Whilst any commercial initiatives or loans to third parties will impact on the treasury function, these activities are generally classed as non-treasury activities, arising usually from capital expenditure, and are separate from the day to day treasury management activities.

Treasury Management Strategy for 2021/2022

- 10.5. The Strategy for 2021/22 covers two main areas:
 - Capital Issues:
 - · Capital Investment Plans
 - Capital Strategy
 - · Prudential Indicators
 - · Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy
 - ii Treasury Management Issues:
 - Borrowing Strategy & Treasury Indicators
 - · Debt Rescheduling
 - Investment Strategy
 - · Creditworthiness Policy
 - Updates to Investment Strategy
 - Prospects for Investment Returns

The Strategy will also summarise the Council's non-treasury investments, which are expanded on in the separate Capital Strategy.

10.6. These elements cover the requirements of the Local Government Act 2003, the CIPFA Prudential Code, the Ministry of Housing, Community and Local Government's (MHCLG) guidance on Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) and Investments, and the CIPFA Treasury Management Code.

Capital Investment Plans

- 10.7. The Treasury Management Strategy for 2021/22 incorporates the capital plans of the Council, as set out in section 6 of this Budget Report, which are a key driver of treasury management activity. The output of capital expenditure plans is reflected in the prudential indicators, which are designed to assist Members' overview and confirm capital expenditure plans.
- 10.8. The treasury management function ensures that the Council's cash is organised in accordance with the relevant professional codes so that sufficient cash is available to meet service activity and the Council's Capital Strategy. This involves both the management and monitoring of cash flows and, where capital plans require, the arrangement of appropriate borrowing facilities.

Capital Strategy

- 10.9. The CIPFA 2017 Prudential and Treasury Management Codes require all local authorities to produce a Capital Strategy, which will provide the following:
 - A high-level long-term overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contribute to the provision of services;
 - An overview of how the associated risk is managed; and
 - The implications for future financial sustainability.
- 10.10. The aim of the strategy is to ensure that all elected Members on full Council fully understand the overall long-term policy objectives and resulting Capital Strategy requirements, governance procedures and risk appetite.
- 10.11. The Capital Strategy is reported separately from the Treasury Management Strategy; non-treasury investments will be reported through the former. This ensures the separation of the core treasury function under security, liquidity and yield principles, and the policy and commercialism investments usually driven by expenditure on an asset. The Capital Strategy shows:
 - The corporate governance arrangements for these types of activities;
 - Any service objectives relating to the investments;
 - The expected income, costs and resulting contribution;
 - The debt related to the activity and the associated interest costs;
 - The payback period (MRP policy);
 - For non-loan type investments, the cost against the current market value; and
 - The risks associated with each activity.
- 10.12. The 2021/22 Capital Strategy will be presented to Members later in 2021.

Prudential Indicators

- 10.13. Forward projections for borrowing as at 31 March 2021 are summarised below in Table E1, which shows the actual external debt from treasury management operations and other long-term liabilities against the underlying capital borrowing need (the Capital Financing Requirement CFR) which is simply the total historic outstanding capital expenditure which has not yet been paid for from either revenue or capital resources. It is essentially a measure of the Council's indebtedness, and its underlying borrowing need; any increase to capital expenditure which has not immediately been paid for through a revenue or capital resource will increase the CFR.
- 10.14. The CFR does not increase indefinitely, as the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) is a statutory annual revenue charge which broadly reduces the indebtedness in line with each asset's life, and so charges the economic consumption of capital assets as they are used.
- 10.15. The CFR includes any other long-term liabilities (e.g. PFI liabilities). Whilst these increase the CFR and therefore the Council's borrowing requirement, these types of scheme include a borrowing facility by the PFI or PPP provider and so the Council is not required to separately borrow for these schemes.
- 10.16. Changes in external debt incorporate upcoming loan maturities and projected prudential borrowing requirements in both the General Fund and the Housing Revenue Account (HRA).
- 10.17. Table D1 below illustrates over/ (under) borrowing relative to the combined CFR for the General Fund and HRA.

Table D1: External Debt Projections

	2019/20 Actual £m	2020/21 Forecast £m	2021/22 Forecast £m	2022/23 Forecast £m	2023/24 Forecast £m
External Debt at 1 April	217.2	217.0	230.3	293.6	388.6
Change in External Debt	(0.2)	13.3	63.3	95.0	116.3
Other Long-Term Liabilities	228.1	219.1	209.8	218.9	207.3
Gross Debt at 31 March	445.1	449.4	503.4	607.5	712.2
CFR - HRA	55.5	55.5	100.3	193.8	301.8
CFR – General Fund and Other Long-Term Liabilities	464.3	468.5	473.4	478.9	468.7
Total Capital Financing Requirement at 31 March*	519.8	524.0	573.7	672.7	770.5
Borrowing – over / (under)	(74.7)	(74.6)	(70.3)	(65.2)	(58.3)

^{*}The Capital Financing Requirement includes the prudential borrowing figures shown in Table E2 of Section 11 - Capital Programme in the 2021/22 Budget Report. The previous year's forecast prudential borrowing for capital did not materialise as expected and there is a risk that this recurs. This will be monitored during the year and reported back. This is a more acute risk given the scale and ambition of the capital programme, particularly in the HRA. We will ensure that we only borrow as the need arises.

- 10.18. Within the prudential indicators, there are a number of key indicators to ensure that the Council operates its activities within well-defined limits. One of these is that the Council needs to ensure that its gross debt does not, except in the short term, exceed the total of the CFR in the preceding year plus the estimates of any additional CFR for the current and following two financial years. This allows some flexibility for limited early borrowing for future years, but ensures that borrowing is not undertaken for revenue or speculative purposes.
- 10.19. To put the cost of borrowing into context, it represents 3% of the net general fund budget, or as a share of the Lewisham element of a band D property is £44 per year. This proportion has remained broadly flat, reducing slightly, over the past five years.
- 10.20. The Executive Director for Corporate Resources officer reports that the Council has complied with this prudential indicator in the current year to date and does not envisage difficulties for the future. This view takes into account current commitments, existing plans, and the proposals in this report.

Limits to Borrowing Activity

10.21. There are two measures of limiting external debt; the 'operational boundary' and 'authorised limit for external debt', which the Council reports on as part of its prudential indicators. Both are described in further detail in the following paragraphs.

The Operational Boundary for External Debt

10.22. This is the limit beyond which external debt is not normally expected to exceed. In most cases, this would be a similar figure to the CFR, but may be lower or higher depending on the levels of actual debt and the ability to fund under-borrowing by other cash resources. The Council's operational boundary is set out in Table D2.

Table D2: Operational Boundary

	2020/21 £m	2021/22 £m	2022/23 £m	2023/24 £m
Maximum External Debt at 31 March	230.3	293.6	388.6	504.9
Other Long-Term Liabilities	219.1	209.8	218.9	207.3
Operational Boundary for Year	449.4	503.4	607.5	712.2

The Authorised Limit for External Debt

- 10.23. This key indicator represents a control on the maximum level of borrowing, and provides a limit beyond which external debt is prohibited. It reflects the level of external debt which, while not desired, could be afforded in the short term but is not sustainable in the longer term.
- 10.24. This is a statutory limit determined under Section 3(1) of the Local Government Act 2003, and needs to be set and revised by full Council. The Government retains an option to control either the total of all Councils' plans, or those of a specific Council, although this power has not yet been exercised.
- 10.25. The authorised limits are as set out in Table D3.

Table D3: Authorised Limits for External Debt

	2020/21 £m	2021/22 £m	2022/23 £m	2023/24 £m
Operational Boundary for Year	449.4	503.4	607.5	712.2
Provision for Non Receipt of Expected Income	56.0	56.0	56.0	56.0
Additional 10% Margin	44.9	50.3	60.8	71.2
Authorised Limit for Year	550.3	609.7	724.3	839.4

Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy Statement

- 10.26. The Council is required to pay off an element of the accumulated General Fund capital spend each year (the CFR) through a revenue charge (the MRP), although it is also allowed to undertake additional voluntary payments if required (Voluntary Revenue Provision VRP). The MRP must be determined by the Council as being a prudent provision having regard to the MHCLG Statutory Guidance on Minimum Revenue Provision.
- 10.27. The MRP is the amount the Council charges to the revenue account and does not correspond to the actual amount of debt repaid, which is determined by treasury related issues. Historically the Council has applied a consistent MRP policy which comprises prudential borrowing being repaid over the useful life of the asset concerned and previous borrowing being repaid at the rate of 4% (equivalent to 25 years) of the outstanding balance.

- 10.28. In 2016/17, this policy was changed to reflect the useful lives of the specific asset classes on the Council's balance sheet. It moved to:
 - A straight line MRP of 14% equivalent to seven years for plant and equipment (such as IT and vehicles); and
 - A straight line MRP of 2.5% equivalent to forty years for property (such as land and buildings).
- 10.29. In 2017/18 a third element was added to the Council's MRP policy, whereby no MRP need be charged on capital expenditure where the Council has assessed that sufficient collateral is held at a current valuation to meet the outstanding CFR liability, and that should it be determined at any point that insufficient collateral is held to match the Council's CFR liability a prudent MRP charge will commence.
- 10.30. In 2019/20 the Council, on independent advice and as audited in the accounts, adjusted the MRP for an historic overcharge dating back to 2003/04. The details were set out in the 2020/21 budget report. The value of the overcharge has been calculated as £10.1m, which will be recovered from 2019/20 over a 10 year period via an annual reduction to MRP. The outstanding value of the overcharge to be recovered as at 31 March 2021 is £8.1m.

Borrowing Strategy

- 10.31. The Council's external debt as at 31 March 2021, gross borrowing plus long term liabilities, is expected to be £449m. The Council's borrowing strategy is consistent with last year's strategy. The Council is currently maintaining an under-borrowed position in that the CFR is not fully funded with loan debt, as cash supporting the Council's reserves, balances and cash flow has been used as an alternative funding measure. In the current economic climate, this strategy is considered prudent while investment returns are low and counterparty risk remains an issue to be considered.
- 10.32. The Executive Director for Corporate Resources will continue to monitor interest rates in the financial markets and adopt a pragmatic and cautious approach to changing circumstances. For instance, if it was felt that there was a significant risk of a sharp fall in long and short term rates then long term borrowing will be postponed and potential rescheduling from fixed rate funding into short-term borrowing considered. Any such decisions would be reported to Mayor and Cabinet and subsequently Council, at the next available opportunity.
- 10.33. Alternatively, if it was felt that there was a significant risk of a much sharper rise in long and short term rates than that currently forecast (perhaps arising from an acceleration in rate of increase in central rates in the USA and UK, an increase in world economic activity or a sudden increase in inflation risks) then the portfolio position will be reappraised. Most likely, fixed rate funding will be drawn whilst interest rates are lower than they are projected to be in future years. Once again, any such decisions would be reported to Mayor and Cabinet and subsequently Council, at the next available opportunity.

Policy on Borrowing in Advance of Need

10.34. Members should note that the Council's policy is not to borrow more than or in advance of its needs purely in order to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed. Any decision to borrow in advance will be within the approved forward CFR estimates,

and will be considered carefully to ensure that value for money can be demonstrated and that the Council can ensure the security of such funds.

Treasury Indicators

- 10.35. There are three debt-related treasury activity limits. The purpose of these are to restrain the activity of the treasury function within certain limits, thereby managing risk and reducing the impact of any adverse movement in interest rates. These limits need to be balanced against the requirement for the treasury function to retain some flexibility to enable it to respond quickly to opportunities to reduce costs and improve performance.
- 10.36. The debt related indicators are:
 - Upper limits on variable interest rate exposure. This identifies a maximum limit for variable interest rates based upon the debt position net of investments;
 - Upper limits on fixed interest rate exposure. This is similar to the previous indicator and covers a maximum limit on fixed interest rates; and
 - Maturity structure of borrowing. These gross limits are set to reduce the Council's exposure to large fixed rate sums falling due for refinancing and are required for upper and lower limits.
- 10.37. The treasury indicators and limits are set out in Table D4 below:

Table D4: Treasury Indicators and Limits

Limits on Interest Rate Exposures	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	Upper	Upper	Upper
Limits on fixed interest rates:			
Debt only	100%	100%	100%
Investments only:			
When total portfolio >£400m	90%	90%	90%
When total portfolio <£400m	85%	85%	85%
Limits on variable interest rates			
Debt only	15%	15%	15%
 Investments only 	75%	75%	75%
Limits on Maturity Structure of Fixed	Interest Rate I	Borrowing 2021	/22
		Lower	Upper
Under 12 months		0%	10%
12 months to 2 years		0%	10%
2 years to 5 years		0%	10%
5 years to 10 years		0%	25%
10 years to 20 years		0%	20%
20 years to 30 years		0%	25%
30 years to 40 years		0%	50%
·			

Limits on Maturity Structure of Variable Interest Rate Borrowing 2021/22					
Lower Uppe					
30 years to 40 years	0%	60%			
40 years to 50 years	0%	40%			

Long Term Investments Indicator

- 10.38. This indicator sets a limit on the total principal funds invested for greater than 365 days. This limit is set with regard to the Council's liquidity requirements and to manage the risks associated with the possibility of loss which may arise as a result of having to seek early repayment, or redemption of, principal sums invested.
- 10.39. The indicator is set out in Table D5 below. As at 31 March 2021, the Council is not expected to hold any investments for longer than 365 days.

Table D5: Treasury Indicators and Limits

Maximum Principal Sums Invested for Longer than 365 days						
	2021/22 £m	2022/23 £m	2023/24 £m			
Limit on principal sums invested for longer than 365 days	50.0	50.0	50.0			

Debt Rescheduling

- 10.40. As short-term borrowing rates will be considerably cheaper than longer term fixed interest rates, there may be potential opportunities to generate efficiencies by switching from long-term debt to short-term debt. However, these efficiencies will need to be considered in light of the current treasury position and the size of the cost of debt repayment (premiums incurred).
- 10.41. The reasons for any rescheduling to take place will include:
 - The generation of cash savings and/or discounted cash flow savings;
 - Helping to fulfil the Treasury Strategy;
 - Enhancing the balance of the portfolio (to amend the maturity profile and/or the balance of volatility).
- 10.42. The Council will continue to explore rescheduling opportunities as appropriate in respect of the financing of its PFIs and external loans.
- 10.43. The Council has £120m of LOBO loans at nominal value as at 31 March 2021 of which £47.5m will be in their call period in 2021/22. In the event that the lender exercises the option to change the rate or terms of the loans within their call period, the Council will consider the terms being provided and also the option of repayment of the loan without penalty.

10.44. The Council continuously reviews its debt position to optimise its cash flow. Any consideration of debt rescheduling will be reported to Mayor and Cabinet and subsequently to Council at the earliest meeting possible.

Annual Investment Strategy

Investment Policy – Management of Risk

- 10.45. The MHCLG and CIPFA have extended the meaning of 'investments' to include both financial and non-financial investments. This report deals predominantly with financial instruments (as managed by the Strategic Finance Treasury Team); non-financial investments, essentially the purchase of income yielding assets, are summarised at the end of this report and covered in detail within the separate Capital Strategy.
- 10.46. The Council's investment policy has regard to MHCLG's Guidance on Local Government Investments ("the Guidance"), the CIPFA Treasury Management in Public Services Code of Practice and Cross Sectoral Guidance Notes ("the CIPFA TM Code"), and CIPFA's Treasury Management Guidance Notes 2018.
- 10.47. The Council's investment priorities will be security first, liquidity second, then return. The Council will aim to achieve the optimum return (yield) on its investments commensurate with proper levels of security and liquidity and within the Council's risk appetite. In the current economic climate it is considered appropriate to keep investments short term to cover cash flow needs. However, where appropriate (from an internal as well as external perspective), the Council will also consider the value available in periods up to 12 months with high credit rated financial institutions, as well as wider range fund options.
- 10.48. The Council uses Link Group, Treasury Solutions as its external treasury management advisor. The Council recognises that responsibility for treasury management decisions remains with the Council at all times and will ensure that undue reliance is not placed upon our external service providers. All decisions will be undertaken with regards to all available information including, but not solely, our treasury advisors. It also recognises that there is value in employing external providers of treasury management services in order to acquire access to specialist skills and resources. The Council will ensure that the terms of their appointment and the methods by which their value will be assessed are properly agreed and documented, and subjected to regular review.
- 10.49. The Guidance and CIPFA TM Code place a high priority on the management of risk. The Council has adopted a prudent approach to managing risk and defines its risk appetite by the following means:
 - Minimum acceptable credit criteria are applied in order to generate a list of highly creditworthy counterparties which also enables diversification and thus avoidance of concentration risk. The key ratings used to monitor counterparties are the short term and long term ratings.
 - 2. Other information; ratings will not be the sole determinant of the quality of an institution; it is important to continually assess and monitor the financial sector on both a micro and macro basis and in relation to the economic and political environments in which institutions operate. The assessment will also take account of information that reflects the opinion of the markets. To this end, the Council will engage with its advisors to maintain a monitor on market pricing such as "credit default swaps" and overlay that information on top of the credit ratings, as well as information on outlooks and watches. This is fully integrated into the credit methodology provided by the advisors in producing its colour

- codings which show the varying degrees of suggested institution creditworthiness. This has been set out in more detail at Appendix Z2.
- 3. **Other information sources** used will include the financial press, share prices and other such information pertaining to the financial sector in order to establish the most robust scrutiny process on the suitability of potential investment counterparties.
- 4. The Council has defined the list of types of investment instruments that the treasury team are authorised to use in the financial year, and these are listed in Appendix Z2 under the categories of "specified" and "non-specified" investments
 - Specified investments are those with a high level of credit quality and subject to a maturity limit of one year.
 - Non-specified investments are those with less high credit quality, may be for periods in excess of one year, and/or are more complex instruments which require greater consideration by Members and officers before being authorised for use.
- 5. **Lending limits** (amounts and maturity) for each counterparty will be set through applying the credit criteria provided by advisors, and are set out in Appendix Z2.
- 6. **Interest rate limits** are set out in paragraph 11.36 and Table E4 and place restrictions on the exposure to variable and fixed rate investments.
- 7. The Council has placed a limit on the amount of its investments which are invested for **longer than 365 days** (see paragraph 11.38 and Table E5).
- 8. Investments will only be placed with counterparties from countries with a specified minimum **sovereign rating** (see paragraph 11.53).
- 9. All investments will be denominated in sterling.
- 10. As a result of the change in accounting standards for 2018/19 under IFRS 9, the Council will, on an ongoing basis, consider the implications of investment instruments which could result in an adverse movement in the value of the amount invested and resultant changes at the end of the year to the General Fund. The MHCLG enacted a statutory override in 2018/19 for a five year period over the requirement for any unrealised capital gains or losses on marketable pooled funds to be chargeable in year, giving local authorities time to initiate an orderly withdrawal of funds if required. The Council does not at present have any pooled investments, though has scope to do so as per the creditworthiness policy in Appendix Z2.
- 10.50. Investments will be made with reference to the core balances and cash flow requirements and the outlook for short-term interest rates (i.e. rates for investments up to 12 months). In order to maintain sufficient liquidity, the Council will seek to utilise its notice accounts, money market funds and short-dated deposits (overnight to three months. The remainder of its investments will be placed in fixed term deposits of up to 24 months to generate improved returns, depending on prevailing market conditions.

Creditworthiness Policy

10.51. The Council's Treasury Team applies the creditworthiness service provided by its advisors Link Group. This service employs a sophisticated modelling approach utilising credit ratings from the three main credit rating agencies - Fitch, Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The credit ratings of counterparties are supplemented with the following overlays:

- Credit watches and credit outlooks from credit rating agencies;
- CDS spreads that may give early warning of changes in credit ratings; and
- Sovereign ratings to select counterparties from only the most creditworthy countries.
- 10.52. This modelling approach combines credit ratings, credit watches and credit outlooks in a weighted scoring system which is then combined with an overlay of CDS spreads for which the end product is a series of colour coded bands which indicate the relative creditworthiness of counterparties. These colour codes are used by the Council to determine the suggested duration for investments. The Council will therefore use counterparties within the following durational bands:
 - Yellow 5 years*Purple 2 years
 - Blue 1 year (only applies to nationalised or semi nationalised UK Banks)
 - Orange 1 yearRed 6 monthsGreen 100 days
 - No colour Not to be used**

*for UK Government debt, or its equivalent, money market funds and collateralised deposits where the collateral is UK Government debt.

10.53. The Council's creditworthiness policy has been set out at Appendix Z2.

Country limits

10.54. The Council has determined that it will only use approved counterparties from the UK and from other countries with a minimum sovereign credit rating of AA- from Fitch. The list of countries that qualify using this credit criteria as at the date of this report are shown in Appendix Z3. This list will be added to, or deducted from, by officers should country ratings change in accordance with this policy.

Updates to Investment Strategy

- 10.55. For the 2021/22 strategy an additional unspecified investment has been added to the creditworthiness policy at Appendix Z2, namely the ability to invest in UK building societies with a minimum credit rating of BBB- from Fitch (or equivalent), specifically those that are shown on Link Group's lending list only (but which may be rated 'No colour') for a maximum of three months and limited to £10m per institution.
- 10.56. Very few building societies have credit ratings assigned to them due to the lack of large ticket funding transactions that would warrant a formal credit rating being issued by one of the three main ratings agencies, and only a select few within the top ten by asset size have been issued with one. A credit rating of BBB- remains within the 'investment grade' category, subject to moderate credit risk, which is reflected by the monetary and duration limits as set out above.
- 10.57. This addition to the strategy has been made as a result of current economic conditions (described further from paragraph 11.57 onwards) and the reduced options available for investing at positive yields; in practice it opens up a limited number of two-three

^{**}apart from exceptions where relevant and as set out in the policy.

additional counterparties for consideration. Officers will continue to monitor the rating movements against these counterparties to ensure that any investments fall within the set criteria.

Prospects for Investment Returns

- 10.58. Investment returns are likely to remain exceptionally low during 2021/22 with little increase in the following two years. The coronavirus outbreak has caused huge economic damage to the UK and economies around the world. After the Bank of England took emergency action in March 2020 to cut the Bank Rate to first 0.25%, and then to 0.10%, it has left the Bank Rate unchanged in subsequent meetings although some forecasters had suggested that a cut into negative territory could happen. However, the Governor of the Bank of England has made it clear that he currently thinks that such a move would do more damage than good and that more quantitative easing is the favoured tool if further action becomes necessary.
- 10.59. Despite this, some deposit accounts are already offering negative rates for shorter periods, including the Government's Debt Management Account Deposit Facility (DMADF). Money market yields have continued to drift lower and some managers have resorted to trimming fee levels to ensure that net yields for investors remain in positive territory, or zero, where possible. Investor cash flow uncertainty, and the need to maintain liquidity in these unprecedented times, has resulted in a surplus of cash swilling around at the very short end of the market with only marginally positive returns.
- 10.60. The Council uses the services of its advisor, Link Group, to formulate a view on interest rates; their view is that there will be no increase in the Bank Rate in the immediate short-term up to at least March 2024 as economic recovery is expected to be gradual and therefore prolonged. Given this uncertainty, suggested investment returns are expected to remain low and money market related instruments will be sub 0.50% for the foreseeable future.
- 10.61. In light of these predictions for low returns the Council continues to assess, with support from its advisors, the potential risk and return offered by investing for longer (five or more years) in pooled asset funds. This policy is set with regard to the Council's liquidity requirements and to reduce the risk of a forced sub-optimal early sale of an investment; any investments entered into will be on the advice of the Council's advisors and will continue to meet the objectives of security, liquidity and return.
- 10.62. The overall balance of risks to economic growth in the UK is probably now skewed to the upside, but is subject to some uncertainty due to the coronavirus, the effect of any mutations, and how quick vaccines are in enabling a relaxation of restrictions. There is relatively little UK domestic risk of increases or decreases in the Bank Rate and significant changes in shorter term PWLB rates. The Bank of England has effectively ruled out the use of negative interest rates in the near term and increases in the Bank Rate are likely to be some years away given the underlying economic expectations. However, it is always possible that safe haven flows, due to unexpected domestic developments and those in other major economies, or a return of investor confidence in equities, could impact gilt yields (and so PWLB rates) in the UK.
- 10.63. A more extensive table of interest rate forecasts for 2021 onwards, including Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) borrowing rate forecasts, is set out in Appendix Z1.

Non-Treasury Investments

10.64. Treasury management investments represent the placement of cash in relation to the S12 Local Government Act 2003 investment powers, i.e. they represent investments using the residual cash available to the authority from its day to day activities, under

- security, liquidity and yield principles.
- 10.65. The Council recognises that non-treasury investments in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, taken for non-treasury management purposes, requires careful management. Such investments tend to be either:
 - Policy type investments; whereby capital or revenue cash is advanced for a specific Council objective and will be approved directly through Committee. This may be an advance to a third party for economic regeneration, investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, etc.
 - Commercial type investments; whereby the objective is primarily to generate capital or revenue resources to help facilitate Council services.
- 10.66. The Council's risk appetite for these investments is reviewed on a case-by-case basis depending on the scale and nature, and strategic fit, of the proposed investment. Where such non-treasury investments exist, they will be identified and summarised at high level within this strategy. The detail and rationale for non-treasury investments are covered in the separate Capital Strategy.

Subsidiary Companies

10.67. The Council has two wholly owned subsidiary companies, Lewisham Homes Limited and Catford Regeneration Partnership Limited (CRPL). It has invested in these subsidiaries as summarised below.

Lewisham Homes Limited

- 10.68. Lewisham Homes is an arms-length management organisation (ALMO) set up in 2007 as part of the Council's initiative to deliver better housing services and achieve the Decent Homes Standard. The company manages approximately 18,000 homes.
- 10.69. The Council has to date agreed two separate loan facilities with Lewisham Homes, the first on proxy commercial terms financed from internal borrowing and the second on cost-neutral terms financed through the PWLB. Both loans allow Lewisham Homes to purchase properties to address temporary accommodation needs in the borough, and will be repaid on set maturity dates.
- 10.70. Agreement of the property acquisition programme and relevant loan agreements was obtained from Mayor and Cabinet. State Aid issues and other risks and mitigations were considered in the approval of the loan facilities, including for the second loan the requirement for collateral against the loan in order to obtain MRP exemption.
- 10.71. As at 31 March 2021 the Council expects to have advanced £17m of the available £20m commercial loan facility, and all £20m of the agreed facility financed from PWLB debt.

Catford Regeneration Partnership Limited (CRPL)

- 10.72. The CRPL is a property investment company created in January 2010 which owns the Catford Shopping Centre and several neighbouring properties used to generate income whilst driving forward a regeneration programme for the town centre and surrounding area.
- 10.73. The Council has existing loan agreements in place with the CRPL, currently on an

- interest only basis. As at 31 March 2021 the Council expects the outstanding loan principal to be approximately £14.5m.
- 10.74. The state aid compliant loans were advanced as part of the company's initial establishment and to finance new acquisitions as the company grew, approved through reports presented to Mayor and Cabinet. In 2020/21 a further £1.15m was advanced to the company as part of agreed loan commitments, and to support the company's cash flows through the uncertainty caused by the coronavirus outbreak; the debt is secured against the value of the company's assets.

Other Non-Treasury Investments

Besson Street Joint Venture

- 10.75. The Council is an equal equity partner in a joint venture with Grainger Plc. to bring forward the development of the currently vacant Besson Street site to provide properties for the Private Rented Sector on long term tenancies. The Council has invested land at this stage and will be required to put forward an estimated £20m 25m of cash to make up its share (50%) of the 40% equity, with 60% external long term borrowing, to be invested once the the scheme is built. This is currently forecast to be in early 2025.
- 10.76. The Council also holds minority stakes in the following:
 - 10% in Lewisham Schools for the Future LEP Limited, a Local Education Partnership established under the Council's Building Schools for the Future (BSF) programme to rebuild and refurbish secondary schools within the borough.
 - Less than 1% in South-East London Combined Heat and Power Ltd (SELCHP), a
 joint venture with the London Borough of Greenwich for the provision of waste
 disposal and waste to energy processes.
 - A minority share in Newable Ltd (formerly Greater London Enterprise Ltd) which provides property management and consultancy services.
 - Less than 1% in the London Collective Investment Vehicle the pension fund pool vehicle for London local government pension funds.
 - Less that 1% in the Municipal Bonds Agency, a national body established by local authorities as a potential alternative source of borrowing to the PWLB.

11. Capital Programme

- 11.1. In reviewing the Council's overall financial position the Capital Programme has to be considered to ensure that any revenue implications of capital decisions are taken into account in building the revenue budget. The Capital Programme budget for 2021/22 to 2023/24 is proposed at £517.5m of which £184.2m is for 2021/22.
- 11.2. This section of the report is structured as follows:
 - Update on 2020/21 Capital Programme
 - Proposed Capital Programme 2021/22 to 2023/24
 - Future schemes and resources

Update on 2020/21 Capital Programme

11.3. Progress in delivering the 2020/21 Capital Programme has been reported to Mayor & Cabinet and the Public Accounts Select Committee throughout the year. The latest

- forecast projection was that the revised budget allocated for the year of £163.6m, and reported to Mayor and Cabinet on 11 November 2020, would be delivered this year. Since November the revised budget shows a slight net increase of £0.4m to the last reported budget figure due to the re-profiling of some budgets.
- 11.4. Overall spend to date on the re-profiled budget suggests at least 46% of the plan will be delivered in 2020/21. This significant under-delivery is mainly due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic where sites and works were paused at stages through the lockdowns of 2020. The Housing Revenue Account (HRA) in particular is behind plan. The Building for Lewisham programme and stock condition survey for the HRA capital programme are being reviewed. Assuming affordability and viability these delays in planned works will be rolled forward to future years and the plan updated to recover the delivery ambition.
- 11.5. The scale of the capital programme is growing in line with the Corporate Strategy priority for more homes. This is a significant and ambitious commitment and officers are working to improve their profiling of this work as schemes and timing of their delivery change.

Current position on the major projects in the 2020/21 Capital Programme i.e. those over £0.5m in 2020/21

2020/21 Capital Programme	Revised Budget (M&C 11/11/20)	Revised Budget- Dec 2020	Spend to 31 Dec 2020	Spent to Date (Revised Budget)
			£m	%
GENERAL FUND				
Schools - School Places Programme	4.7	3.4	1.3	38%
Schools - Other (Inc. Minor) Capital				
Works	5.7	5.7	3.5	61%
Highways & Bridges - LBL	3.0	3.0	1.7	57%
Highways & Bridges – TfL	1.2	1.3	0.6	46%
Highways & Bridges - Others	1.5	1.5	0.2	13%
Catford town centre	1.0	1.0	0.7	70%
Asset Management Programme	1.3	1.5	0.6	40%
Other AMP Schemes	0.7	0.7	0.1	14%
Broadway Theatre – Works	0.4	0.4	0.2	50%
Lewisham Gateway (Phase 2)	14.8	14.8	13.4	91%
Private Sector Grants and Loans (Inc.				
DFG)	0.6	0.6	0.6	100%
Achilles St. Development	0.8	0.8	0.4	50%
Edward St. Development	9.0	9.0	2.9	32%
Deptford Southern Sites Regeneration	0.4	2.6	2.6	100%
Residential Portfolio Acquisition – Hyde				
Housing Association	2.9	2.9	2.1	72%
Fleet Replacement Programme	7.8	7.0	5.1	73%
Other General Fund schemes	7.4	7.4	1.8	24%
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	63.2	63.6	37.8	59%
HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT				
Building for Lewisham Programme	36.5	33.6	10.1	30%
HRA Capital Programme (Decent				
Works)	47.7	47.7	21.0	44%
Creekside Acquisition	5.7	5.7	5.6	98%

2020/21 Capital Programme	Revised Budget (M&C 11/11/20)	Revised Budget- Dec 2020	Spend to 31 Dec 2020	Spent to Date (Revised Budget)
			£m	%
Ladywell Leisure Centre Development				
Site	4.5	4.5	0.4	9%
Achilles St. Development	4.3	4.3	0.1	2%
Mayow Rd Development	1.1	1.1	0.0	0%
Other HRA schemes	0.6	3.5	0.3	9%
TOTAL HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT	100.4	100.4	37.5	37%
TOTAL CAPITAL PROGRAMME	163.6	164.0	75.3	46%

Proposed Capital Programme 2021/22 to 2023/24

11.6. The Council's proposed Capital Programme for 2021/22 to 2023/24 is currently £517.5m, as set out in Table E1:

Table E1: Proposed Capital Programme for 2021/22 to 2023/24

Major Projects over £1m	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	3 year Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
GENERAL FUND					
Schools - School Places Programme	3.4	10.4	2.4	0.0	12.8
Schools – Minor Works Capital Programme	3.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Schools - Other Capital Works	1.7	1.6	0.0	0.0	1.6
Highways & Bridges - TfL	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Highways & Bridges - LBL	3.0	2.5	2.5	0.0	5.0
Highways - Others	1.5	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.9
Catford town centre	1.0	0.3	0.3	3.4	4.0
Asset Management Programme	1.5	2.8	2.5	0.0	5.3
Other AMP Schemes	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.9
Broadway Theatre - Works	0.4	4.8	1.7	0.0	6.5
Catford Phase 1 – Thomas Lane Yard / Catford Constitution Club'	0.1	0.6	2.6	0.0	3.2
Catford Station Improvements	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.1	1.4
Lewisham Gateway (Phase 2)	14.8	3.5	0.0	4.8	8.3
Beckenham Place Park	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Beckenham Place Park (Eastern Part)	0.2	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7
Lewisham Homes – Property Acquisition	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0

Major Projects over £1m	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	3 year Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Residential Portfolio Acquisition – Hyde Housing Ass.	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Disabled Facilities Grant	0.4	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1
Private Sector Grants and Loans	0.2	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.1
Edward St. Development	9.0	8.4	0.0	0.0	8.4
Achilles St. Development	0.8	1.0	0.0	3.6	4.6
Mayow Rd Development	0.6	6.6	1.1	0.1	7.8
Canonbie Rd Development	0.8	1.4	0.3	0.0	1.7
Ladywell Leisure Centre Development site (1,000 Homes Prog.)	0.1	2.7	0.0	0.0	2.7
Deptford Southern Sites Regeneration	2.6	0.3	0.0	2.1	2.4
Acquisition of Sydney Arms	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	3.8
Fleet Replacement Programme	7.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.4
Travellers Site Relocation	0.2	3.6	0.0	0.0	3.6
Other Schemes	4.9	4.1	1.3	0.0	5.4
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	63.6	70.2	16.6	14.9	101.7

HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT					
Building For Lewisham Programme	33.5	48.3	56.4	57.2	161.9
Creekside Acquisition	5.7	13.9	2.0	0.0	15.9
Ladywell Leisure Centre Development	4.5	15.4	43.4	27.7	86.5
Achilles St. Development	4.3	0.4	1.0	21.6	23.0
Mayow Rd Development	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8
Decent Homes Programme	47.7	31.6	42.7	41.8	116.1
Other Schemes	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.0	11.6
	100.4	114.0	149.5	152.3	415.8
TOTAL PROGRAMME	164.0	184.2	166.1	167.2	517.5

11.7. The resources available to finance the proposed Capital Programme are as set out in Table E2 below:

Table E2: Proposed Capital Programme Resources for 2021/22 to 2023/24

	20/21	21/22	22/23	23/24	3 Year Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
General Fund					
Prudential Borrowing	17.3	18.7	1.5	6.5	26.7
Grants and Contributions	29.4	24.5	4.1	4.9	33.5
Capital Receipts	7.6	7.4	8.0	2.7	10.9
Reserves / Revenue	9.3	19.6	10.2	0.8	30.6
	63.6	70.2	16.6	14.9	101.7
Housing Revenue Account					
Prudential Borrowing	0.0	44.8	94.6	111.5	250.9
Grants	8.6	14.8	16.2	5.2	36.2
Specific Capital Receipts	0.0	6.3	11.1	8.5	25.9
Reserves / Revenue	91.8	48.1	27.6	27.1	102.8
	100.4	114.0	149.5	152.3	415.8
Total Resources	164.0	184.2	166.1	167.2	517.5

- 11.8. A table of major projects can be found at Appendix W1 and a full list of changes to the Programme since last year's budget report is shown in Appendix W2.
- 11.9. Members will note that the General Fund resources available to finance capital projects decrease over the term of the Programme. This reflects the Council's prudent approach to long-term planning, with grants for later years not taken into account until they have been confirmed, and capital receipts only being taken into account when they have been received or are reasonably certain of being received. The Council prudently avoids entering into long-term expenditure commitments until there is more certainty as to how they can be financed.
- 11.10. Detailed proposals, specific scheme funding arrangements, and procurement approach will be brought forward to Members for decision as individual projects are worked up and brought forward. Should this lead to changes being required to the plan these will be reported as part of the regular monitoring information provided.
- 11.11. Members will also note the significant proposed rise in prudential borrowing of £250m, primarily to fund the Building for Lewisham Capital plans.
- 11.12. No changes are proposed at this stage to the existing General Fund revenue contributions to capital (CERA) of £2.0m per year from General Fund. The revenue funding line also includes amounts transferred to reserves in previous years for schemes which at that time, had not been delivered. Some of these may be at risk if the associated grants to support them are time limited, this is a particular risk to the use of right to buy receipts and government or GLA grants.
- 11.13. The Capital Programme will be further updated to include future grants, once these are known and will also include the year-end outturn expenditure and resourcing. This is expected to be reported to Members before the summer recess and will not impact on delivery of the Programme for 2021/22.

- 11.14. The 2020/21 capital programme experienced significant disruption due to Covid-19 with less the 50% of the plan delivered. As the Council plans and builds for recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic there are a number of new or competing demands on the capital programme. New strategies are in development for key service areas such as waste management, libraries, leisure services, and others. These in turn inform the thematic review of use of Council assets, including the stock condition surveys currently concluding for the Council's housing and corporate assets. Alongside this the government funding mechanisms may be changing to meet policy objectives, in particular in respect of support for bringing forward more housing supply. In addition, while school rolls are falling, work is underway to assess the need in schools and related transition social care settings to consider whether the provision of dedicated suitable specialist places would be beneficial to those in needs of these services.
- 11.15. These competing demands are expected to include significant capital requirements in both the short and medium term. If they are over and above the funding available above, they may require the Council to look at borrowing more (requiring further revenue savings cuts), re-profiling the current programme, stopping or amending certain schemes, and/or selling non-strategic assets to fund the programme. This work is ongoing and, as noted above, will be reported to Members for decision as the detail becomes known and recommendations can be made with regard to the Council's statutory obligations and corporate strategy priorities.
- 11.16. The paragraphs below summarise the key projects currently underway and major scheme plans with more detailed narrative provided in Appendix W1. They include:

Schools

- 11.17. Places programme currently has four schemes, three for schools catering for children with special needs, currently in development and delivery over the next three years. They are:
 - Expanding Ashmead Primary to two forms of entry
 - New satellite facility at the former Brent Knoll site for 93 students of Greenvale school, Lewisham's community special school
 - Remodelling and refurbishment of the New Woodlands school, a special school
 - Review of plans for new teaching block at Watergate, Lewisham's primary special school, to accommodate 59 places.
- 11.18. Minor works programme is an ongoing programme of minor capital works to existing community school buildings, primarily relating to mechanical and electrical infrastructure and building fabric needs. The programme is grant funded by central government.

Highways & Bridges

- 11.19. The Council continues to invest resources in maintaining its 397km of highway borough roads, most notably through its annual programme of carriageway and footway resurfacing works.
- 11.20. The footway resurfacing programme aims to bring improvements to 17 roads where the Condition Index classifies as "Red" and thus in need of future works. Footways if the focus now the priority highway works have been completed.
- 11.21. For both highways and footways, once the red works are completed work will focus on the 'Amber' index alongside delivery of responsive repairs.

11.22. The replacement of the span for the Sydenham Park footbridge is in planning and the Council is working to secure a delivery plan agreement with Network Rail.

Regeneration and Place making

Catford Town Centre

- 11.23. The non-statutory public consultation process on the town centre framework commenced in November 2020. The Catford Town Centre Framework document will then be used as an evidence base for the emerging Local Plan.
- 11.24. Work with TfL has recommenced on the proposal to realign the South Circular A205. The Greater London Authority (GLA) Housing Infrastructure Funding (HIF) of £10m has been secured on condition that the road is delivered by TfL.
- 11.25. A series of public realm improvements to the areas around Catford stations aims to provide a better environment for movement around the stations in preparation for the recovery from the pandemic. Also with funding from the GLA in the form of the Good Growth Grant the refurbishment of the Catford Constitution Club (CCC) and the development of a mixed-use scheme up to Planning stage on the T/Lane car park site to provide a mix of business units and up to 100 homes that would realise multiple regeneration benefits including: jobs retention, business creation and potential early housing delivery and can also support the Post-Covid19 recovery plan.
- 11.26. Officers are in further negotiations with the GLA on additional funding following a successful bid to the GLA for Get Building Funding of just under £1m to secure additional town centre improvement schemes including public realm improvements to the pedestrian area on Holbeach Road and a partnership project to provide a public sector hub in the Old Town Hall.

Old Town Hall

11.27. Officers are developing a programme of investment works for the Old Town Hall. This is part of proposals to convert the Old Town Hall into a public sector hub for a number of public sector partners. There is currently no allocation in the capital programme to support this project so this is part of the ongoing re-prioritisation of the programme.

Broadway Theatre

11.28. Urgent work is required to address key risk areas and the proposed works include a rewire of the theatre, replacement fire detection equipment, new emergency lighting, new central hearing and domestic water system, damp proofing and decorations, improvements to support disabled access, toilet expansion and external improvements. The theatre will be closed to enable the work to be carried out effectively and efficiently. The works are proposed to complete late 2022

Lewisham Gateway Development

- 11.29. The Council is supporting the delivery of Phase 2 of the Lewisham Gateway development by the provision of:
 - (a) £9,558,850 of grant from its own resources being a commuted sum earmarked for affordable housing under a section 106 agreement relating to the Loampit Vale development.
 - (b) £13,500,000 of housing infrastructure fund (HIF) grant that comes from government via government's delivery partner, The Greater London Authority (GLA).
- 11.30. Phase 1 was completed in 2019 providing construction of the new highway layout and pedestrian crossings (including re-location of River Ravensbourne and Quaggy), 362 residential units, commercial café and retail space, Confluence Place Park: a public

- space connecting the river, station and public realm as well as a number of commercial food and beverage units
- 11.31. Phase 2 of the project will deliver four buildings to provide 530 residential apartments, 119 co-living units, retail units, a gym space and a cinema together with associated public realm (including hard and soft landscaping). A basement energy centre will also be provided in the building known as building block E.

Beckenham Place Park

- 11.32. The restoration of Beckenham Place Park (to the western side of the railway) has been completed. The listed stable block is now home to the new park café and environmental education centre, and the long anticipated restored landscape, with its reinstated lake, is being enjoyed by thousands of local people. The stable yard itself will become an arrival and visitor's hub, as new tenants take up occupation of the cottages over the next year. The new play facilities are much loved, as part of the restored pleasure grounds, and the previously derelict Gardener's cottage is now fully restored and re-purposed as a hub for volunteer activity in the park, in the midst of the new community garden. Open water swimming now takes place on the lake, and visitors will be encouraged to explore the breadth and nature of Lewisham's largest park on new paths and trails.
- 11.33. Work is now underway to develop the scope of works to the eastern side of the park and it is hoped that this allocation could be used to lever in further support from the GLA and GLA and the Environment Agency.

Corporate and Service delivery priorities

Asset Management Programme

11.34. A full condition survey of the corporate estate was completed in 2020 and is helping define the future investment need of the estate, the Asset Review, and underpin the use of the AMP capital programme funding for future years. A comprehensive Corporate Estate Maintenance Programme is being developed to start in 2021/22 (with some urgent health and safety works already underway).

Lewisham Library

11.35. There is currently no allocation in the capital programme to support this project. Mayor and Cabinet agreed that officers look at options that will sustain the library service provision into the future. A number of options are currently being explored

Fleet vehicle replacement

11.36. As agreed in the 2020/21 budget a sinking fund to procure future fleet as capital will be built at 800k per annum.

Smart Working Programme

11.37. The Smarter Working programme seeks to consolidate offices and release sites for future redevelopment in Catford town centre, as well as the refurbishment of the council's main office site, Laurence House, to ensure it is fit for purpose until new council offices can be built. Options are being considered to deliver improvements to the ground floor and the civic suite.

Housing

Lewisham Homes – Property Acquisition

11.38. This funding supports the delivery of the Lewisham Homes acquisitions programme that secures properties for temporary accommodation for homeless households, making a saving on the Council's spend on bed & breakfast accommodation.

Edward Street

11.39. Edward St will provide 34 new high-quality temporary accommodation homes for local families in housing need. The tender and contract award has been completed.

Residential Portfolio Acquisition – Hyde Housing Association

11.40. The Council completed on the acquisition of a portfolio of 120 homes from Hyde Housing Association. Hyde Housing Association have offered the option of further acquisitions. The Council are currently considering this option and carrying out due diligence in relation to this.

Achilles Street

11.41. Residents on the Achilles Street Estate have voted for the redevelopment of the estate to go ahead. Work is underway to carry out due diligence and the procurement of the design team has commenced with estate residents. The scheme will deliver new homes for all existing residents as well as a significant number of new council owned homes for social rent.

Acquisition of Sydney Arms

11.42. In response to COVID-19 local authorities were instructed by the government to bring 'Everyone In' the acquisition and refurbishment of the Sydney Arms will allow up to 16 rough sleepers, or other households, to be accommodated in affordable accommodation with support available to meet their needs.

Ladywell Leisure Centre Development site

11.43. This mixed-use development will see approximately 69 new homes come forward in addition to retaining the 24 homes that are in the PLACE building. The Council, through Lewisham Homes, will directly deliver these new homes.

Mayow Road Development Site

11.44. The Mayow Road site we will deliver 26 family-sized homes for homeless families. These will consist of self-contained flats with two and three bedrooms, all with their own private amenity space. The homes will provide much-needed temporary accommodation, supporting residents to remain in their local community. We will also deliver six supported living homes for residents with learning disabilities or autism, helping them to remain in borough and live more independent lives.

Traveller's site relocation

11.45. The latest site search for a Gypsy and Traveller site has identified a site at Pool Court as the most appropriate location to develop a new Gypsy and Traveller site for the borough. The construction cost of the 6-pitch site is estimated at £1.8m including design fees and other costs. The acquisition cost of the Network Rail section of the site is estimated at up to £2m.

Building for Lewisham Programme update

- 11.46. The Building for Lewisham (BfL) supersedes the Housing Matters Programme. In January 2020, the Mayor and Cabinet approved recommendations to advance and expand the Council's housebuilding programme to meet the corporate objectives set for the period between 2018 and 2022.
- 11.47. The BfL programme will deliver a significant proportion of new council housing for the borough. Funding has currently been agreed for the continuation of the former New Homes Better Places programme and for a series of additional infill sites. In addition, funding for feasibility and preparation of planning and tender information for major strategic projects at Ladywell, Achilles Street Estate and Catford has been allocated; as well as funding for wider feasibility studies for sites across the borough.

- 11.48. The Council, via its development agent, Lewisham Homes, is also investigating acquisition opportunities on land and sites from the market. These schemes may offer an opportunity to deliver more homes on an expedited timescale.
- 11.49. The current consolidation of the BfL programme notes funding for 1,686 new homes across a mix of tenures. This has been modelled over a 40 year period and has been inflation-adjusted accordingly. However, the assumptions used in this report represent an over-programming of developments and not all developments modelled will necessarily come forward. Therefore, this represents the most budget-intensive scenario. The financial and programme risk associated with the BfL programme will be monitored closely and mitigations implemented accordingly. Should any material changes to this budget be required, approval from Members will be sought.
- 11.50. Around 458 new social homes are forecast to achieve planning permission or start on site in 2021.

HRA Capital Programme

11.51. Lewisham Homes are responsible for ensuring council owned stock under their management is brought up to and maintained to a decent homes level, covering both internal and external works. Lewisham Homes are leading on the delivery of the decent programme (under delegated powers) in consultation and agreement with the Council. This needs to incorporate fire safety works and the priorities on stock condition identified in 2020/21. These will be significant investments and, as noted at 6.14 and 6.15 above, will compete for the available capital resources in the programme. These considerations will be part of the ongoing review of projects and scope of works to ensure value for money is delivered and priority outcomes achieved. This work is ongoing and, as noted above, will be reported to Members for decision as the detail becomes known and recommendations can be made with regard to the Council's statutory obligations and corporate strategy priorities.

Future schemes and resources

- 11.52. The Regeneration and Capital Programme Delivery Board comprises key officers involved in the planning and delivery of the capital programme. This Board has responsibility and accountability for the delivery of all regeneration and capital projects and programmes of the built environment and is also responsible for ensuring that all projects and programmes are adequately and appropriately resourced.
- 11.53. The key objectives of the Board are to ensure that a consistent and corporate approach is taken to the development and authorisation of all project and programme initiation documents and the associated financing and funding of projects and programmes. It meets every two months and ensures that a corporate approach is taken to the monitoring, management and delivery of all projects and programmes. It reports through to the Regeneration and Capital Programme Board which is chaired by the Executive Director for Housing, Regeneration & Environment.
- 11.54. The General Fund Capital Programme is financed by a number of sources, including capital receipts, central government grants, developer's contributions, the revenue budget and Prudential Borrowing. There is very limited scope to commit any further amounts of revenue budget to finance capital spend, and there is also a finite amount of capital receipts forecast. This means the Council will have to look to finance any new schemes going forward from either grant monies or Prudential Borrowing. Also contributions from developers via s106 and Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) may be an increasingly important source of finance for the Council's plans.

11.55. During 2021/22, updates on the Capital Programme will be reported to Mayor & Cabinet and the Public Accounts Select Committee on a regular basis. As capital receipts and other resources come into the Council, it may be possible to bring new schemes onto the programme. These additions to the programme will be put forward for approval by members as part of the Capital Programme update reports.

Summary

11.56. The proposed 2021/22 to 2023/24 Capital Programme totals £517.5m (General Fund £101.7m and HRA £415.8m) and includes all the Council's capital projects. It sets out the key priorities for the Council over the next three financial years and will be reviewed regularly. The Capital Programme is set out in more detail in Appendices W1 and W2.

12. Consultation on the budget

12.1. In setting the various budgets, it is important to have extensive engagement with citizens to consider the overarching challenge facing public services in Lewisham over the next few years. To this end, the Council has undertaken a range of engagement and specific consultation exercises. The specific consultation exercises were:

Rent Setting and Housing Panel

- 12.2. As in previous years, tenants' consultation was undertaken via Housing Panel meetings. This provided tenant representatives of Lewisham Homes with an opportunity on 17 December 2020 at the joint Housing Panel meeting to consider the positions and to feedback any views to Mayor & Cabinet. Tenant representatives of Brockley convened their Brockley Residents' Board on 16 December 2020 to hear the proposals and fed back.
- 12.3. Details of comments from the residents' meetings have been set out in Appendix X2 and X3.

Business Ratepayers

12.4. Representatives of business ratepayers are being consulted online on Council's outline budget between 11 January and 1 February 2021. The results of this consultation will be made available in the Budget Report Update presented to Mayor and Cabinet on 10 February 2021.

13. Financial implications

13.1. This entire report deals with the Council's Budget. Therefore, the financial implications are explained throughout.

14. Legal implications

14.1. Many legal implications are referred to in the body of the report. Particular attention is drawn to the following:

Capital Programme

- 14.2. Generally, only expenditure relating to tangible assets (e.g. roads, buildings or other structures, plant, machinery, apparatus and vehicles) can be regarded as capital expenditure. (Section 16 Local Government Act 2003 and regulations made under it).
- 14.3. The Local Government Act 2003 introduced a prudential system of financial control, replacing a system of credit approvals with a system whereby local authorities are free to borrow or invest so long as their capital spending plans are affordable, prudent, and sustainable. Authorities are required to determine and keep under review how much they can afford to borrow having regard to CIPFA's Prudential Code of Capital Finance in Local Authorities. The Code requires that in making borrowing and investment decisions, the Council is to take account of affordability, prudence, and sustainability, value for money, stewardship of assets, service objectives, and practicality.
- 14.4. Section 11 Local Government Act 2003 allows for regulations to be made requiring an amount equal to the whole or any part of a capital receipt to be paid to the Secretary of State. Since April 2013, there has been no requirement to set aside capital receipts on housing land (SI2013/476). For right to buy receipts, the Council can retain 25% of the net receipt (after taking off transaction costs) and is then entitled to enter an agreement with the Secretary of State to fund replacement homes with the balance. Conditions on the use of the balance of the receipts are that spending has to happen within three years and that 70% of the funding needs to come from Council revenue or borrowing. If the funding is not used within three years, it has to be paid to the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, with interest. In London, the monies are then transferred to the GLA. However, the Council has entered into an agreement with the GLA where the GLA has agreed in principle that all monies received from central government arising from right to buy disposals in Lewisham will be ring fenced and made available to the Council as social housing grant.

Housing Revenue Account

- 14.5. Section 24 of the Housing Act 1985 provides that a local authority may make such reasonable charges as they determine for the tenancy or occupation of their houses. The Council must review rents from time to time and make such charges as circumstances require.
- 14.6. Under the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, the Council is obliged to maintain a separate HRA (Section 74) and by Section 76 must prevent a debit balance on that account. Rents must therefore be set to avoid such a debit.
- 14.7. By Schedule 4 of the same Act where benefits or amenities arising out of a housing authority functions are provided for persons housed by the authority but are shared by the community, the Authority must make such contribution to the HRA from their other revenues to properly reflect the community's share of the benefits/amenities.
- 14.8. The process for varying the terms of a secure tenancy is set out in Sections 102 and 103 of the Housing Act 1985. It requires the Council to serve notice of variation at least four weeks before the effective date; the provision of sufficient information to explain the variation; and an opportunity for the tenant to serve a Notice to Quit ending their tenancy.
- 14.9. Where the outcome of the rent setting process involves significant changes to housing management practice or policy, further consultation may be required with the tenants' affected in accordance with section 105 of the Housing Act 1985.
- 14.10. Part 7 of the Localism Act 2011 abolished HRA subsidy and moved to a system of self financing in which Councils are allowed to keep the rents received locally to support their housing stock. Section 174 of the same Act provides for agreements between the Secretary of State and Councils to allow Councils not to have to pay a proportion of their capital receipts to the Secretary of State if he/she approves the purpose to which

it would be put.

Balanced Budget

- 14.11. In accordance with the Local Government Act 1992 the Council must set its Council Tax for 2021/2022 before 11 March 2021. By law it may not set the Council Tax before receipt of confirmation of the precept from the precepting authority, the GLA which is anticipated on 26 February. A report will be prepared for the Council meeting on 3 March 2021 on the basis of indications from the GLA but the report will be despatched before their final decision. The Executive Director for Corporate Resources will update the Council accordingly before it makes its decision.
- 14.12. Following the introduction of the Local Authorities (Standing Orders)(Amendment)
 Regulations 2014 the Council's Constitution was amended to require that when the
 Council votes on key budget and Council Tax decisions, the vote must be
 recorded. This requirement will apply when the Council meets to set the Council Tax.
- 14.13. Members have a duty to ensure that the Council acts lawfully. It must set and maintain a balanced budget each year. The Council must take steps to deal with any projected overspends and identify cuts or other measures to bring the budget under control. If the Capital Programme is overspending, this may be brought back into line through cuts, slippage, or contributions from revenue. The proposals in this report are designed to produce a balanced budget in 2021/22.
- 14.14. In this context, Members are reminded of their fiduciary duty to the Council Tax payer, effectively to act as trustee of the Council's resources and to ensure proper custodianship of Council funds.

An annual budget

- 14.15. By law, the setting of the Council's budget is an annual process. However, to enable meaningful planning, a number of cuts proposals for 2021/22 were anticipated in the course of the budget process. The first round of cuts were approved by Mayor and Cabinet on 9 December 2020. The second round is on the same agenda as this report and will be considered by Mayor and Cabinet before consideration of the recommendations in this report. They are listed in Appendix Y1 and Appendix Y2 respectively of this report. This report is predicated on taking all of the agreed and proposed budget cuts and those budget cuts being successfully implemented If not, any shortfall will have to be met through adjustments to the annual budget in this report with the use of reserves.
- 14.16. The body of the report refers to the various consultation exercises (for example with tenants and businesses) which the Council has carried out/is carrying out in accordance with statutory requirements relating to this budget process. Mayor and Cabinet must consider the outcome of that consultation with an open mind before reaching a decision about the final proposals to Council. It is noted that the outcome of consultation with business rate payers will only be available from the 2 February 2021 and any decisions about the Mayor and Cabinet's proposals on the budget are subject to consideration of that consultation response which will be reported to Mayor and Cabinet in the budget update report scheduled for the 10 February. Until the outcome of the consultation and any relevant matters are considered by M&C, the decisions sought in this report cannot be final.

Referendum

14.17. Sections 72 of the Localism Act 2011 and Schedules 5 to 7 amended the provisions

governing the calculation of Council Tax. They provide that if a Council seeks to impose a Council Tax increase in excess of limits fixed by the Secretary of State, then a Council Tax referendum must be held, the results of which are binding. The Council may not implement an increase which exceeds the Secretary of State's limits without holding the referendum. Were the Council to seek to exceed the threshold, substitute calculations which do not exceed the threshold would also have to be drawn up. These would apply in the event that the result of the referendum is not to approve the "excessive" rise in Council Tax. Attention is drawn to the statement of the Secretary of State that the Council may impose a precept of 3% on the Council Tax, ring-fenced for social care provision, and may impose an additional increase of less than 2% without the need for a referendum. The maximum proposed Council Tax increase is 4.99% and therefore below the combined limit.

14.18. In relation to each year the Council, as billing authority, must calculate the Council Tax requirement and basic amount of tax as set out in Section 31A and 31B of the Local Government Finance Act 1992. These statutory calculations appear in Appendix Y6.

Robustness of estimates and adequacy of reserves

- 14.19. Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003 requires, when the authority is making its calculations under s31 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, the Chief Finance Officer to report to it on:-
 - (a) the robustness of the estimates made for the purposes of the Calculations; and
 - (b) the adequacy of the proposed financial reserves.
- 14.20. The Chief Financial Officer's section 25 statement will be appended to the Budget Report update to Mayor & Cabinet on 10 February 2021 when the Mayor & Cabinet will be asked to agree their final recommendations to the Council in respect of the 2021/22 budget.

Treasury Strategy

- 14.21. Authorities are also required to produce and keep under review for the forthcoming year a range of indicators based on actual figures. These are set out in the report. The CIPFA Treasury Management Code of Practice says that movement may be made between the various indicators during the year by an Authority's Chief Finance Officer as long as the indicators for the total Authorised Limit and the total Operational Boundary for external debt remain unchanged. Any such changes are to be reported to the next meeting of the Council.
- 14.22. Under Section 5 of the 2003 Act, the prudential indicator for the total Authorised Limit for external debt is deemed to be increased by an amount of any unforeseen payment which becomes due to the Authority within the period to which the limit relates which would include for example additional external funding becoming available but not taken into account by the Authority when determining the Authorised Limit. Where Section 5 of the Act is relied upon to borrow above the Authorised Limit, the Code requires that this fact is reported to the next meeting of the Council.
- 14.23. Authority is delegated to the Executive Director for Corporate Resources to make amendments to the limits on the Council's counterparty list and to undertake Treasury Management in accordance with the CIPFA Treasury Management Code of Practice and the Council's Treasury Policy Statement.

Constitutional provisions

- 14.24. Legislation provides that it is the responsibility of the full Council to set the Council's budget. Once the budget has been set, save for those decisions which they are precluded from, it is for the Mayor and Cabient to make decisions in accordance with the statutory policy framework and that are not wholly inconsistent with the budget. It is for the Mayor and Cabinet to have overall responsibility for preparing the draft budget for submission to the Council to consider. If the Council does not accept the Mayor and Cabinet's proposals, it may object to them and ask them to reconsider. The Mayor and Cabinet must then reconsider and submit proposals (amended or unamended) back to the Council which may only overturn them by a two-thirds majority.
- 14.25. For these purposes the term "budget" means the "budget requirement (as provided for in the Local Government Finance Act 1992) all the components of the budgetary allocations to different services and projects, proposed taxation levels, contingency funds (reserves and balances) and any plan or strategy for the control of the local authority's borrowing or capital expenditure." (Chapter 2 statutory guidance).
- 14.26. Authorities are advised by the statutory guidance to adopt an inclusive approach to preparing the draft budget, to ensure that councillors in general have the opportunity to be involved in the process. However, it is clear that it is for the Mayor and Cabinet to take the lead in that process and proposals to be considered should come from them. The preparation of the proposals in this report has involved the Mayor and Cabinet, the Council's select committees and the Public Accounts Select Committee in particular, thereby complying with the statutory guidance.

Statutory duties and powers

14.27. The Council has a number of statutory duties which it must fulfil by law. It cannot lawfully decide not to carry out those duties. However, even where there is a statutory duty, the Council often has discretion about the level of service provision. Where a service is provided by virtue of a Council power rather than a duty, the Council is not bound to carry out those activities, though decisions about them must be taken in accordance with the decision making requirements of administrative law.

Reasonableness and proper process

- 14.28. Decisions must be made reasonably taking into account all relevant considerations and ignoring irrelevancies. Members will see that in relation to the proposed budget cuts there is a summary at Appendix Y1 and Y2. If the Mayor and Cabinet decides that the budget for that service must be reduced, the Council's reorganisation procedure applies if staffing numbers would reduce. Staff consultation in accordance with that procedure will be conducted and in accordance with normal Council practice, the final decision would be made by the relevant Executive Director under delegated authority.
- 14.29. It is also imperative that decisions are taken following proper process. Depending on the particular service concerned, this may be set down in statute, though not all legal requirements are set down in legislation.
- 14.30. For example, depending on the service, there may need to be a need to consult with service users and/or others. The requirement to consult may arise by statute or there may be a legitimate expectation of consultation. A legitimate expectation will arise if a specific promise has been made to do something (for example as in the Lewisham Compact with the voluntary sector) or if it has become practice to consult on particular matters. Where there is a requirement to consult, any proposals in this report must remain proposals unless and until that consultation is complete and the responses have been brought back in a further report for consideration with an open mind before any decision is made.

Staff consultation

14.31. Where proposals, if accepted, would result in 100 redundancies or more within a 90 day period, an employer is required by Section 188 of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 as amended, to consult with the representatives of those who may be affected by the proposals. The consultation period is at least 45 days. Where the number is 20 or more, but 99 or less the consultation period is 30 days. This requirement is in addition to the consultation with individuals affected by redundancy and/or reorganisation under the Council's own procedure.

Best Value

14.32. Under section 3 of the Local Government Act 1999, the Council is under a best value duty to secure continuous improvement in the way its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency, and effectiveness. It must have regard to this duty in making decisions in relation to this report.

Integration with health

14.33. Members are reminded that provisions under the Health and Social Care Act 2012 require local authorities in the exercise of their functions to have regard to the need to integrate their services with health. See <u>"Legal implications" in the guidance</u> for more information.

15. Equalities implications

- 15.1. The Equality Act 2010 (the Act) introduced the public sector equality duty (the equality duty or the duty). It covers the following nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 15.2. In summary, the Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
 - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- 15.3. The duty continues to be a "have regard duty", and the weight to be attached to it is a matter for the Mayor and Cabinet, bearing in mind the issues of relevance and proportionality. It is not an absolute requirement to eliminate unlawful discrimination, advance equality of opportunity or foster good relations. Assessing the potential impact on equality of proposed changes to policies, procedures and practices is one of the key ways in which the Council can demonstrate that they have had 'due regard'.
- 15.4. The Equality and Human Rights Commission issued Technical Guidance on the Public Sector Equality Duty and statutory guidance entitled "Equality Act 2010 Services, Public Functions & Associations Statutory Code of Practice". The Council must have regard to the statutory code in so far as it relates to the duty and attention is drawn to Chapter 11 which deals particularly with services and public functions. The Technical Guidance also covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty. This includes steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The guidance does

- not have statutory force but nonetheless regard should be had to it, as failure to do so without compelling reason would be of evidential value. The statutory code and the technical guidance can be found at: http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/legal-and-policy/equality-act/equality-act-codes-of-practice-and-technical-quidance/
- 15.5. The Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) has previously issued five guides for public authorities in England giving advice on the equality duty:
 - 1. The essential guide to the public sector equality duty
 - 2. Meeting the equality duty in policy and decision-making
 - 3. Engagement and the equality duty
 - 4. Equality objectives and the equality duty
 - 5. Equality information and the equality duty
- 15.6. The essential guide provides an overview of the equality duty requirements including the general equality duty, the specific duties, and who they apply to. It covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty including steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The other four documents provide more detailed guidance on key areas and advice on good practice. Further information and resources are available at: http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/advice-and-guidance/public-sector-equality-duty/guidance-on-the-equality-duty/
- 15.7. The EHRC has also issued Guidance entitled "Making Fair Financial Decisions". It appears at Appendix Y9 and attention is drawn to its contents.
- 15.8. Assessing impact on equality is not an end to itself and it should be tailored to, and be proportionate to, the decision being made. Whether it is proportionate for the Council to conduct an Equalities Analysis Assessment of the impact on equality of a financial decision or not depends on its relevance to the Authority's particular function and its likely impact on people from protected groups, including staff.
- 15.9. Where proposals are anticipated to have an impact on staffing levels, it will be subject to consultation as stipulated within the Council's Employment/Change Management policies, and services will be required to undertake an Equalities Analysis Assessment (EAA) as part of their restructuring process.
- 15.10. It is also important to note that the Council is subject to the Human Rights Act, and should therefore, also consider the potential impact their particular decisions could have on human rights. Where particular cuts have such implications, they must be dealt with and considered in relation to those particular proposals before any final decision is made.

16. Climate change and environmental implications

- 16.1. Section 40 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 states that: 'every public authority must, in exercising its functions, have regard, so far as is consistent with the proper exercise of those functions, to the purpose of conserving biodiversity'.
- 16.2. Overall there are limited changes to the budget structure and service funded either from agreed reductions or pressures funded. The environment considerations for any cuts were specifically considered as part of those proposals agreed by M&C. The environment considerations for the pressures to be funded in 2020/21, for example air quality, home energy, and healthier neighbourhood initiatives are positive.

17. Crime and disorder implications

- 17.1. Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 requires the Council when it exercises its functions to have regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions on, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent, crime and disorder in its area.
- 17.2. There are no specific crime and disorder implications arising from this report.

18. Health and wellbeing implications

18.1. There are no specific health and well being implications arising from this report.

19. Background papers

Short Title of Report	Date	Location	Contact
Financial stabilisation - budget update and medium term plan	7 October 2020 (M&C)	1st Floor Laurence House	David Austin
Budget Cuts Proposal 2020/21 – round 1 Budget Cuts Proposal 2020/21 – round 2	9 December 2020 (M&C) 3 February 2020 (M&C)	1st Floor Laurence House	David Austin
Council Tax Base	20 January 2021 (Council)	1st Floor Laurence House	David Austin

20. Glossary

Term	Definition
Collection Fund	A statement that shows the transactions of the billing authority in relation to non-domestic rates and the Council Tax, and illustrates the way in which these have been distributed to preceptors and the General Fund.
General Fund	This is the main revenue account which summarises the cost of all services (except those related to Council Housing and Locally Managed Schools) provided by the Council.
Housing Revenue Account	Reflects a statutory obligation to account separately for local authority housing provision. It shows the major elements of housing revenue expenditure and how this is met by rents, subsidy and other income.
Minimum Revenue Provision	The minimum revenue provision (MRP) is the minimum amount that must be charged to an authority's revenue account each year and set aside as a provision for debt repayment or other credit liabilities.

Reserves	Amounts set aside for purposes falling outside the definition of provisions made above are considered as reserves.
Revenue Support Grant	A general grant paid by Central Government to local authorities to help them finance the cost of their services, distributed on the basis of government relative needs formulas.

21. Report author and contact

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Financial implications on behalf of the Executive Director for Corporate Resources were provided by the report authors.

Legal implications on behalf of the Monitoring Officer were provided by Katherine Kazantzis.

22. Appendices

Capital Programme

- W1 2020/21 to 2023/24 Capital Programme Major Projects
- W2 Proposed Capital Programme Original to latest Budget

Housing Revenue Account

- X1 Proposed Housing Revenue Account Cuts 2021/22
- X2 Leasehold and Tenants charges consultation 2021/22
- X3 Leasehold and Tenants Charges 2021/22 Lewisham Homes
- X4 Other Associated Housing Charges for 2021/22
- X5 Garage Rent Increase Report 2021/22
- X6 Tenants' rent consultation 2021/22

General Fund

- Y1 Summary of previously agreed budget cuts for 2021/22 (Approved 2020)
- Y2 Summary of previously agreed budget cuts for 2021/22 (Approved 2021)
- Y3 Cuts Allocation to Base Budget and Overspend
- Y4 Ready Reckoner for Council Tax 2021/22

- Y5 Chief Financial Officer's Section 25 Statement *To follow M&C 10 February* 2021
- Y6 Council Tax and Statutory Calculations
- Y7 Summary of risks and pressures to be funded
- Y8 2021/22 Proposed Fees and Charges
- Y9 Making Fair Financial Decisions

Treasury Management

- Z1 Interest Rate Forecasts
- Z2 Credit Worthiness Policy (Linked to Treasury Management Practice (TMP1) Credit and Counterparty Risk Management)
- Z3 Approved countries for investments
- Z4 Requirement of the CIPFA Management Code of Practice

APPENDIX W1

2020/21 TO 2023/24 CAPITAL PROGRAMME - MAJOR PROJECTS

Major Projects over £2m	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
GENERAL FUND					
Schools - School Places Programme	3.4	10.4	2.4	-	16.2
Schools - Minor Works Capital Programme	3.9	0.1	-	-	4.0
Schools - Other Capital Works	1.7	1.6	-	-	3.3
Highways & Bridges - TfL	1.3	-	-	-	1.3
Highways & Bridges - LBL	3	2.5	2.5	-	8.0
Highways - Others	1.5	0.8	0.1	-	2.4
Catford town centre	1.0	0.3	0.3	3.4	5.0
Asset Management Programme	1.5	2.8	2.5	-	6.8
Other AMP Schemes	0.7	0.9	_	-	1.6
Broadway Theatre - Works	0.4	4.8	1.7	-	6.9
Catford Phase 1 – Thomas Lane Yard / Catford Constitution Club'	0.1	0.6	2.6	-	3.3
Lewisham Gateway (Phase 2)	14.8	3.5	-	4.8	23.1
Beckenham Place Park	0.5	-	-	-	0.5
Beckenham Place Park (Eastern Part)	0.2	1.7			1.9
Lewisham Homes – Property Acquisition	-	3.0	-	-	3.0
Residential Portfolio Acquisition – Hyde	2.9				2.9
Housing Ass.		_	-	-	
Disabled Facilities Grant	0.4	2.1	-	-	2.5
Private Sector Grants and Loans	0.2	2.1	-	-	2.3
Edward St. Development	9.0	8.4	-	-	17.4
Achilles St. Development	0.8	1.0	-	3.6	5.4
Mayow Rd Development	0.6	6.6	1.1	0.1	8.4
Canonbie Rd Development	0.8	1.4	0.3	-	2.5
Ladywell Leisure Centre Development site (1,000 Homes Prog.)	0.1	2.7	-	-	2.8
Deptford Southern Sites Regeneration	2.6	0.3	-	2.1	5.0
Acquisition of Sydney Arms	0.0	3.8	-	-	3.8
Fleet Replacement Programme	7.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	9.4
Travellers Site Relocation	0.2	3.6	-	-	3.8
Other Schemes	5.0	4.4	2.3	0.1	11.8
	63.6	70.2	16.6	14.9	165.3
HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT					
Housing Matters Programme	33.6	48.3	56.4	57.2	195.5
Creekside Acquisition	5.7	13.9	2	-	21.6
Ladywell Leisure Centre Development	4.5	15.4	43.4	27.7	91
Achilles St. Development	4.3	0.4	1	21.6	27.
Mayow Rd Development	1.1	0.8	_	_	1.9

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Decent Homes Programme	47.7	31.6	42.7	41.8	163.8
Other Schemes	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.0	15.1
Total HRA	100.4	114.0	149.5	152.3	516.2
TOTAL PROGRAMME	164.0	184.2	166.1	167.2	681.5

The paragraphs below set out a descriptive overview of the key delivery objectives of the capital programme major schemes. Appendix W2 sets out the changes in these schemes from original budget.

Schools - School Places Programme

Primary place demand has levelled off recently across London and the priority for school place delivery has shifted mainly to Special Educational Need and Disability provision. Four schemes are currently in development and delivery over the next 3 years to 2024. They include:

- Works to Ashmead Primary in Brockley to expand from one to two forms of entry.
 Works commenced in April 2019 and are due to be completed by February 2021.
 The project will deliver a new standalone block adjacent to Lewisham Way, improved landscaping within the site and a new entrance and enhanced public realm area to the South of the site.
- Greenvale School, in Whitefoot ward, is Lewisham's community special school for children and young people between the ages of 11 and 19 years who have significant learning difficulties. A new satellite facility to accommodate an additional 93 students will be constructed on the site of the former Brent Knoll building in Perry Vale. The design stage is now complete, and works are expected to commence onsite in early 2021.
- New Woodlands, in Downham Ward, is a special school which supports children from 5 to 16 who have Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) special educational needs. The school recently began admitting Key Stage 4 students, and works to expand the facility took place over the summer holidays last year, ensuring that the school can provide a full curriculum. The works included minor remodelling and refurbishment of the existing building, provision of a new food technology practical room, and improvements to existing landscaping and external play areas. The final works to the boundary treatment were completed last summer, and final snagging works will be completed in February 2021.
- Watergate is Lewisham's primary special school for children between the ages of
 three and eleven years who have severe learning difficulties, located in Bellingham
 Ward. Approval has been granted to expand the school by 59 places through the
 construction of a new teaching block on the existing site, although further feasibility
 studies are currently being conducted to confirm whether this approach would cater
 for the need or if a different design solution is required.

Schools - Minor Works Capital Programme

The School Minor Works Programme (SMWP) is an ongoing programme of minor capital works to existing community school buildings, primarily relating to mechanical and electrical infrastructure and building fabric needs. The programme is grant funded by central government.

Highways & Bridges

The Council continues to invest resources in maintaining its 397km of highway borough roads, most notably through its annual programme of carriageway and footway resurfacing works. The budget for highways has allowed 70 roads (or part of a road) to be resurfaced each year. Until 2017, the majority of these roads were those in the

worst condition and categorised as "Red" – lengths of road in poor overall condition and in need of immediate further engineering assessment with a planned maintenance soon.

In 2020/21, the carriageway resurfacing programme is to be carried out on up to 32 roads (or part of road) funded from the Council's Capital programme. At the time of this report (November 2020) over 90% of the carriageway resurfacing programme has been completed. This programme is on course to deliver in time and within budget

Future carriageway resurfacing works will focus on roads classified with the Condition Index of "Amber" (lengths of road which, without a planned early intervention could result in further severe defects and move the Condition Index to "Red"). The Council also carries out ongoing responsive carriageway maintenance works that remedies localised hazards and defects caused through accidents and deterioration of the asset from wear, age, excavations and failures

The footway resurfacing programme aims to bring improvements to 17 roads where the Condition Index classifies as "Red" and thus in need of future works. At the time of this report (November 2020) approximately 75% of the current footway resurfacing programme has been completed, with an expectation to complete the full programme on time and within budget by February 2021.

Future Council Capital investment is to be aimed at the borough's footways as over 20% of this asset requires essential maintenance works. Such works to the footways potentially will reduce future insurance claims.

The replacement of the span for the Sydenham Park footbridge is planning, and with active discussions about bridge design, method of construction, risk management and approvals underway, the Council in its client capacity is working closely with consultants to secure a delivery plan agreement with Network Rail. Subject to a Network Rail track possession agreement, the span replacement and associated works for the Sydenham Park Footbridge is scheduled for winter 2021.

Catford Town Centre

On 16 September 2020 M & C approved the draft Catford Town Centre Framework document and the next steps to commence with a non-statutory public consultation process. Architects Studio Egret West have been retained in the event that any amendments are required to the Framework. The consultation began on 17 November 2020 and encompasses an invitation for the public to give feedback on the Catford consultation activities over the past four years that provided significant foundation to the document. Consultation is being delivered via various platforms including: a pull-out section within the Catford Chronicle magazine that is sent to 18,000 homes in Catford with a freepost return for comments, a series of Zoom presentation sessions with questions answered, visual displays at shop 24 Catford Precinct, feedback via phone, an email and via a website address. Officers plan to return to M&C in spring 2021 to provide the consultation results and to request endorsement of the final version of the Framework document. The Catford Town Centre Framework document will then be used as an evidence base for the emerging Local Plan.

Work with TfL has just recommenced following a temporary postponement of the programme due to the impact of Covid-19 and the furlough of the Transformation Team. There is an agreed proposal to realign the South Circular A205 through the Town Centre. The Greater London Authority (GLA) Housing Infrastructure Funding (HIF) of £10m has been secured on condition that the road is delivered by TfL. Officers have been seeking an extension to the grant agreement to accommodate the time lost on the project. TfL have confirmed that they are awaiting a new programme to begin extensive modelling of the preferred design option for the road. DfT require completion of this activity in order to confirm the provisional funding in the sum of £40M. Subject to an approved design, early work is expected to start in 2021/22.

Meanwhile, at the same meeting of M&C on 16 September 2020 officers received approval to commence with two projects in Catford town centre. The first will provide a

series of public realm improvements to the areas around Catford stations to be funded from S.106 funding from the Catford Green development by Barratt's. This scheme aims to provide a better environment for movement around the stations in preparation for the recovery from the pandemic with an aim to be on site in early 2022. The second scheme has been enabled by successful funding from the GLA in the form of the Good Growth Grant that has been match funded by the Capital Programme. This will see the refurbishment of the Catford Constitution Club (CCC) and the development of a mixeduse scheme up to Planning stage on the T/Lane car park site to provide a mix of business units and up to 100 homes that would realise multiple regeneration benefits including: jobs retention, business creation and potential early housing delivery and can also support the Post-Covid19 recovery plan. This early investment proposal can be delivered independently but also corresponds fully with the vision set out in the draft Catford Framework document endorsed by Mayor & Cabinet on 16th September 2020, providing fundamental improvements to the public realm for Catford and meeting social and economic integration objectives, opportunities for town centre. The objective is to obtain Planning consent for both schemes by the end of summer 2021 and to deliver the CCC refurbishment in 2022.

Officers are in further negotiations with the GLA on additional funding following a successful bid to the GLA for Get Building Funding of just under £1m. The funding aims to secure additional town centre improvement schemes including public realm improvements to the pedestrian area on Holbeach Road and a partnership project to provide a public sector hub in the Old Town Hall.

Lewisham Gateway Development

The Council is supporting the delivery of Phase 2 of the Lewisham Gateway development by the provision of:

- (a) £9,558,850 of grant from its own resources being a commuted sum earmarked for affordable housing under a section 106 agreement relating to the Loampit Vale development.
- (b) £13,500,000 of housing infrastructure fund (HIF) grant that comes from government via government's delivery partner, The Greater London Authority (GLA).

The Lewisham Gateway is a long-term regeneration project which is being delivered by Lewisham Gateway Developments Limited (**LGDL**), a special purpose vehicle which is a subsidiary of Muse Developments Limited. The project is being delivered via a development agreement dated 19th December 2006 between LBL, various public sector partners and LGDL. Amendments to this development agreement agreed by the parties in 2020. Phase 1 was completed in 2019 providing construction of the new highway layout and pedestrian crossings (including re-location of River Ravensbourne and Quaggy), 362 residential units, commercial café and retail space, Confluence Place Park: a public space connecting the river, station and public realm as well as a number of commercial food and beverage units

Phase 2 of the project will deliver four buildings to provide 530 residential apartments, 119 co-living units, retail units, a gym space and a cinema together with associated public realm (including hard and soft landscaping). A basement energy centre will also be provided in the building known as building block E

Asset Management Programme

Funding from the Asset Management Programme (AMP) has continued to support reactive and much needed capital works across the operational corporate estate. This has included fabric works such as roof replacement and mechanical works; including, boiler replacements and lift repairs across the estate of approximately 90 buildings and sites. More recently, the programme has funded works to the Civic Suite, Registry Office and some essential works as part of the main Laurence House refurbishment programme. A full condition survey of the corporate estate was completed in 2020 and

is helping define the future investment need of the estate, the Asset Review, and underpin the use of the AMP capital programme funding for future years. A comprehensive Corporate Estate Maintenance Programme is being developed to start in 2021/22 (with some urgent health and safety works already underway).

Broadway Theatre

The Broadway Theatre building is not fully complaint in a number of areas, and is long overdue investment in its mechanical, electrical and fabric elements. Urgent work is required to address key risk areas of building failure.

The proposed works include rewire of the theatre, replacement fire detection equipment, new emergency lighting, new central hearing and domestic water system, damp proofing and decorations, improvements to support disabled access and get-in, toilet expansion and external improvements

Given the significant amount of investment needed the theatre will be closed to enable the work to be carried out effectively and efficiently. The works are proposed to complete late 2022

Lewisham Library

The roof of the library is in urgent need of repair. This was identified as part of recent condition survey of the building which also highlighted a number of key areas of failing across the building structure and M&E services. The roof's condition puts the entire building fabric and services at risk.

The report also found the mechanical and public health services (MEPH) within the building are generally at or past their life expectancy. The general condition of all elements is poor with some obvious signs of deterioration and failures including hot water plant and ventilation systems. In addition, the two lifts serving the building requires major overhaul. There is currently no allocation in the capital programme to support this project.

Mayor and Cabinet agreed that officers look at options that will sustain the library service provision into the future. A number of options are currently being explored

Old Town Hall

Officers are developing a programme of investment works for the Old Town Hall. This is part of proposals to convert the Old Town Hall into a public sector hub for a number of public sector partners. Some of the investment will address immediate health and safety as well as compliance requirements of the building. It will aim to secure a new use for the building as a public sector hub supporting a number of public sector partners such as the NHS and DWP.

Lewisham Homes - Property Acquisition

This funding supports the delivery of the Lewisham Homes acquisitions programme that secures properties for temporary accommodation for homeless households, making a saving on the Council's spend on bed & breakfast accommodation.

Fleet vehicle replacement

The current year's budget is to finance the replacement of 65 vehicles in the Council's fleet in order to meet the approaching Low Emissions Zone (LEZ) changes in October 2020. As of the end of December 2020 all 65 vehicles have been delivered and are in service at a total cost of £7,022.536.

Future fleet replacement capital budget for the years 2021 - 2024 of 800k per annum has been allocated.

Smart Working Programme

The Smarter Working programme seeks to consolidate offices and release sites for future redevelopment in Catford town centre, as well as the refurbishment of the council's main office site, Laurence House, to ensure it is fit for purpose until new council offices can be built. The ground floor was refurbished in 2018 to provide a modern, welcoming and better functioning reception for the council and refurbishment work on floors 1 to 5 was completed in 2019. The works included improved welfare provision, delivering new meeting rooms and kitchens, improving the heating and ventilation system, new energy efficient LED lighting, decoration and a layout and furniture which supports and encourages agile working. Options are being considered to deliver improvements to the ground floor and the civic suite.

Edward Street

Edward St will provide 34 new high-quality temporary accommodation homes for local families in housing need. The tender and contractor appointment has been completed following Mayor and Cabinet approval. The manufacturing of the homes has commenced in the factory.

Residential Portfolio Acquisition - Hyde Housing Association

The acquisition of a portfolio currently comprising 120 residential properties from Hyde Housing Association, as per a report to Mayor & Cabinet on 13 March 2019.

The Council completed on the acquisition of a portfolio of homes from Hyde Housing Association earlier this financial year. Hyde Housing Association have offered the option of further acquisitions. The Council are currently considering this option and carrying out due diligence in relation to this.

Achilles Street

Residents on the Achilles Street Estate have voted for the redevelopment of the estate to go ahead. Work is underway to carry out due diligence and the procurement of the design team has commenced with estate residents. The scheme will deliver new homes for all existing residents as well as a significant number of new council owned homes for social rent.

Acquisition of Sydney Arms

In response to COVID-19 local authorities were instructed by the government to bring 'Everyone In'. The initial approach was to find and accommodate all rough sleepers, and those sleeping in night shelters, to minimise their potential risk to COVID-19. This approach ended in the summer, and authorities have been working with the government and the GLA to find permanent move on accommodation for those it has temporarily housed.

There has been an increase in rough sleeping. Since the start of the pandemic the Council has worked with nearly 200 rough sleepers, whereas over the entirety of 2019/20 there were 229 rough sleepers that services engaged with in Lewisham. The pandemic continues to pose a substantial health risk to residents, particularly rough sleepers, and the impact on homelessness of a severe economic shock is yet to be fully realised.

In response to the above pressures, the council has been using temporary accommodation to house rough sleepers it has identified. However, such

accommodation is often expensive and does not come with support provision included. The council is projecting an expenditure of £800k during the course of 20/21 that it would not have spent in previous years, although a grant of £300k from government has been made available to cover some of that cost.

The acquisition and refurbishment of the Sydney Arms will allow up to 16 rough sleepers, or other households, to be accommodated in affordable accommodation with support available to meet their needs. The purpose of this accommodation will be to provide accommodation and support on a short to medium term basis whilst staff work with those accommodated to find secure longer-term homes for households to move into."

Ladywell Leisure Centre Development site

The redevelopment of the former Ladywell Leisure Centre Site continues to progress with planning applications due later in the summer of 2021. This mixed-use development will see approximately 69 new homes come forward in addition to retaining the 24 homes that are in the PLACE building. The Council, through Lewisham Homes, will directly deliver these new homes. In 2019, a budget of £2.55m was approved by Mayor and Cabinet to take the scheme forward to planning and to fund the feasibility of the relocation of PLACE/Ladywell

Mayow Road Development Site

At the Mayow Road site we will deliver 26 family-sized homes for homeless families. These will consist of self-contained flats with two and three bedrooms, all with their own private amenity space. The homes will provide much-needed temporary accommodation, supporting residents to remain in their local community. We will also deliver six supported living homes for residents with learning disabilities or autism, helping them to remain in borough and live more independent lives. This will be supported by 24-hour on-site care and support staff. We are supporting these aims in partnership with NHS England's transforming care Programme.

Planning has been secured and funding agreed for construction. A contractor has been appointed and a start on site has been achieved for this scheme. Work is ongoing.

Traveller's site relocation

The latest site search for a Gypsy and Traveller site has identified a site at Pool Court as the most appropriate location to develop a new Gypsy and Traveller site for the borough. The construction cost of the 6-pitch site is estimated at £1.8m including design fees and other costs.

A section of the identified site is owned by Network Rail and the rest by the Council. The acquisition cost of the Network Rail section of the site is estimated at up to £2m. The Capital programme already has an allocation of circa £1.1m, including historic GLA grant, to support the scheme. The total cost for the development of the Pool Court site to provide 6 pitches to meet the Gypsy and Traveller Housing need is approximately £3.8m, with additional budget of £2.7m now allocated in the plan.

Beckenham Place Park

The restoration of Beckenham Place Park (to the western side of the railway) has been completed.

The listed stable block is now home to the new park café and environmental education centre, and the long anticipated restored landscape, with its reinstated lake, is being enjoyed by thousands of local people. The stable yard itself will become an arrival and visitor's hub, as new tenants take up occupation of the cottages over the next year. The new play facilities are much loved, as part of the restored pleasure grounds, and

the previously derelict Gardener's cottage is now fully restored and re-purposed as a hub for volunteer activity in the park, in the midst of the new community garden. Open water swimming now takes place on the lake, and visitors will be encouraged to explore the breadth and nature of Lewisham's largest park on new paths and trails.

Mayor & Cabinet on 24 April 2019 approved an additional capital contribution of up to £1.936m towards works on the eastern side of the park. Work is now underway to develop the scope of works to the eastern side of the park and it is hoped that this allocation could be used to lever in further support from the GLA and GLA and the Environment Agency.

Meanwhile, work has just begun to look at options on a route to secure the future of the other assets mainly in the western side of the park. These include the Mansion House and Foxgrove Club. A paper will be taken to Mayor & Cabinet in due cause setting out the options and next steps on a route to secure beneficial use of those assets.

Building for Lewisham Programme update

The Building for Lewisham (BfL) supersedes the Housing Matters Programme. In January 2020, the Mayor and Cabinet approved recommendations to advance and expand the Council's housebuilding programme to meet the corporate objectives set for the period between 2018 and 2022. The M&C paper sets much of the context for the budget identified in this paper

The BfL programme will deliver a significant proportion of new council housing for the borough. Funding has currently been agreed for the continuation of the former New Homes Better Places programme and for a series of additional infill sites. In addition, funding for feasibility and preparation of planning and tender information for major strategic projects at Ladywell, Achilles Street Estate and Catford has been allocated; as well as funding for wider feasibility studies for sites across the borough.

The Council, via its development agent, Lewisham Homes, is also investigating acquisition opportunities on land and sites from the market. These schemes may offer an opportunity to deliver more homes on an expedited timescale.

The current consolidation of the BfL programme notes funding for 1,686 new homes across a mix of tenures. This has been modelled over a 40 year period and has been inflation-adjusted accordingly. However, the assumptions used in this report represent an over-programming of developments and not all developments modelled will necessarily come forward. Therefore, this represents the most budget-intensive scenario. The financial and programme risk associated with the BfL programme will be monitored closely and mitigations implemented accordingly. Should any material changes to this budget be required, approval from Members will be sought.

The programme is supported by grant funding from the GLA via the Building Council Homes for London Programme. This provides £37.7m at a rate of around £100,000 per social unit. In addition to this the Council have secured funding from the GLA through their Small Sites Small Builders Fund, Housing Capacity Fund and Accelerated Construction Fund. The NHS have also provide grant support for Supported Housing. In addition to this, the Council will continue to subsidise the programme with the use of Right to Buy 1-4-1 receipts.

The majority of spend for the remainder of 2020/21 relates to feasibility and planning application preparation for the new homes programme and delivery of a number of schemes by Lewisham Homes on site. Around 458 new social homes are forecast to achieve planning permission or start on site in 2021.

APPENDIX W2

PROPOSED CAPITAL PROGRAMME - ORIGINAL TO LATEST BUDGET

	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
GENERAL FUND		
Original Budget (Mayor & Cabinet 9 July 2020)		210,947
New Schemes		
Lewisham Market Scheme	322	
2020/21 LIP Programme	1,300	
Lewisham Gateway Phase 2	14,812	
82, Newland Park	176	
Holbeach Road Public Realm & Catford Hub	245	
Catford Station Improvements	82	
Catford Phase 1 – Thomas Lane Yard / Catford Constitution Club	49	
Brockley Rise Adult Learning Centre Frontage Works	146	
Improvements to the Calabash Centre	45	
Beckenham Place Park (Eastern Part)	200	
		17,377
Approved variations on existing schemes		
Excalibur (Phase 3)	200	
Canonbie Road Development	677	
		877
Re-allocated Budgets		
Lewisham Library – repairs and refurb	-1000	
		-1000
Re-profiled Budgets		
CYP CERA (capital charged to revenue account)	-500	
Achilles St. Development (Design Work)	-401	
Achilles St. Development	-4,764	
Ladywell Leisure Centre Development	3,290	
Unallocated AMP	-792	
Excalibur (Phases 4&5)	-1,265	
Milford Towers Decant	-2,769	
Creekside Acquisition	5,711	
19, Yeoman St. Improvements	7	
Deptford Southern Sites	1,826	
Lewisham homes property acquisition	-3,000	
Schools Pupils Places Programme	-5,794	

2020 Schools Minor Works Capital Programme	-79	
Heathside & Lethbridge	-244	
Milford Towers Decant	-100	
DFG & Disc Grants	-1,040	
Fleet Vehicle Replacement	-800	
9-19 Rushey Green	-250	
Deptford Park Improvements	-40	
Sydenham park footbridge	-489	
Broadway Theatre - Works	-1,594	
Acquisition of homes in inner LHA Area	-75	
Watson Street Streetscape Improvements	-120	
Refurbishment of 43-45 Bromley Road	-235	
Essential footpath resurfacing parks	-7	
Catford Broadway - Phase 2	-5	
		-13,529
Re-phasing Budgets		
HRA		-50,585
Revised Capital Programme Budget 2020/21		164,087

APPENDIX X1: Proposed Housing Revenue Account Savings 2021/22

- X1.1 The HRA strategy and self-financing assessments are continually updated and developed with the view to ensuring resources are available to meet costs and investment needs and are funded for 2021/22 and future years.
- X1.2 Savings and efficiencies delivered in the 2021/22 budget can be re-invested to off-sent constrained rent rises or to help bridge any investment gap identified. As a prudent measure the original financial model was developed with no savings identified. Subsequently, discussions have taken place regarding appropriate savings and 'target' management and maintenance costs per unit. For example, there is already an assumed reduction in the Lewisham Homes fee in 2021/22 to reflect stock losses through Right to Buy Sales. Although no direct efficiencies/savings are currently being considered for 2021/22, work continues to identify opportunities for cost reductions and efficiencies relating to the HRA business model. Where identified, these savings would be available to off-set future rental losses due to a constrained uplift to protect investment in stock or services.
- X1.3 An update of the HRA Strategy, Savings Proposals, proposed rent & service charge increases and comments from consultation with tenant representatives will be reported to Mayor & Cabinet as part of the HRA Rents and budget strategy report. Mayor & Cabinet will make the final budget decisions in the New Year.

APPENDIX X2: Leasehold and Tenants Charges Consultation 2021/22

Committee	Brockley Residents Panel		Item No	
Report Title	Leasehold and Tenant Charges (Consultatio	on	
Contributor	Regenter Brockley Operations Manager			
Class	Decision	Date	16 th December 2020	

1 Summary

- 1.1 The report sets out proposals to increase service charges to ensure full cost recovery in line with Lewisham Council's budget strategy.
- 1.2 The report requests Brockley Residents Panel members to consider the proposals to increase service charges based on an uplift of **2.1%** for **2021/22** on specific elements. This is based on full cost recovery in line with previous years' proposals.

2 Policy Context

- 2.1 The policy context for leasehold and tenant service charges is a mixture of statutory and Council Policy.
- 2.2 The Council's Housing Revenue Account is a ring-fenced revenue account. The account is required to contain only those charges directly related to the management of the Council's Housing stock. This requires that leaseholder charges reflect the true cost of maintaining their properties where the provision of their lease allows. This prevents the situation occurring where tenants are subsidising the cost of leaseholders who have purchased their properties.

3. Recommendations

3.1 The Brockley Residents Panel is requested to consider and comment on the proposals contained in this report and the feedback from the residents will be presented to Mayor and Cabinet as part of the wider rent setting report.

4. Purpose

- 4.1 The purpose of the report is to:
 - outline the proposals for increases in service charges in line with the contract arrangements for leaseholders and tenants to recover costs incurred for providing these services

5. Housing Revenue Account Charges

- 5.1 There are several charges made to residents which are not covered through rents. These charges are principally:
 - Leasehold Service Charges
 - Tenant Service Charges

- 5.1 A service charge levy is applied to Tenants for caretaking, grounds maintenance, communal lighting, bulk waste collection and window cleaning. Tenants also pay a Tenants Fund Levy which is passed onto the Tenants Fund as a grant.
- 5.2 The key principles that should be considered when setting service charges are that:
 - The charge should be fair and be no more or less than the cost of providing the service
 - The charge can be easily explained
 - The charge represents value for money
 - The charging basis allocates costs fairly amongst those receiving the service
 - The charge to all residents living in a block will be the same
- 5.3 The principle of full cost recovery ensures that residents pay for services consumed and minimises any pressures in the Housing Revenue Account in providing these services. This is in line with the current budget strategy.

In the current economic environment, it must however be recognised that for some residents this may represent a significant financial strain. Those in receipt of housing benefit will receive housing benefit on increased service charges. There are approximately 444 council tenants in receipt of housing benefit and 287 tenants on Universal Credit.

6. Analysis of full cost recovery

6.1 The following section provides analysis on the impact on individuals of increasing charges to the level required to ensure full cost recovery. The tables indicate the overall level of increases.

6.2 Leasehold service charges

The basis of the leasehold management charge has been reviewed and externally audited this summer to reflect the actual cost of the service. The management charge now incorporates Resident Engagement and Customer Service charges which makes this combination £86.22 for street properties and £183.05 for blocks, which is unchanged from the current year.

- 6.2.1 The uplift in leaseholder charges should reflect full cost recovery for the type of service undertaken. It is proposed that any uplift is applied at 2.1% [RPI (September 2020 being 1.1%) +1.00%].
- 6.2.2 The following table sets out the post audited current average weekly charge and the proposed increase for the current services provided by Regenter Brockley:

6.3 Leasehold service charges

Service	Leasehold No.	Current Weekly Charge	Weekly Increase	New Weekly Amount	Increase (2.1%)
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Caretaking	397	£5.96	£0.13	£6.09	2.1%
Grounds Maintenance	397	£3.11	£0.07	£3.18	2.1%
Communal Lighting	397	£1.80	£0.04	£1.84	2.1%
Bulk Waste	397	£1.43	£0.03	£1.46	2.1%
Window Cleaning	222	£0.16	£0.00	£0.16	2.1%
Resident Involvement	563	£0.24	£0.01	£0.25	2.1%
Customer Services	563	£0.39	£0.01	£0.40	2.1%
Ground Rent	563	£0.00	£0.00	£0.00	set at £10 per annum
General Repairs	563	£3.62	£0.08	£3.70	2.1%
Technical Repairs	401	£0.71	£0.01	£0.72	2.1%
Entry Phone	140	£0.05	£0.00	£0.05	2.1%
Lift	236	£2.48	£0.05	£2.53	2.1%
Management Fee	563	£3.05	£0.06	£3.11	2.1%
Total		£23.00	£0.49	£23.49	

- 6.3.1 Tenant service charges were separated out from rent (unpooled) in 2003/04 and have been increased by inflation since then. RB3 took over the provision of the caretaking and grounds maintenance services in 2007/08. Both tenants and leaseholders pay caretaking, grounds maintenance, communal lighting, bulk waste collection and window cleaning service charges.
- 6.3.2 In addition, tenants pay a contribution of £0.15pw to the Lewisham Tenants Fund. At present there are no plans to increase the Tenants Fund charges.
- 6.3.3 As outlined in this report, the principle to be applied to service charges is that full cost recovery should be maintained wherever possible. The service charge increase applied for 2020/21 was set in November 2019 to be applied from 6th April 2020. However, in the period between these dates an increase in hourly rates (moving to London Living Wage) and increase in working hours was introduced within the services where there was a staffing element. This is not currently reflected within the service charge amounts currently being paid by tenants, as the changes were too late to be incorporated into the charges to be applied.
- 6.3.4 Therefore, the data in the tables have been reworked to reflect the charge applied for 2020/21 and amended to show what the charge rate should be based on the Page 376 updated rates and working hours. Inflation has then been applied to this revised charge, as allowed for within the contract at a rate of 2.1% (RPI of 1.1% + 1.0)

Overall, charges are suggested to be increased by an average of £1.55 per week which would move the current average weekly charge from £11.37 to £12.92.

6.3.5 The effect of increases in tenant service charges to a level that covers the full cost of providing the service is set out in the table below.

Service	Current Weekly Charge	Adjustment Required (see 6.3.4)	Revised Weekly Charge	Increase @ 2.10%	New Weekly Amount
Caretaking	£5.43	£0.53	£5.96	£0.13	£6.09
Grounds Maintenance	£2.38	£0.73	£3.11	£0.07	£3.18
Communal Lighting	£1.78	£0.02	£1.80	£0.04	£1.84
Bulk Waste	£1.43	£0.00	£1.43	£0.03	£1.46
Window Cleaning	£0.20	£0.00	£0.20	£0.00	£0.20
Tenants fund	£0.15	£0.00	£0.15	£0.00	£0.15
Total	£11.37	£1.28	£12.65	£0.27	£12.92

6.3.6 The RB3 Board is asked for their views on these charges from April 2021 to March 2022. Results of the consultation will be presented to Mayor and Cabinet for approval in Spring 2021.

7. **Financial implications**

- 7.1 The main financial implications are set out in the body of the report.
- 7.2 The principle of full cost recovery ensures that residents pay for services consumed and minimises any pressures in the Housing Revenue Account in providing these services. This is in line with the current budget strategy.
- Those in receipt of housing benefit will receive housing benefit on increased service charges. There are approximately 444 council tenants in receipt of housing benefit and 287 tenants on Universal Credit.

8. Legal implications

8.1. Section 24 of the Housing Act 1985 provides that a local housing authority may make such reasonable charges as they determine for the tenancy or occupation of their houses. The Authority must review rents from time to time and make such changes as circumstances require. Within this discretion there is no one lawful option and any reasonable option may be looked at. The consequences of each Page 377

option must be explained fully so that Members understand the implications of their decisions.

- 8.2 Section 76 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 provides that local housing authorities are under a duty to prevent a debit balance in the HRA. Rents must therefore be set to avoid such a debit.
- 8.3 Section 103 of the Housing Act 1985 sets out the terms under which secure tenancies may be varied. This requires: -
 - the Council to serve a Notice of Variation at least 4 weeks before the effective date.
 - the provision of enough information to explain the variation.
 - an opportunity for the tenant to serve a Notice to Quit terminating their tenancy.
- 8.4 The timetable for the consideration of the 2021/22 rent levels provides an adequate period to ensure that legislative requirements are met.
- 8.5 Part III of Schedule 4 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 provides that where benefits or amenities arising out of the exercise of a Housing Authority's functions, are provided for persons housed by the authority, but are shared by the community as a whole, the authority shall make such contribution to their HRA from their other revenue accounts to properly reflect the community's share of the benefits or amenities.
- 8.6 Whereas an outcome of the rent setting process, there are to be significant changes in housing management practice or policy, further consultation may be required with the tenants affected in accordance with section 105 of the Housing Act 1985.

9. Crime and disorder implications

There are no specific crime and disorder implications in respect of this report paragraph.

10. Equalities implications

The general principle of ensuring that residents pay the same charge for the same service is promoting the principle that services are provided to residents in a fair and equal manner.

11. Environmental implications

There are no specific environmental implications in respect of this report.

12. Conclusion

- 12.1 Revising the level of charges ensures that the charges are fair, and residents are paying for the services they use.
- 12.2 The additional resources generated will relieve some of the current pressures within Housing Revenue Account and will contribute to the funding of the PFI contract which is contained within the authorities Housing Revenue Account.

Kate Donovan Area Manager or Sandra Simpson Project Manager

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Or on 0207 635 1200.

APPENDIX X3: Leasehold and Tenants Charges 2021/22 Lewisham Homes

Meeting	Resident Engagement Panel			Item No.	x
Report Title	Service Charges 2021/22				
Report Of	Director of Finance and Techno	Director of Finance and Technology - Rowann Limond			
Class	Information	Date	17 De	ecember 202	0

1. Purpose of the Report

1.1 This report sets out proposals for residents service charges in 2021/22 Residents are invited to comment on the proposals which will be fed back to the Mayor as part of the Council's budget setting process.

2. Recommendations

2.1 To consult residents on the service charge proposals and provide feedback to the Mayor.

3. Background of the Report

- 3.1 The Council's Housing Revenue Account is a ring-fenced account. The account can only contain those charges directly related to the management of the Council's housing stock. By implication leaseholders must be charged the true cost of maintaining their properties, where the provision of their lease allows. This prevents tenants subsidising the cost to leaseholders, who have purchased their properties.
- 3.2 Each year a review of the actual costs is undertaken as part of the budget setting process and recommendations made to the council in respect of proposed charges.
- 3.3 Where possible we aim to keep these charges within the inflation rates. It should be noted that the inflation rates as at September 2020 were CPI 0.5% and RPI 2.4%. The overall increase to the weekly service charge is 2.07%.

4 Tenant and Leasehold service charges 2021/22

- 4.1 The proposed 2021/22 charges as compared with 2020/21 are shown in Appendix 1
- 4.2 Changes to repairs and maintenance charges have been modelled on the last 3 years actual costs. These charges are estimates and leaseholders will receive a charge adjustment based on actual costs incurred. This charge adjustment will take place in September 2021.
- 4.3 A proposed increase in communal heating of 17p per week is due to an increase in energy costs.

Appendix 1

Existing Service	Tenant (T)/Leaseholders (LH)	Estimate (per week charge)	Estimate (per week charge)	I (hange in wee		kly charge
		2020/21	2021/22			
		£	£	£	%	
Caretaking	T & LH	6.36	6.49	0.13	1.99%	Increase
Ground Maintenance	T & LH	2.07	2.11	0.04	1.94%	Increase
Repairs and Maintenance - Building	LH	2.92	2.98	0.06	2.19%	Increase
Repairs and Maintenance Technical	LH	1.03	1.05	0.02	2.09%	Increase
Lifts	LH	2.69	2.69	0.00	0.00%	No change
Entry Phone	LH	0.74	0.75	0.01	1.79%	Increase
Block Pest Control	T & LH	1.79	1.83	0.04	2.20%	Increase
Ground Rent	LH	0.19	0.19	0.00	0.00%	No change
Sweeping	LH	1.02	1.04	0.02	2.33%	Increase
Management	LH	2.45	2.50	0.05	2.14%	Increase
Window Cleaning	T & LH	0.10	0.12	0.02	26.01%	Increase
Bulky House Hold Waste Collection Service	T & LH	0.47	0.58	0.11	23.20%	Increase
Bulk Waste Disposal	T & LH	0.85	0.85	0.00	0.00%	No change
nsurance	LH	0.94	0.96	0.02		Increase
Total excluding energy charges		23.61	24.14	0.53	2.24%	
Communal Lighting	T & LH	1.07	1.10	0.03	2.55%	Increase
Communal Heating and Hot Water	T & LH	10.29	10.46	0.17	1.62%	Increase
Total energy charges		11.37	11.56	0.19	1.71%	
Grand Total		34.98	35.70	0.72	2.07%	

APPENDIX X4: Other Associated Housing Charges for 2021/22

Garage Rents

1. The detail of these charges and the changes are as set out in appendix X5 below.

Tenants Levy

- 2. As part of the budget and rent setting proposals for 2005/6, a sum of £0.13 per week was 'unpooled' from rent as a tenants service charge in respect of the Lewisham Tenants Fund. The current charge is £0.15pw.
- 3. No proposals have been put forward by Lewisham Tenants Fund (LTF) to vary this levy for 2021/22. Therefore the charge will remain at £0.15pw for 2021/22.

Hostel charges

- 4. Hostel accommodation charges are set based on current Government requirements and will increase by 1.5% (£0.53 per week).
- 5. Hostel service charges are set to achieve full cost recovery, following the implementation of self-financing. For 2021/22, the charge for Caretaking/management and Grounds Maintenance will remain at current levels. This will leave the average charge at £72.96 per unit per week.
- 6. In addition, the charge for Heat, Light & Power will also be held at current levels and will remain at £5.98pw. Water charges will not be increased and will remain at £0.20pw. The charge for Council Tax will be based on the total recharged received from Council Tax section. All charges will be based on the total number of hostel units and is forecast to remain unchanged for 2021/22.
- 7. Hostel residents were consulted on these proposals via individual letters. Officers also invited hostel residents to meet them to discuss the changes and how these may affect them. However, no comments or representations were received.

Linkline Charges

- 8. The delivery of the service to a 'full visiting service' to better reflect service need was implemented in 2018/19. The resulting annual charge to the HRA for 2020/21 was increased to £420k. Current indications are that an inflationary increase of 2.5% will be applied for 2021/22, increasing the HRA charge by £11k (to £431k for 2021/22). The current linkline charge to HRA residents is £6.10 per week, and does not fully recover the full charge applied to the HRA.
- 9. Consultation with HRA residents/current users of the service is due to be undertaken in the New Year. The results of any consultation will be reported to Mayor & Cabinet.

Consultation would need to be completed by mid-February 2021 to comply with the 28 day statutory notice of charge increases and allow increased charges to be applied from April 2021. However, if consultation is delayed, the charge increase can only be applied from April 2022. There are no proposals to increase the maintenance charge, which will remain at £0.94 per week.

Private Sector Leasing (PSL & PMA)

10. Rent income for properties used in the Private Sector Leasing (PSL) and Privately Managed Accommodation (PMA) scheme are General Fund resources. From April 2021, rents for homes let under these schemes will be charged at the applicable Local Housing Allowance (LHA) for private rented sector (PRA) properties. This will support the schemes to remain viable in the longer-term and reduce the General Fund subsidy that is presently required to keep them in operation.

Heating & Hot Water Charges

- 11. As part of last year's rent setting process the Mayor agreed to continue with the current formula methodology for calculating increases in Heating & Hot Water charges to tenants and leaseholders. This formula was originally approved by Mayor & Cabinet in December 2004.
- 12. The current charging methodology allows a limited inflationary price increase plus a maximum of £2 per week per property increase on the previous year's charge. Consumption levels are also updated and included in the formula calculation.
- 13. The existing corporate contract for the supply of electricity is let by the property services team with Crown Commercial Services; an Executive Agency of the Cabinet Office. The contract frameworks have been designed to comply with the findings of the Pan Government Energy Project, which recommends that all public sector organisations adopt aggregated, flexible and risk-managed energy procurement with public sector buying organisations.
- 14. The proposal for 2021/22 is for an increase of £0.17pw or 1.62%. This will move the current charge from £10.29pw to £10.46pw. This is based on the latest available unit rates and consumption data.
- 15. The proposal for communal lighting is for an increase of 2.55% or £0.03 per week. This will move the current average charge from £1.07pw to £1.10pw. The increase is due to updated consumption rates.
- 16. Officers will review the costs, actual energy usage and new contact prices in both 2020/21 and 2021/22 as part of the monitoring regime. Once the new long-term energy supply contracts are in place, recommendations for changes to charges will be brought forward as part of the 2022/23 budget process.

APPENDIX X5: Garage Rent Increase Report 2021/22

INCLUSIVE REGENERATION Estates Team Report				
Report Title	Rental Increases for Garages from April 2021 – Lewisham Homes and Regenter RB3			
Key Decision	Yes			Item No.
Contributors	Directorate of Housi	ing, Regeneration ar	nd Public Realm	
Class			Date: Novemb 2020	er

1. Purpose and Summary of the report

The purpose of this report is to advise the resident panel of the proposed increase in the rent paid by tenants for domestic garages owned by the Council for the next financial year. As is our usual practice, the rents for next year will be increased in line with the Retail Price Index.

2. Recommendation

It is recommended that the Council approves, in principle, an increase in rent for the garage portfolio of 1.1%, to be effective from April 2021. This increase is in line with the increase in the Retail Price Index for the current year.

Blue Badge holders will continue to receive a 50% deduction on the weekly rent.

3. Policy Context

The contents of this report are consistent with the Council's policy framework. It supports the achievements of the following corporate strategy objectives:

- Building an inclusive local economy Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
- Making Lewisham greener Everyone enjoys our green spaces and benefits from a healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local environment.

4. Background

For the forthcoming financial year from April 2021 it is intended that the increase imposed is an inflationary one only, in line with the Retail Prices Index, as is our usual practice.

There are approximately 134 Council garage sites in the borough, comprising 182 garage blocks. There are approximately 2,379 individual garages. Approximately 1,801 of the garages are let to Lewisham Homes and Brockley social tenants and 578 are let to non-Lewisham Homes or Brockley social tenants.

The current waiting list for garages is over 2,000 applicants.

A housing tenant with LB Lewisham pays the basic price for a garage (subject to any specific discounts agreed) and a non-housing tenant pays the basic price with the addition of 20% VAT. Blue Badge holders receive a 50% deduction on the weekly rent.

The application of a discount is entirely a discretionary decision on behalf of the Council; garages are not a core social dwelling provision and all could be charged at a higher level, although there is some logic in offering some abatement to housing customers to help mitigate parking issues and neighbourhood management problems.

The highest rent charged is £23.48 per week and the lowest is £5.80 per week. However, some garages are charged at less than the lowest rate per week. These are discounted rates (50% of the full charge) for tenants with blue badges.

5. Financial Implications

The current annual rent roll for the garage portfolio is £1.403M, based on a basic average standard charge of £15.68 per week per garage (i.e. before discounts are applied).

If the rents are increased by RPI as proposed in April 2021, the revised annual rent roll will increase to approximately £1.419M, or £15.85 per week per garage, an uplift of 1.1%, or £0.17 per week on average, and a total increase of approximately £20,000 on the annual rent roll.

6. Legal Implications

The Council's duties in relation to the consultation of tenants on matters of housing management, as set-out in Section 105 of the Housing Act 1985, do not apply to rent levels, nor to charges for services or facilities provided by the authority. There is therefore no requirement to consult with secure tenants regarding the proposed increase in charges. The Council still needs to act reasonably and the decision maker should therefore be satisfied that the increase is reasonable and justified. The general principle is that the Council should be seeking best value.

The Equality Act 2012 (the Act) introduced a new public sector equality duty (the equality duty or the duty). It covers the following nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

In summary, the Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:

- eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
- advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those
 who do not.
- foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

The duty continues to be a "have regard duty", and the weight to be attached to it is a matter for the Mayor, bearing in mind the issues of relevance and proportionality. It is not an absolute requirement to eliminate unlawful discrimination, advance equality of opportunity or foster good relations.

The Equality and Human Rights Commission has recently issued Technical Guidance on the Public Sector Equality Duty and statutory guidance entitled Practice". The Council must have regard to the statutory code in so far as it relates to the duty and attention is drawn to Chapter 11 which deals particularly with the equality duty. The Technical Guidance also covers what public authorities should

do to meet the duty. This includes steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The guidance does not have statutory force but nonetheless regard should be had to it, as failure to do so without compelling reason would be of evidential value. The statutory code and the technical guidance can be found at: http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/legal-and-policy/equality-act/equality-actcodes-of-practice-and-technical-guidance/

The Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) has previously issued five guides for public authorities in England giving advice on the equality duty:

- The essential guide to the public sector equality duty
- Meeting the equality duty in policy and decision-making
- Engagement and the equality duty
- Equality objectives and the equality duty
- Equality information and the equality duty

The essential guide provides an overview of the equality duty requirements including the general equality duty, the specific duties and who they apply to. It covers what public authorities should do to meet the duty including steps that are legally required, as well as recommended actions. The other four documents provide more detailed guidance on key areas and advice on good practice. Further information and resources are available at http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/advice-and-guidance/public-sectorequality-duty/guidance-on-the-equality-duty/

7. Crime and Disorder Implications

There are no specific crime and disorder implications in this report. However, levels of voids could increase in the future if there is a lack of investment. Poorly maintained garages with high vacancy rates can in turn lead to increased levels of crime and anti-social behaviour.

8. Equalities Implications

The proposed 1.1% increase will be applied across the portfolio to residents and non-residents. Blue badge holders will continue to receive a 50% discount on the weekly rent as existing.

9. Environmental Implications

There are no specific environmental implications in this report.

10. Conclusion

The proposed rental increase is considered to reflect market rent and be sustainable, and will raise additional revenue from the portfolio of approximately £20k.

11. Further Information

If there are any queries on this report, please contact David Lee on extension 49823, david.lee@lewisham.gov.uk

Appendix X6: Tenants' rent consultation 2021/22

The Tenants' rent consultation meetings took place on 16th December 2020 with Regenter B3 (Brockley) managed tenants and 17th December 2020 with Lewisham Homes managed tenants.

Views of representatives on rent and service charge changes & savings proposals.

	Lewisham Homes	Brockley PFI
No of representatives (excl Cllrs)	14	10+
Rent Increase @ 1.5%	See Below	No direct comments
Savings Proposals:-		
No Savings proposed	n/a	n/a
Service Charges inc:		
Heating & Hot Water Charges	See Below	No direct comments
Garage Rents	See Below	No direct comments
	_	
Tenants Fund	n/a – no increase	n/a – no increase
	proposed	proposed

Summary of comments made by representatives;

The Lewisham Homes panel requested additional time to consider the proposals and provide feedback.

This was agreed and a deadline of 31st December 2020 was given for all responses to Lewisham Homes, who would then forward the feedback to the Council.

The following table provided a summary of the comments received on the night and general feedback.

A transcript of the meeting and comments received are contained at the end of this summary. There was no further feedback received from residents up to the extended deadline of 31st December 2020.

Lewisham Homes Panel

Rent increase:

Panel members felt that there are issues of affordability given the

There was questioning relating to whether a rise in rents is needed at all and could this be changed.

Officers responded by informing the panel that the authority is bound by legislation to ensure that the HRA does not fall into a deficit and that the rent rise would off-set increasing costs and provide resources for investment.

Tenants Service Charges & Heating & Hot water Charge:

A presentation was given on the proposals.

A discussion was held on the issue of service standards and costs.

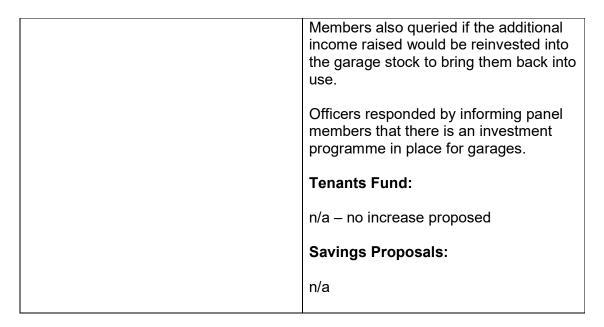
There were questions of value for money as charges are increasing but service delivery is not improving.

Lewisham Homes officers responded by requesting panel members to contact them with specific service queries, that they will note and respond to specific issues.

Garage Charges:

Panel members queried the need for the rise and questioned what is happening with all the void garage units which need to be brought back into use.

Officers responded by requesting the details of the specific garages panel members referring to.



The following is a full transcript of the panel meeting, comments and responses. No further comments/responses were received by Lewisham Homes by the agreed 31st December 2020 deadline;

Rent setting and service charge meeting. 17 December 2020 via Zoom

Staff attending: Jon Kanareck (Lewisham Homes' Director of Resident Services), Simon Williams (Lewisham Homes' Head of Finance), Alys Exley-Smith (Lewisham Homes' Community Relations Manager), Fenella Beckman (Director of Housing Services), Rachel Dunn (Senior Group Manager - Housing Partnerships and Service Improvement), Tony Riordan (Lewisham council Principal accountant), David Lee (Lewisham council, garages), Gloria Biggs (Administrator, Lewisham Tenant's Fund)

14 residents attended

General update (Lewisham Homes and Lewisham council)

- Decision made by Mayor and Cabinet. This feedback will form the feedback to mayor and cabinet
- Rent setting and rental for the financial year. Last year was the first year for a couple of years that there was rent rise. We continue to use this method of rent rise consumer price index +1%. Equates to 1.5% this year for 2021/21 financial year £1.46 per week over a 52 week period. The report shows the average rise per bed six
- We used to have discussions at REP about these things. Part of the framework is this change. Only 6 people came last year. 5 people voted against of the 6 for the increase but it happened anyway. The reason for this meeting is for these comms to go to Mayor and Cabinet.
- Comments will be fed in to the budget process. It depends on the decision that's made by mayor and cabinet on rent and service charge for this year. This meeting doesn't have any direct impact but comments are fed back and considered by the Mayor.
- As part of the decision making process which takes place further down the line. The Mayor and cabinet will be looking at the input from this meeting.
- Council has an obligation to balance its books. Inflationary costs affecting budgets

General resident feedback:

- Why increase on rent at this time, we are all facing crisis at the moment, some are not working, businesses are down. Why could this not wait till everything is settled and know where we are heading?
- This was far too short notice for what is meant to be a public meeting for all residents.
- There should be a follow up meeting discussing the issues with more tenants and residents.

Rent setting

- Concerns the £50pw rent increase per year. It will take tenants over the threshold. Rent increase could put them over the threshold so they're charged more.
- **Lewisham council:** Confirmed housing benefit will raise to cover the increase.
- Resident stated they felt there was no justification for rent increase.

Garage rent setting

- **Lewisham Council:** Similar to last year. Rate going up RPI, which this year is 1.1%. Last year it was 2.4%. The average uplift works about 17p a week a garage. Blue badge holders receive 50% discount at the moment and that will continue. The overall impact to the council is modest. Increases rents by about £20,000 per annum.
- **Resident**: asked if all void are used to maximise income.
- **Lewisham council:** Yes, some are too expensive to maintain (e.g., asbestos). Some may be potential development sites.
- **Resident:** Final point is on garages. £20,000 revenue for garages per year. Will it be invested in garages? Can you make them look ok and repair broken doors. Need electric points for cars

Lewisham Tenant's Fund

- LTF Administrator; Residents association and training. Very little action this year. Last month this has picked up. We're not going to increase the 15p a week. Any money of underspend, will use it to fund new resident engagement structure. Jane will work with new TRA panel, she will be in contact with chairs 3-4 weeks before meeting to help set the agenda. Any other surplus for tenants and residents association for more IT equipment. Still a problem with broadband and cost implication. Any comments?
- Resident: One of the issues that comes up is that tenants get the money taken out of their rent directly. Much harder to get leaseholders contributions. Tenants associations deal with leaseholders too. Is there any progress on this to get leaseholders to pay through service charges.
- LTF administrator: There's nothing we can do at LTF. It's not written in to their leases so can't put it in to charges. The reason we fund leaseholders as active TRA members, there are lots of leaseholders on TRAS, but they do represent the TRAs and not just leaseholders. Building communities and caretaking, etc. which is why we also fund leaseholders, but we wouldn't fund leaseholder panel

Service charges

- **Head of Finance:** Increase of 2.7%. Average of 72p for weekly service charges. They were audited over the summer. We've been looking at costs whilst working out what to pay for. Staffing element 2.5% increase in staff this year. CPI was 0/5%

Looking at caretaking and grounds maintenance. Big cost is staffing, cost of living has increased, have tried not to put this on to residents as much as possible, whilst still delivering services we've committed to delivering.

Lifts kept the same. Entry phones 1p increase, we're incurring additional costs for contracts there, but trying to limit costs. Ground rent same. Sweeping has gone up, which is the staffing element. Window cleaning up by 2p per week. Bulk household waste has gone up, we've seen an increase here, has gone up by 11p. Disposal is the same. Insurance has gone up, affected by the insurance we're charged.

- Resident: Still getting complaints that caretaking isn't done properly. Same with grounds maintenance. Window cleaning has been done some blocks for over a year, should be twice a year. Bulk waste not paladin bins. Paying for service we're not receiving
- Resident: Maintenance is cheaper when buildings are maintained to good high quality.
- **Resident:** We also have problems with deep cleaning which does not seem to happen as charged.
- **Resident:** For repairs, it seems that management at LH knows how the job should be done well, but that doesn't translate into the operatives that carry out the job unfortunately. We have a case at Bence of a leak only recently repaired and still holes in the panel were not filled before painting. The resident was unhappy but said that they would do it themselves as the case was hopeless.
- **Resident:** Coordination between LH departments needs to be better especially between Repairs and Major Works for example.
- **Lewisham Homes:** Bulk waste fly-tipping has been an increase. If there are service failures then you need to contact us and tell us you're not happy and why. Some of the day to day service affected by increase work by COVID. Increase itself is staff.
- **Resident:** Linkline. Call for help and there's nobody to help. Cleaning needs to be looked in to. Why is this poor?
- **Lewisham Homes:** Current linkline system is Tunstall, run on analogue, we are due to upgrade them, and are out to contract, hope to let it in early January. Will upgrade hardware so it works better. Work in some area at the moment is picking up that new fibre arrangement. Post summer, new system that works better.
- Resident: Some charges were duplicates. Operatives came back several times to do the same job. Model used by LH is that they are billed on current market value of what job will cost. LH staff charge 2-3 times for same jobs. On market value this isn't fair. In house staff and those associated with this, but costs are market value. We want to pay but want the building to be maintained. System isn't working well. We are charged quite large amounts but our external areas have many patches that are bare. Ground maintenance charges need to be more precise. It's not obvious where it's all happening.
- Lewisham Homes: Repair point, currently looking at this (modernisation) we use commercial spec at moment, will move to a more formula arrangement at property costs per annum. Moved away from individual bills to now on salaries for operatives, so not paid extra money for jobs they do. Working with council for potential new model. Modernisation program will stop billing being manual, sometimes there is a duplicate. Grounds maintenance contact with Glendale was maintenance only. We have been reinvesting. Talk to Grounds Maintenance team about whether some areas

- have been replanted. Looking at reviewing how we charge service charges and will need to revisit this.
- **Resident:** Street sweeping service wasn't being done. Recently it has been done. Jackie came and visited. Concerned what is estate sweeping and grounds maintenance? It can be a blurred line. Repairs aren't being done properly. Damp problems in one home and have been told LH can do anything, happened since decent homes. Repairs reported several times with different job numbers and repairs are terrible. Costs rising slowly, but cuts in service. Hope there is some investment in maintenance to keep properties up to scratch
- **Lewisham Homes:** Modernisation program because repairs program wasn't doing what it should, but will take a few months. Difficult at moment due to COVID and taking longer than they should. You should escalate if there are ongoing issues.
- Resident: Liaising with waste collection at Lewisham council and impact on repairs charges. Bins weren't emptied by waste collection team and we're charged for unblocking it. Can be expensive when not working with council. They're under quite a lot of pressure at the moment. Will continue to work on the relationship. Caretakers also frustrated.
- **Resident:** Separated in to different parts. Deep clean, etc. Is there a system of tracking? Are you refunding money for services not done? Am talking about communal windows
- **Lewisham Homes:** Cost went up slightly. David Tutt is lead on this contract please contact us if there are concerns with this service. That's a service failure
- Resident: Bins on street needs additional caretaking duties. Does rent impact on private sector leasing
- **Lewisham Homes:** Purely private sector through the landlord
- **Resident:** Paying for service not receiving. Can we provide the service ourselves? Have evidence of this complaining since last year.
- **Lewisham Homes:** We'll need to discuss that. Council likes to deliver direct services and politicians like that, so unlikely it will be outsourced.
- **Resident:** Lighting isn't good. If a cleaner can't see then how can know where to clean.

Other feedback

- **-Resident:** A lot of complaints in block on water charges. Can we look for another provider? Not happy with services.
- **-Lewisham Homes:** Thames Water taken back responsibility for water. Not sure if you can with water.
- -Lewisham council: Will look in to this.

Brockley PFI Area	Rent increase:
	No direct comments received at the meeting.
	Tenants and Leaseholders Service Charges:
	No direct comments received at the meeting.
	Garage Charges:
	No direct comments received at the meeting.
	Tenants Fund:
	n/a – no increase proposed
	Savings Proposals:
	n/a

Appendix X7 - Summary of 41 historic housing debt cases proposed for write off

Former Tenant Arrears Write Offs

Lewisham Homes' (LH) Income Team will initially pursue collection of debts from tenants who have left properties managed by LH.

Where the Income's Team efforts are unsuccessful, they pass the debt onto a Debt Collection Agency (DCA) to attempt recovery on LH's behalf. The DCA receives a proportion of any debts they recover.

Some debts are not passed to the DCA for example, where a tenant is deceased with no estate, or where the debt is Statue Barred and cannot be legally pursued.

LH took over management of Nightly Paid, PSL and PMA rent collection including former tenants from LBL in September 2016. LH are presenting Nightly Paid and PSL cases over £10,000 for write off for the first time. The Directors of Resident Services and Finance and Technology recommend the 41 write offs totalling £655,329.76.

A summary of the 41 historic debt cases totalling £655,329.76 proposed for write off is set out below. In each case all information that might be identifiable to a certain individual or property has been removed.

1. Former tenant arrears cases over £10k and prepared for write off

Private Sector Leased Properties (x25)

Ref	Balance Including Court Costs	Tenancy End Date	Case Notes
1			HB stopped paying in October 2008. It transpired
	£36,766.52	24/04/2011	tenant was in prison, legal action taken and tenant was evicted. The debt is now statue barred.
2			Tenant evicted as failed to make payments and claimed HB were at fault. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency and they were unable to trace the
	£28,251.03	02/03/2014	tenant's new address and collect the debt.
3			HB was in full payment until tenant's death but someone was left in the property who failed to pay rent and arrears grew whilst we attempted to remove them. We were unable to recover the debt from the
	£23,560.00	15/12/2019	deceased tenant's estate.
4			Tenant was in prison and flat was empty for a long time. Legal action started late and courts were slow in issuing court date. Tenant was not eligible for HB as he failed to provide further info. Tenant was
	£22,398.00	08/03/2009	evicted. The debt is now statue barred.
5			Tenant went abroad; HB stopped and on his return he was advised to submit documents to HB but
	£22,027.57	18/04/2010	failed. Tenant was then sent to prison and a

			Vacation Nation convent to take heak vacant
			Vacation Notice served to take back vacant possession. The debt is now statue barred.
6			HB stopped March 2012 when tenant left property.
0			When trying to recover property discovered husband
			had moved in. Husband refused to leave which
			delayed eviction. We traced the tenant at their new
	£18,514.60	07/04/2013	address but were unable to collect the debt.
7			Tenant failed to make payments and HB stopped in
			2016. Duty was discharged and legal proceedings
			started but there were delays which caused further
			arrears to accrue. Tenant was evicted. We traced
	040 405 07	00/07/0047	the tenant at their new address but were unable to
	£18,195.27	23/07/2017	collect the debt.
8			Tenant made fraudulent homeless application and
			had duty discharged. Possession granted August 2017 and tenant was evicted. Case sent to Debt
			Collection Agency and they were unable to trace the
	£18,051.41	05/11/2017	tenant's new address and collect the debt.
9	210,001.71	33,71,2017	Tenant failed to make sufficient payments to cover
			rent. Delay in legal process accrued further arrears.
			Tenant handed the keys back. Case sent to Debt
			Collection Agency who were unable to trace the
	£17,509.23	31/12/2017	tenant's new address and collect the debt.
10			Tenant was living in Stoke, an unauthorised
			occupant was living in the property. Social Services
			were involved which caused some delays. Eviction
	£17,271.00	24/05/2009	carried out to end tenancy and remove unauthorised occupant. The debt is now statue barred.
11	217,271.00	24/03/2009	Tenant failed to provide evidence which caused long
• •			gap in HB. Legal action was taken to evict the
			tenant. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who
			were unable to trace the tenant's new address and
	£16,184.00	28/07/2013	collect the debt.
12			Tenant failed to make payments as and when her
			HB fluctuated. Tenants HB stopped due to her
			income but tenant failed to make payments. Legal
			action was taken to get possession and tenant was evicted. The Debt Collection Agency traced the
			tenant at their new address but were unable to
	£15,592.76	17/07/2016	collect the debt.
13	2,222.0		Tenant failed to make payment to cover HB shortfall
			due to non-dependent deductions. Tenant was found
			intentionally homeless as she declined permanent
			accommodation. The Debt Collection Agency traced
	045 000 01	47/40/004	the tenant at their new address but were unable to
11	£15,266.81	17/12/2017	collect the debt.
14			It was discovered tenant wasn't living at property, court action taken to recover property. Case sent to
			Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace
	£13,555.80	16/06/2013	the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
15	210,000.00	10,00,2010	Whilst tenant was in receipt of partial HB she failed
-			to make sufficient payments. Legal action was taken
			to get possession and tenant was evicted. Case
			sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to
	£12,784.51	15/11/2015	trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.

			Topont was a student and struggled to now Daid no
			Tenant was a student and struggled to pay. Paid no rent for 7 months and was evicted. Case sent to
16	C40 222 E4	24/05/2015	Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace
16	£12,333.54	31/05/2015	the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
			Tenant was a student but not making sufficient
			payments to cover HB shortfall and from 2016 failed
			to make any payments. Tenant gave up her property
			before the court date. Case sent to Debt Collection
	_		Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new
17	£12,053.93	30/04/2017	address and collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to provide HB with further info and
			claim was suspended. Tenant was then moved to
			another property but failed to hand in the keys.
			Tenant was not eligible for dual HB. Tenancy was
18	£11,415.14	13/04/2008	ended. Debt is now statue barred.
			Tenant didn't engage and delayed providing
			evidence to HB. Eventually tenant engaged but
			wasn't eligible for HB due to her monthly income.
19	£11,335.32	13/12/2009	Tenant was evicted. Debt is now statue barred.
			Tenant failed to make sufficient payments from the
			start of her tenancy and when HB stopped failed to
			engage with her Support Worker to resolve issues.
			Legal action was taken to get possession. Case sent
			to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace
20	£10,527.08	29/11/2015	the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
	210,021.00	20/11/2010	Tenant notified HB of change of circumstances very
			late. When claim assessed, tenant was not eligible
			for HB. Tenant was evicted. The debt is now statue
21	£10,500.00	24/02/2008	barred.
21	210,000.00	24/02/2000	Old case and no notes on the system to explain
			reason for arrears. Rent account shows HB stopped
			in March 2006 and tenancy ended October 2006
			with an end reason of voluntary vacation. The debt is
22	£10,354.19	22/10/2006	now statue barred.
	210,334.19	22/10/2000	Every time HB stopped tenant failed to make
			payments to cover HB shortfall. Tenant was evicted.
			Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect
22	£10.252.27	21/05/2015	
23	£10,352.37	31/05/2015	the debt.
			Tenant failed to make payments when HB stopped.
			Tenant also failed to give access for Occupancy
			Checks and was evicted. Case sent to Debt
0.4	040 040 00	00/40/0045	Collection Agency who were unable to trace the
24	£10,348.80	06/12/2015	tenant's new address and collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to submit HB documents and then
			abandoned property in August 2013. The Debt
	040 444 65	4.4/00/00/15	Collection Agency traced the tenant at their new
25	£10,144.32	11/08/2013	address but were unable to collect the debt.
Total			

Total £405,293.20 | Nightly Paid Properties (11)

Ref	Balance Including Court Costs	Tenancy End Date	Case Notes
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			T (C) 1 (NTO
			Tenant failed to make sufficient payments. NTQ
			served as tenant was not eligible for HB. Case sent
			to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace
26	£28,406.00	20.03.2016	the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to make payments and provide
			evidence to HB as she was working. NTV served but
			were unable to cancel booking due to partnership
			placement with Phoenix. Once tenancy ended, case
			sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to
27	£19,668.00	02.09.2019	trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to make payments whilst waiting to be
			moved due to condition of the property. Duty was
			discharged due to refusal of alternative property.
			Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who were
			unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect
28	£18,292.15	14.06.2018	the debt.
			Tenant was not entitled to HB and failed to make
			payments. Tenant was evicted. Case sent to Debt
			Collection Agency who were unable to trace the
29	£17,494.90	14.11.2014	tenant's new address and collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to make payments and provide
			evidence to claim UC. NTV served. Case sent to
	_		Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace the
30	£17,220.00	02.08.2018	tenant's new address and collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to make payments during the period he
			was not receiving HB. Based on his circumstances
			tenant was deemed not eligible for HB. Tenant
			evicted. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who
	0.40.00.4.00		were unable to trace the tenant's new address and
31	£12,204.00	02.10.2016	collect the debt.
			Tenant failed to make payments whilst waiting for a
			decision for her housing need. Based on her
			circumstances tenant was deemed not eligible for
20	040,006,04	10.06.2010	HB. Tenant evicted. The Debt Collection Agency
32	£12,026.91	19.06.2019	traced the tenant but were unable to collect the debt.
			Tenant is a Romanian national. She had no recourse
			to public funds. HOC were unable to discharge duty,
			tenant abandoned property. Case sent to Debt
22	£11 062 12	22 00 2010	Collection Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
33	£11,863.13	23.09.2018	
			Tenants HB was suspended as tenant failed to provide requested evidence. Tenant refused to leave
			the B&B, which caused further arrears. Tenant was
			eventual evicted. The Debt Collection Agency traced
34	£10,921.00	14.03.2017	the tenant but were unable to collect the debt.
34	210,321.00	14.03.2017	Tenant did not hold a British passport and was not
			entitled to UC. Tenant was evicted due to non-
			payment of rent. Case sent to Debt Collection
			Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new
35	£10,276.64	11.06.2017	address and collect the debt.
55	210,210.04	11.00.2017	Tenants HB stopped in Feb 2017. Tenant made no
			payments to cover rent. There were issues with
			tenants immigration status and the booking was
			cancelled. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who
			were unable to trace the tenant's new address and
36	£10,010.00	09.07.2017	collect the debt.
00	~ 10,010.00	55.57.2017	CONCOCTATO GODE

Total £168,382.73

Hostel Properties (2)

Ref	Balance Including Court Costs	Tenancy End Date	Case Notes
37	£18,264.32	26.03.2018	HB overpayment of £17,834.94 was added to the rent account 19.3.2019 after the end of tenancy. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
38	£12,580.01	03.10.2018	There were various issues with backdating of benefits. Tenant evicted. The Debt Collection Agency traced the tenant but were unable to collect the debt
Total	£30,844.33		

Privately Managed Agency Properties (3)

Ref	Balance Including Court Costs	Tenancy End Date	Case Notes
39	£22,618.93	27.05.2018	Tenant failed to engage and attend appointments to help with HB. Tenant abandoned the property but then returned, however failed to make any payments. Legal action was taken to get possession of the property and tenant was evicted. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
40	£22,010.93	21.10.2018	Tenant was not residing at property but left his wife and children in the property. The wife was unable to apply for HB. LBL accepted duty to her. Legal action taken and tenant was evicted. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
41	£10,762.80	05.07.2015	Tenant failed to make sufficient payments to cover HB shortfall and had non-dependents. Tenants DHP application was also declined. Tenant was affected by Benefit Cap and various appointments were arranged to assist but tenant failed to attend or engage. Duty was discharged in 2015. Case sent to Debt Collection Agency who were unable to trace the tenant's new address and collect the debt.
Total	£50,809.50	33.07.2010	address and solisot the dobt.

APPENDIX Y1 2021/22 Budget Cuts – Round 1 December 2020

Ref	Proposal	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	TOTAL
Theme .	A - Productivity				
A-01	Staff productivity - arising from new ways of working (including learning from the Covid 19 pandemic), better collaboration and a return on IT investment	3,000	3,000	-	6,000
A-02	Hybrid roles - enforcement	-	50	50	100
A-03	Corporate Transport arrangements	100	150	50	300
A-04	Process automation in Revs and Bens	60	100	-	160
A-05	Revs and Bens - additional process automation	400	1	-	400
A-06	Revs and Bens - Generic roles	-	400	-	400
A-07	Housing - Productivity gains	202	-	-	202
A-08	Reduction in paper usage	35	-	-	35
	r Theme A - Productivity	3,797	3,700	100	7,597
Theme	B – Joint working				
B-02	Strategic recharging - improve partner contributions to the placement costs for children	600	600	-	1,200
B-04	Smoking cessation service	221	•	-	221
B-05	Recharge OT and housing officer costs to the Disabled Facilities Grant	425	ı	-	425
B-06	Cuts to the main grants programme	-	800	-	800
B-07	Review of Council run events	70	30	-	100
B-08	Review the Power of Attorney service	160	1	-	160
B-10	Reduction in local assemblies service	45	178	-	223
	r Theme B – Joint working	1,821	1,608	-	3,429
Theme	C – Service Reconfiguration				
C-01	Redesign of the CYP Joint Commissioning service.	140	1	-	140
C-02	Adult Learning and Day Opportunities	50	100	-	150
C-03	Reduction in the use of agency social workers.	215	215	-	430
C-05	Housing needs and procurement service review	127	-	-	127
C-07	Review Short breaks provision.	65	50	50	165
C-08	IT - mobile telephony review	80	10	10	100
	r Theme C – Service Reconfiguration	677	375	60	1,112
D-01	D – Asset Realisation Generating greater value from Lewisham's asset	-	_	500	500
D-02	base Business Rates Revaluation for the estate	40	40	20	100
D-02 D-03	Facilities management general cost reduction	50	40	- 20	50

D-04	Operational estate - security	100			100
D-04	Operational estate - mothballing premises	- 100	50	_	50
D-06	Catford Campus - Estate Consolidation	674	11	12	697
D-07	Meanwhile use - Temporary Accommodation	25	25	25	75
D-08	Miscellaneous - income generation		25		25
	or Theme D – Asset Realisation	889	151	557	1,597
	E – Commercial Approach	300	10.	56.	1,001
E-01	Improved Debt collection	250	250	_	500
	'			- 00	
E-02	Income from building control	15	15	20	50
E-03	Review discretionary sales, fees and charges and increase to the point of full cost recovery.	150	-	-	150
E-04	Introduce charging for certain elements of self- funded care packages	82	-	-	82
E-05	Traded services with schools	50	50	-	100
E-06	Reduce care leaver costs	200	100	-	300
E-07	Housing – Increased rent for Private Sector Lease (PSL) and Private Managed Accommodation (PMA)	300	375	-	675
E-08	Contract Efficiencies – inflation management	500	-	-	500
E-09	Realising further benefits from the Oracle Cloud Solution and exploiting its functionality as a fully integrated enterprise resource planning solution.	100	100	-	200
E-10	Increase funeral charges	250	-	-	250
Total fo	or Theme E – Commercial Approach	1,897	890	20	2,807
	F – Demand Management	·			,
F-01	Adult Social Care Demand management	3,000	-	-	3,000
F-02	Children Social Care Demand management	500	500	1,000	2,000
F-03	Children Service reconfiguration - fostering	-	250	250	500
F-04	Special Guardianship Order payments	60	-	-	60
F-05	VfM commissioning and contract management - CSC	250	250	-	500
F-06	Adults with learning difficulties and 14 - 25yrs transitions costs	760	-	-	760
F-09	In house services reductions - adults passenger transport	600	-	-	600
F-10	In house Early Help service	200	-	-	200
F-11	Front door arrangements in CYP	50	-	-	50
F-12	Housing - No Recourse to Public Funds	300	-	-	300
F-15	Environment - environmental operations review	-	330	-	330
F-16	Environment - new waste strategy	-	-	250	250
F-17	Road safety enforcement	250	250	- 4.000	500
F-18	Controlled Parking Zone Extension	-	4 500	1,000	1,000
Total fo	or Theme F – Demand Management	5,970	1,580	2,500	10,350
GRAND) TOTAL	15,051	8,304	3,237	26,592
OT VAINE			— 0,001	- 0,20 1	

APPENDIX Y2 2020/21 2021/22 Budget Cuts – Round 2 February 2021

Ref	Proposal	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	Total £'000
Theme	A - Productivity				
A-01a	Staff productivity - arising from new ways of working (including learning from the Covid 19 pandemic), better collaboration and a return on IT investment	1000	-	-	1000
A-09	Support to leadership	105	-	-	105
A-10	Elections services	55	-	-	55
A-11	Legal, governance service and elections review.	340	-	-	340
A-12	Rationalising Central Education Services functions	150	-	-	150
A-13	Children with complex needs (CWCN) revision	195	-	-	195
A-14	Replace Educational Psychology (EP) locums / Expand generic EP Team	200	-	-	200
A-16	Reduction of workforce development budget	50	-	-	50
A-17	Care leaver accommodation / housing costs	500	-	-	500
A-18	Library and Information Service	300	-	-	300
	r Theme A - Productivity	2,895	-	-	2,895
Theme	B – Joint working				
B-11	Improved usage of BCF Funding across partners	1000	-	-	1000
B-12	Adult Learning Lewisham - back office efficiencies	96	-	-	96
B-13	Early Years Funding Block	54	-	-	54
B-11	Improved usage of BCF Funding across partners	1000	-	-	1000
B-12	Adult Learning Lewisham - back office efficiencies	96	-	-	96
B-13	Early Years Funding Block	54	-	-	54
	or Theme B – Joint working C – Service Reconfiguration	1,150	-	-	1,150
C-09	Youth Offending Service (YOS) redesign	152		_	152
C-10	Housing Services Review	300	300	_	600
C-11	Reduced dependency on agency staff within Highways and Transportation Services	300	-	-	300
C-12	Weight management services	25	_	_	25
C-13	Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care	100	-	-	100
C-14	Substance Misuse Cuts (Public Health Budget)	150	-	-	150
C-15	Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Services	150	-	-	150
C-16	Reduction of Management overheads for the Social Inclusion and Recovery Service (SLaM Lewisham Community Services)	50	-	-	50
C-17	Re-configuration of MH Supported Housing pay – Social Interest Group	100	150	-	250
C-21	Early Help and Prevention Re-commissioning	170	-	-	170
C-22	Reduction in LBL contribution to CAMHS service	250	-	-	250
C-23	Reduction in the Health Visiting contract	350	-	-	350
C-24	Culture Team Salaries & Borough of Culture	60	-	-	60

C-26	Reducing leisure spend – temporary closure of the Bridge	355	-	-	355
C-28	Supported Housing Services	169	84	-	253
C-29	Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service Restructure	50	_	-	50
C-30	Rationalisation of Business support across Education services	70	-	-	70
Total fo	r Theme C – Service Reconfiguration	2,801	534	-	3,335
	D – Assets Realisation				
D-09	Educational Assets	300	-	-	300
Total fo	or Theme D – Assets Realisation	300	-	-	300
Theme	E – Commercial Approach				
	Improved Debt collection	500	_	-	500
E-08a	Contract Efficiencies – inflation management	250	-	-	250
E-11	Environmental Enforcement – Use of Civil Enforcement Officers	100	-	-	100
Total fo	r Theme E – Commercial Approach	850	-	-	850
	F – Demand Management				
F-15a	Environment - environmental operations review	-	567	-	567
F-19	Reduction in specialist legal advocacy and assessments for CYP proceedings	500	-	-	500
F-20	Emission based charging for Short Stay Parking	120	120	-	240
F-21	Road Safety Enforcement	250	375	-	625
F-22	Motorcycle parking charges	-	80	-	80
F-23	Home to school transport	250	-	-	250
F-24	Adult Social Care cost reduction and service improvement programme	3849	430	-	4279
Total fo	r Theme F - Demand Management	4,969	1,572	-	6,541
GRAND	TOTAL	12,965	2,106	-	15,071

TOTALS	2021/22 £'000	2022/23 £'000	2023/24 £'000	TOTAL
Theme A - Productivity				
Round 1	3,797	3,700	100	7,597
Round 2	2,895	-	-	2,895
Theme B – Joint working				
Round 1	1,821	1,608	ı	3,429
Round 2	1,150	_	-	1,150
Theme C – Service Reconfiguration				
Round 1	677	375	60	1,112
Round 2	2,801	534	1	3,335
Theme D – Assets Realisation				
Round 1	889	151	557	1,597
Round 2	300	-	-	300
Theme E – Commercial Approach				
Round 1	1,897	890	20	2,807
Round 2	850	-	-	850
Theme F - Demand Management				
Round 1	5,970	1,580	2,500	10,350
Round 2	4,969	1,572	-	6,541
GRAND TOTAL				
Round 1	15,051	8,304	3,237	26,592
Round 2	12,965	2,106	-	15,071
TOTAL	28,016	10,410	3,237	41,663

APPENDIX Y3: Allocation of Cuts to Base Budget and Overspend

Ref	Round 1 Proposals	2021/22 £'000	O/spend	Base budget
Theme A	A - Productivity			
A-01	Staff productivity - arising from new ways of working (including learning from the Covid 19 pandemic), better collaboration and a return on IT investment	3,000	-	3,000
A-02	Hybrid roles - enforcement	_	-	-
A-03	Corporate Transport arrangements	100	-	100
A-04	Process automation in Revs and Bens	60	-	60
A-05	Revs and Bens - additional process automation	400	-	400
A-06	Revs and Bens - Generic roles	-	-	-
A-07	Housing - Productivity gains	202	-	202
A-08	Reduction in paper usage	35	35	-
	Theme A - Productivity	3,797	35	3,762
Theme E	B – Joint working			
B-02	Strategic recharging - improve partner contributions to the placement costs for children	600	600	
B-04	Smoking cessation service	221	-	221
B-05	Recharge OT and housing officer costs to the Disabled Facilities Grant	425	-	425
B-06	Cuts to the main grants programme	-	-	-
B-07	Review of Council run events	70	-	70
B-08	Review the Power of Attorney service	160	-	160
B-10	Reduction in local assemblies service	45	-	45
	Theme B – Joint working	1,821	600	1,221
Theme C	C – Service Reconfiguration			
C-01	Redesign of the CYP Joint Commissioning service.	140	140	
C-02	Adult Learning and Day Opportunities	50	-	50
C-03	Reduction in the use of agency social workers.	215	215	
C-05	Housing needs and procurement service review	127	-	127
C-07	Review Short breaks provision.	65	65	-
C-08	IT - mobile telephony review	80	80	-
	Theme C – Service Reconfiguration	677	500	177
Theme D	Asset Realisation			
D-01	Generating greater value from Lewisham's asset base	-	-	-

GRAND	TOTAL	15,051	3,045	12,006
i otal fol	Theme F – Demand Management	5,970	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•
	-	E 070	1,360	4,610
F-18	Controlled Parking Zone Extension	-	_	-
F-17	Road safety enforcement	250		250
F-16	Environment - new waste strategy	_	_	_
F-15	Environment - environmental operations review	-	-	_
F-12	Housing - No Recourse to Public Funds	300	300	
F-11	Front door arrangements in CYP	50	50	
F-09 F-10	transport In house Early Help service	600 200	200	600
F-06	transitions costs In house services reductions - adults passenger	760	-	
F-05	CSC Adults with learning difficulties and 14 - 25yrs	250	250	760
F-04	Special Guardianship Order payments VfM commissioning and contract management -	60	60	<u>-</u>
F-03	Children Service reconfiguration - fostering	-	-	-
F-02	Children Social Care Demand management	500	500	-
F-01	Adult Social Care Demand management	3,000	-	3,000
	- Demand Management			
	Theme E – Commercial Approach	1,897	550	1,347
E-10	Increase funeral charges	250	250	-
	integrated enterprise resource planning solution.			
E-09	Realising further benefits from the Oracle Cloud Solution and exploiting its functionality as a fully	100	-	-
E-08	Contract Efficiencies – inflation management	500	-	500
E-07	Housing – Increased rent for Private Sector Lease (PSL) and Private Managed Accommodation (PMA)	300	-	300
E-06	Reduce care leaver costs	200	200	-
E-05	Traded services with schools	50	-	50
E-04	Introduce charging for certain elements of self- funded care packages	82	-	82
E-03	Review discretionary sales, fees and charges and increase to the point of full cost recovery.	150	-	150
E-02	Income from building control	15	-	15
E-01	Improved Debt collection	250	-	250
	- Commercial Approach			
	Theme D – Asset Realisation	889	-	889
D-08	Miscellaneous - income generation	-	-	
D-07	Meanwhile use - Temporary Accommodation	25	-	25
D-06	Catford Campus - Estate Consolidation	674	-	674
D-05	Operational estate - mothballing premises	-	-	-
D-04	Operational estate - security	100	_	100
D-03 D-04	Facilities management general cost reduction	50	-	50

Ref	Proposal	2021/22 £'000	O/spend	Base budget
Theme	A - Productivity			
A-01a	Staff productivity - arising from new ways of working (including learning from the Covid 19 pandemic), better collaboration and a return on IT investment	1000	-	1000
A-09	Support to leadership	105	-	105
A-10	Elections services	55	-	55
A-11	Legal, governance service and elections review.	340	-	340
A-12	Rationalising Central Education Services functions	150	-	150
A-13	Children with complex needs (CWCN) revision	195	-	195
A-14	Replace Educational Psychology (EP) locums / Expand generic EP Team	200	-	200
A-16	Reduction of workforce development budget	50	50	-
A-17	Care leaver accommodation / housing costs	500	500	-
A-18	Library and Information Service	300	-	300
Total fo	r Theme A - Productivity	2,895	550	2,345
Theme	B – Joint working			
B-11	Improved usage of BCF Funding across partners	1000	-	1000
B-12	Adult Learning Lewisham - back office efficiencies	96	-	96
B-13	Early Years Funding Block	54	-	54
	r Theme B – Joint working	1,150	-	1,150
	C – Service Reconfiguration	4.50		4.50
C-09	Youth Offending Service (YOS) redesign	152	-	152
C-10	Housing Services Review Reduced dependency on agency staff within	300	-	300
C-11	Highways and Transportation Services	300	-	300
C-12	Weight management services	25	-	25
C-13	Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Primary Care	100	-	100
C-14	Substance Misuse Cuts (Public Health Budget)	150	-	150
C-15	Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Services	150	-	150
C-16	Reduction of Management overheads for the Social Inclusion and Recovery Service (SLaM Lewisham Community Services)	50	-	50
C-17	Re-configuration of MH Supported Housing pay – Social Interest Group	100	-	100
C-21	Early Help and Prevention Re-commissioning	170	170	_
C-22	Reduction in LBL contribution to CAMHS service	250	250	-
C-23	Reduction in the Health Visiting contract	350	350	-
C-24	Culture Team Salaries & Borough of Culture	60	-	60
C-26	Reducing leisure spend – temporary closure of the Bridge	355	355	
C-28	Supported Housing Services	169	-	169
C-29	Crime, Enforcement & Regulation Service Restructure	50	-	50
C-30	Rationalisation of Business support across Education services	70	-	70

Total fo	r Theme C – Service Reconfiguration	2,801	1,125	1,651
Theme	D – Assets Realisation			
D-09	Educational Assets	300	300	-
Total fo	r Theme D – Assets Realisation	300	300	-
Theme	E – Commercial Approach			
E-01a	Improved Debt collection	500	-	500
E-08a	Contract Efficiencies – inflation management	250	-	250
E-11	Environmental Enforcement – Use of Civil Enforcement Officers	100	-	100
Total fo	r Theme E – Commercial Approach	850	-	850
Theme	F – Demand Management			
F-15a	Environment - environmental operations review	-	-	-
F-19	Reduction in specialist legal advocacy and assessments for CYP proceedings	500	500	-
F-20	Emission based charging for Short Stay Parking	120	-	_
F-21	Road Safety Enforcement	250	-	_
F-22	Motorcycle parking charges	-	-	_
F-23	Home to school transport	250	250	-
F-24	Adult Social Care cost reduction and service improvement programme	3849	-	-
Total fo	Total for Theme F - Demand Management		750	4,219
GRAND	TOTAL	12,965	2,725	10,240

TOTALS	2021/22 £'000	O/spend	Base budget
Theme A - Productivity	~ 000		baagot
Round 1	3,797	35	3,762
Round 2	2,895	550	2,345
Theme B – Joint working			
Round 1	1,821	600	1,221
Round 2	1,150	-	1,150
Theme C – Service Reconfiguration			
Round 1	677	500	177
Round 2	2,801	1,125	1,651
Theme D – Assets Realisation			
Round 1	889	-	889
Round 2	300	300	-
Theme E – Commercial Approach			
Round 1	1,897	550	1,347
Round 2	850	-	850
Theme F – Demand Management			
Round 1	5,970	1,360	4,610
Round 2	4,969	750	4,219
GRAND TOTAL			
Round 1	15,051	3,045	12,006
Round 2	12,965	2,725	10,240
TOTAL	28,016	5,770	22,246

APPENDIX Y4: Ready Reckoner for Council Tax 2021/22

	Budget	Council	Increase /	GLA	Total	Total
	Requirement	Tax	(Decrease)	Precept	Council	Increase /
	Lewisham		Lewisham		Tax	(Decrease)
		(Band D)		(Band D)	(Band D)	
	£m	£	%	£	£	%
2020/21	248.714	1,314.37	3.99%	332.07	1,646.44	3.91%
2021/22	243.100	1,379.96	4.99%	363.66	1,743.62	5.90%
	242.529	1,373.52	4.50%	363.66	1,737.18	5.51%
	241.947	1,366.95	4.00%	363.66	1,730.61	5.11%
	241.365	1,360.38	3.50%	363.66	1,724.04	4.71%
	240.782	1,353.80	3.00%	363.66	1,717.46	4.31%
	240.200	1,347.23	2.50%	363.66	1,710.89	3.91%
	239.618	1,340.66	2.00%	363.66	1,704.32	3.52%
	239.035	1,334.09	1.50%	363.66	1,697.75	3.12%
	238.453	1,327.52	1.00%	363.66	1,691.18	2.72%
	237.871	1,320.94	0.50%	363.66	1,684.60	2.32%
	237.288	1,314.37	0.00%	363.66	1,678.03	1.92%

APPENDIX Y6: Council Tax and Draft Statutory Calculations

Council Tax Calculation

As part of the Localism Act 2011, core Council Tax may not be increased by 2% or more (inclusive of levies) without triggering an automatic referendum of all registered electors in the borough. In addition, there is also the opportunity to increase Council Tax by up to a further 3% under the social care precept for 2021/22. This means, for 2021/22, an automatic referendum will be triggered if the Council Tax increase is 5% or above. The recommended social care precept for 2021/22 is 3%, therefore the recommended total increase is 4.99%. The statutory calculation for whether the Council is required to hold a referendum is based upon the 'relevant basic' amount of Council Tax, which under accounting regulations, includes levies. Any final recommendations on Council Tax levels will need to meet statutory requirements.

To date, Lewisham has so far received no formal notification from the three levy bodies for 2021/22. A zero percent increase has been assumed for these.

Council Tax and Levies

'Relevant Basic' Amount of Council Tax	2020/21	2020/21
Council Tax Base	90,099.3	88,614.3
Council Tax Requirement with Levy (£)	118,423,817	122,284.176
Basic Amount of Council Tax (£)	1,314.37	1,379.96
Increase in basic amount of Council Tax (%)	3.99%	4.99%

Levy bodies for Lewisham	2020/21 £	2021/22 £	Change £
LPFA	1,288,738	1,288,738	0
Lee Valley Regional Park	210,883	210,883	0
Environment Agency	201,262	201,262	0
Total Levies	1,700,883	1,700,883	0

The term "relevant basic amount of council tax" is defined in section 52ZX of the 1992 Act (inserted as above and amended by section 41(1) and (9) to (13) of the **Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014**).

Statutory Calculations

- 1) It be noted that at its meeting on 20 January 2021, the Council calculated the number of **88,614.3** as its Council Tax base for 2021/22 in accordance with the Local Authorities (Calculation of Tax base) Regulations;
- 2) The following amounts be now calculated by the Council for the year 2021/22 in accordance with the Local Government Finance Act 1992:
- a. £1,212,121,675 being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for gross expenditure, calculated in accordance with Section 32(2)A of the Act;
- b. £969,021,760 being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for income, calculated in accordance with Section 32(3)A of the Act;
- c. £243,099,915 being the amount by which the aggregate of 2(a) above exceeds the aggregate of 2(b) above, calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 32A(4) of the Act, as its General Fund budget requirement for the year;
- d. £123,304,000 being the aggregate of the sums which the Council estimates will be payable for the year into its General Fund in respect of the Settlement Funding Assessment.
- e. **£9,000** being the aggregate of the sums which the Council estimates will be transferred into its general fund from reserves, in relation to part of the 2020/21 London Pilot Pool Growth, S31 NNDR grant, and its share of NNDR deficit.
- f. £119,785,915 being the residual amount required to be collected from Council Tax payers. This includes a deficit on the Council's Collection Fund of £2,498,000.
- g. £1,379.96 being the residual sum at (f) above (adding the deficit on the Collection Fund), divided by the Council Tax base of 88,614.3 which is Lewisham's precept on the Collection Fund for 2021/22 at the level of Band D:

Band	Council Tax (LBL)
	£
Α	919.97
В	1,073.30
С	1,226.63
D	1,379.96
E	1,686.62
F	1,993.27
G	2,299.93
Н	2,759.92

Being the amounts given by multiplying the amount at (g) above by the number which, in proportion set out in Section 5(1) of the Act, is applicable to dwellings listed in a particular valuation band divided by the number which in that proportion is applicable to dwellings listed in valuation Band D, calculated by the Council in accordance with Section 36(1) of the Act, as

the amounts to be taken into account for the year in respect of categories of dwellings listed in different valuation bands;

3) It be noted that for the year 2021/22, the Greater London Authority is currently consulting on the following amounts in precepts issued to the Council, in accordance with Section 40 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 (as amended), for each of the categories of dwellings shown below:-

Band	GLA
	Precept
	£
Α	242.44
В	282.85
С	323.25
D	363.66
E	444.47
F	525.29
G	606.10
Н	727.32

4) Having calculated the estimated aggregate amount in each case of the amounts at 2) (g) and 3) above, the Council, in accordance with Section 30(2) of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, assumed the following amounts as the amounts of Council Tax for the year 2021/22 for each of the categories of dwellings shown below:-

Band	Total
	Council Tax
	(LBL & GLA)
	£
Α	1,162.41
В	1,356.15
С	1,549.88
D	1,743.62
Е	2,131.09
F	2,518.56
G	2,906.03
Н	3,487.24

APPENDIX Y7

Summary of proposed budget pressures to be funded in 2021/22

Description	£'000 Base Budget	£'000 Once off	£'000 Total
Corporate Strategy priorities			
Open Lewisham			1,870
Leisure contracts support	600	1,200	
Neighbourhood planning	70		
Tackling the Housing Crisis			200
Strategic housing		200	
Giving Children the best start			4,040
Children Social Care	700		
School catering contract	690		
Troubled Families	200		
SEN Transport	1,000		
Transport pressures held centrally	750		
Adoption services	100		
Corporate provision for Schools DSG		600	
Building an inclusive economy			50
Support for the Kickstart Programme.	50		
Defencing health & social care			3,494
Social Care precept from Council Tax	3,494		
Making Lewisham greener			2,632
Tree works (to be held corporately)	300		
Energy	62		
Environment Services	70		
Waste costs	200		
Recycling and disposal	1,200		
Fleet replacement (build capital fund)	800		
Building a safer community			82
Bereavement	82		
Total Corporate Strategy priorities			12,368
Organisational value for money			3,220
Corporate Services	500		
Technology and Digital	1,115		

Estate compliance	300		
PMO Support		350	
Salary inflation	955		
Transformation investment and contingency for unachieved savings		4,097	
Grand Total Funded Pressures	13,538	6,447	19,685

APPENDIX Y8



Mayor and Cabinet

Report title: Proposed Fees and Charges for 2021/22

Date: 3 February 2021 Key decision: Yes Class: Part 1

Ward(s) affected: None specific

Contributors: Acting Director for Strategic Finance and Procurement

Outline and recommendations

The purpose of this report is to present Mayor and Cabinet with the Fees & Charges that are proposed to be applied to services for the year 2021/22. Charges are broadly set within the Charging Policy and in accordance with legislative requirements.

Mayor and Cabinet are recommended to approve the proposed fees and charges for introduction as of 1 April 2021.

Timeline of engagement and decision-making

26 February 2020 - Budget report to Council

1. Summary

1.1. The purpose of this report is to present Mayor and Cabinet with the Fees & Charges that are proposed to be applied to services for the year 2021/22. Charges are broadly set within the Charging Policy and in accordance with legislative requirements.

Those services not listed within this report will be subject to a separate fees and charges setting process.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1. Mayor and Cabinet are recommended to:
- approve the proposed fees and charges set out in this report for introduction as of 1 April 2021.

3. Policy Context

3.1. The Council's strategy and priorities drive the delivery of services for which the Council can levy fees and charges determined in accordance with legislation, policies and strategy. The Council launched its new Corporate Strategy in 2019, with seven corporate priorities as stated below:

Corporate Priorities

- **Open Lewisham** Lewisham will be a place where diversity and cultural heritage is recognised as a strength and is celebrated.
- Tackling the housing crisis Everyone has a decent home that is secure and affordable.
- Giving children and young people the best start in life Every child has access to an
 outstanding and inspiring education, and is given the support they need to keep them safe, well
 and able to achieve their full potential.
- **Building and inclusive local economy -** Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
- **Delivering and defending health, social care and support** Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.
- **Making Lewisham greener** Everyone enjoys our green spaces, and benefits from a healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local environment.
- **Building safer communities** Every resident feels safe and secure living here as we work together towards a borough free from the fear of crime.

Values

- 3.2. Values are critical to the Council's role as an employer, regulator, securer of services, and steward of public funds. The Council's values shape interactions and behaviours across the organisational hierarchy, between officers, and members, between the council and partners and between the council and citizens. In taking forward the Council's proposed fees and charges, we are guided by the Council's four core values:
 - We put service to the public first.
 - We respect all people and all communities.
 - We invest in employees.
 - We are open, honest, and fair in all we do.

4. Background

- 4.1. Councils are involved in a wide range of services and the ability to charge for some of these services has always been a key funding source to support the cost of providing the service.
- 4.2. The Council provides both statutory and discretionary chargeable services. Where fees and charges apply to statutory services these are often set nationally, for example some planning and licensing fees. The majority of statutory services, Building Control being a notable

- exception, are not funded directly from fees and charges but instead from the Council's other main sources of revenue, i.e. government grants and local taxation. Examples of services funded in this way include Highways, Children's Services, Street Cleansing and Domestic Refuse services.
- 4.3. There may be circumstances where the charge is set for reasons such as, for example, where the Council wishes to manage demand, or deter or incentivise certain behaviours such as encouraging re-cycling, discouraging trade use of civic amenity waste sites etc.
- 4.4. The remaining chargeable services where the Council levies fees and charges are of a discretionary nature. These cover a wide range of services such as Libraries, Pest Control, Commercial Waste, Leisure & Recreation facilities, and Parking. Discretionary Services are those that an authority has the power to provide but is not obliged to. This report includes recommendations for the appropriate level of fees and charges for 2021/22 for the majority of these types of services.
- 4.5. The Council has an agreed Charging Policy that provides guidance for budget holders in how to set fees. The policy aims to encourage a consistent and cost effective approach to the setting of charges for services provided by the Council.

5. Summary of Proposed Changes 2021/22

5.1. The proposed 2021/22 charges as compared with 2020/21 are appended.

Greenscene

- (a) Pest Control
- 5.2. The proposed increase to the fees and charges for the service as set out within the report follows a cost modelling and benchmarking exercise.
- 5.3. Officers conclude that the increases proposed meet the finally balanced choice between recovering costs and maintaining concessions for those who need them most.
 - (b) Allotment
- 5.4. Allotment rents will increased by 2.5% for 2021/22. The Allotment rents will be reviewed in more detail in the coming year 2021/22 as we look to refine the cost modelling of the service.
 - (c) Nature Conservation
- 5.5. Fees for the hire of Nature Conservation sites and facilities will increase as set out within the appendix and are informed by the need of the services to be able to support the repair and maintenance of the sites and facilities and data received via a London Wide benchmarking exercise. The revenues generated via the increase in charges for fee paying nurseries and schools, schools outside of Borough and businesses for using the sites and facilities will be standardised and will allow the service to recover a greater proportion of the costs of maintaining the sites and facilities while placing no additional financial burden on State Schools or Academies. The new Forest School Policy introduces set hourly prices for occasional hire but for regular (e.g. termly) bookings the service have retained more flexibility to be able to provide a reduced fee for groups who book long-term and/or provide additional services in order to reduce the fee (e.g. a social enterprise who might run additional sessions for the local community).

Cleansing

5.6. Domestic lumber has been increased for next financial year by 5%, the forecourt licence is a statutory licence and also remains unchanged.

Building Control

5.7. These are discretionary fees which will be increased in line with inflation of circa 2%.

Planning

5.8. The bulk of the Planning fees are statutory and set by Central Government. These were last

increased 17 January 2018. The discretionary fees will be increased between 1.0% and 2.4%.

Highways

- 5.9. In 2020/21, highways fees and charges were subjected to increases varying from 8% to 25% at its highest, those changes were in line with the rate of inflation of 2.5% over the last 4 years. The differing levels of increase reflect both the variety of fees and charges and the service review of these to ensure that the increase reflects benchmarking and cost recovery.
- 5.10. In 2021/22, the majority of the fees and charges will increase by approximately 2%, with figures rounded so they are whole amounts.
- 5.11. Some fees and charges, such as those for domestic crossover installations and extensions, could be affected by the contractual arrangements for the Highways Maintenance and Planned Works contract, which is currently under consideration. Should any changes to these fees need to be considered within the 2021/22 financial year a separate decision will be put forward.
- 5.12. A new administration fee has been introduced for (non S278/38) highways agreements (section 8 etc.), this cost is set at £1,500.00.
- 5.13. Stopping up and diversion orders (Town & Country Planning Act section 247 & 253) will attract a fee of £5,000.00.

Street Naming and Numbering

- 5.14. The Council approved the introduction of charging for street naming and numbering on the 29 June 2016. The charges for this service have not been amended since. Whilst an increase had been proposed for 2020/21, this was not implemented.
- 5.15. Therefore, the fee increases now proposed ensure that the previous six years of cost inflation are properly recovered, maintaining full cost recovery, in setting the fees and charges for 2021/22.

Private sector Housing Agency

- 5.16. The Private Sector Housing Agency intend to charge for the service of notices under Housing Act 2004. These include Improvement Notices and Prohibition Orders. Charges will be waived if the notice is complied with fully and within the timescales set out, or if there are other compelling reasons that make it unjust to charge this fee in the circumstances of the individual case. The Agency also intend to charge for a number of discretionary services dealing with property inspections and the property licensing process. In addition to the fees charged to licence properties that fall under the national mandatory and current additional schemes. These are Adequate Accommodation Assessments as required by the Immigration Rules 2016, drawing up floor plans required for HMO licence applications and assisting members of the public to complete the HMO licence application forms.
- 5.17. The Agency also intends to issue Civil Penalty Notices for permitted offences under Housing Act 2004, under the Smoke and CO Alarms (England) Regulations 2015 and under the Electrical Safety Standards in the Private Rented Sector (England) Regulations 2020.

Licensing

- 5.18. The majority of fees and charges within Licensing are statutory and thus centrally determined and set.
- 5.19. Discretionary Fees for Sex Establishments were reviewed in 2018/19 and were decreased to bring them in line with London standard and EU regulations. New fees were set in 2018/19 for new legislation introduced under Animal Welfare Regulations 2018 which saw an increase from previous fees set under the repealed legislation. While the majority of Licensing fees are statutory, the service have committed to reviewing all discretionary fees and charges supported by the Income Generation team and reverting to Mayor and Cabinet during 2021/22.
- 5.20. A new temporary licensing regime was introduced under the Business and Planning Act 2020

in response to Covid-19 to allow businesses to apply for a pavement licence. The Authority can charge a discretionary fee up to a maximum of £100. The Authority currently charges this maximum amount and the licensing regime is in place until 30 September 2021 (unless further amended by statute).

Culture and Community Development

5.21. These are discretionary fees for the use of Council tennis courts and are not proposed to increase for 2021/22.

Community centres

5.22. Three community centres have been transferred to Adult Learning and 5 are to be transferred to Lewisham Homes. The proposed price increase is around 5% (subject to rounding) from 1st April 2021.

Library and Information Services

- 5.23. These are discretionary fees for library services: loans (including reservations, and overdue and lost items); printing; sales; room hire; and various archive services. As the vast majority of fees are small, an increase in line with inflation would create significant rounding issues. The only way to meaningfully raise revenues would be to apply significant increases on some of the larger lines. Therefore, it is proposed that
 - a. the standard charge of £0.50 for reservations these relate to stock within the London Library Consortium is abolished. This charge acts as a dis-incentive to borrow and limits the ability of residents to borrow from one library and collect from the one nearest to them. Abolishing the charge will increase the circulation of stock, which reflects on the fines collected.
 - b. an administrative charge of £5 is added to the cost of replacement of lost stock.
 - c. an administrative charge of £5 is added to the British Library reservations. It should be noted that the British Library reservation costs of £18.20 is not income to the Service, as an equal invoice from the British Library to the Service follows the satisfaction of the reservation. The new charge will be revenue income to the Service from now on, and
 - d. that the replacement cost for a lost library ticket is increased from £1 to £2. This cost has not changed for over a decade.
- 5.24. No other changes are proposed for 2021/22

Register Office

- 5.25. The majority of fees and charges levied by the service are statutory and thus centrally determined and set.
- 5.26. The discretionary fees for ceremonies have been increased by 3%, with the exception of private citizenship ceremonies which have been reduced after a benchmarking exercise.

Revenues

5.27. The fees levied under the Revenues service is the collection and enforcement of business rates and council tax collection, all of which are statutory and centrally set and have not increased for next year.

Parking

- 5.28. The Council moved to an emissions based charging policy in 2020/21 and is not proposing to make any changes to these charges for the 1 April 2021. As part of its wider budget cuts proposals it has put forward further changes to parking policy which will be brought forward to Mayor and Cabinet in due course.
- 5.29. Penalty charge notices (PCNs) are set by London Council and not the London Borough of Lewisham.

Bereavement

- 5.30. An increase of 10% in the charge for interments and for the purchase of the Exclusive Rights of Burial for a grave is proposed and a 15% increase in cremation charges for adults. All other charges have been increased by a minimum of 3.5%. The cost of purchasing Exclusive Rights of Burial has remained relatively low for several years and as burial space becomes more and more limited, a 10% increase is considered reasonable. The option for a public burial is still available, whereby the Exclusive Rights of Burial remain with the Authority and the applicant only pays a reduced fee for the interment.
- 5.31. The 15% increase in cremation charges follows a two year period of reduced charges and therefore restores fees to the level at which they would have been by this point, had they been subject to the usual levels of annual increase. In response to ensuring as low a cost service for those who are financially vulnerable, the fee for Direct Cremations (no chapel service) has only been increased by 5% to £420 (a discount of 44% against full fees). This service option has been available since April 2020 but take-up to date has been low.

6. Report author and contact

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GREENSCENE
CLEANSING
BUILDING CONTROL `
PLANNING
HIGHWAYS
STREET NAMING AND NUMBERING
PRIVATE SECTOR HOUSING AGENCY
LICENSING
CULTURE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
COMMUNITY CENTRES
LIBRARY & INFORMATION SERVICE
REGISTER OFFICE
REVENUES
PARKING
BEREAVEMENT

SERVICE: Green Scene

Charges 20/21	Proposed charges 21/22
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		Charges 20/21		Proposed charges 21/22					
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2 (£)	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
Pest Control				\ /					
Rats Domestic		0.00	0.00	0.00	58.33	11.67	70.00	100.0	Discretionary;
Rats Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	38.5	Discretionary;
Mice Domestic		86.67	17.33	104.00	100.00	20.00	120.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Mice Domestic Concessions		43.33	8.67	52.00	50.00	10.00	60.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Mice Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	38.5	Discretionary;
Cockroaches Domestic		116.67	23.33	140.00	125.00	25.00	150.00	7.1	Discretionary;
Cockroaches Domestic Concessions		58.33	11.67	70.00	62.50	12.50	75.00	7.1	Discretionary;
Cockroaches Commercial	From	116.67	23.33	140.00	150.00	30.00	180.00	28.6	Discretionary;
Pharaoh Ants Domestic		116.67	23.33	140.00	125.00	25.00	150.00	7.1	Discretionary;
Pharaoh Ants Domestic Concessions		58.33	11.67	70.00	62.50	12.50	75.00	7.1	Discretionary;
Pharaoh Ants Commercial	From	116.67	23.33	140.00	150.00	30.00	180.00	28.6	Discretionary;
Bed Bugs Domestic		96.67	19.33	116.00	125.00	25.00	150.00	29.3	Discretionary;
Bed Bugs Domestic Concessions		48.33	9.67	58.00	62.50	12.50	75.00	29.3	Discretionary;
Bed Bugs Commercial	From	96.67	19.33	116.00	150.00	30.00	180.00	55.2	Discretionary;
Fleas Domestic		86.67	17.33	104.00	100.00	20.00	120.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Fleas Domestic Concessions		43.33	8.67	52.00	50.00	10.00	60.00	15.4	Discretionary;

Fleas Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	38.5	Discretionary;
i leas Commercial	1 10111	00.07	17.55	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	30.3	Discretionary,
Wasps Domestic		53.33	10.67	64.00	58.33	11.67	70.00	9.4	Discretionary;
Wasps Domestic Concessions		26.67	5.33	32.00	58.33	11.67	70.00	118.8	Discretionary;
									•
Wasps Commercial	From	53.33	10.67	64.00	70.00	14.00	84.00	31.3	Discretionary;
Beetles Domestic		86.67	17.33	104.00	100.00	20.00	120.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Beetles Domestic									
Concessions		43.33	8.67	52.00	50.00	10.00	60.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Beetles Commercial	From	116.67	23.33	140.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	2.9	Discretionary;
Garden Ants		86.67	17.33	104.00	100.00	20.00	120.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Garden Ants Concessions		43.33	8.67	52.00	50.00	10.00	60.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Garden Ants Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	38.5	Discretionary;
Moths Domestic		86.67	17.33	104.00	100.00	20.00	120.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Moths Domestic Concessions		43.33	8.67	52.00	50.00	10.00	60.00	15.4	Discretionary;
Moths Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	38.5	Discretionary;
Squirrels Domestic		150.00	30.00	180.00	150.00	30.00	180.00	0.0	Discretionary;
Squirrels Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	180.00	180.00	36.00	216.00	20.0	Discretionary;
Call Out Fee Domestic		53.33	10.67	64.00	58.33	11.67	70.00	9.4	Discretionary;
Call Out Fee Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	64.00	70.00	14.00	84.00	31.3	Discretionary;
One Off Sprays Domestic		86.67	17.33	104.00	100.00	20.00	120.00	15.4	Discretionary;
One Off Sprays Commercial	From	86.67	17.33	104.00	120.00	24.00	144.00	38.5	Discretionary;

Clinical Waste

Commercial Collections *	50.00	10.00	60.00	52.00	10.40	62.40	4.0	Discretionary:
Commercial Collections	00.00	10.00	00.00	32.00	10.70	02.70	+.∪	Discretionally,

^{*2021/22} Changing to £6.50 per Unit with Minimum Collection Fee of £52 + Vat

Allotments

Sites without water	Per Rod	8.10	0.00	8.10	8.30	0.00	8.30	2.5	Discretionary
Sites with water	Per Rod	10.46	0.00	10.40	10.70	0.00	10.70	2.9	Discretionary
Sites with locker and toilet facilities	Per Rod	11.58	0.00	11.60	11.90	0.00	11.90	2.6	Discretionary
Sites with shed only	Per Rod	10.87	0.00	10.90	11.20	0.00	11.20	2.8	Discretionary

Nature Conservation

Devonshire Road Birthday									
hire	per session	56.00	0.00	57.40	58.84	0.00	58.84	2.5	Discretionary
Dacres wood Birthday Hire	per session	56.00	0.00	57.40	58.84	0.00	58.84	2.5	Discretionary
Free we grow home									
education hire Dacres Wood									
NR	per hour	10.25	0.00	10.51	13.00	0.00	13.00	23.7	Discretionary
Montessori nursery hire	per hour	5.12	0.00	5.25	8.00	0.00	8.00	52.4	Discretionary
Bonhoeffer kindergarten Hire									
Dacres Wood	per hour	5.12	0.00	5.25	8.00	0.00	8.00	52.4	Discretionary
Little explorers Dacres Wood									
Hire**	per hour	7.42	0.00	7.42	13.00	0.00	13.00	75.2	Discretionary
The Woodcraft Folk	per hour	10.25	0.00	10.51	13.00	0.00	13.00	23.7	Discretionary
	per 10								
Corporate volunteering	people	179.40	0.00	183.89	188.49	0.00	188.49	2.5	Discretionary

				1					
Seedlings Garthorne Road	per hour	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	10.00	100.0	
Hire for LBL schools and									
academies	per hour	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	0.0	
Occasional Hire without									
Building (commercial									
education organisations in									
Lewisham)	per hour	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	10.00	100.0	
Occasional Hire with Building									
(commercial education									
organisations in Lewisham)	per hour	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.00	0.00	15.00	100.0	
Occasional Hire without									
Building (non-LBL									
Schools/Academies/fee									
paying nurseries)	per hour	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.00	0.00	15.00	100.0	
Occasional Hire with Building									
(non- LBL									
Schools/Academies/fee									
paying nurseries)	per hour	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.00	0.00	18.00	100.0	
Additional School sessions	per class	179.40	0.00	183.89	188.49	0.00	188.49	2.5	Discretionary

^{**} Charging model changed from £1.06/child (avg. £7.42/ hour) to standard hourly rate with flexibility

SERVICE: Cleansing

	UNIT			Total 20/21		VAT	Total	0.4	
		Basic (£)			Basic (£)	0.2	21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
Domestic Lumber Collection Service	maximum 3 items per collection 18/19 increased to 4 items 19/20	20.00	0.00	20.00	21.00	0.00	21.00	5.0	Discretionary
Fridge Collection Service	Per Fridge	30.00	0.00	30.00	30.00	0.00	30.00	0.0	Discretionary

	Per square metre plus 30 admin. fee on application and renewal fee of 30.00 every 3									
Forecourt Licences	years.	5.50	0.00	5.50	5.50	0.00	5.50	0.0	Statutory	

SERVICE: Building Control

Proposed charges 21/22

Charges 20/21 21/

		CII	arges 20	141		21/22			
Domestic Extensions - not more than 2	UNIT	Basic	VAT	Total 20/21	Basic	VAT	Total 21/22		
storeys high		(£)	0.2	(£)	(£)	0.2	(£)	% change	Basis for charging
		(-7	-	(-7	(-7		(-7	J	Discretionary
Floor area not exceeding 6m2		350.00	70.00	420.00	360.00	72.00	432.00	2.9	Discretionary
6m2 and under 40m2		575.00	115.00	690.00	595.00	119.00	714.00	3.5	Discretionary
40m2 and under 60m2		675.00	135.00	810.00	700.00	140.00	840.00	3.7	Discretionary
Over 60m2 (Charged based on estimated cost of work)									Discretionary
Domestic single family loft conversion									Discretionary
Floor area not exceeding 6m2		400.00	80.00	480.00	415.00	83.00	498.00	3.8	Discretionary
6m2 and under 40m2		600.00	120.00	720.00	620.00	124.00	744.00	3.3	Discretionary
40m2 and under 60m2		725.00	145.00	870.00	750.00	150.00	900.00	3.4	Discretionary
Over 60m2 (Charged based on estimated cost of work)									Discretionary
Detached garages/outbuildings/carports									Discretionary
Floor area not exceeding 30m2		450.00	90.00	540.00	465.00	93.00	558.00	3.3	Discretionary
Floor area exceeding 30m2 BUT not exceeding 60m2		550.00	110.00	660.00	570.00	114.00	684.00	3.6	Discretionary
Over 60m2 (Charged based on estimated cost of work)									Discretionary
Window replacement (not competent persons)									Discretionary
Estimated cost of work 0-2,000.00		120.00	24.00	144.00	125.00	25.00	150.00	4.2	Discretionary
Estimated cost of work 2,000 -10,000.00		170.00	34.00	204.00	175.00	35.00	210.00	2.9	Discretionary
Over 10,000.00 (Charged by estimated cost of work)									Discretionary

Schedule 2 - Other Works	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
0-1,000		150.00	30.00	180.00	155.00	31.00	186.00	3.3	Discretionary
1,001-2,000		225.00	45.00	270.00	235.00	47.00	282.00	4.4	Discretionary
2,001-10,000		300.00	60.00	360.00	310.00	62.00	372.00	3.3	Discretionary
10,001-11,000		361.00	72.20	433.20	375.00	75.00	450.00	3.9	Discretionary
11,001-12,000		372.00	74.40	446.40	385.00	77.00	462.00	3.5	Discretionary
12,001-13,000		383.00	76.60	459.60	395.00	79.00	474.00	3.1	Discretionary
13,001-14,000		394.00	78.80	472.80	405.00	81.00	486.00	2.8	Discretionary
14,001-15,000		405.00	81.00	486.00	420.00	84.00	504.00	3.7	Discretionary
15,001-16,000		416.00	83.20	499.20	430.00	86.00	516.00	3.4	Discretionary
16,001-17,000		427.00	85.40	512.40	445.00	89.00	534.00	4.2	Discretionary
17,001-18,000		438.00	87.60	525.60	455.00	91.00	546.00	3.9	Discretionary
18,001-19,000		449.00	89.80	538.80	465.00	93.00	558.00	3.6	Discretionary
19,001-20,000		460.00	92.00	552.00	475.00	95.00	570.00	3.3	Discretionary
20,001-21,000		469.25	93.85	563.10	485.00	97.00	582.00	3.4	Discretionary
21,001-22,000		478.50	95.70	574.20	495.00	99.00	594.00	3.4	Discretionary
22,001-23,000		487.75	97.55	585.30	505.00	101.00	606.00	3.5	Discretionary
23,001-24,000		497.00	99.40	596.40	515.00	103.00	618.00	3.6	Discretionary
24,001-25,000		506.25	101.25	607.50	525.00	105.00	630.00	3.7	Discretionary
25,001-26,000		515.50	103.10	618.60	535.00	107.00	642.00	3.8	Discretionary
26,001-27,000		524.75	104.95	629.70	545.00	109.00	654.00	3.9	Discretionary
27,001-28,000		534.00	106.80	640.80	555.00	111.00	666.00	3.9	Discretionary
28,001-29,000		543.25	108.65	651.90	560.00	112.00	672.00	3.1	Discretionary
29,001-30,000		552.50	110.50	663.00	570.00	114.00	684.00	3.2	Discretionary
30,001,31,000		561.75	112.35	674.10	580.00	116.00	696.00	3.2	Discretionary
31,001-32,000		571.00	114.20	685.20	590.00	118.00	708.00	3.3	Discretionary
32,001-33,000		580.25	116.05	696.30	600.00	120.00	720.00	3.4	Discretionary
33,001-34,000		589.50	117.90	707.40	610.00	122.00	732.00	3.5	Discretionary
34,001-35,000		598.75	119.75	718.50	620.00	124.00	744.00	3.5	Discretionary

		Basic		Total 20/21	Basic		Total 21/22		
	UNIT	(£)	VAT	(£)	(£)	VAT	(£)	% change	Basis for charging
35,001-36,000		608.00	121.60	729.60	630.00	126.00	756.00	3.6	Discretionary
36,001-37,000		617.25	123.45	740.70	640.00	128.00	768.00	3.7	Discretionary
37,001-38,000		626.50	125.30	751.80	650.00	130.00	780.00	3.8	Discretionary
38,001-39,000		635.75	127.15	762.90	660.00	132.00	792.00	3.8	Discretionary
39,001-40,000		645.00	129.00	774.00	670.00	134.00	804.00	3.9	Discretionary
40,001-41,000		654.25	130.85	785.10	680.00	136.00	816.00	3.9	Discretionary
41,001-42,000		663.50	132.70	796.20	685.00	137.00	822.00	3.2	Discretionary
42,001-43,000		672.75	134.55	807.30	695.00	139.00	834.00	3.3	Discretionary
43,001-44,000		682.00	136.40	818.40	705.00	141.00	846.00	3.4	Discretionary
44,001-45,000		691.25	138.25	829.50	715.00	143.00	858.00	3.4	Discretionary
45.001-46,000		700.50	140.10	840.60	725.00	145.00	870.00	3.5	Discretionary
46,001-47,000		709.75	141.95	851.70	735.00	147.00	882.00	3.6	Discretionary
47,001-48,000		719.00	143.80	862.80	745.00	149.00	894.00	3.6	Discretionary
48,001-49,000		728.25	145.65	873.90	755.00	151.00	906.00	3.7	Discretionary
49-001-50,000		737.50	147.50	885.00	765.00	153.00	918.00	3.7	Discretionary

SERVICE: Planning

Charges 20/21 Proposed charges 21/22

		Charges	20/21		Proposed charges 21/22					
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging	
			0.2			0.2				
1.1.1 Not more than 2.5 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory	
1.1.2 More than 2.5 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£11,432 plus an additional £138 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 2.5 hectares up to a maximum of £150,000	0.00	£11,432 plus an additional £138 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 2.5 hectares up to a maximum of £150,000	£11,432 plus an additional £138 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 2.5 hectares up to a maximum of £150,000	0.00	£11,432 plus an additional £138 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 2.5 hectares up to a maximum of £150,000	0.0	Statutory	
1.2.1 The erection of new dwelling houses; including the building of new flats. (Total number of new units created is 50 or less)	Per dwelling house	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory	
1.2.2 Erection of new dwelling houses; including the building of new flats. (Total number of new units created is more than 50)	Per dwelling house	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house / flat in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house / flat in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house / flat in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house / flat in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	0.0	Statutory	

	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
1.2.3 Erection of buildings (not dwelling houses, agricultural, glasshouses, plant nor machinery); where there is no gross floor space created by the development		£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
1.2.4 Erection of buildings (not dwelling houses, agricultural, glasshouses, plant nor machinery); where the gross floor space created by the development does not exceed 40 sq. m		£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
1.2.5 Erection of buildings (not dwelling houses, agricultural, glasshouses, plant nor machinery); where the gross floor space created by the development exceeds 40 sq. m, but does not exceed 75 sq. m		£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory
1.2.6 Erection of buildings (not dwelling houses, agricultural, glasshouses, plant nor machinery); where the gross floor space created by the development exceeds 75 sq. m, but does not exceed 3,750 sq. m	75 sq. m (or part thereof)	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory

	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
1.2.7 Erection of buildings (not dwelling houses, agricultural, glasshouses, plant nor machinery); where the gross floor space created by the development exceeds 3,750 sq. m	75 sq. m (or part thereof)	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 3,750 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 3,750 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 3,750 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 3,750 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	0.0	Statutory
1.2.8 Erection of agricultural buildings other than glasshouses on land used for agricultural purposes; where the gross floor space to be created by the development does not exceed 465 sq. m		£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
1.2.9 Erection of agricultural buildings other than glasshouses on land used for agricultural purposes; where the gross floor space to be created by the development exceeds 465 sq. m but does not exceed 540 sq. m		£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory

	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
1.2.10 Erection of agricultural buildings other than glasshouses on land used for agricultural purposes; where the gross floor space to be created by the development exceeds 540 sq. m but does not exceed 4215 sq. m	75 sq. m (or part thereof)	£462 for first 540 sq. m plus £462 for each 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 540 sq. m	0.00	£462 for first 540 sq. m plus £462 for each 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 540 sq. m	£462 for first 540 sq. m plus £462 for each 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 540 sq. m	0.00	£462 for first 540 sq. m plus £462 for each 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 540 sq. m	0.0	Statutory
1.2.11 Erection of agricultural buildings other than glasshouses on land used for agricultural purposes; where the gross floor space to be created by the development exceeds 4,215 sq. m	75 sq. m (or part thereof)	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 4,215 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 4,215 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 4,215 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 75 sq. m (or part thereof) in excess of 4,215 sq. m up to a maximum of £300,000	0.0	Statutory
1.2.12 Erection of glasshouses on land used for the purpose of agriculture; where the gross floor space to be created by the development does not exceed 465 sq. m		£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
1.2.13 Erection of glasshouses on land used for the purpose of agriculture; where the gross floor space to be		£2,580.00	0.00	£2,580.00	£2,580.00	0.00	£2,580.00	0.0	Statutory

created by the development exceeds 465 sq. m 1.2.14 Erection / alterations / replacement of plant and	per 0.1 hectare	£462	0.00	£462.00	£462	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory
machinery where the site area does not exceed 5 hectares	(or part thereof)								
1.2.15 Erection / alterations / replacement of plant and machinery where the site area exceeds 5 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	0.0	Statutory
1.2.16 Re-submission within 12 months of the decision (or within 12 months of submitting an application that is subsequently withdrawn), where the applicant, the address (or site location) is the same as that for the previous application and the description of the resubmission is similar to that of the previous application.		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory

2.1 Application for approval of reserved matters following outline approval. If a sum equal to or greater than what would be payable at current rates for approval of all the reserved matters has already been paid	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory
2.2 Application for approval of reserved matters following outline approval. If a sum equal to or greater than what would be payable at current rates for approval of all the reserved matters has NOT already been paid	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation	0.00	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation	0.00	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation		Statutory
2.3 Resubmission within 12 months of the decision (or within 12 months of submitting an application that is subsequently withdrawn), where the applicant, the address (or site location) is the same as that for the previous application and the description of the resubmission is similar to that of the previous application.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
3.1 Enlargement, improvement or other alteration of an existing single dwelling house or single flat	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	0.0	Statutory

3.2 Enlargement, improvement or other alteration of existing dwelling houses or flats (two or more)	£407.00	0.00	£407.00	£407.00	0.00	£407.00	0.0	Statutory
Erection of a building, outhouse, workshop, large shed etc.	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	0.0	Statutory
Erection or construction of gates, fences, walls or other means of enclosure along a boundary of the curtilage of an existing dwelling house	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	0.0	Statutory
Enlargement, improvement or other alteration of an existing single dwelling house or single flat specifically for the benefit of a registered disable person	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
3.4 Resubmission within 12 months of the decision (or within 12 months of submitting an application that is subsequently withdrawn), where the applicant, the address (or site location) is the same as that for the previous application and the description of the resubmission is similar to that of the previous application.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory

4.1.The construction of car parks, service roads or other accesses, including cross overs / drop curbs		£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
for existing uses 4.2 Waste (Use of land for	per 0.1	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
disposal of refuse or waste materials or deposit of material remaining after extraction of storage of minerals); where the site area does not exceed 15 hectares	hectare (or part thereof)							0.0	Ctatulory
4.3 Waste (Use of land for disposal of refuse or waste materials or deposit of material remaining after extraction of storage of minerals); where the site area exceeds 15 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.00	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.00	£34,934 plus 138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.0	Statutory
5.1 Operations connected with exploratory drilling for oil or natural gas; where the site area does not exceed 7.5 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£508.00	0.00	£508.00	£508.00	0.00	£508.00	0.0	Statutory

5.2 Operations connected with exploratory drilling for oil or natural gas; where the site area exceeds 7.5 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£38,070 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 7.5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£38,070 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 7.5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	£38,070 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 7.5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£38,070 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 7.5 hectares up to a maximum of £300,000	0.0	Statutory
5.3 Operations (other than exploratory drilling) for the winning and working of oil or natural gas; where the site area does not exceed 15 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£257.00	0.00	£257.00	£257.00	0.00	£257.00	0.0	Statutory
5.4 Operations (other than exploratory drilling) for the winning and working of oil or natural gas; where the site area exceeds 15 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£38,520 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.00	£38,520 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	£38,520 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.00	£38,520 plus £151 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.0	Statutory
5.5 Other operations (winning and working of minerals) excluding oil and natural gas; where the site area does not exceed 15 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory

5.6 Other operations (winning and working of minerals) excluding oil and natural gas; where the site area exceeds 15 hectares	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.00	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.00	£34,934 plus £138 for each additional 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) in excess of 15 hectares up to a maximum of £78,000	0.0	Statutory
5.7 Other operations (not coming within any of the above categories) (calculated on site area)	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£234 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) up to a maximum of £2,028	0.00	£234 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) up to a maximum of £2,028	£234 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) up to a maximum of £2,028	0.00	£234 per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof) up to a maximum of £2,028	0.0	Statutory
6.1 Lawful Development Certificate Existing (Section 191 (1) (a) or (b) application for a certificate to establish the lawfulness of an existing land-use, or of development already carried out		Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation	0.00	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation	0.00	Fee will the same as Full fee for that use carried out or operation		Statutory

6.2 Lawful Development Certificate Existing (Section 191 (1) (a) or (b) application for a certificate to establish the lawfulness of an existing land-use, or of development already carried out. Application for planning permission for the same development would be exempt from the need to pay a planning fee under any other planning fee regulation.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
6.3 Lawful Development Certificate - Lawful not to comply with a particular planning condition. (Section 191 (1) (c) application for a certificate to establish that it was lawful not to comply with a particular condition or other limitation imposed on a planning permission.	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
6.4 Lawful Development Certificate - Proposed (Section 192 application for a certificate to state that a proposed use would be lawful.	Fee will be half the normal planning fee if submitting a new application for that use or operation	0.00	Fee will be half the normal planning fee if submitting a new application for that use or operation	Fee will be half the normal planning fee if submitting a new application for that use or operation	0.00	Fee will be half the normal planning fee if submitting a new application for that use or operation	0.0	Statutory
6.5 Certificate of Lawfulness of Proposed Works to a listed building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory

7.1 Prior approval for permitted development rights for a larger single story home extension	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.2 Agricultural and Forestry buildings and operations	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.3 Demolition of buildings	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.4 Communications (previously referred to as "Telecommunications Code Systems Operators")	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory
7.5 Change of Use from Shops (Class A1), Professional and Financial Services (Class A2), Takeaways (Class A5), Betting Offices, Pay Day Loan Shops or Launderettes to Offices (Class B1a)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.6 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from Business (Use Class B1), Hotels (Use Class C1), Residential Institutions (Use Class C2), Secure Residential Institutions (Use Class C2A) or Assembly and Leisure (Use Class D2) to a State Funded School or Registered Nursery	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory

7.7 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from an Agricultural Building to a State-Funded School or Registered Nursery	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.8 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from an Agricultural Building to a flexible use within Shops (Use Class A1), Financial and Professional Services (Use Class A2), Restaurants and Cafes (Use Class A3), Business (Use Class B1), Storage or Distribution (Use Class B8), Hotels (Use Class C1), or Assembly or Leisure (Use Class D2)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.9 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from Offices (Use Class B1a) to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.10 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from an Agricultural Building to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory

7.11 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from an Agricultural Building to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3); where it includes building operations in connection with the change of use	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	0.0	Statutory
7.12 Change of Use of a building from Retail (Use Classes A1 and A2), Betting Offices, Pay Day Loan Shops, Launderette; or a mixed use combining one of these uses and use as a dwelling house to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.13 Change of Use of a building from Retail (Use Class A1 and A2), Betting Offices, Pay Day Loan Shops, Launderette; or a mixed use combining one of these uses and use as a dwelling house to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3); where it includes building operations in connection with the change of use	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	0.0	Statutory
7.14 Change of use of a building and any land within its curtilage from Storage and Distribution (Use Class B8) and Light Industrial (Use Class B1c) to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory

7.15 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from Amusement Arcades /	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
Centres and Casinos (Sui Generis Uses) to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3)								
7.16 Change of Use of a building and any land within its curtilage from Amusement Arcades / Centres and Casinos (Sui Generis Uses) to Dwelling houses (Use Class C3); where it includes building operations in connection	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	£206.00	0.00	£206.00	0.0	Statutory
with the change of use 7.17 Change of Use from Shops (Class A1), Professional and Financial Services (Class A2), Betting Offices, Pay Day Loan Shops (Sui Generis Uses) to Assembly and Leisure Uses (Use Class D2)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.18 Change of Use from Retail (Use Classes A1 and A2), Takeaways (Class A5), Betting Offices, Pay Day Loan Shops or Launderettes to Offices (Class B1a)	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.19 Development consisting of the Erection or Construction of a Collection Facility within the curtilage of a Shop	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory

7.20 Temporary Use of Buildings or Land for the Purpose of Commercial Film-Making and the Associated Temporary Structures, Works, Plant or Machinery required in Connection with that Use	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.21 Installation, Alteration or Replacement of other Solar Photovoltaics (PV) equipment on the Roofs of Non-domestic Buildings, up to a Capacity of 1 Megawatt	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	£96.00	0.00	£96.00	0.0	Statutory
7.22 Prior approval application where a planning application for the same site is submitted at the same time by or on behalf of the same person	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
7.23 Additional storeys on a home (No fee set as at 10 Dec 20)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
7.24 Construction of new dwelling houses- not more than 50 dwelling houses (from 2 Sept 20)				£334	0.00	£334		Statutory
7.25 Construction of new dwelling houses- more than 50 dwelling houses (from 2 Sept 20)				£16,525 plus £100 for each dwelling house in excess of	0.00	£16,525 plus £100 for each dwelling house in excess of		Statutory

					50. Max. fee of £300,000		50. Max. fee of £300,000		
8.1 Application for removal or variation of condition following grant of planning permission		£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
8.2 Request to discharge one or more householder planning conditions	Per Request	£34.00	0.00	£34.00	£34.00	0.00	£34.00	0.0	Statutory
8.3 Request to discharge one or more non-householder planning conditions	Per Request	£116.00	0.00	£116.00	£116.00	0.00	£116.00	0.0	Statutory
8.4 Request to discharge planning conditions on new build developments	Per Request	£116.00	0.00	£116.00	£116.00	0.00	£116.00	0.0	Statutory
8.5 Request to discharge planning conditions related to listed building consent		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
8.6 Request to discharge planning conditions attached to applications resulting from a condition removing "permitted development rights"		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
9.1 Change of use of a building to use as between 1 and 50 separate dwelling houses	Per dwelling house	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory

9.2 Change of use of a building to use as more than 50 separate dwelling houses	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	0.00	£22,859 plus £138 per additional dwelling house in excess of 50 up to a maximum of £300,000	0.0	Statutory
9.3 Other change of use of a building or land	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory
10.1 Advertising displayed externally on business premises, the forecourt of business premises or other land within the curtilage of business premises relating to the business on the premises	£132.00	0.00	£132.00	£132.00	0.00	£132.00	0.0	Statutory
10.2 Advertisements for the purpose of directing members of the public to, or otherwise drawing attention to the existence of, business premises which are in the same locality as the site on which the advertisement is to be displayed but which are not visible from that site	£132.00	0.00	£132.00	£132.00	0.00	£132.00	0.0	Statutory
10.3 All other advertisements	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	£462.00	0.00	£462.00	0.0	Statutory

10.4 Application for consent to display an advertisement following a withdrawal of an earlier application (before notice of decision was issued) and where the application is made by or on behalf of the same person		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
10.5 Application for consent to display an advertisement following refusal of consent for display of an advertisement and where the application is made by or on behalf of the same person		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
10.6 Application for consent to display an advertisement which results from a direction under Regulation 7 of the Control of Advertisements Regulations 1992, disapplying deemed consent under Regulation 6 to the proposed advertisement		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
11.1 Applications in respect of householder developments		£34.00	0.00	£34.00	£34.00	0.00	£34.00	0.0	Statutory
11.2 Applications in respect of other developments		£234.00	0.00	£234.00	£234.00	0.00	£234.00	0.0	Statutory
12.1 Application for Permission in Principle	per 0.1 hectare (or part thereof)	£402.00	0.00	£402.00	£402.00	0.00	£402.00	0.0	Statutory
13.1 Listed Building Consent	·	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory

13.2 Certificate of Lawfulness of Proposed Words to a listed building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
13.3 Application relates to condition(s) on an application for Listed Building Consent	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
13.4 Demolition of a Listed Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
14.1 Demolition of unlisted buildings within conservation areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
14.2 Demolition of a Listed Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
15.1 Works to Trees in Conservation Areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
15.2 Works to Trees covered by Tree Preservation Orders	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
15.3 Hazardous Trees - 5 day notice	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
15.4 Tree Preservation Orders	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Statutory
15.5 High Hedge Disputes	0.00	0.00	0.00	£500.00	0.00	£500.00		Statutory
16.1 Standard Review (up to and including 50 units) - First Review Meeting	£2560.00	£512.00	£3072.00	£2600.00	£520.00	£3120.00	1.6	Discretionary
16.2 Standard Review (up to and including 50 units) - Subsequent Review Meetings	£2050.00	£410.00	2460.00	£2090.00	£418.00	£2508.00	2.0	Discretionary
16.3 Standard Review (more than 50 units) - First Review Meeting	£4100.00	£820.00	£4920.00	£4180.00	£836.00	£5016.00	1.9	Discretionary

16.4 Standard Review (more than 50 units) - Subsequent Review Meetings	£3590.00	£718.00	£4308.00	£3660.00	£732.00	£4392.00	1.9	Discretionary
16.5 Premium Review (2.5 hour review) - First Review Meeting	£7175.00	£1435.00	£8610.00	£7300.00	£1460.00	£8760.00	1.7	Discretionary
16.6 Premium Review (2.5 hour review) - Subsequent Review Meetings	£6150.00	£1230.00	£7380.00	£6260.00	£1252.00	£7512.00	1.8	Discretionary
16.7 Cancellation of meeting within 28 working days of meeting	£510.00	£!02.00	£612.00	£520.00	£104.00	£624.00	2.0	Discretionary
16.8 Cancellation of meeting within 10 working days of meeting	£1025.00	£205.00	£1230.00	£1045.00	£209.00	£1254.00	2.0	Discretionary
16.9 Reorganisation of meeting date once meeting has been arranged (per reorganisation at customer request)				£200.00	£40.00	£240.00		Discretionary
17. Planning Advice Services								
17.1 Planning Information (Informal written feedback on simple planning queries)	£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
17.1.1 Submitting complete planning applications, including which forms to use and if you have filled them in correctly	£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
17.1.2 Whether or not you need planning permission to build or use a building differently	£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
17.1.3 Whether proposed alterations require listed building consent	£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary

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17.1.4 Explanation of		£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
planning policy, including									
the evidence needed and									
how to apply planning									
policies in general									
17.1.5 Confirmation that a		£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
specific planning obligation									
has been discharged									
17.1.6 Confirmation that an		£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
identified planning									
condition has been met									
17.1.7 Confirmation that an		£51.67	£10.33	£62.00	£52.50	£10.50	£63.00	1.6	Discretionary
identified planning									
enforcement notice has									
been met									
17.2 Duty Planner		£110.00	£22.00	£132.00	£111.67	£22.33	£134.10	1.5	Discretionary
Standard (20 minute									
meeting with Planning									
Officer)									
17.3 Duty Planner Complex		£195.00	£39.00	£234.00	£197.67	£39.33	£236.00	1.4	Discretionary
(20 minute meeting with									,
Planning Officer)									
17.4 Written confirmation if	Per				£20.00	£4.00	£24.00		Discretionary
property is in a	property								
conservation area	' ' '								
17.5 Written confirmation of	Per				£20.00	£4.00	£24.00		Discretionary
tree preservation order	property								- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	' '								
18. Listed Building Advice		t of physical v	vorks on listed	l buildings). Fe	es are chargeal	ble alongside f	ees required for	or general pla	anning advice,
including duty planner or pre	-application								
18.1 Householder Written		£390.00	£78.00	£468.00	£390.00	£78.00	£468.00	0.0	Discretionary
Advice		2000.00	2. 0.00	2.55.55	2000.00	2.0.00	2.00.00	5.5	2.00.04.0.14.1
18.2 Householder Written		£560.00	£112.00	£672.00	£560.00	£112.00	£672.00	0.0	Discretionary
Advice with one-hour			22.00	20.2.00	2000.00	22.30	20.2.00	0.0	Biodictionary
meeting on site with									
conservation officer									
18.3 Householder follow-up		£170.00	£34.00	£204.00	£170.00	£34.00	£204.00	0.0	Discretionary
advice		2170.00	204.00	2204.00	2170.00	204.00	2204.00	0.0	Districtionally
ad vioc					1				

18.4 Non-householder Written Advice	£710.00	£142.00	£852.00	£710.00	£142.00	£852.00	0.0	Discretionary
18.5 Non-householder Written Advice with one- hour meeting on site with conservation officer and a planning officer	£1035.00	£207.00	£1242.00	£1035.00	£207.00	£1242.00	0.0	Discretionary
18.6 Non-householder follow-up advice	£510.00	£102.00	£612.00	£510.00	£102.00	£612.00	0.0	Discretionary
19. Pre-application advice service	es	·		·				
19.1 Concept Meeting (30 minute meeting to discuss principle of development and brief written response) - Single-plot subdivision (conversion of one house into two flats or one plot into two plots or addition of residential annexe) 19.2 Concept Meeting (30 minute meeting to discuss principle of development	£305.00	£102.00	£366.00 £612.00	£308.33	£61.67	£370.00	2.0	Discretionary
and brief written response) - All development except single-plot subdivision								
19.3 Concept Meeting - Major Developments (part of PPA Service)	£1025.00	£205.00	£1230.00	£1045.00	£209.00	£1254.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.4 Pre application meeting								
19.4.1 Small minor development (One additional property (including conversion and annexe)) - First Meeting	£770.00	£154.00	£924.00	£780.00	£156.00	£936.00	1.3	Discretionary

19.4.2 Small minor development (One additional property (including conversion and annexe)) - Follow-up Meeting (Single Issue)	£410.00	£82.00	£492.00	£416.67	£83.33	£500.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.3 Small minor development (2-4 new residential dwellings (including conversion and annexe)) - First Meeting	£1230.00	£246.00	£1476.00	£1250.00	£250.00	£1500.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.4 Small minor development (2-4 new residential dwellings (including conversion and annexe)) - Follow-up Meeting (Single Issue)	£615.00	£103.00	£738.00	£625.00	£125.00	£750.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.5 Small minor development (Change of use from 150 sq. m to 500 sq. m) - First Meeting	£1230.00	£246.00	£1476.00	£1250.00	£250.00	£1500.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.6 Small minor development (Change of use from 150 sq. m to 500 sq. m) - Follow-up Meeting (Single Issue)	£615.00	£123.00	£738.00	£625.00	£125.00	£750.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.7 Larger minor development (5-9 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - First Meeting	£1540.00	£308.00	£1848.00	£1570.00	£314.00	£1884.00	1.9	Discretionary
19.4.8 Larger minor development (5-9 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - Follow-up Meeting	£720.00	£144.00	£864.00	£735.00	£147.00	£882.00	2.0	Discretionary

19.4.9 Larger minor development (Change of use from 500 sq. m to 999 sq. m non-residential floor space) - First Meeting	Per meeting	£1540.00	£308.00	1848.00	£1570.00	£314.00	£1884.00	1.9	Discretionary
19.4.10 Larger minor development (Change of use from 500 sq. m to 999 sq. m non-residential floor space) - Follow-up Meeting (Single Issue)		£720.00	£144.00	£864.00	£735.00	£147.00	£882.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.4.11 Small major development (10-30 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£2460.00	£492.00	£2952.00	£2500.00	£500.00	£3000.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.12 Small major development (10-30 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£1130.00	£226.00	£1356.00	£1150.00	£230. 00	£1380.00	1.8	Discretionary
19.4.13 Small major development (1,000 - 1,999 sq. m non-residential floor space) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£2460.00	£492.00	£2952.00	£2500.00	£500.00	£3000.00	1.6	Discretionary
19.4.14 Small major development (1,000 - 1,999 sq. m non-residential floor space) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£1130.00	£226.00	£1356.00	£1150.00	£230.00	£1380.00	1.8	Discretionary
19.4.15 Medium major development (31-99 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£3075.00	£615.00	£3690.00	£3135.00	£627.00	£3762.00	2.0	Discretionary

19.4.16 Medium major development (31-99 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£1435.00	£287.00	£1722.00	£1460.00	£292.00	£1752.00	1.7	Discretionary
19.4.17 Medium major development (2,000 - 2,999 sq. m non-residential floor space) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£3075.00	£615.00	£3690.00	£3135.00	£627.00	£3762.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.4.18 Medium major development (2,000 - 2,999 sq. m non-residential floor space) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£1435.00	£287.00	£1722.00	£1460.00	£292.00	£1752.00	1.7	Discretionary
19.23 Large major development (100-149 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£4100.00	£820.00	£4920.00	£4180.00	£836.00	£5016.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.24 Large major development (100-149 new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£1845.00	£369.00	£2214.00	£1880.00	£376.00	£2256.00	1.9	Discretionary
19.25 Large major development (3,000 plus sq. m non-residential floor space) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£4100.00	£820.00	£4920.00	£4180.00	£836.00	£5016.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.26 Large major development (3,000 plus sq. m non-residential floor space) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£1845.00	£369.00	£2214.00	£1880.00	£376.00	£2256.00	1.9	Discretionary

19.27 Very large major development (150 and over new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£5125.00	£1025.00	£6150.00	£5225.00	£1045.00	£6270.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.28 Very large major development (150 and over new residential dwellings (including conversion)) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£2050.00	£410.00	£2460.00	£2090.00	£418.00	£2508.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.29 Very large major development (EIA Development) - First Three Meetings	Per meeting	£5125.00	£1025.00	£6150.00	£5225.00	£1045.00	£6270.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.30 Very large major development (EIA Development) - Meeting four onwards	Per meeting	£2050.00	£410.00	£2460.00	£2090.00	£418.00	£2508.00	2.0	Discretionary
19.31 Environmental Health specialist resource	Per hour	£102.50	£20.50	£123.00	£105.00	£21.00	£126.00	2.4	Discretionary
19.32 Highways specialist resource	Per hour	£102.50	£20.50	£123.00	£105.00	£21.00	£126.00	2.4	Discretionary
20. Planning Performance	Agreements	(PPA)							
20.1 Arrangement Fee		£2050.00	£410.00	£2460.00	£2083.33	£416.67	£2500.00	1.6	Discretionary
20.2 PPA Fee is based upon staff time (daily rates) across the project duration. Fee will be agreed as part of PPA negotiation process.	Based on required staff time / expertise	Negotiated	(0.20)	Negotiated	Negotiated	(0.20)	Negotiated		Discretionary
20.3.Environmental Health specialist resource	per hour	£102.50	£20.50	£123.00	£105.00	£21.00	£126.00	2.4	Discretionary
20.4 Highways specialist resource	per hour	£102.50	£20.50	£123.00	£105.00	£21.00	£126.00	2.4	Discretionary

21.1 Local Land Charges Register only		£43.00	0.00	£43.00	£44.00	0.00	£44.00	2.3	Discretionary
21.2 Optional Questions Only	Per question	£10.25	£2.05	£12.30	£10.45	£2.09	£12.54	2.0	Discretionary
21.3 CON 29		£92.25	£18.45	£110.70	£94.00	£18.80	£112.80	1.9	Discretionary
21.4 Additional Questions on Con29	Per question	£25.50	0.00	£25.50	£26.00	0.00	£26.00	2.0	Discretionary
21.5 Additional parcels	per parcel	£25.50	0.00	£25.50	£26.00	0.00	£26.00	2.0	Discretionary

SERVICE: Highways

Charges 20/21

Proposed charges 21/22

	UNIT		VAT	Total 19/20		VAT	Total	%	Basis for
		Basic (£)	0.2	(£)	Basic (£)	0.2	20/21 (£)	change	charging
Domestic Crossover Application	Each	£110.00	£0.00	£110.00	£112.00	£0.00	£112.00	1.8	Discretionary
Domestic Crossover Installation	Each	£1,000.0 0	£0.00	£1,000.00	£1,020.0 0	£0.00	£1,020.00	2.0	Discretionary
Domestic Crossover Extension	Each	£300.00	£0.00	£300.00	£306.00	£0.00	£306.00	2.0	Discretionary
CPZ amendments due to crossovers	Each	£250.00	£0.00	£250.00	£255.00	£0.00	£255.00	2.0	Discretionary
Access Bars (road markings)	Each	£100.00	£0.00	£100.00	£102.00	£0.00	£102.00	2.0	Discretionary
Inspection of rechargeable works and other fees	Hr	£75.00	£0.00	£75.00	£77.00	£0.00	£77.00	2.7	Discretionary
Skip Licence	Per Month	£65.00	£0.00	£65.00	£66.00	£0.00	£66.00	1.5	Discretionary
Container Licence	Per Month	£110.00	£0.00	£110.00	£112.00	£0.00	£112.00	1.8	Discretionary
Scaffold Licence	3 months	£280.00	£0.00	£280.00	£288.00	£0.00	£288.00	2.9	Discretionary
Scaffold Licence renewal	3 months	£60.00	£0.00	£60.00	£61.00	£0.00	£61.00	1.7	Discretionary
Hoarding Licence	3 months	£195.00	£0.00	£195.00	£200.00	£0.00	£200.00	2.6	Discretionary
Hoarding Licence renewal	3 months	£60.00	£0.00	£60.00	£61.00	£0.00	£61.00	1.7	Discretionary
Materials licence	3 months	£65.00	£0.00	£65.00	£66.00	£0.00	£66.00	1.5	Discretionary
Emergency Temporary Traffic Order	Each	£400.00	£0.00	£400.00	£408.00	£0.00	£408.00	2.0	Discretionary
Temporary Traffic Order	Each	£2,000.0 0	£0.00	£2,000.00	£2,040.0 0	£0.00	£2,040.00	2.0	Discretionary
Highway Searches	Each	£75.00	£0.00	£75.00	£77.00	£0.00	£77.00	2.7	Discretionary
Crane Licence and oversail	3 months	£405.00	£0.00	£405.00	£413.00	£0.00	£413.00	2.0	Discretionary
Crane Licence and oversail extension	1 month	£110.00	£0.00	£110.00	£112.00	£0.00	£112.00	1.8	Discretionary
Section 50 Licence new apparatus	Each	£440.00	£0.00	£440.00	£450.00	£0.00	£450.00	2.3	Discretionary
Section 50 Licence existing apparatus	Each	£270.00	£0.00	£270.00	£275.00	£0.00	£275.00	1.9	Discretionary
Traffic order for permanent restrictions or changes	Each	£5,000.0 0	£0.00	£5,000.00	£5,100.0 0	£0.00	£5,100.00	2.0	Discretionary
Car club bay individual order	Each	£3,500.0 0	£0.00	£3,500.00	£3,640.0 0	£0.00	£3,640.00	4.0	Discretionary

Notices for road humps and controlled crossings	Each	£3,500.0 0	£0.00	£3,500.00	£3,570.0 0	£0.00	£3,570.00	2.0	Discretionary
Stopping up and diversion orders of the highway (T&C Planning Act section 247 & 253)	Each				£5,000.0 0	£0.00	5000.00		Discretionary
Section 38 Road Adoption Agreement	% of estimated construction costs			8%			8%		Discretionary
Section 278 Works on highway by outside body	% of estimated construction costs			8%			8%		Discretionary
Application fee for S38/S278 Agreements where over £100k of works	Each	£5,000.0 0	£0.00	£5,000.00	£5,100.0 0	£0.00	£5,100.00	2.0	Discretionary
Application fee for highway agreements including S8s	Each				£1,500.0 0	£0.00	£1,500.00		Discretionary

SERVICE: Street naming and numbering

Charges 20/21* Proposed charges 21/22

	Charges 20/21 Proposed charges 21/22												
	UNIT		VAT	Total		VAT	Total						
		Basic (£)	0.2	20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	0.2	21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging				
New developments													
New street name		350.00	0.00	350.00	400.00	0.00	400.00	14.3	Discretionary				
New building name		350.00	0.00	350.00	400.00	0.00	400.00	14.3	Discretionary				
One new property		50.00	0.00	50.00	55.00	0.00	55.00	10.0	Discretionary				
Each additional property		10.00	0.00	10.00	12.00	0.00	12.00	20.0	Discretionary				
Existing properties													
Adding a name		50.00	0.00	50.00	55.00	0.00	55.00	10.0	Discretionary				
Changing a name or number		50.00	0.00	50.00	55.00	0.00	55.00	10.0	Discretionary				
Each additional number or name change		10.00	0.00	10.00	12.00	0.00	12.00	20.0	Discretionary				
Address confirmation letter		30.00	0.00	30.00	35.00	0.00	35.00	16.7	Discretionary				

^{*} Increases proposed in 20/21 (see previous Fees and Charges report) were not implemented

SERVICE: Private Sector Housing Agency

		Charg	ges 19/2	20	Propos	ed charges	20/21		
	UNIT		VAT	Total 19/20		VAT	Total	%	Basis for
		Basic (£)	0.2	(£)	Basic (£)	0.2	20/21 (£)	change	charging
Service first Improvement Notice/Suspended Improvement Notice	per notice	no charges			400.00	80.00	480.00		Discretionary
Service first Prohibition Order/Suspended prohibition Order	per notice	no charges			400.00	80.00	480.00		Discretionary
Service First Hazard Awareness Notice	per notice	no charges			400.00	80.00	480.00		Discretionary
First Emergency Remedial Action	per notice	no charges			400.00	80.00	480.00		Discretionary
Service Emergency Prohibition Order	per notice	no charges			400.00	80.00	480.00		Discretionary
Service second and subsequent Improvement/Suspended Improvement Notice	per notice	no charges			85.00	80.00	480.00		Discretionary
Service second and subsequent Prohibition Order/Suspended Prohibition Order	per notice	no charges			85.00	17.00	102.00		Discretionary
Service second or subsequent Hazard Awareness Notice	per notice	no charges			85.00	17.00	102.00		Discretionary
Second or subsequent Emergency Remedial Action	per notice	no charges			85.00	17.00	102.00		Discretionary
Service second or subsequent Overcrowding Notice	per notice	no charges			85.00	17.00	102.00		Discretionary
Service second or subsequent Emergency Prohibition Order	per notice	no charges			85.00	17.00	102.00		Discretionary
Adequate Accommodation Assessment (Immigration Rules 2016)	per inspection	no charges			190.00	38.00	128.00		Discretionary
Assistance in completing HMO application form	per application	no charges			50.00	10.00	60.00		Discretionary
Completion of floor plans for HMO licence application	per application	no charges			150.00	30.00	180.00		Discretionary

Civil Penalty Notice First Breach (payment received in 14 days)	per notice	no charges			1250.00	250.00	1500.00	Statutory
Civil Penalty Notice first breach (payment received after 14 days)	per notice	no charges		2500.00	500.00	3000.00	Statutory	
Civil Penalty Notice second breach (payment received in 14 days)	per notice	no charges		2500.00	500.00	3000.00	Statutory	
Civil Penalty Notice second breach (payment received after 14 days)	per notice	no charges		5000.00	1000.00	6000.00	Statutory	
Civil Penalty Notice third and any subsequent breach	per notice	no charges			5000.00	1000.00	6000.00	Statutory
Agency Fee (Disabled Facilities Grant)	by reference to cost of work on property	15% approved cost of works			17.5% approved cost of works			Statutory
Adaption Fee (Disabled Facilities Grant)	by reference to cost of work on property	10% approved cost of works			15% approved cost of works			Statutory
Agency Fee (Housing Regeneration Grant)	by reference to cost of work on property	10% approved cost of works			15% approved cost of works			Statutory

SERVICE: Licensing

Charges 20/21 Proposed charges 21/22

		C	narges 20/	4 1	Г	roposeu	cnarges 21/22	•	
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 19/20 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
			0.20			0.20			
1. Licensing Act 2003									
1.1. Temporary Event Notice		21.00	0.00	21.00	21.0	0.0	21.0	0.0	Statutory
1.2 New Premises Licence Application		Variable	0.00		Variable	0.0		0.0	Statutory
1.3 Premises Licence - Transfer		23.00	0.00	23.00	23.0	0.0	23.0	0.0	Statutory
1.4 Premises Licence - Vary DPS		23.00	0.00	23.00	23.0	0.0	23.0	0.0	Statutory
1.5 Change name/address/copy licence		10.50	0.00	10.50	10.5	0.0	10.5	0.0	Statutory
1.6 Minor Variation		89.00	0.00	89.00	89.0	0.0	89.0	0.0	Statutory
1.7 Full Variation		Variable	0.00		Variable	0.0			Statutory
1.8 New Club Premises Certificate		Variable	0.00		Variable	0.0			Statutory
1.9 Interim Authority Notice		23.00	0.00	23.00	23.0	0.0		0.0	Statutory
1.10 Provisional Statement		315.00	0.00	315.00	315.0	0.0	315.0	0.0	Statutory
1.11 New Personal Licence		37.00	0.00	37.00	37.0	0.0	37.0	0.0	Statutory
1.12 Annual Fees		Variable	0.00		Variable	0.0		0.0	Statutory
2. Gambling Act 2005									
2.1 New Small Society Lottery		40.00	0.00	40.00	40.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	Statutory
2.2 Small Society Lottery Renewal		20.00	0.00	20.00	20.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	Statutory
2.3 Premises Licence Annual Fees		Variable	0.00		Variable	0.0			Statutory
Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits									
2.4 Notification of Gaming Machine Permit		50.00	0.00	50.00	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	Statutory
2.5 New GMP Application		Variable	0.00		Variable	0.0			Statutory

2.6 Variation of Permit	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	Statutory
2.7 Transfer of Permit	25.00	0.00	25.00	25.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	Statutory
2.8 Copy of Permit	15.00	0.00	15.00	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	Statutory
2.9 Annual Fee	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	Statutory
Club gaming machines & Club Gaming Permits								
2.10 Grant New Operator	200.00	0.00	200.00	200.0	0.0	200.0	0.0	Statutory
2.11 Variation of Permit	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	Statutory
2.12 Annual Fee	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	Statutory
2.13 Copy of Permit	15.00	0.00	15.00	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	Statutory
2.14 Transfer of Permit	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	Statutory
Prize Gaming Permit & Family Entertainment Centres								
2.15 Grant	300.00	0.00	300.00	300.0	0.0	300.0	0.0	Statutory
2.16 Renewal	300.00	0.00	300.00	300.0	0.0	300.0	0.0	Statutory
2.17 Transfer	25.00	0.00	25.00	25.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	Statutory
2.18 Copy of Permit	15.00	0.00	15.00	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	Statutory
Gambling Premises Licences								
Adult Gaming Centre								
2.19 Provisional Statement	2000.00	0.00	2000.00	2000.0	0.0	2000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.20 New Application	2000.00	0.00	2000.00	2000.0	0.0	2000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.21 Annual Fee	1000.00	0.00	Variable	1000.0	0.0	Variable		Statutory
2.22 Variation	1000.00	0.00	1000.00	1000.0	0.0	1000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.23 Transfer	1200.00	0.00	1200.00	1200.0	0.0	1200.0	0.0	Statutory
2.24 Re-instatement of Licence	1200.00	0.00	1200.00	1200.0	0.0	1200.0	0.0	Statutory
Betting Premises (Other)								
2.25 Provisional Statement	3000.00	0.00	3000.00	3000.0	0.0	3000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.26 New Application	3000.00	0.00	3000.00	3000.0	0.0	3000.0	0.0	Statutory

2.27 Annual Fee		600.00	0.00	Variable	600.0	0.0	Variable		Statutory
2.28 Variation		1500.00	0.00	1500.00	1500.0	0.0	1500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.29 Transfer		1200.00	0.00	1200.00	1200.0	0.0	1200.0	0.0	Statutory
2.30 Re-instatement of Licence	UNIT	1200.00	0.00	1200.00	1200.0	0.0	1200.0	0.0	Statutory
Betting Premises (Track)									
2.31 Provisional Statement		2500.00	0.00	2500.00	2500.0	0.0	2500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.32 New Application		2500.00	0.00	2500.00	2500.0	0.0	2500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.33 Annual Fee		1000.00	0.00	1000.00	1000.0	0.0	1000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.34 Variation		1250.00	0.00	1250.00	1250.0	0.0	1250.0	0.0	Statutory
2.35 Transfer		950.00	0.00	950.00	950.0	0.0	950.0	0.0	Statutory
2.36 Re-instatement of Licence		950.00	0.00	950.00	950.0	0.0	950.0	0.0	Statutory
Family Entertainment Centres									
2.37 Provisional Statement		2000.00	0.00	2000.00	2000.0	0.0	2000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.38 New Application		2000.00	0.00	2000.00	2000.0	0.0	2000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.39 Annual Fee		750.00	0.00	750.00	750.0	0.0	750.0	0.0	Statutory
2.40 Variation		1000.00	0.00	1000.00	1000.0	0.0	1000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.41 Transfer		950.00	0.00	950.00	950.0	0.0	950.0	0.0	Statutory
2.42 Re-instatement of Licence		950.00	0.00	950.00	950.0	0.0	950.0	0.0	Statutory
Bingo									
2.43 Provisional Statement		3500.00	0.00	3500.00	3500.0	0.0	3500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.44 New Application		3500.00	0.00	3500.00	3500.0	0.0	3500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.45 Annual Fee		1000.00	0.00	Variable	1000.0	0.0	Variable		Statutory
2.46 Variation		1750.00	0.00	1750.00	1750.0	0.0	1750.0	0.0	Statutory
2.47 Transfer		1200.00	0.00	1200.00	1200.0	0.0	1200.0	0.0	Statutory
2.48 Re-instatement of Licence		1200.00	0.00	1200.00	1200.0	0.0	1200.0	0.0	Statutory

2.49 Provisional Statement	15000.00	0.00	15000.00	15000.0	0.0	15000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.50 New Application	15000.00	0.00	15000.00	15000.0	0.0	15000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.51 Annual Fee	15000.00	0.00	15000.00	15000.0	0.0	15000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.52 Variation	7500.00	0.00	7500.00	7500.0	0.0	7500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.53 Transfer	6500.00	0.00	6500.00	6500.0	0.0	6500.0	0.0	Statutory
2.54 Re-instatement of Licence	6500.00	0.00	6500.00	6500.0	0.0	6500.0	0.0	Statutory
Large Casino								
2.55 Provisional Statement	10000.00	0.00	10000.00	10000.0	0.0	10000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.56 New Application	10000.00	0.00	10000.00	10000.0	0.0	10000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.57 Annual Fee	10000.00	0.00	10000.00	10000.0	0.0	10000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.58 Variation	5000.00	0.00	5000.00	5000.0	0.0	5000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.59 Transfer	2150.00	0.00	2150.00	2150.0	0.0	2150.0	0.0	Statutory
2.60 Re-instatement of Licence	2150.00	0.00	2150.00	2150.0	0.0	2150.0	0.0	Statutory
Small Casino								
2.61 Provisional Statement	8000.00	0.00	8000.00	8000.0	0.0	0.0008	0.0	Statutory
2.62 New Application	8000.00	0.00	8000.00	8000.0	0.0	0.0008	0.0	Statutory
2.63 Annual Fee	5000.00	0.00	5000.00	5000.0	0.0	5000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.64 Variation	4000.00	0.00	4000.00	4000.0	0.0	4000.0	0.0	Statutory
2.65 Transfer	1800.00	0.00	1800.00	1800.0	0.0	1800.0	0.0	Statutory
2.66 Re-instatement of Licence	1800.00	0.00	1800.00	1800.0	0.0	1800.0	0.0	Statutory
3.Animal Activity Licence	1							1
3.1 Part A = Application Fee	229.00	0.00	229.00	229.0	0.0	229.0	0.0	Discretionary
3.2 Part B = Grant Fee	437.00	0.00	437.00	437.0	0.0	437.0	0.0	Discretionary
4. Dangerous Wild Animals			<u> </u>	Т	Ī			ı
4.1 New Application	273.00	0.00	273.00	273.0	0.0	273.0	0.0	Discretionary

4.2 Renewal		273.00	0.00	273.00	273.0	0.0	273.0	0.0	Discretionary
4.3 Copy of licence		10.50	0.00	10.50	10.5	0.0	10.5	0.0	Discretionary
5. Zoo Licence									
5.1 New Application		640.00	0.00	640.00	640.0	0.0	640.0	0.0	Discretionary
5.2 Copy of licence		10.50	0.00	10.50	10.5	0.0	10.5	0.0	Discretionary
5.3 Renewal		640.00	0.00	640.00	640.0	0.0	640.0	0.0	Discretionary
6. Film Classifications									
6.1 New Film Classification	Per Hour	95.00	0.00	95.00	95.0	0.0	95.0	0.0	Discretionary
7. Hypnotism									
7.1 Hypnotism - New		85.00	0.00	85.00	85.0	0.0	85.0	0.0	Discretionary
8. Scrap Metal Licence - Site									
8.1 New Application		680.00	0.00	680.00	680.0	0.0	680.0	0.0	Discretionary
8.2 Variation		280.00	0.00	280.00	280.0	0.0	280.0	0.0	Discretionary
8.3 Copy of Licence		10.50	0.00	10.50	10.5	0.0	10.5	0.0	Discretionary
8.4 Surrender		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0		Discretionary
8.5 Transfer		280.00	0.00	280.00	280.0	0.0	280.0	0.0	Discretionary
Scrap Metal Licence - Collector	ı	T	ı	1					1
8.6 New Application		340.00	0.00	340.00	340.0	0.0	340.0	0.0	Discretionary
8.7 Variation		280.00	0.00	280.00	280.0	0.0	280.0	0.0	Discretionary
8.8 Copy of Licence		10.50	0.00	10.50	10.5	0.0	10.5	0.0	Discretionary
Surrender		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0		Discretionary
9. Marriages		_	_						
9.1 New Marriage Application		290.00	0.00	290.00	290.0	0.0	290.0	0.0	Discretionary
9.2 Marriage Renewal		290.00	0.00	290.00	290.0	0.0	290.0	0.0	Discretionary
9.3 Surrender		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0		Discretionary
10. Sex Establishments									

10.1 Part A -New Application Fee	2527.00	0.00	2527.00	2527.0	0.0	2527.0	0.0	Discretionary
10.2 Part B - New Application Fee	1223.00	0.00	1223.00	1223.0	0.0	1223.0	0.0	Discretionary
10.3 Surrender	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0		Discretionary
10.4 Part A Variation	758.00	0.00	758.00	758.0	0.0	758.0	0.0	Discretionary
10.5 Part B Variation	122.00	0.00	122.00	122.0	0.0	122.0	0.0	Discretionary
10.6 Transfer	400.00	0.00	400.00	400.0	0.0	400.0	0.0	Discretionary
Duplicate Copy	24.00	0.00	24.00	24.0	0.0	24.0	0.0	Discretionary
11. Fireworks - Health and Safety (Fees) Regulations 2016								
New Explosives Licence where a minimum separation distance of greater than 0 metres is prescribed								
1 Year Licence	185.00	0.00	185.00	185.0	0.0	185.0	0.0	Statutory
2 Year Licence	243.00	0.00	243.00	243.0	0.0	243.0	0.0	Statutory
3 Licence	304.00	0.00	304.00	304.0	0.0	304.0	0.0	Statutory
4 Year Licence	374.00	0.00	374.00	374.0	0.0	374.0	0.0	Statutory
5 Year Licence	423.00	0.00	423.00	423.0	0.0	423.0	0.0	Statutory
New Explosives Licence where no minimum separation distance or a 0 metres minimum separation distance is prescribed								
1 Year Licence	109.00	0.00	109.00	109.0	0.0	109.0	0.0	Statutory
2 Year Licence	141.00	0.00	141.00	141.0	0.0	141.0	0.0	Statutory
3 Licence	173.00	0.00	173.00	173.0	0.0	173.0	0.0	Statutory
4 Year Licence	206.00	0.00	206.00	206.0	0.0	206.0	0.0	Statutory
5 Year Licence	238.00	0.00	238.00	238.0	0.0	238.0	0.0	Statutory
Renewal Explosives Licence where a minimum separation distance of greater than 0 metres is prescribed								
1 Year Licence	86.00	0.00	86.00	86.0	0.0	86.0	0.0	Statutory
2 Year Licence	147.00	0.00	147.00	147.0	0.0	147.0	0.0	Statutory

3 Licence	203.00	0.00	203.00	203.0	0.0	203.0	0.0	Statutory
4 Year Licence	266.00	0.00	266.00	266.0	0.0	266.0	0.0	Statutory
5 Year Licence	326.00	0.00	326.00	326.0	0.0	326.0	0.0	Statutory
Renewal Explosives Licence where no minimum separation distance or a 0 metres minimum separation distance is prescribed								
1 Year Licence	54.00	0.00	54.00	54.0	0.0	54.0	0.0	Statutory
2 Year Licence	86.00	0.00	86.00	86.0	0.0	86.0	0.0	Statutory
3 Licence	120.00	0.00	120.00	120.0	0.0	120.0	0.0	Statutory
4 Year Licence	152.00	0.00	152.00	152.0	0.0	152.0	0.0	Statutory
5 Year Licence	185.00	0.00	185.00	185.0	0.0	185.0	0.0	Statutory
Explosive Licence								
Change of name of licensee or address of site	36.00	0.00	36.00	36.0	0.0	36.0	0.0	Statutory
Transfer	36.00	0.00	36.00	36.0	0.0	36.0	0.0	Statutory
Duplicate Copy	36.00	0.00	36.00	36.0	0.0	36.0	0.0	Statutory
12. Business Planning Act 2020								
Pavement Licence New Application	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	0.00	100.00	0.0	Discretionary

• Additional £2 / hr for floodlights at Ladywell Fields. SERVICE: Culture & Community

Development

Charges 20/21 **Proposed Charges 21/22**

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	UNIT		VAT	Total		VAT	Total		
		Basic (£)	0.2	20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	0.2	21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
Hire of tennis courts in parks (annual membership, providing									
free use of courts)		35.00	0.00	35.00	35.00	0.00	35.00	0.0	Discretionary
Hire of tennis courts in parks (Pay and play per hour -non									
member)		5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.0	Discretionary

APPENDICES W1 to Z4 2021/22 BUDGET REPORT SERVICE: Community Centres

Charges 20/21

Proposed charges 21/22

	UNIT	Basic	VAT	Total	Basic	VAT	Total		Basis for
		(£)	0.2	19/20 (£)	(£)	0.2	21/22 (£)	% change	charging
Evelyn Community Centre (Main Hall) Mon-Fri	Per hour	22.00	0.00	22.00	23.00	0.00	23.00	4.5	Discretionary
Evelyn Community Centre (Main Hall) Sat / Sun before 6pm	Per hour	30.50	0.00	30.50	32.00	0.00	32.00	4.9	Discretionary
Evelyn Community Centre (Main Hall) Sat / Sun after 6pm	Per hour	43.50	0.00	43.50	45.50	0.00	45.50	4.6	Discretionary
Evelyn Community Centre (Hairdressing room)	Per hour	13.00	0.00	13.00	13.50	0.00	13.50	3.8	Discretionary
Honor Oak Community Centre Main Hall and garden	Per hour	60.00	0.00	60.00	63.00	0.00	63.00	5.0	Discretionary
Honor Oak Community Centre Main Hall, garden and lounge	Per hour	80.00	0.00	80.00	84.00	0.00	84.00	5.0	Discretionary
Honor Oak Community Centre lounge only	Per hour	30.00	0.00	30.00	31.50	0.00	31.50	5.0	Discretionary
Scotney Hall (Main Hall) Mon-Fri	Per hour	18.50	0.00	18.50	19.50	0.00	19.50	5.4	Discretionary
Scotney Hall (Main Hall) Sat / Sun before 6pm	Per hour	24.00	0.00	24.00	25.00	0.00	25.00	4.2	Discretionary
Scotney Hall (Main Hall) Sat / Sun after 6pm	Per hour	34.00	0.00	34.00	36.00	0.00	36.00	5.9	Discretionary
(Concessionary rates – all sites)	3 hour session	14.00	0.00	14.00	14.50	0.00	14.50	3.6	Discretionary
(CIS rates – all sites	4 hours booking closing	46.80	0.00	46.80	49.00	0.00	49.00	4.7	Discretionary
2. Leemore									
Lower Ground Hall VCS weekdays	Per hour	31.00	0.00	31.00	32.50	0.00	32.50	4.8	Discretionary

Lower Ground Hall VCS evenings & weekends	Per hour	34.00	0.00	34.00	35.50	0.00	35.50	4.4	Discretionary
Lower Ground Hall Commercial weekdays	Per hour	34.00	0.00	34.00	35.50	0.00	35.50	4.4	Discretionary
Lower Ground Hall Commercial evenings & weekends	Per hour	37.00	0.00	37.00	39.00	0.00	39.00	5.4	Discretionary
Hourly rate:	Per hour	22.00	0.00	22.00	23.00	0.00	23.00	4.5	Discretionary
Sat/Sun before 6pm:	Per hour	30.50	0.00	30.50	32.00	0.00	32.00	4.9	Discretionary
Sat/Sun after 6pm:	Per hour	43.50	0.00	43.50	46.00	0.00	46.00	5.7	Discretionary
Sat/Sun before 6pm	Per hour	21.00	0.00	21.00	22.00	0.00	22.00	4.8	Discretionary
Sat/Sun after 6pm:	Per hour	25.00	0.00	25.00	26.00	0.00	26.00	4.0	Discretionary
Hourly rate	Per hour	18.50	0.00	18.50	19.50	0.00	19.50	5.4	Discretionary
Sat & Sun before 6pm per hour	Per hour	24.00	0.00	24.00	25.00	0.00	25.00	4.2	Discretionary
Sat & Sun after 6pm per hour	Per hour	34.00	0.00	34.00	35.50	0.00	35.50	4.4	Discretionary

SERVICE: Library & Information Services

		Charges 20/21			Propos				
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
1 Charges for specific loan services	•								
1.1 Hire of CDs		1.25	0.00	1.25	1.25	0.00	1.25	0.0	Discretionary
1.2 Hire of DVDs		3.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.0	Discretionary
2 Charges for overdue items									
2.1 Members aged 14-59	per day to max of 10	0.20	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.20	0.0	Discretionary
2.2. Members over 60	per day to max of 5	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.0	Discretionary
2.3 DVDs	Repeat hire fee per loan period to max of 18	3.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.0	Discretionary
3 Charges for lost items									
	current cost							New	
3.1 Lost stock	of item +	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	charge	Discretionary
3.2 Lost tickets	I	1.00	0.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	100.0	Discretionary

SERVICE: Library & Information Services

Charges 20/21 Proposed charges 21/22

	Charges 20/21 Proposed charges 21/22								
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
	0	(-)	0.2	(~)	(~)	0.2	(~)	onange	9.1.9
	per								
4.1 Standard reservations	reservation	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Discretionary
4.2 British Library book	per				15.80+		15.80+		
reservations	reservation	15.80	0.00	15.80	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.0	Discretionary
	per								
4.3 British Library article	reservation, cost plus 10p				15.80+		15.80+		
reservations	per page	15.80	0.00	15.80	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.0	Discretionary
10301 Valions	per page	10.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Discretionally
5 Other services									
5.1 Colour printing and copying									
A4	per sheet	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.0	Discretionary
5.2 Colour printing and copying									
A3	per sheet	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.0	Discretionary
5.3 Black and white printing		0.40	0.00	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.40	0.0	D:
and copying A4	per sheet	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.0	Discretionary
5.4 Black and white printing	nor choot	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.0	Discretionary
and copying A3	per sheet	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.0	Discretionary
6 Sales									
6.1 Pen		0.15	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.0	Discretionary
6.2 Pencil		0.10	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.0	Discretionary
6.3 A4 plain paper		0.05	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.05	0.0	Discretionary

SERVICE: Library & Information Services

		Charges 20/21					Proposed charges 21/22					
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging			
6.4 A3 plain paper		0.10	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.0	Discretionary			
7 Room hire 7.1 Lewisham Library												
commercial hire	per hour	45.00	0.00	45.00	45.00	0.00	45.00	0.0	Discretionary			
7.2 Lewisham Library non- commercial hire	per hour	25.00	0.00	25.00	25.00	0.00	25.00	0.0	Discretionary			
7.3 Downham Library	per hour	17.00	0.00	17.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.0	Discretionary			
8 Local History and Archives Commercial reuse of images licensing												
8.1 Commercial publication	Double for worldwide rights	20.00	0.00	20.00	20.00	0.00	20.00	0.0	Discretionary			
8.2 Scholarly/non-profit publication	9.110	10.00	0.00	10.00	10.00	0.00	10.00	0.0	Discretionary			
8.3 Commercial exhibition	Double for worldwide rights	40.00	0.00	40.00	40.00	0.00	40.00	0.0	Discretionary			
8.4 Advertising	1.9	80.00	0.00	80.00	80.00	0.00	80.00	0.0	Discretionary			

SERVICE: Library & Information Services

		Ch	arges 20/	/21	Propos	ed charge	es 21/22		
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT 0.2	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
	Double for worldwide								
8.5 Merchandising	rights	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	0.00	100.00	0.0	Discretionary
8.6 Commercial interior/exterior decoration	for up to 5 images	150.00	0.00	150.00	150.00	0.00	150.00	0.0	Discretionary
8.7 Film and television UK	for 5 years	60.00	0.00	60.00	60.00	0.00	60.00	0.0	Discretionary
8.8 Film and television additional years UK		30.00	0.00	30.00	30.00	0.00	30.00	0.0	Discretionary
8.9 Film and television worldwide rights		100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	0.00	100.00	0.0	Discretionary
8.10 Film and television additional years worldwide rights		50.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.0	Discretionary
9 Local History and Archives other charges									
9.1 Microform printing		0.30	0.00	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.30	0.0	Discretionary
9.2 Copying Archive material A4		1.50	0.00	1.50	1.50	0.00	1.50	0.0	Discretionary
9.3 Copying Archive material A3		2.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.0	Discretionary
9.4 Scans 300dpi		5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.0	Discretionary
9.5 Scans 600dpi		10.00	0.00	10.00	10.00	0.00	10.00	0.0	Discretionary

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SERVICE: Library & Information Services

		Cr	narges 20	/21	Propos	ed charge	es 21/22		
	UNIT	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 20/21 (£)	Basic (£)	VAT	Total 21/22 (£)	% change	Basis for charging
			0.2			0.2			
9.6 Photography permit	per day	5.00	0.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	5.00	0.0	Discretionary

SERVICE: Register Office

		Charge s 20/21		charges 21/22				
	Basic ()	VAT 0.2	Total 19/20 ()	Basic ()	VAT 0.2	Total 20/21 ()	% chang e	Basis for charging
oth Marriago or Civil	•							

Propose

1.Birth, Death, Marriage or Civil Partnership Certificates

1.1 Standard Service (Issued at time of registration or if requested later then processed within 15 working days.

1.1.1 Birth, death and marriage certificates	11.00	0.00	11.00	11.00	0.00	11.00	0.0	Statutory
1.1.2 Civil Partnership certificates	11.00	0.00	11.00	11.00	0.00	11.00	0.0	Statutory

1.2 Priority Service (on or before next working day - orders up to 3pm)

1.2.1 Birth, death and marriage certificates	35.00 ^{(*2}	0.00	35.00(*2)	35.00 ^(*2)	0.00	35.00 ^(*2)	0.0	Statutory (Includes 2 nd class post, discretionary fee for 1 st class and Next Day Delivery)
1.2.2 Civil Partnership certificates	35.00 ^{(*2}	0.00	35.00(*2)	35.00(*2)	0.00	35.00(*2)	0.0	Statutory (Includes 2nd class post, discretionary fee for 1st class and Next Day Delivery)
2. Fees for marriage and divorce								
2.1 Marriage by Superintendent Registrar's certificate								
2.1.1 Entry of each notice of marriage for persons subject to the Home Office Referral and Investigation Scheme	47.00	0.00	47.00	47.00	0.00	47.00	0.0	Statutory
2.1.2 Entry of each notice of marriage for all other persons	35.00	0.00	35.00	35.00	0.00	35.00	0.0	Statutory
2.1.3 Consideration by Superintendent Registrar of a divorce obtained outside of the British Isles	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.0	Statutory
2.1.4 Consideration by the Registrar General of a divorce obtained outside of the British Isles	75.00	0.00	75.00	75.00	0.00	75.00	0.0	Statutory
2.2 Attendance at the ceremony								
2.2.1 At the register office	46.00	0.00	46.00	46.00	0.00	46.00	0.0	Statutory
2.2.2 At a registered building	86.00	0.00	86.00	86.00	0.00	86.00	0.0	Statutory

3.1 Entry of each notice of civil partnership for persons subject to the Home Office Referral and Investigation Scheme	47.00	0.00	47.00	47.00	0.00	47.00	0.0	Statutory
3.2 Entry of each notice of civil partnerships for all other persons	35.00	0.00	35.00	35.00	0.00	35.00	0.0	Statutory
3.3 Consideration by the registration authority of a civil partnership dissolution obtained outside of the British Isles	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.0	Statutory
3.4 Consideration by the Registrar General of a civil partnership dissolution obtained outside of the British Isles	75.00	0.00	75.00	75.00	0.00	75.00	0.0	Statutory
3.5 Attendance at civil partnership registration at the registrar office	46.00	0.00	46.00	46.00	0.00	46.00	0.0	Statutory
4. Fees for the conversion of a civil partnership into marriage								
4.1 Conversion of a civil partnership into marriage at the Register Office	45.00	0.00	45.00	45.00	0.00	45.00	0.0	Statutory
4.2 Two stage procedure on other premises								Statutory
4.2.2 Completing the declaration	27.00	0.00	27.00	27.00	0.00	27.00	0.0	Statutory
4.2.3 Signing the declaration in a religious building registered for the marriage of same sex couples	91.00	0.00	91.00	91.00	0.00	91.00	0.0	Statutory
5. Fees for changes to initial registration (payable to Registrar / Superintendent Registrar)								

5.1 Change of forename within 12 months of birth registration	40.00	40.00	40.00	0.00	40.00	0.0	Statutory
5.2 Consideration by the Registrar / Superintendent Registrar of a correction	75.00	75.00	75.00	0.00	75.00	0.0	Statutory
5.3 Consideration by the Registrar General of a correction	90.00	90.00	90.00	0.00	90.00	0.0	Statutory
C Food for accuration in indexes							
6. Fees for searches in indexes							
6.1 Search in the indexes by the applicant personally for not more than six successive hours	18.00	18.00	18.00	28.00	46.00	0.0	Statutory

7. Ceremonies 7.1 The Evelyn Suite, 368 Lewisham High Street. Ceremonies taking place between 0900 and 1700								
7.1.1 Monday to Thursday	200.00	0.00	200.00	220.00	0.00	220.00	10.0	Discretionary (includes 46 statutory fee)
7.1.2 Friday	245.00	0.00	245.00	270.00	0.00	270.00	10.2	Discretionary (includes 46 statutory fee)
7.1.3 Saturday	291.00	0.00	291.00	320.00	0.00	320.00	10.0	Discretionary (includes 46 statutory fee)

7.1.4 Sunday / Bank Holiday	495.00	0.00	495.00	Not available	0.00	Not availabl e		Discretionary (No longer offering Sunday ceremony's WEF 01/04/2020)
7.2 All external venues. Ceremonies taking place between 0900 and 1700.								
7.1.1 Monday to Thursday	472.00	0.00	472.00	486.00	0.00	486.00	3.0	Discretionary
7.1.2 Friday	526.00	0.00	526.00	542.00	0.00	542.00	3.0	Discretionary
7.1.3 Saturday	659.00	0.00	659.00	679.00	0.00	679.00	3.0	Discretionary
7.1.4 Sunday / Bank Holiday	715.00	0.00	715.00	736.00	0.00	736.00	2.9	Discretionary
8. Private Citizenship Ceremony								
8.1 Monday- Friday	185.00	0.00	185.00	100.00	0	100.00	-45.1	Discretionary
8.2 Saturday	185.00	0.00	185.00	NA	NA	NA	NA	Discretionary

SERVICE: Revenues

Charges 20/21 Proposed charges 21/22

	20/21 Charges 21/22								
	UNIT		VAT	Total		VAT	Total	%	
		Basic (£)	0.2	19/20 (£)	Basic (£)	0.2	20/21 (£)	chang e	Basis for charging
Summons application and liability order costs	per summons	172.50	0.00	172.50	172.50	0.00	172.50	0.0	Statutory
Summons application cost	per summons	72.50	0.00	72.50	72.50	0.00	72.50	0.0	Statutory
Liability order cost	per liability order	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.0	Statutory
Notice of Enforcement (Compliance)	per case	75.00	0.00	75.00	75.00	0.00	75.00	0.0	Statutory
Enforcement Fee	upon a visit	235.00	0.00	235.00	235.00	0.00	235.00	0.0	Statutory
Sale or disposal Stage	upon goods levied	110.00	0.00	110.00	110.00	0.00	110.00	0.0	Statutory

SERVICE: Parking

Proposed charges 21/22

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Charges 20/21

			g	~ — •						
	UNIT	Dania	VAT	Total	Dania.	VAT	Total	0/		Decis for
		Basic		18/19	Basic		Total	%		Basis for
		(£)	0.20	(£)	(£)	0.2	19/20 (£	change	Comment	charging

Parking Permits									
Resident Permit 3 Months		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Resident Permit 12 Months		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Resident Disabled Permit		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Resident Low Emission		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Resident Visitor Permit 1 Hour	1.60	0.00	1.60	1.60	0.00	1.60	0.0		Discretionary
Resident Visitor Permit Book of 10	16.00	0.00	16.00	16.00	0.00	16.00	0.0		Discretionary
Resident Visitor Permit 5 Hour	3.20	0.00	3.20	3.20	0.00	3.20	0.0		Discretionary
Resident Visitor Permit 1 Day	6.40	0.00	6.40	6.40	0.00	6.40	0.0		Discretionary
Resident Visitor Permit Weekly	25.60	0.00	25.60	25.60	0.00	25.60	0.0		Discretionary
Business Permit 6 Months		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Business Permit 12 Months		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Business Z Permit		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Car Club	500.00	0.00	500.00	500.00	0.00	500.00	0.0		Discretionary
Business Health Permits		0.00			0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Hospital Staff 6 Months	255.00	0.00	255.00		0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Hospital Staff 12 Months	500.00	0.00	500.00		0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Staff 2 Days a Week	200.00	0.00	200.00		0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Staff 3 Days a Week	300.00	0.00	300.00		0.00			See Appendix 6A Section 3	Discretionary
Staff 5 Days a Week	500.00	0.00	500.00		0.00				Discretionary
Charity Business	120.00	0.00	120.00	120.00	0.00	120.00	0.0		Discretionary
Market Trader Lewisham Market	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0		Discretionary
Market Trader Deptford Market 6 Months	125.00	0.00	125.00	125.00	0.00	125.00	0.0		Discretionary

Market Trader Deptford Market 12 Months	250.00	0.00	250.00	250.00	0.00	250.00	0.0	Discretionary
								,
Councillor Full	750.00	0.00	750.00	750.00	0.00	750.00	0.0	Discretionary
Councillor Discounted	500.00	0.00	500.00	500.00	0.00	500.00	0.0	Discretionary
Lawn Bowls 6 Months	30.00	0.00	30.00	30.00	0.00	30.00	0.0	Discretionary
Suspensions								
Residential Bay	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.0	Discretionary
Pay & Display (50 admin fee + 30 per bay per day)	80.00	0.00	80.00	80.00	0.00	80.00	0.0	Discretionary
Public Car Park (50 admin fee + 30 per bay per day)	80.00	0.00	80.00	80.00	0.00	80.00	0.0	Discretionary
Dispensation (50 per vehicle per day)	50.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	50.00	0.0	Discretionary
Pay & Display								
Cashless 1 Hour (1.40 + 0.20 Convenience fee)	2.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.0	Discretionary
Cash 1 Hour	2.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.0	Discretionary
PCN								
Band A Full	130.00	0.00	130.00	130.00	0.00	130.00	0.0	Discretionary
Band A Discounted	65.00	0.00	65.00	65.00	0.00	65.00	0.0	Discretionary
Band B Full	110.00	0.00	110.00	110.00	0.00	110.00	0.0	Discretionary
Band B Discounted	55.00	0.00	55.00	55.00	0.00	55.00	0.0	Discretionary

Appendix 6A – Parking Charges 20/21 (no changes proposed - see narrative)

Contents

Recommended Emissions-Based Bands Introduction of New Permit Fees Recommended Permit Pricing Resident Permits
Business Permits
Business All Zones Permits
Business Hospital Permits
Health Permits
Business Staff Permits
Hospital Health Permits
Visitor Permits

Recommended Emissions-Based Bands

The following bands reflect HMRC banding of cars (i.e. the bandings that are used to determine tax rates).

Emissions Based Band	Pre-2001 (engine size, cc)	Post-2001 (emissions, CO2g/km)	Example vehicle in band
1	0-1300	0	Electric Vehicles
2	1301-1400	101-110	VW Golf Hatchback 1.0L
3	1401-1450	111-120	VW Passat 1.4L
4	1451-1500	121-130	Nissan Quashqai 1.2L
5	1501-1575	131-140	Audi A3 1.4L
6	1576-1650	141-150	Ford Focus Titanium 2.0 TDCi
7	1651-1750	151-165	Ford Mondeo 2.0L
8	1751-1850	166-175	Peugeot 308 1.6L
9	1851-1975	176-185	Range Rover Velar 2.0
10	1976-2100	186-200	Alfa Romeo 147 1.6L
11	2101-2500	201-225	Audi A8 3.0L
12	2501-2750	226-255	Mercedes Benz C-Class 350
13	2751+	256+	Range Rover Sport 5.0 V8 Supercharged

• Vehicles made prior to 2001 will be banded based on their engine size as per the details above; the DVLA does not hold information on the emissions of vehicles of this age.

Introduction of new permit fees

Applicant vehicles will be banded according to HMRC's emissions banding, the cost of all permits will increase or decrease to the full new price from the date the emissions-based permits are introduced and implemented at the next renewal or application.

Recommended Permit Pricing

The tables below outline the final cost of each type of permit, along with the percentage and number of vehicles that will be affected.

Resident Permits

·	•				Petrol Vehicles			•		Diesel Vehicles		
Emissions Based Band	# of vehicles in each band	% of total vehicles in each band	Permit Price (3 months)	Permit Price (6 months)	Permit Price (12 months)	# of petrol vehicles in band	% of all petrol vehicles in band	Permit Price (3 months)	Permit Price (6 months)	Permit Price (12 months)	# of diesel vehicles in band	% of all diesel vehicles in band
1	717	6%	£18.00	£35.00	£70.00	534	7%	£30.00	£60.00	£120.00	183	5%
2	800	7%	£22.00	£42.50	£85.00	509	7%	£34.00	£67.00	£135.00	291	8%
3	1005	9%	£25.00	£50.00	£100.00	573	7%	£37.00	£75.00	£150.00	432	11%
4	933	8%	£29.00	£57.50	£115.00	634	8%	£41.00	£82.00	£165.00	299	8%
5	1320	11%	£33.00	£65.00	£130.00	809	10%	£45.00	£90.00	£180.00	511	13%
6	1281	11%	£37.00	£72.50	£145.00	947	12%	£49.00	£97.00	£195.00	334	9%
7	1495	13%	£40.00	£80.00	£160.00	1047	14%	£52.00	£105.00	£210.00	448	12%
8	742	6%	£44.00	£87.50	£175.00	573	7%	£56.00	£112.00	£225.00	169	4%
9	635	6%	£48.00	£95.00	£190.00	408	5%	£60.00	£120.00	£240.00	227	6%
10	847	7%	£52.00	£102.50	£205.00	606	8%	£64.00	£127.00	£255.00	241	6%
11	724	6%	£55.00	£110.00	£220.00	411	5%	£67.00	£135.00	£270.00	313	8%
12	557	5%	£59.00	£117.50	£235.00	364	5%	£71.00	£142.00	£285.00	193	5%
13	485	4%	£63.00	£125.00	£250.00	332	4%	£75.00	£150.00	£300.00	153	4%
	11541					7747					3794	

The current price of a 12-month Resident Permit is 120.

- There is no additional charge for 3-month and 6-month resident permits, which will be charged on a pro rata basis.
- The price scale has been based on a 20 percent increase of Band 6 over the current permit price, with a 15 adjustment +/- of the bands on a linear basis.
- Diesel vehicles will also be subject to a 50 diesel surcharge across the bands, this is pro rata adjusted for 3 and 6 month permits.

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- Disabled permits will remain free.
- There will be an administration charge of 15 for all refunds.

Business Permits

				Petrol	Vehicles		Diesel Vehicles				
Emissions Based Band	# of vehicles in each band	% of total vehicles in each band	Permit Price (6 months)	Permit Price (12 months)	# of petrol vehicles in band	% of all petrol vehicles in band	Permit Price (6 months)	Permit Price (12 months)	# of diesel vehicles in band	% of all diesel vehicles in band	
1	52	8%	£210.00	£350.00	32	8%	£235.00	£400.00	20	8%	
2	60	9%	£240.00	£400.00	32	8%	£265.00	£450.00	28	11%	
3	80	12%	£270.00	£450.00	47	12%	£295.00	£500.00	33	13%	
4	73	11%	£300.00	£500.00	58	14%	£325.00	£550.00	15	6%	
5	83	13%	£330.00	£550.00	44	11%	£355.00	£600.00	39	16%	
6	68	10%	£360.00	£600.00	46	11%	£385.00	£650.00	22	9%	
7	86	13%	£390.00	£650.00	54	13%	£415.00	£700.00	32	13%	
8	39	6%	£420.00	£700.00	29	7%	£445.00	£750.00	10	4%	
9	33	5%	£450.00	£750.00	19	5%	£475.00	£800.00	14	6%	
10	25	4%	£480.00	£800.00	13	3%	£505.00	£850.00	12	5%	
11	32	5%	£510.00	£850.00	15	4%	£535.00	£900.00	17	7%	
12	15	2%	£540.00	£900.00	9	2%	£565.00	£950.00	6	2%	
13	11	2%	£570.00	£950.00	8	2%	£595.00	£1,000.00	3	1%	
	657				406				251		

The current price of a Business permit is 500.

- Revised pricing scale is based on a 20 percent increase on the current Business permit price at Band 6, then adjusted by 50 +/- linearly.
- The 50 diesel surcharge is applied on top of the revised permit price, this is pro rata adjusted for 6 month permits.
- Business permits will be sold for Lewisham Council car parks only on a monthly pro-rata rate as per the costs above.

Business All Zones Permits

				Petrol Vehicles		Diesel Vehicles			
Emissions Based	# of vehicles in	% of total vehicles	Permit Price (12	# of petrol vehicles	% of all petrol	Permit Price (12	# of diesel vehicles	% of all diesel	
Band	each band	in each band	months)	in band	vehicles in band	months)	in band	vehicles in band	
1	46	11%	£650.00	27	23%	£700.00	19	7%	
2	22	5%	£700.00	17	15%	£750.00	5	2%	
3	31	8%	£750.00	10	9%	£800.00	21	7%	
4	51	13%	£800.00	11	9%	£850.00	40	14%	
5	27	7%	£850.00	13	11%	£900.00	14	5%	
6	16	4%	£900.00	9	8%	£950.00	7	2%	
7	52	13%	£950.00	12	10%	£1,000.00	40	14%	
8	18	4%	£1,000.00	3	3%	£1,050.00	15	5%	
9	47	12%	£1,050.00	5	4%	£1,100.00	42	15%	
10	41	10%	£1,100.00	5	4%	£1,150.00	36	13%	
11	45	11%	£1,150.00	1	1%	£1,200.00	44	15%	
12	3	1%	£1,200.00	0	0%	£1,250.00	3	1%	
13	4	1%	£1,250.00	3	3%	£1,300.00	1	0%	
·	403			116			287		

The current price of a Business All Zone permit is 750.

- Revised pricing scale is based on a 20 percent increase on the current Business Z permit price at Band 6, then adjusted by 50 +/- linearly.
- The 50 diesel surcharge is applied.

Business Hospital Permits

The current policy is that Lewisham Hospital can purchase a limited number of permits for staff at the current business rate of 500 p.a. Recommended changes:

• The permit will continue to replicate business permits at the new rate.

Health Permits

				Petrol Vehicles		. Diesel Vehicles			
Emissions Based Band	# of vehicles in each band	% of total vehicles in each band	Permit Price (12 months)	# of petrol vehicles in band	% of all petrol vehicles in band	Permit Price (12 months)	# of diesel vehicles in band	% of all diesel vehicles in band	
1	28	9%	£70.00	23	9%	£120.00	5	9%	
2	36	12%	£85.00	31	12%	£135.00	5	9%	
3	38	12%	£100.00	32	13%	£150.00	6	10%	
4	47	15%	£115.00	39	16%	£165.00	8	14%	
5	57	18%	£130.00	43	17%	£180.00	14	24%	
6	29	9%	£145.00	23	9%	£195.00	6	10%	
7	35	11%	£160.00	30	12%	£210.00	5	9%	
8	7	2%	£175.00	7	3%	£225.00	0	0%	
9	10	3%	£190.00	7	3%	£240.00	3	5%	
10	12	4%	£205.00	10	4%	£255.00	2	3%	
11	2	1%	£220.00	2	1%	£270.00	0	0%	
12	3	1%	£235.00	2	1%	£285.00	1	2%	
13	5	2%	£250.00	2	1%	£300.00	3	5%	
	309			251			58		

The current price of a Health permit is 200.

• The revised pricing scale is based on a 27.5 percent reduction on the current Health permit price, then adjusted by 15 +/- linearly.

• The 50 diesel surcharge is applied.

Current policy: staff have to display the clock in the windscreen highlighting start time with maximum stay of 2 hours.

Recommended change: staff will have to activate their parking duration on each visit via the app, maximum stay per location is 2 hours.

Business Staff Permits

ı	•	,		Petrol Vehicles		Diesel Vehicles				
Emissions Based	# of vehicles in	% of total vehicles	Permit Price (12	# of petrol vehicles	% of all petrol	Permit Price (12	# of diesel vehicles	% of all diesel		
Band	each band	in each band	months)	in band	vehicles in band	months)	in band	vehicles in band		
1	28	9%	£350.00	20	9%	£400.00	8	8%		
2	32	10%	£400.00	24	10%	£450.00	8	8%		
3	39	12%	£450.00	22	9%	£500.00	17	18%		
4	40	12%	£500.00	26	11%	£550.00	14	15%		
5	37	11%	£550.00	27	12%	£600.00	10	10%		
6	30	9%	£600.00	23	10%	£650.00	7	7%		
7	36	11%	£650.00	26	11%	£700.00	10	10%		
8	21	6%	£700.00	17	7%	£750.00	4	4%		
9	20	6%	£750.00	15	6%	£800.00	5	5%		
10	20	6%	£800.00	15	6%	£850.00	5	5%		
11	8	2%	£850.00	4	2%	£900.00	4	4%		
12	5	2%	£900.00	3	1%	£950.00	2	2%		
13	12	4%	£950.00	10	4%	£1,000.00	2	2%		
# of vehicles	328			232			96			

The current price of the permit is 500.

- Revised pricing scale is based on a 20 percent increase on the current Business permit price at Band 6, then adjusted by 50 +/- linearly.
- The 50 diesel surcharge is applied.

Hospital Health Permits

<u>Hospital Health</u>		Current price	£500) Petrol Vehicles			Diesel Vehicles	
				, 60 6. 7 66.65			2.606.10.000	
Emissions Based Band	# of vehicles in each band	% of total vehicles in each band	Permit Price (12 months)	# of petrol vehicles in band	% of all petrol vehicles in band	Permit Price (12 months)	# of diesel vehicles in band	% of all diesel vehicles in band
1	18	5%	£350.00	13	6%	£400.00	5	5%
1								
2	8	2%	£400.00	5	2%	£450.00	3	3%
3	16	5%	£450.00	8	3%	£500.00	8	8%
4	24	7%	£500.00	16	7%	£550.00	8	8%
5	16	5%	£550.00	13	6%	£600.00	3	3%
6	10	3%	£600.00	8	3%	£650.00	2	2%
7	14	4%	£650.00	9	4%	£700.00	5	5%
8	7	2%	£700.00	4	2%	£750.00	3	3%
9	2	1%	£750.00	2	1%	£800.00	0	0%
10	5	2%	£800.00	2	1%	£850.00	3	3%
11	5	2%	£850.00	3	1%	£900.00	2	2%
12	1	0%	£900.00	0	0%	£950.00	1	1%
13	0	0%	£950.00	0	0%	£1,000.00	0	0%
# of vehicles	126			83			43	

The current price of Hospital Health permits is 500. Revised pricing scale is based on a 20 percent increase on the current Business permit price at Band 6, then adjusted by 50 +/- linearly.

The 50 diesel surcharge is applied

Visitor Permits

Current Visitor Permit pricing:

• 1hr = 1.40 on line or a book of 10 = 10.00

Permits can be obtained via the library or by post sent recorded delivery at a cost of 1.67, with the rates as following:

- 5hr = 2.80
- Daily = 5.60

• Weekly = 20.00

Our current policy is that upon application, a book of 10 one hour visitor parking permits will be provided free of charge to all households that currently have at least one paid annual resident parking permit. Also, upon application, a book of ten (1 hour) visitor parking permits will be provided free of charge to any residents in CPZs who are over 60, and in receipt of Council Tax support, and do not have another parking permit per annum.

Recommended changes:

The recommendation is to provide ten hours of visitor parking credit free of charge to all households that currently have at least one paid annual resident parking permit. This will be credited to their on-line account and can be used via their app (which will be provided as part of the new IT system) at their convenience. For visitors who have limited or no internet access, a book of vouchers can be sent on application.

- Visitor permits will rise to 1.60 per hour
- Book of 10 vouchers will be 16.00
- 5hr will be 3.20
- Daily will be 6.40
- Weekly will be 25.60

						U	pdated	% increase in	Project	ed annual income	Var.	current income &
	Cur	rent Price		Current Income	# sold		Price	price	on	updated price		projected
Hourly	£	1.40	£	6,170.64	4,408	£	1.60	14.3%	£	7,052.16	£	881.52
Book of 10 x 1hr	£	10.00	£	12,612.00	1,261	£	16.00	60.0%	£	20,179.20	£	7,567.20
5-hours	£	2.80	£	16,371.36	5,847	£	3.20	14.3%	£	18,710.13	£	2,338.77
Daily	£	5.60	£	23,170.56	4,138	£	6.40	14.3%	£	26,480.64	£	3,310.08
Weekly	£	20.00	£	10,816.80	541	£	25.60	28.0%	£	13,845.50	£	3,028.70
			£	69,141.36	16,194				£	86,267.63	£	17,126.27

There will be no change to the issuing of a book of ten (1 hour) visitor parking permits will be provided free of charge to any residents in CPZs who are over 60, and in receipt of Council Tax support, and do not have another parking permit per annum.

BEREAVEMENT SERVICES

	Charges 20/21			Proposed 21/22					
	UNIT		VAT	Total (£)		VAT	Total (£)	%	Basis for
		Basic (£)			Basic (£)			change	charging
1. Purchase of graves (50-year lease) - includ	ing first	interment re	esidents	s charge					
1.1. Lawn grave, non border		3266.00	0.00	3266.00	3592.00	0.00	3592.00	10.0	Discretionary
1.2 Lawn grave, border		3588.00	0.00	3588.00	3946.00	0.00	3946.00	10.0	Discretionary
1.3 Full memorial grave, non border		3861.00	0.00	3861.00	4247.00	0.00	4247.00	10.0	Discretionary
1.4 Full memorial grave, border		4152.00	0.00	4152.00	4567.00	0.00	4567.00	10.0	Discretionary
1.5 Cremated remains or baby graves		946.00	0.00	946.00	1040.00	0.00	1040.00	10.0	Discretionary
2. Burial fees - residents charges									
2.1 Resident under 16 years old	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Discretionary
2.2 Resident over 16 years old		1666.00	0.00	1666.00	1832.00	0.00	1832.00	10.0	Discretionary
2.3 Additional fee for caskets and coffins 2'4" wide and over	sq ft	105.00	0.00	105.00	108.00	0.00	108.00	3.0	Discretionary
2.4.Public (cost of interment in public grave)	oq it	885.00	0.00	885.00	915.00	0.00	915.00	3.5	Discretionary
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
3. Cremation costs									
3.1 Adults, Monday to Friday (9am to 930am)		540.00	0.00	540.00	620.00	0.00	620.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.3 Adults, Monday to Friday (10am to 315pm)		650.00	0.00	650.00	750.00	0.00	750.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.2 Adults, Monday to Friday (4 pm)		665.00	0.00	665.00	755.00	0.00	755.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.3 Adults, Saturdays		976.00	0.00	976.00	1122.00	0.00	1122.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.4 Adults, Sundays		1302.00	0.00	1302.00	1497.00	0.00	1497.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.5 Resident child under 16		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	Discretionary
3.6 Non-resident child under 2 years		63.00	0.00	63.00	72.00	0.00	72.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.7 Non-resident child under 2-16		498.00	0.00	498.00	570.00	0.00	570.00	15.0	Discretionary
3.8 Adult Direct Cremation (no chapel service)		400.00	0.00	400.00	420.00	0.00	420.00	5.0	Discretionary
4. Burial of cremated remains (ashes)		<u> </u>							

4.1 Resident	246.00	0.00	246.00	270.00		270.00	10.0	Discretionary
4.2 Non-resident	855.00	0.00	855.00	855.00		855.00	0.0	Discretionary
5. Memorial fees - residents charges								
5.1 Permit to erect a memorial, full or lawn section	310.00	0.00	310.00	320.00	0.00	320.00	3.5	Discretionary
5.2 Permit to erect a memorial on a public grave	62.00	0.00	62.00	64.00	0.00	64.00	3.5	Discretionary
5.3 Addition inscription on existing memorial	88.00	0.00	88.00	91.00	0.00	91.00	3.5	Discretionary
6. Chapel fees								
6.1 Use of chapel	120.00	0.00	120.00	124.00	0.00	124.00	3.5	Discretionary
6.2 Use of chapel organ	27.00	0.00	27.00	28.00	0.00	28.00	3.5	Discretionary
6.3 Organist fee	75.00	0.00	75.00	78.00	0.00	78.00	3.5	Discretionary
7. Exhumation and reburial fees								
7.1 Resident exhumation	3312.00	0.00	3312.00	3428.00	0.00	3428.00	3.5	Discretionary
7.2 Each additional resident coffin removed	1042.00	0.00	1042.00	1078.00	0.00	1078.00	3.5	Discretionary
7.3 Non-resident exhumation	11342.00	0.00	11342.00	11342.00	0.00	11342.00	0.0	Discretionary
7.3 Each additional non-resident coffin removed	3527.00	0.00	3527.00	3527.00	0.00	3527.00	0.0	Discretionary
7.4 Resident reburial	1666.00	0.00	1666.00	1832.00	0.00	1832.00	10.0	Discretionary
7.5 Non-resident reburial	5716.00	0.00	5716.00	5716.00	0.00	5716.00	0.0	Discretionary
8. Other charges								
8.1 Searching register (up to 4 names)	44.00	0.00	44.00	48.00	0.00	48.00	10.0	Discretionary
8.2 Transfer ownership without probate	75.00	0.00	75.00	82.00	0.00	82.00	10.0	Discretionary
8.2 Transfer ownership with probate	60.00	0.00	60.00	66.00	0.00	66.00	10.0	Discretionary
8.3 Customs certificate or duplicate cremation certificate	31.00	0.00	31.00	33.00	0.00	33.00	3.5	Discretionary

APPENDIX Y9

Making Fair Financial Decisions



Making fair financial decisions Guidance for decision-makers

3rd edition, January 2015

Introduction

With major reductions in public spending, public authorities in Britain are being required to make difficult financial decisions. This guide sets out what is expected of you as a decision-maker or leader of a public authority responsible for delivering key services at a national, regional and/or local level, in order to make such decisions as fair as possible.

The public sector equality duty (the equality duty) does not prevent you from making difficult decisions such as reorganisations and relocations, redundancies, and service reductions, nor does it stop you from making decisions which may affect one group more than another group. The equality duty enables you to demonstrate that you are making financial decisions in a fair, transparent and accountable way, considering the needs and the rights of different members of your community. This is achieved through assessing the impact that changes to policies, procedures and practices could have on people with different protected characteristics.

Assessing the impact on equality of proposed changes to policies, procedures and practices is not just something that the law requires, it is a positive opportunity for you as a public authority leader to ensure you make better decisions based on robust evidence.

What the law requires

Under the equality duty (set out in the Equality Act 2010), public authorities must have 'due regard' to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation as well as to advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

The protected characteristics covered by the equality duty are: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation. The duty also covers marriage and civil partnerships, but only in respect of eliminating unlawful discrimination.

The law requires that public authorities demonstrate that they have had 'due regard' to the aims of the equality duty in their decision-making. Assessing the potential impact on equality of proposed changes to policies, procedures and practices is one of the key ways in which public authorities can demonstrate that they have had 'due regard'.

It is also important to note that public authorities subject to the equality duty are also likely to be subject to the Human Rights Act 1998. We would therefore recommend that public authorities consider the potential impact their decisions could have on human rights.

Aim of this guide

This guide aims to assist decision-makers in ensuring that:

- The process they follow to assess the impact on equality of financial proposals is robust, and
- The impact that financial proposals could have on people with protected characteristics is thoroughly considered before any decisions are arrived at.

We have also produced detailed guidance for those responsible for assessing the impact on equality of their policies, which is available on our website at www.equalityhumanrights.com

The benefits of assessing the impact on equality

By law, your assessments of impact on equality must:

- Contain enough information to enable a public authority to demonstrate it has had 'due regard' to the aims of the equality duty in its decision-making
- Consider ways of mitigating or avoiding any adverse impacts.

Such assessments do not have to take the form of a document called an equality impact assessment. If you choose not to develop a document of this type, then some alternative approach which systematically assesses any adverse impacts of a change in policy, procedure or practice will be required.

Assessing impact on equality is not an end in itself and it should be tailored to, and be proportionate to, the decision that is being made.

Whether it is proportionate for an authority to conduct an assessment of the impact on equality of a financial decision or not depends on its relevance to the authority's particular function and its likely impact on people with protected characteristics.

We recommend that you document your assessment of the impact on equality when developing financial proposals. This will help you to:

- Ensure you have a written record of the equality considerations you have taken into account.
- Ensure that your decision includes a consideration of the actions that would help to avoid or mitigate any impacts on particular protected characteristics. Individual decisions should also be informed by the wider context of decisions in your own and other relevant public authorities, so that people with particular protected characteristics are not unduly affected by the cumulative effects of different decisions.
- Make your decisions based on evidence: a decision which is informed by relevant local and national information about equality is a better quality decision. Assessments of impact on equality provide a clear and systematic way to collect, assess and put forward relevant evidence.

- Make the decision-making process more transparent: a process which involves those likely to be affected by the policy, and which is based on evidence, is much more open and transparent. This should also help you secure better public understanding of the difficult decisions you will be making in the coming months.
- Comply with the law: a written record can be used to demonstrate that due regard has been had. Failure to meet the equality duty may result in authorities being exposed to costly, time-consuming and reputation-damaging legal challenges.

When should your assessments be carried out?

Assessments of the impact on equality must be carried out at a **formative stage** so that the assessment is an integral part of the development of a proposed policy, not a later justification of a policy that has already been adopted. Financial proposals which are relevant to equality, such as those likely to impact on equality in your workforce and/or for your community, should always be subject to a thorough assessment. This includes proposals to outsource or procure any of the functions of your organisation. The assessment should form part of the proposal, and you should consider it carefully **before** making your decision.

If you are presented with a proposal that has not been assessed for its impact on equality, you should question whether this enables you to consider fully the proposed changes and its likely impact. Decisions not to assess the impact on equality should be fully documented, along with the reasons and the evidence used to come to this conclusion. This is important as authorities may need to rely on this documentation if the decision is challenged.

It is also important to remember that the potential impact is not just about numbers. Evidence of a serious impact on a small number of individuals is just as important as something that will impact on many people.

What should I be looking for in my assessments?

Assessments of impact on equality need to be based on relevant information and enable the decision-maker to understand the equality implications of a decision and any alternative options or proposals.

As with everything, proportionality is a key principle. Assessing the impact on equality of a major financial proposal is likely to need significantly more effort and resources dedicated to ensuring effective engagement, than a simple assessment of a proposal to save money by changing staff travel arrangements.

There is no prescribed format for assessing the impact on equality, but the following questions and answers provide guidance to assist you in determining whether you consider that an assessment is robust enough to rely on:

Is the purpose of the financial proposal clearly set out?

A robust assessment will set out the reasons for the change; how this change can impact on protected groups, as well as whom it is intended to benefit; and the intended outcome. You should also think about how individual financial proposals

might relate to one another. This is because a series of changes to different policies or services could have a severe impact on particular protected characteristics.

Joint working with your public authority partners will also help you to consider thoroughly the impact of your joint decisions on the people you collectively serve.

Example: A local authority takes separate decisions to limit the eligibility criteria for community care services; increase charges for respite services; scale back its accessible housing programme; and cut concessionary travel. Each separate decision may have a significant effect on the lives of disabled residents, and the cumulative impact of these decisions may be considerable. This combined impact would not be apparent if the decisions were considered in isolation.

Has the assessment considered available evidence?

Public authorities should consider the information and research already available locally and nationally. The assessment of impact on equality should be underpinned by up-to-date and reliable information about the different protected groups that the proposal is likely to have an impact on. A lack of information is not a sufficient reason to conclude that there is no impact.

· Have those likely to be affected by the proposal been engaged?

Engagement is crucial to assessing the impact on equality. There is no explicit requirement to engage people under the equality duty, but it will help you to improve the equality information that you use to understand the possible impact on your policy on different protected characteristics. No-one can give you a better insight into how proposed changes will have an impact on, for example, disabled people, than disabled people themselves.

Have potential positive and negative impacts been identified?

It is not enough to state simply that a policy will impact on everyone equally; there should be a more in-depth consideration of available evidence to see if particular protected characteristics are more likely to be affected than others. Equal treatment does not always produce equal outcomes; sometimes authorities will have to take particular steps for certain groups to address an existing disadvantage or to meet differing needs.

• What course of action does the assessment suggest that I take? Is it iustifiable?

The assessment should clearly identify the option(s) chosen, and their potential impacts, and document the reasons for this decision. There are four possible outcomes of an assessment of the impact on equality, and more than one may apply to a single proposal:

Outcome 1: No major change required when the assessment has not identified any potential for discrimination or adverse impact and all opportunities to advance equality have been taken.

Outcome 2: Adjustments to remove barriers identified by the assessment or to better advance equality. Are you satisfied that the proposed adjustments will remove the barriers identified?

Outcome 3: Continue despite having identified some potential for adverse impacts or missed opportunities to advance equality. In this case, the justification should be included in the assessment and should be in line with the duty to have 'due regard'. For the most important relevant policies, compelling reasons will be needed. You should consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the negative impact and/or plans to monitor the actual impact, as discussed below.

Outcome 4: Stop and rethink when an assessment shows actual or potential unlawful discrimination.

Are there plans to alleviate any negative impacts?

Where the assessment indicates a potential negative impact, consideration should be given to means of reducing or mitigating this impact. This will in practice be supported by the development of an action plan to reduce impacts. This should identify the responsibility for delivering each action and the associated timescales for implementation. Considering what action you could take to avoid any negative impact is crucial, to reduce the likelihood that the difficult decisions you will have to take in the near future do not create or perpetuate inequality.

Example: A University decides to close down its childcare facility to save money, particularly given that it is currently being under-used. It identifies that doing so will have a negative impact on women and individuals from different racial groups, both staff and students.

In order to mitigate such impacts, the University designs an action plan to ensure relevant information on childcare facilities in the area is disseminated to staff and students in a timely manner. This will help to improve partnership working with the local authority and to ensure that sufficient and affordable childcare remains accessible to its students and staff.

Are there plans to monitor the actual impact of the proposal?

Although assessments of impact on equality will help to anticipate a proposal's likely effect on different communities and groups, in reality the full impact of a decision will only be known once it is introduced. It is therefore important to set out arrangements for reviewing the actual impact of the proposals once they have been implemented.

What happens if you don't properly assess the impact on equality of relevant decisions?

If you have not carried out an assessment of impact on equality of the proposal, or have not done so thoroughly, you risk leaving yourself open to legal challenges, which are both costly and time-consuming. Legal cases have shown what can happen when authorities do not consider their equality duties when making decisions.

Example: A court overturned a decision by Haringey Council to consent to a large-scale building redevelopment in Wards Corner in Tottenham, on the basis that the council had not considered the impact of the proposal on different racial groups before granting planning permission.

However, the result can often be far more fundamental than a legal challenge. If people feel that an authority is acting high-handedly or without properly involving its service users or employees, or listening to their concerns, they are likely to be become disillusioned with you.

Above all, authorities which fail to carry out robust assessments of the impact on equality risk making poor and unfair decisions that could discriminate against people with particular protected characteristics and perpetuate or worsen inequality.

As part of its regulatory role to ensure compliance with the equality duty, the Commission monitors financial decisions with a view to ensuring that these are taken in compliance with the equality duty and have taken into account the need to mitigate negative impacts, where possible.

APPENDIX Z1: Interest Rate Forecasts 2021 - 2024

The Council has appointed Link Group as its treasury advisor and part of their service is to assist the Council to formulate a view on interest rates. The following table provides Link's latest central view.

Period	Bank Rate	PWLB Borrowing Rates % (including certainty rate adjustment of 20 basis points)							
	%	5 year	10 year	25 year	50 year				
Mar 2021	0.10	0.80	1.10	1.50	1.30				
Jun 2021	0.10	0.80	1.10	1.60	1.40				
Sep 2021	0.10	0.80	1.10	1.60	1.40				
Dec 2021	0.10	0.80	1.10	1.60	1.40				
Mar 2022	0.10	0.90	1.20	1.60	1.40				
Jun 2022	0.10	0.90	1.20	1.70	1.50				
Sep 2022	0.10	0.90	1.20	1.70	1.50				
Dec 2022	0.10	0.90	1.20	1.70	1.50				
Mar 2023	0.10	0.90	1.20	1.70	1.50				
Jun 2023	0.10	1.00	1.30	1.80	1.60				
Sep 2023	0.10	1.00	1.30	1.80	1.60				
Dec 2023	0.10	1.00	1.30	1.80	1.60				
Mar 2024	0.10	1.00	1.30	1.80	1.60				

APPENDIX Z2: Creditworthiness Policy (Linked to Treasury Management Practice (TMP1) – Credit and Counterparty Risk Management)

Annual Investment Strategy:

The key requirements of both the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management in the Public Services and MHCLG's Investment Guidance are to set an annual investment strategy, as part of its annual Treasury Management Strategy for the following year, covering the identification and approval of the following:

- The strategy guidelines for choosing and placing investments, particularly non-specified investments;
- The principles to be used to determine the maximum periods for which funds can be committed;
- Specified investments that the Council will use. These are high security (i.e. high credit rating, although this is defined by the Council, and no guidelines are given), and high liquidity investments in sterling and with a maturity of no more than a year; and
- Non-specified investments, clarifying the greater risk implications, identifying the general types of investment that may be used and a limit to the overall amount of various categories that can be held at any time.

Specified investments: These investments are sterling investments of not more than one-year maturity, or those which could be for a longer period but where the Council has the right to be repaid within 12 months if it wishes. They also include investments which were originally classed as being non-specified investments, but which would have been classified as specified investments apart from originally being for a period longer than 12 months, once the remaining period to maturity falls to under twelve months. These are considered low risk assets where the possibility of loss of principal or investment income is small. These would include sterling investments which would not be defined as capital expenditure with:

- 1. The UK Government, such as the Debt Management Account Deposit Facility (DMADF), UK Treasury bills or a gilt with less than one year to maturity;
- 2. Supranational bonds of less than one year's duration;
- 3. A local authority, housing association, parish council or community council;
- 4. Pooled investment vehicles (such as money market funds) that have been awarded a high credit rating (AAA) by a credit rating agency; and
- 5. A body that is considered of a high credit quality (such as a bank or building society).

Within these bodies, and in accordance with the Code, the Council has set additional criteria to define the time and amount of monies which will be invested in these bodies, as shown in the table further below.

Non-Specified Investments: These are any investments which do not meet the specified investment criteria, and include certificates of deposit issued by banks or building societies,

fixed deposits with building societies that do not meet the basic secruity requirements of specified investments, corporate bonds, and property funds. Provision has been made in the Strategy to invest in a limited number of lower rated building societies within the restrictions set out, certificates of deposit with both banks and building societies, and pooled asset funds (should the relevant opportunity arise). The Council will seek guidance on the status of any pooled fund or collective investment scheme it may consider using, and appropriate due diligence will also be undertaken before investment of this type is undertaken.

The Council applies the creditworthiness service provided by Link Group. This service employs a sophisticated modelling approach utilising credit ratings from the three main credit rating agencies - Fitch, Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The credit ratings of counterparties are supplemented with the following overlays:

- credit watches and credit outlooks from credit rating agencies;
- Credit Default Swap (CDS) spreads to give early warning of likely changes in credit ratings;
- sovereign ratings to select counterparties from only the most creditworthy countries.

These factors are weighted and combined with an overlay of CDS spreads. The end product is a series of ratings (colour coded) to indicate the relative creditworthiness of counterparties. These ratings are used by the Council to determine the suggested duration for investments.

The Link Group creditworthiness service uses a wider array of information other than just primary ratings. Futhermore, by using a risk weighted scoring system, it does not give undue precedence to just one agency's ratings.

The criteria, time limits and monetary limits applying to institutions or investment vehicles are:

	Minimum credit criteria / colour band	Max % of total investments/ £ limit per institution	Max. maturity period
DMADF – UK Government	N/A	100%	6 months
UK Government gilts	UK sovereign rating	£20m	1 year
UK Government Treasury bills	UK sovereign rating	£60m	6 months
Money Market Funds - CNAV	AAA	£30m	Liquid
Money Market Funds - LVNAV	AAA	£30m	Liquid
Money Market Funds - VNAV	AAA	£30m	Liquid
Local authorities	N/A	£10m	1 year

Term deposits with banks and building societies	Yellow* Purple Blue Orange Red Green No Colour	£30m £25m £40m £25m £20m £15m Not for use**	Up to 5 years Up to 2 years Up to 1 year Up to 1 year Up to 6 Months Up to 100 days Not for use**
CDs or corporate bonds with banks and building societies	Blue Orange Red Green No Colour	£40m £25m £20m £15m Not for use**	Up to 1 year Up to 1 year Up to 6 Months Up to 100 days Not for use**
Term deposits or CDs with building societies on Link's counterparty list rated 'No colour'	BBB-	£10m	Up to 3 months
Call accounts and notice accounts	Yellow* Purple Blue Orange Red Green No Colour	£30m £25m £40m £25m £20m £15m Not for use	Liquid
Pooled asset funds		£50m	At least 5 years

^{*}for UK Government debt, or its equivalent, Constant Net Asset Value (CNAV) money market funds and collateralised deposits where the collateral is UK Government debt.

**except for those building societies rated BBB- or higher as set out elsewhere in the table.

The monitoring of investment counterparties: The credit rating of counterparties will be monitored regularly, on at least a weekly basis. The Council receives credit rating information (changes, rating watches and rating outlooks) from Link Group as and when ratings change, and the impact of those changes are assessed promptly. On occasion ratings may be downgraded when an investment has already been made. The criteria used are such that a minor downgrading should not affect the full receipt of the principal and interest upon maturity. Any counterparty failing to meet the criteria will be removed from the lending list immediately, and if required new counterparties which meet the criteria will be added to the list. Any fixed term investment held at the time of the downgrade will be left to mature as such investments cannot be broken mid-term.

Sole reliance will not be placed on the use of this external service. In addition, the Council will make use of market data and information on any external support for banks to help support its decision-making process.

Accounting treatment of investments: The accounting treatment may differ from the underlying cash transactions arising from investment decisions made by this Council. To ensure that the Council is protected from any adverse revenue impact which may arise from these differences, we will review the accounting implications of new transactions before they are undertaken.

Creditworthiness impact of COVID-19: Although the credit rating agencies changed their outlook on many UK banks from Stable to Negative during the quarter ended 30/6/2020 due to upcoming risks to banks' earnings and asset quality during the economic downturn caused by the pandemic, the majority of ratings were affirmed due to the continuing strong credit profiles of major financial institutions, including UK banks. However, during Q1 and Q2 2020, banks made provisions for expected credit losses and the rating changes reflected these provisions.

As we move into future quarters, more information will emerge on actual levels of credit losses (quarterly earnings reports are normally announced in the second half of the month following the end of the quarter). This has the potential to cause rating agencies to revisit their initial rating adjustments from 2020; these adjustments could be negative or positive, although it should also be noted that banks entered this pandemic with strong balance sheets. This is predominantly a result of regulatory changes imposed on banks following the Great Financial Crisis; indeed, the Financial Policy Committee (FPC) report on 6th August 2020 revised down their expected credit losses for the UK banking sector to "somewhat less than £80bn". It stated that in its assessment, "banks have buffers of capital more than sufficient to absorb the losses that are likely to arise under the Monetary Policy Committee's central projection". The FPC stated that for real stress in the sector, the economic output would need to be twice as bad as the MPC's projection, with unemployment rising to above 15%.

All three rating agencies have reviewed banks around the world, with similar results in many countries of most banks being placed on Negative Outlook, but with a small number of actual downgrades.

CDS price impact of COVID-19: Although bank CDS prices (market indicators of credit risk) spiked upwards at the end of March / early April 2020 due to the heightened market uncertainty and ensuing liquidity crisis that affected financial markets, they have returned to more average levels since then. Nevertheless, prices are still elevated compared to end-February 2020. Pricing is likely to remain volatile as uncertainty continues. However, sentiment can easily shift, so it will remain important to undertake continual monitoring of all aspects of risk and return in the current circumstances. The Council's advisers, Link Group, monitor CDS prices as part of their creditworthiness service and the Council has access to this information via its Link-provided Passport portal.

APPENDIX Z3: Approved Countries for Investment

This list is based on those countries which have sovereign ratings of AA- or higher (we show the lowest rating from Fitch, Moody's and S&P) and also have banks operating in sterling markets which have credit ratings of green or above in the Link Group creditworthiness service.

<u>AAA</u>

- Australia
- Denmark
- Germany
- Luxembourg
- Netherlands
- Norway
- Singapore
- Sweden
- Switzerland

<u>AA+</u>

- Canada
- Finland
- USA

- Abu Dhabi (UAE)
- France

AA-

- Belgium
- Hong Kong
- Qatar
- U.K.

APPENDIX Z4: Requirement of the CIPFA Treasury Management Code of Practice

Treasury Management Scheme of Delegation

(i) Full Council

- budget consideration and approval;
- approval of annual Treasury Management Strategy;
- approval of/amendments to the organisation's adopted clauses and treasury management policy statement.

(ii) Public Accounts Committee

 receiving and reviewing reports on treasury management policies, practices and activities.

The Treasury Management Role of the Section 151 Officer

The S151 (responsible) officer has responsibility for:

- recommending treasury management policies for approval, reviewing the same regularly, and monitoring compliance;
- submitting regular treasury management policy reports;
- submitting budgets and budget variations;
- receiving and reviewing management information reports;
- reviewing the performance of the treasury management function;
- ensuring the adequacy of treasury management resources and skills, and the effective division of responsibilities within the treasury management function;
- ensuring the adequacy of internal audit, and liaising with external audit;
- approval of the division of responsibilities;
- approving the organisation's treasury management practices;
- preparation of a capital strategy to include capital expenditure, capital financing, nonfinancial investments and treasury management, with a long-term timeframe;
- ensuring that the capital strategy is prudent, sustainable, affordable and prudent in the long term and provides value for money;
- ensuring that due diligence has been carried out on all treasury and non-financial investments and is in accordance with the risk appetite of the authority;
- ensuring that the authority has appropriate legal powers to undertake expenditure on non-financial assets and their financing;
- ensuring the proportionality of all investments so that the authority does not undertake a level of investing which exposes the authority to an excessive level of risk compared to its financial resources;
- ensuring that an adequate governance process is in place for the approval, monitoring and ongoing risk management of all non-financial investments and long term liabilities:
- provision to Members of a schedule of all non-treasury investments including material investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, loans and financial guarantees;
- ensuring that Members are adequately informed and understand the risk exposures

taken on by an authority; and

• ensuring that the authority has adequate expertise, either in-house or externally, to carry out the above.



Public Accounts Select Committee

Report title: Select Committee work programme report

Date: 2 February 2021

Key decision: No.

Class: Part 1 (open)

Wards affected: All

Contributor: Assistant Chief Executive

Outline and recommendations

This report gives Committee members an opportunity to review the Committee's work programme and make any necessary changes.

- To review the work programme attached at appendix D.
- To consider the items for the next meeting and specify the information that the Committee requires.
- To review the forward plan of key decisions at appendix E to consider whether there are any items for further scrutiny.

1. Summary

- 1.1. The Committee proposed a draft work programme at the beginning of the municipal year. This was considered alongside the draft work programmes of the other select committees and agreed by Business Panel on 29 September 2020.
- 1.2. The work programme should be reviewed at each meeting to take account of changing priorities.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1. The Committee is asked to:
 - To review the work programme attached at Appendix D.
 - Consider the items for the next meeting and specify what evidence is required being clear about the information the Committee wishes to be included in officer reports;
 - To review the forward plan of key decisions at Appendix E to consider whether there are any items for further scrutiny.

3. Work programming and prioritising

- 3.1. When reviewing the work programme (appendix D), the Committee should consider:
 - The Committee's terms of reference (appendix A).
 - Whether any urgent issues arisen that require scrutiny. If so, refer to the prioritisation process (appendix B) and the effective scrutiny guidelines (appendix C)
 - Whether a Committee meeting is the most effective setting for scrutinising any newly identified issues;
 - Whether there is space on the Committee's work programme to consider additional items (could any work programme items be removed or rescheduled?)
- 3.2. The Committee should also consider how each item links to the priorites set out in the Corporate Strategy for 2018-2022:
 - Open Lewisham Lewisham is a welcoming place of safety for all, where we celebrate the diversity that strengthens us.
 - <u>Tackling the housing crisis</u> Everyone has a decent home that is secure and affordable.
 - Giving children and young people the best start in life Every child has access to an outstanding and inspiring education, and is given the support they need to keep them safe, well and able to achieve their full potential.
 - <u>Building an inclusive local economy</u> Everyone can access high-quality job opportunities, with decent pay and security in our thriving and inclusive local economy.
 - <u>Delivering and defending: health, social care and support</u> Ensuring everyone receives the health, mental health, social care and support services they need.
 - <u>Making Lewisham greener</u> Everyone enjoys our green spaces, and benefits from a healthy environment as we work to protect and improve our local environment.
 - <u>Building safer communities</u> Every resident feels safe and secure living here as we work together towards a borough free from the fear of crime.

4. The next meeting

- 4.1. The following item is provisionally scheduled for the next meeting. The Committee should clearly define the information and analysis it wishes to see in officer reports.
- 4.2. The Committee should also consider whether to invite any expert witnesses to provide evidence, and whether site visits or enagement would assist the the effective scrutiny of the item.

Agenda item	Information and analysis	Corporate priority
Financial forecasts	This report will provide details of Directorate's in- year spending.	All

5. Activity between meetings

5.1. This is a list of briefings the Committee has received (or is due to recieve) outside of its formal meetings.

Agenda Item	Date	Corporate priority
Financial results 2019-20	July 2020	All
Reserves briefing	December 2020	All
Audit Panel Update	March 2021	All
Annual complaints report	Tbc	All
Asset strategy update	Tbc	All

6. Referrals

6.1. This is a list of the referrals the Committee has made to Mayor and Cabinet in this municipal year.

Referral title	Date of referral	Date considered by Mayor and Cabinet	Response due at Mayor and Cabinet	Response due at Committee
Financial stabilisation – budget update and medium term plan	24 Sep 20	7 Oct 20	09 Dec 20	02 Feb 21
Select committee comments on the budget cuts	03 Dec 20	9 Dec 20	09 Dec 20	02 Feb 21
Commercialisation and culture change in-depth review report	24 Sep 20	7 Oct 20	Tbc	Tbc

7. Financial implications

7.1. There are no direct financial implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. Items on the Committee's work programme will have financial implications and these will need to be considered as part of the reports on those items.

8. Legal implications

8.1. In accordance with the Council's Constitution, all scrutiny select committees must

devise and submit a work programme to the Business Panel at the start of each municipal year.

9. Equalities implications

- 9.1. Equality Act 2010 brought together all previous equality legislation in England, Scotland and Wales. The Act included a new public sector equality duty, replacing the separate duties relating to race, disability and gender equality. The duty came into force on 6 April 2011. It covers the following nine protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 9.2. The Council must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act
 - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
 - foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- 9.3. There may be equalities implications arising from items on the work programme and all activities undertaken by the Committee will need to give due consideration to this.

10. Climate change and environmental implications

10.1. There are no direct climate change or environmental implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. However, in February 2019 Lewisham Council declared a Climate Emergency and proposed a target to make the borough carbon neutral by 2030. Items on the Committee's work programme may well have climate change implications and these will need to be considered as part of the reports on those items.

11. Crime and disorder implications

11.1. There are no direct crime and disorder implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. Items on the Committee's work programme may have crime and disorder implications and these will need to be considered as part of the reports on those items.

12. Health and wellbeing implications

12.1. There are no direct health and wellbeing implications arising from the implementation of the recommendations in this report. Items on the Committee's work programme may have health and wellbeing implications and these will need to be considered as part of the reports on those items.

Report author and contact

If you have any questions about this report please contact: Timothy Andrew (Scrtuiny Manager) timothy.andrew@lewisham.gov.uk

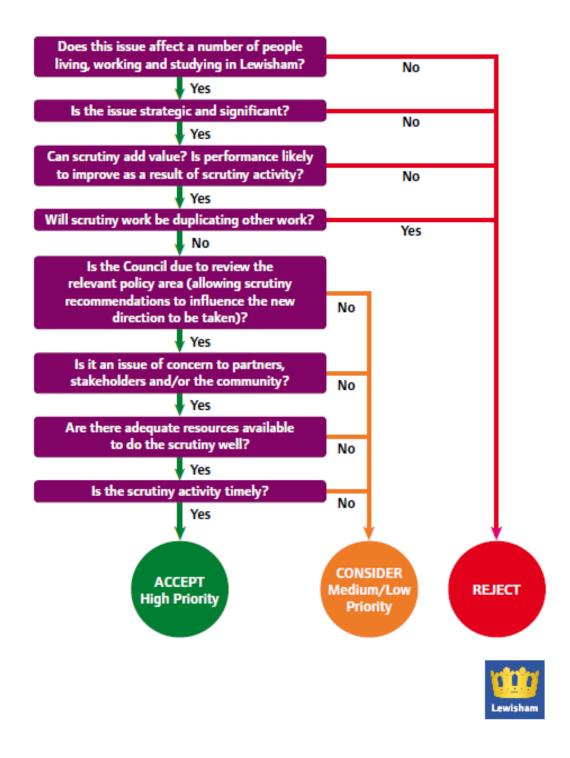
Appendix A – Select Committee terms of reference

- (a) To exercise all the functions and roles of the overview and scrutiny committee in relation to the following matters:
 - To make reports and recommendations to the Council or the Executive which promote the better custodianship of the Council's finances and to make recommendations for best financial practice across the authority.
 - To investigate the possibilities for improving the Council's financial management practice and to make reports and recommendations to Executive or Council as appropriate.
 - To encourage the highest standards of financial custodianship where necessary overseeing training activity for all members in this area.
 - To consult on and to comment on and make recommendations to the Executive in respect of the actual and proposed contents of the Council's budget and without limiting the general remit of the committee, to hold the Executive to account for its performance in respect of all budgetary matters.
 - To receive reports as appropriate from the Audit Panel in respect of their overview of contract procedure rules and financial regulations.
 - To make recommendations and reports for consideration by the Executive or Council to improve procurement practice.
 - To scrutinise the effectiveness of the Audit Panel.

Appendix B

The flowchart below is designed to help Members decide which items should be added to the work programme. It is important to focus on areas where the Committee will influence decision-making.

Scrutiny work programme - prioritisation process



Appendix C

Effective Scrutiny Guidelines

At Lewisham we:

1. Prioritise

It is more effective to look at a small number of key issues in an in-depth way, than skim the surface of everything falling within scrutiny's remit. We try to focus on issues of concern to the community and/or matters that are linked to our corporate priorities. We only add items to the work programme if we are certain our consideration of the matter will make a real and tangible difference.

2. Are independent

Scrutiny is led by Scrutiny Members. Scrutiny Members are in charge of the work programme and, for every item, we specify what evidence we require and what information we would like to see in any officer reports that are prepared. We are not whipped by our political party or unduly influenced by the Cabinet or senior officers.

3. Work collectively

If we collectively agree in advance what we want to achieve in relation to each item under consideration, including what the key lines of enquiry should be, we can work as a team to question witnesses and ensure that all the required evidence is gathered. Scrutiny is impartial and the scrutiny process should be free from political point scoring and not used to further party political objectives.

4. Engage

Involving residents helps scrutiny access a wider range of ideas and knowledge, listen to a broader range of voices and better understand the opinions of residents and service users. Engagement helps ensure that recommendations result in residents' wants and needs being more effectively met.

5. Make SMART evidence-based recommendations

We make recommendations that are based on solid, triangulated evidence – where a variety of sources of evidence point to a change in practice that will positively alter outcomes. We recognise that recommendations are more powerful if they are:

- Specific (simple, sensible, significant).
- Measurable (meaningful, motivating).
- Achievable (agreed, attainable).
- Relevant (reasonable, realistic and resourced, results-based).
- Time bound (time-based, time limited, time/cost limited, timely, time-sensitive).



Public Accounts Select Committee Work Programme 2020-21

Item	Type of item	Corporate priority	24-Sep-20	03-Dec-20	02-Feb-21	17-Mar-21
Income generation and commercialisation review 2019-20	In-depth review	All	Final report			
Financial stabilisation - budget update and medium term plan	Performance monitoring	All				
Children's social care	Standard item	All, CP3				Tbd
Budget cuts	Performance monitoring	All				
Council budget 2021-22	Policy development	All				
Cost pressures in the Public Realm division	Standard item	All, CP6				Tbd
Capital programme	Standard item	All				Tbd
Financial forecasts 2020-21	Performance monitoring	All				

Corporate Priorities					
Priority					
1	Open Lewisham	CP 1			
2	Tackling the Housing Crisis	CP 2			
3	Giving Children and young people the best start in life.	CP 3			
4	Building an inclusive local economy	CP 4			
5	Delivering and defending: health, social care and support	CP 5			
6	Making Lewisham greener	CP 6			
7	Building Safer Communities	CP 7			

FORWARD PLAN OF KEY DECISIONS

Forward Plan February 2021 - May 2021

This Forward Plan sets out the key decisions the Council expects to take during the next four months.

Anyone wishing to make representations on a decision should submit them in writing as soon as possible to the relevant contact officer (shown as number (7) in the key overleaf). Any representations made less than 3 days before the meeting should be sent to Kevin Flaherty 0208 3149327, the Local Democracy Officer, at the Council Offices or kevin.flaherty@lewisham.gov.uk. However the deadline will be 4pm on the working day prior to the meeting.

A "key decision"* means an executive decision which is likely to:

- (a) result in the Council incurring expenditure which is, or the making of savings which are, significant having regard to the Council's budget for the service or function to which the decision relates;
- (b) be significant in terms of its effects on communities living or working in an area comprising two or more wards.

FORWARD PLAN – KEY DECISIONS						
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials	
December 2020	Broadway Theatre works update	13/01/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Claudia Lynch, Project Officer Capital Programme Delivery and Councillor Andre Bourne, Cabinet member for Culture, Jobs and Skills (job share)			
December 2020	CCTV IP Modernisation plan	13/01/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Daniel Fish-Halvorsen, Public Space CCTV Manager and Councillor Brenda Dacres, Cabinet Member for Safer Communities			
June 2020	Extension of Resurfacing and Footways Contract	13/01/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Louise McBride, Head of Highways & Transport and Councillor Sophie McGeevor, Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport			
November 2020	Leisure Management Arrangements	13/01/21 Mayor and Cabinet	James Lee, Director of Communities, Partnerships and Leisure and Councillor Andre Bourne, Cabinet member for Culture, Jobs and Skills (job share)			
October 2020	The Future of PLACE/Ladywell parts 1 & 2	13/01/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Karen Barke, Head of Strategic Development and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning			

		FORWARD PLAN	- KEY DECISIONS		
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials
October 2020	Schools Minor Works Programme 2020	13/01/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Kplom Lotsu, SGM Capital Programmes and Councillor Chris Barnham, Cabinet Member for Children's Services and School Performance		
December 2020	Permission to extend current Removal, Storage and Disposal of Abandoned Vehicles and other Nuisance Vehicle Services Contract	26/01/21 Executive Director for Housing, Regeneration & Environment	Martin Skipper and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning		
January 2021	COVID-19 Related Contract Extension for IHASS Floating Support Service providing Tenancy Sustainment and Floating Support to 150 Adults with Support Needs.	26/01/21 Executive Director for Community Services	Sarah Miran, Commissioning Manager and Councillor Chris Best, Deputy Mayor and Cabinet Member for Health and Adult Social Care		
December 2020	Council Tax Base, the NNDR Tax Base & Discounts for Second Homes and Empty Homes.	20/01/21 Council	Katharine Nidd, Strategic Procurement and Commercial Services Manager and Councillor Amanda De Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources		
December 2020	2020/21 Budget	03/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	David Austin, Acting Chief Finance Officer and Councillor Amanda De Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources		

	FORWARD PLAN – KEY DECISIONS							
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials			
December 2020	2020/21 Budget Cuts Proposals	03/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	David Austin, Acting Chief Finance Officer and Councillor Amanda De Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources					
December 2020	Contract Award works to Council buildings and schools funded by Public Sector Decarbonisation Scheme	03/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Martin O'Brien, Climate Resilience Manager and Councillor Sophie McGeevor, Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport					
December 2020	2020/21 Budget Update	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	David Austin, Acting Chief Finance Officer and Councillor Amanda De Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources					
December 2019	Additions of new buildings to Local List St Lukes Church	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Joanna Ecclestone, Senior Conservation Officer and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning					
December 2020	Approval of s106 funding for housing development	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Julie Nash and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning					
September 2020	Catford Regeneration Partnership Ltd Business Plan 2020-21	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Kplom Lotsu, SGM Capital Programmes and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning					

		FORWARD PLAN	- KEY DECISIONS		
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials
November 2020	Determined Admissions Arrangements 2022-23	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Linda Fuller, Team leadert Admissions & Appeals and Councillor Chris Barnham, Cabinet Member for Children's Services and School Performance		
December 2020	Highways and Traffic Works Partnering Contract The report reviews the recent and ongoing Highways Maintenance & Planned Works procurement exercise, assesses future strategic need and recommends a procurement route to benefit the council.	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Zahur Khan, Director of Public Realm and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning		
December 2020	Modern Slavery Statement 2021	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Karen Barke, Head of Strategic Development and Councillor Brenda Dacres, Cabinet Member for Safer Communities		
November 2020	State of the Highways Infrastructure - Asset management Strategy	10/02/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Louise McBride, Head of Highways & Transport and Councillor Sophie McGeevor, Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport		
December 2020	2020/21 Budget	24/02/21 Council	Kathy Freeman, Executive Director for Corporate Resources and Councillor Amanda De		

FORWARD PLAN – KEY DECISIONS							
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials		
			Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources				
June 2020	Climate emergency action plan update	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Martin O'Brien, Climate Resilience Manager and Councillor Sophie McGeevor, Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport				
October 2020	A21 Development Strategy	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	David Syme, Strategic Planning Manager and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning				
September 2020	Building for Lewisham Package A s105 & demolition budget approval	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Karen Barke, Head of Strategic Development and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning				
June 2020	Conversion of 77 Amersham Road and 114-116 Manor Avenue to temporary housing	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	James Masini, Regeneration and New Supply Manager and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning				
November 2020	Excalibur Estate - Phase 3 Development	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	James Ringwood, Housing Delivery Manager and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning				

	FORWARD PLAN – KEY DECISIONS						
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials		
August 2020	Occupational Health Employee Assistance Programme contract	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	David Austin, Acting Chief Finance Officer and Councillor Amanda De Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources				
June 2020	Options appraisal of the security contract	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Chris Damri, SGM Asset Strategy and Technical Support and Councillor Amanda De Ryk, Cabinet Member for Finance and Resources				
November 2020	Small Sites SPD	10/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	James Masini, Regeneration and New Supply Manager and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning				
December 2020	Lewisham Homes Business Plan 2021-22	24/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Councillor Colin Elliott and Councillor Paul Bell, Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning				
November 2019	Approval to appoint operator for concessions contract at the lake, Beckenham Place Park	24/03/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Gavin Plaskitt, Programme Manager and Councillor Sophie McGeevor, Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport				
December 2020	Approval of a new Housing Allocations Scheme'	26/05/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Michael Moncrieff, Housing Policy & Partnerships Manager and Councillor Paul Bell,				

FORWARD PLAN – KEY DECISIONS						
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials	
			Cabinet Member for Housing & Planning			
October 2019	Mayow Road Supported Living Service Parts 1 & 2	14/07/21 Mayor and Cabinet	Tom Brown, Executive Director for Community Services and Councillor Chris Best, Deputy Mayor and Cabinet Member for Health and Adult Social Care			

FORWARD PLAN – KEY DECISIONS					
Date included in forward plan	Description of matter under consideration	Date of Decision Decision maker	Responsible Officers / Portfolios	Consultation Details	Background papers / materials

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